

RUSSIAN FLEET SAILS OUT.

CRUISES AROUND THE ISLANDS NEAR PORT ARTHUR.

Makarov Disposes of "Bottling Up" Reports—Gen. Kouropatkin Arrives to Take Command of the Army—Russians Fall Back to the Yalu River.

Admiral Makarov proved yesterday that the entrance to Port Arthur is neither blocked by Japanese hulks nor made dangerous by Japanese mines. He took his fleet out of the harbor and inspected neighboring islands. His report contains no mention of the Japanese fleet.

Gen. Kouropatkin arrived yesterday at Harbin after a fast trip across Siberia to take command of the army. He is now on his way south to Mukden, where he will meet Viceroy Alexieff. It has been predicted that a rapid development of the campaign would follow his arrival.

The Russians are reported to have fallen back to fortified positions on the south bank of the Yalu River. The Japanese advance is somewhat delayed by the ice in the smaller streams between Anju and the Yalu.

The ice has broken in the Liao River and communication with Newchang is restored. But Russia gives notice that she has mined the harbor, Yingkiow, at the mouth of the river. This disposes of the question of Newchang's neutrality and puts that place within the war zone.

PORT NOT BLOCKADED.

Admiral Makarov Takes Out His Ships and Inspects Nearby Islands.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
St. Petersburg, March 26.—The czar to-day received the following telegram from Admiral Makarov:

"PORT ARTHUR, March 26.—I have the honor to report to your Majesty that I left Port Arthur to-day with the battleships, cruisers and torpedo boat destroyers in order to make a reconnaissance of the adjacent islands."

"BANK A JAPANESE STEAMER?"
PARIS, March 27.—A despatch from St. Petersburg to the Echo de Paris says Admiral Makarov's inspecting squadron met a Japanese steamer towing a barge loaded down with Chinese and sank both. The squadron rescued the crews. The destination of the steamer and barge is unknown. It is possible that they were taking workmen to Corea.

GEN. KOUROPATKIN ARRIVES.

Man Who Is to Lead Czar's Army Now on Sea.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
HARBIN, Manchuria, March 26.—Gen. Kouropatkin, the former Russian Minister of War, who is to take command of the czar's forces in the Far East, arrived here to-day. He received a warm welcome from an enthusiastic crowd which had gathered at the station. Replying to an address, Gen. Kouropatkin promised to uphold the honor of Russia in the struggle with Japan.

After attending a religious service the general paid a visit to the military quarters and at 5 o'clock this afternoon left for Mukden.

RUSSIANS FALL BACK TO THE YALU.

LONDON, March 26.—The Russian troops who have been occupying the road from the Yalu River to the neighborhood of Ping Yang have been obliged to retire to entrenched positions on the south bank of the Yalu in consequence of the advance of the full force of the first Japanese army, numbering 40,000. The Japanese advance guard, with artillery is about forty miles south of the Yalu River. It is occupying fortified lines uniting Jusan, Anju, Yengpiang and Pekchian, covering a front of about forty-five miles.

Two hundred Japanese scouts are scouring the country ahead of the main position, but the army presumably will not continue to advance to the Yalu until the ice has finally disappeared from the intervening streams. It will be necessary for the Japanese to cross five rivers before reaching Wiju. All the bridges over these streams have been destroyed by Russian scouting parties.

Gen. Kouropatkin left St. Petersburg on the night of March 12, making the trip in just two weeks. While not a record trip over the road, it was better than expected under the present circumstances.

PLANS VIGOROUS CAMPAIGN.

Russian Policy Controlled by M. de Plehve—American Ambassador's Attitude.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, March 26.—The present Russian plan, according to THE SUN'S St. Petersburg correspondent, is to push on the military campaign during the current year with the greatest vigor and attempt to retrieve the naval misfortunes by victories on land. M. de Plehve, the Minister of the Interior, is now master of the Russian policy, and no change can be hoped for in the Russian attitude so long as he remains in power.

The Novoye Vremya is his mouthpiece. The latter is a fire eating pan-Slavist organ, a mixture of Henri Rochefort, and Paul Déroulède. The Russ, the ablest of the front rank Russian papers, truthfully declares that if another Jewish massacre comes the Novoye Vremya will be responsible. There is much to be desired in the attitude of certain embassies toward the Russian Government. The British under Sir Charles Scott, the former Ambassador, seriously lost prestige during the last two years, but it is expected that the Hon. Charles Darnley, who has been appointed to succeed him, with the advantage of the

TO WED MISS WHELEN.

Engagement of Robert Goeliet to the Philadelphia Society Girl Announced.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—The engagement of Miss Elsie Whelen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Whelen, Jr., to Robert Goeliet of New York was announced to-day. The engagement had been rumormongered for months but was always denied persistently by the family.

Miss Whelen is a sister of Mrs. Craig Biddle. For several seasons she has visited her sister, Mrs. Biddle, at Newport, where she met Mr. Goeliet. Mrs. Whelen and Miss Whelen returned home this week from Europe, where Miss Whelen devoted her time to the training of her voice. She also has a great talent for painting and has her own studio at their country place, Clovelly, Devon, where the wedding will take place in June.

Mr. Goeliet is the son of the late Ogdon Goeliet, from whom he inherited a fortune. He is the brother of the Duchess of Roxburgh, a grandson of Mr. and Mrs. Richard T. Wilson, and a nephew of Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. Orme Wilson and Lady Michael Herbert, widow of the late British Ambassador to the United States. He will be graduated in June from the Columbia Law School. He took this course so as to be able to take care of the legal part of his large financial interests in New York and elsewhere.

IF YOU WANT TO PAD, PAD.

Advice to Women at the St. Louis Dressmakers' Convention.

St. Louis, March 26.—At the dressmakers' convention to-night Mrs. Linda Ross Wade, the president, concluded her talk with a dissertation on padding. She said that women had the right to pad and that it was none of the men's business.

"Men try to tell me," she said, "that no woman has the moral right to deceive men by padding. You can't find ten big, fine, broad shouldered men in St. Louis who, if they had their padded coats off would be the whole thing. It is a woman's duty to look well. If you want to pad, pad. It will make you appear better, pad. Gowns are built to give nice effects, to reduce or to give size to the form, and if padding is wrong, that's wrong."

"If padding is wrong, then half the things that men and women do are wrong, because we are always trying to appear different than we really are. Dress yourselves as you please, and the men don't like it; let them remedy matters."

COP LAID OUT TWO.

One With Bullet, One With Club and Steed Guard Until Help Came.

A gang that was turned out of a saloon at Tenth avenue and Fifth street at midnight last night picked up Policeman John Gilligan of the West Forty-seventh street station, who tried to arrest one of them.

Some of the men had shovels, and Gilligan was being badly beaten. He let go of his prisoner and pulled his gun with his left hand, bringing his night stick into action with his right at the same time.

He got a blow over the head from behind for one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine. Gilligan's prisoner also got a crack over the head that laid him out on the sidewalk alongside the man with a bullet in him.

A citizen had run to the station house with word that a cop was being murdered. The reserves and plain clothes men hustled over. They found Gilligan badly beaten and lying on the sidewalk. Policeman Whiston, had a big gash on his head where the nightstick had hit him. The man who was shot is Joseph Mulaney of 524 West Fifth street. He may die.

NO MONEY FOR WEDDING FEE.

So Peiner of Manhattan Frowned Watch to Marry Anna of Posen.

Carl Peiner, an electrician of 725 Washington street, this city, went to the Hamburg-American piers in Hoboken yesterday to meet his sweetheart, Anna Gotsman of Posen, who arrived on the steamship Pennsylvania. The immigration authorities wouldn't permit her to land unless she got married. Peiner said he had paid her passage to this country, so she could become his wife.

John Schroder, an employee on the pier, volunteered to step Peiner to Justice of the Peace George F. Seymour's office. The electrician wore his Sunday clothes, an opera hat and a big white rose in the lapel of his coat, but he didn't have money for a wedding fee. Schroder helped him out of his difficulty by introducing him to a pawnbroker, who loaned Peiner \$3 on his watch.

Peiner returned to the ship with the Justice and the wedding took place in the second cabin saloon. Seymour received \$2, the bridegroom retaining \$1 for current expenses. Peiner promised to send Justice Seymour \$8 more.

SAVED BY ADRENAL CHLORIDE.

Man Whose Respiration Had Ceased Brought Back to Life.

CLEVELAND, March 26.—It was learned to-day that Henry H. Reeves of 210 Crawford road was revived by the use of adrenal chloride when he was so nearly dead that his pulse was imperceptible and respiration had ceased.

Reeves had been suffering for two months from grip, and on Thursday had a relapse and became unconscious. His family gathered about his bedside, believing that he was about to die. When Dr. H. R. Brownlee arrived he pronounced the case one of almost total exhaustion.

Dr. Brownlee hastily administered two strong injections of strychnine, but the vitality of the patient would not respond. He then used the adrenal chloride, and in ten minutes Reeves was inquiring the cause of his relatives' tears. He was taken to his home on Friday, and to-day was still further improved. Adrenal chloride is a powerful nerve cell stimulant obtained from glands above the sheep's kidney.

City Franchises Taxable at \$251,000,000.

President O'Donnell of the Tax Department received yesterday the report of the State Board of Assessors on the taxable value of franchises in this city. He said the total in round numbers was \$251,000,000. The details of the report will be made public on Monday.

Fast Upon Getting the Best, Usher's Gemlets Scotch—At All Good Places—Ad.

The result of taking Usher's Gemlets Scotch is a perfect sensation of relief—Ad.

ARREST GLOBE SECURITY MAN

PRESIDENT MUIRHEAD TAKEN ON A WARRANT FOR EXTORTION.

Elderly Frenchman Who Borrowed at the Rate of 90 Per Cent. a Year Interest Is the Complainant—Girl Clerks Subpoenaed—John Doe Inquiry On.

The authorities have finally got on the Globe Security Company, whose offices take up most of one floor in the American Trust Society Building at 150 Nassau street. Yesterday William Muirhead, who used to be secretary of the company, but is now referred to as the president, was arrested in his office, charged with extorting usury from George Carpenter, an engraver and stationer at 344 Fifth avenue, who lives at 114 West Sixteenth street.

Muirhead was arrested by Detective Sergeant McConville and Clark on Carpenter's complaint and arraigned before Justice Daniel in Special Sessions. He was held in \$1,000 for examination to-morrow.

Muirhead said it would be easier to furnish cash bail than to find a bondsman. Then he used the Criminal Court telephone and asked:

"Hello! Is this the Federal Bank?"

"Yes, well, this is Mr. Muirhead. Mr. William Muirhead. I have been arrested and want \$1,000 at once. Send a messenger to the Court of Special Sessions with \$1,000 and a blank check. I will make out the check when the messenger gets here."

The messenger from the bank soon arrived, and the \$1,000 was sent to the City Chamberlain. When the certificate of deposit was returned Muirhead was set at liberty.

When Muirhead was arrested, the detectives told six young women employed in the offices of the concern that they must get on their things and go along. The girls nearly lost consciousness. McCone, who feared that a few might be thrown, told the young women that nothing more terrible awaited them than a heart-to-heart talk with Assistant District Attorney Kresel, whom he described as young and interesting. Then the girls calmed down. Mr. Kresel asked them a great many questions about the business of the Globe Security Company and then handed them subpoenas for Muirhead's examination.

The complaint against Muirhead is an elderly Frenchman, a graduate of the Ecole Polytechnique of Paris and for many years the head of the engraving and stationery department of Tiffany & Co. A few years ago he started in the art stationery business for himself at 55 West Nineteenth street. His capital was small. He needed more. He saw the Globe Security Company's advertisement to lend money on easy terms and answered the advertisement.

In his affidavit, filed in the District Attorney's office, he said that he borrowed \$250, and agreed that the money be paid back within four months with 75 interest. A few weeks ago Mr. Carpenter told a St. Man the following story of his experiences with the company:

"On Dec. 2, 1902, I borrowed, through Muirhead, \$250, giving as security my notes for one, two, three, four, five, six, seven, eight and nine months, the notes secured by chattel mortgage on certain machinery."

"While I borrowed only \$250, I had to give notes for a sum aggregating \$325. The interest was at the rate, as my accountant can see, of 90 per cent. a year. When the mortgage and notes had been executed, I got my \$250, \$3 in cash and \$245 in a check drawn on the Federal Bank. I took the check to the Federal Bank, but they refused to cash it, on the ground that I was not known there. They told me, however, that they would accept the check for deposit and I could open an account at the bank. This I did and I paid back the loan in monthly payments of \$50, \$80, \$90 and \$95 with checks on the Federal Bank drawn to the order of Muirhead. I borrowed of him sums after that, following the same mode of procedure, the interest averaging about 90 per cent. a year."

"All told, I borrowed between \$4,000 and \$5,000. It finally came to the point where I had nothing more to pay with. Then they sent to me a lawyer by the name of Martin, who said if I didn't pay up he'd sell me out. That thing happened last August. They had a mortgage on my machines, but they did not have a mortgage on my stock of goods. That day I was told, however, they seized my machines on which they had a claim, and my stock of goods, too, and sold both at public auction, after the sale had been advertised. It is the collateral taken from persons who need money as badly as did Mr. Carpenter that the Globe Security offers as security for bonds, bearing interest at the rate of 6 and 8 per cent., which it is just now trying to sell all over the country. Not far from \$200,000 of these bonds have been sold already. The District Attorney is now engaged in a John Doe investigation of the whole Globe Security outfit, including David Rothschild, who says he has nothing to do with the concern."

ARREST IN GOSLIN CASE.

Cosmides Accused of Perjury in Get-Rich-Quick Bankruptcy.

Christo Cosmides, a fruit importer at 90 Vesey street, who was a witness in the bankruptcy proceedings against the defunct American Finance and Mortgage Company, was arrested yesterday on a charge of perjury, and gave \$2,000 bail for examination.

In the bankruptcy proceedings the complainants sought to show that Cosmides and Alfred R. Goslin, of get-rich-quick fame, were really the American Finance company, and should be held responsible for its debts. Cosmides swore that he had never been associated in business with Goslin, or handled any of the checks or other paper of the Finance company.

TO PROTECT THE PRESIDENT.

Hill Reported Making Attempts on His Life Punishable by Death.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Mr. Hoar, from the Committee on the Judiciary, to-day reported to the Senate the bill for the protection of the President. It provides that any person killing the President, Vice-President or any officer entitled in certain cases to act as President, or any Ambassador or Minister of a foreign country, shall suffer death. Attempts upon the life of any of the officers named are made punishable by death or not less than ten years imprisonment at hard labor, and accessories before and after the fact may be punished as principals.

PEARLE-DENTO at Carroll & Massey's.

The Ideal Tooth Paste. 25 cents. Try It—Ad.

TO DEPORT LABOR LEADERS.

Mother Jones and Others Ordered out of Colorado by the Governor.

DENVER, Col., March 26.—Gov. Peabody and Attorney-General Miller held a conference this afternoon at the Capitol, at which a programme of deportation was decided upon for Trinidad. As a result of the meeting the Governor telegraphed Major Hill to prepare to deport all non-resident labor leaders in the district.

A special train will be secured and the victims taken without the confines of the State and left there. The names on the deportation slate include "Mother" Jones of Pennsylvania, W. R. Fairley of Alabama, William Wardlaw of Iowa, Christian Evans of Indiana and Edward DeMoll of Utah. The fact that they are non-residents will prevent them from securing injunctions or habeas corpus writs, the privilege granted a citizen of the State.

At Trinidad to-day the office of the anarchistic weekly paper, *Il Trovatore Italiano*, was seized by a squad of soldiers and this week's issue, which was ready for distribution, was confiscated.

OBAY, Col., March 26.—On instructions received from Sheriff Ruten of San Miguel county, Sheriff Corbett of Ouray county to-day placed President Charles Moyer of the Western Federation of Miners under arrest here. Moyer was put in jail to await the arrival of Sheriff Ruten. The miners are indignant and threaten to storm the jail.

The charge against Moyer is desecration of the United States flag. For some time he has been printing incendiary addresses to strikers and articles attacking the Governor and his military commanders upon the flag and distributing them broadcast.

BOYS AS COCAINE VICTIMS.

Policeman of Richmond, Va., Tells the Court That There Are Hundreds There.

RICHMOND, Va., March 26.—"Scores of boys, senseless from the use of cocaine, can be found on grassy hillsides around the city on any pleasant day," said Police Officer Amos in court this morning. The policeman arrested two boys and two girls, and three others were in attendance as witnesses against them.

The vacant stare and listless appearance of the prisoners and witnesses moved the Court to ask what ailed them, and the officer explained that they were "dope fiends." He then said that he knew several druggists who sold cocaine to boys without question, and that the habit apparently was growing very rapidly.

The statement of Amos, a thoroughly trustworthy man, has started an investigation which bids fair to result in severe punishment being given to those pandering to vice. It is said that those addicted to the habit will steal anything that comes to hand to secure money to gratify their craving.

A few pressed recently, which goes into effect within sixty days, forbids the sale of cocaine, and no one can buy it except physicians, dentists and druggists. The present law on the subject is not so stringent.

MINISTER BOWEN ACCUSED.

Venezuelan Newspaper Charged Him With Taking a Bribe.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
SAN JUAN, P. R., March 26.—El Monitor, the Government organ, and other Venezuelan newspapers which have been reported to contain articles charging that Herbert Bowen, the American Minister, accepted 100,000 bolivars for securing the reference of the question of preferential claims to The Hague Tribunal.

Mr. Bowen denied the statement and requested President Castro to punish the editor of El Monitor. The President refused to do this, but asserted that Mr. Bowen is an honest man.

Another newspaper attacked President Castro for the attitude he had taken in the matter. The editor was arrested and publication of the paper suspended.

CONGO BOOK SUPPRESSED.

Capt. DeKeyser Wins His Case in English Courts.

LONDON, March 26.—The libel suit brought by Capt. DeKeyser, formerly connected with the forces of the Congo Free State, against Capt. Burrows, also formerly in the employment of the Congo Free State and the author of a book entitled "The Curse of Central Africa," and against Everitt, the publisher, ended to-day in a verdict for Capt. DeKeyser. The damages were fixed at £500. The Court granted a perpetual injunction against the publication of the book.

The book accused DeKeyser of cutting off the hands of natives and of other barbarities. DeKeyser's counsel had drawn the plea of justification. Capt. Burrows did not testify. DeKeyser denied the accusation, maintaining that the book was intended for blackmailing purposes.

WIRELESS TO PANAMA.

New System Connects Boca del Toro and Port Limon, Costa Rica.

PANAMA, March 26.—The postmaster at Panama to-day received official cable advice from Minor Keith, who is in Costa Rica, stating that a system of wireless telegraphy was successfully inaugurated last Thursday between Port Limon, Costa Rica, and Boca del Toro, Panama. The system, recently patented by the inventor, the President of the Republic of Panama, to sign a contract for the installation of this system. Mr. Keith will also establish a wireless station at Colon.

MAY YOHE BACK TO THE STAGE.

Making Arrangements to Appear in a London Music Hall.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.
LONDON, March 26.—May Yohe is conducting negotiations for her reappearance in London. She has practically arranged for an engagement at a London music hall.

Turbine Cruiser Lamed.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

BREITENBURG, March 26.—The first cruiser fitted with turbine engines was launched at Stettin to-day. She was christened the Lubek.

Minister Will Play Third Base.

The Rev. John E. Hoidal, pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, in Warner avenue, Jersey City, is organizing a baseball nine to be composed of young men of his flock. The minister will play third base.

FOUR-YEAR-OLD CARRIED OFF

LITTLE HAZEL DOYLE LED AWAY BY A BLOND WOMAN.

Gone Since Thursday From Her Great-Aunt's Home in East Thirteenth Street—Young Mrs. Peterson, Who Lived in the House, Went at the Same Time.

The police of the Fifth street station and detectives of the Central Office were endeavoring last night to learn what had become of four-year-old Hazel Doyle, who went away with a light-haired young woman on Thursday afternoon, from 141 East Thirteenth street, where she had been visiting.

The child's home is in Union Hill. Four weeks ago her mother brought her over to visit her aunt, Mrs. Henry Bitter, who lives on the top floor of the Thirteenth street house. On Monday the mother went home, leaving the child to stay longer.

The little girl had light, fluffy hair, blue eyes and very red cheeks. She attracted a great deal of attention because of her beauty.

According to the story the Bitters told the police yesterday, early last week a woman named Peterson, who was boarding with her husband in the rear house, made the child's acquaintance and used to talk to her from the window. Last Wednesday the child, according to the Bitters, came in and said that the woman had met her about the time she took the child to school and candy and had asked her to take a ride on a car. The Bitters said they did not know the woman. They did not like her looks and warned the child not to accept her invitation.

On Thursday afternoon the child was playing in front of the house about 4 o'clock when a Mrs. Palmer, one of the tenants, saw the Peterson woman come up and take the child to the land.

"I'm going to give you that ride now," she told the child and then gave her some candy. They walked off toward Third avenue, Mrs. Palmer says.

The child did not come home that night and the Bitters made inquiries. They learned from Mrs. Peterson's mother-in-law, Mrs. McBride, that Mrs. Peterson had had a quarrel with her husband on Thursday and had left the house. That was just about the time she took the child.

Yesterday morning Mrs. Bitter went to Union Hill so she had Hazel had come home. When the Doyle's heard of her disappearance they became almost frantic.

The Peterson woman has not been seen in Thirteenth street since, and nobody has been found who has remembered seeing the child. According to the McBrides, the Peterson woman has disappeared before.

They say that she had a great fondness for children and was always talking about them. She and her husband have been boarding with Mrs. McBride. Mrs. Peterson is 20 years old.

The child is about three feet tall and had on a little black raglan coat, a Scotch plaid suit, a white silk bonnet and a fur boa.

SMUGGLED CLOTHES FOUND.

Nine Suits for Boston Men Hidden in the Hold of a Liner.

BOSTON, March 26.—As a result of some keen work by a Customs inspector to-day several Bostonians will not wear their new Easter suits, imported from London. Nine suits of expensive clothing were discovered in the hold of the liner Georgian this forenoon by Inspector O'Neil of the Boston Custom House and were confiscated.

The Georgian had discharged her cargo at Charleston and had gone to East Boston to get her outward bound cargo. Inspector O'Neil got an inkling that one of the crew had stowed away a lot of clothing which he intended to bring ashore at the first opportunity.

The inspector began to look about the vessel. After a while his persistence was rewarded. Stored away among a number of old oil and paint barrels were found several packages of clothing.

The customs officers say that they know nothing further about the goods, but have a suspicion that somebody in Boston is been making a good thing out of taking orders here and sending them over to London, where the goods are made, and having them smuggled in by members of the crew of various English vessels plying between Boston and London.

Three suits were addressed to well known lawyers here, and all of them expressed surprise that English clothes had been sent over to them.

GIRL WAITED FOR FIREMEN.

St. Paul Stenographer Stood on a Ledge Six Stories High Until Rescued.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 26.—Exciting scenes attended a fire which smudged the Gillilan block this afternoon. Miss Ingrid Cedarberg, a stenographer, was rescued from a narrow ledge on the sixth floor of the building.

Driven from her room by the dense smoke, Miss Cedarberg stepped out of an open window to the narrow ledge which runs beneath and slowly edged her way along until she came to a window ten feet away. Here she waited fully fifteen minutes while a fire ladder was raised to the sixth story and she was rescued.

Thousands of people packed the streets and cheered the girl and her rescuers lustily.

DEAD SOON AFTER MARRIAGE.

Courtship of 32 Years Ends With a Sudden Wedding and Death.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 26.—After a courtship of thirty-two years George E. Hall, a retired and wealthy druggist, married Jeanette Morgan, a music teacher, at 4 o'clock this morning. In two hours Hall was dead.

City Clerk Edward A. Smith was aroused from his bed to make out the license, and he also, as Justice of the Peace, performed the ceremony. Smith was an old friend of both parties.

Hall had put off marrying Miss Morgan until his death because he despised and objected to being a bridegroom.

Missing Victor R. Stowe Turns Up.

NEW ORLEANS, March 26.—Victor R. Stowe of Missouri and New York, who disappeared from the Park View Hotel in this city mysteriously about a month ago, leaving valuables behind, has turned up safe and sound at Louisiana. Mr. Stowe has handed interests. He has written to the hotel here for his effects.

Usually attractive and exceedingly interesting. An hour's ride from New York. Five cents at news-stands—Ad.

BOER WAR SHOW SHUT OUT.

English Protest Causes a Concession at the World's Fair to Be Revoked.

ST. LOUIS, March 26.—The World's Fair Company has notified Capt. Lewis, general manager of the South African Boer War Exhibition Company, that the grant of a site of ten acres to the company has been revoked, owing to a protest made by Ambassador Sir Henry Mortimer Durand to Col. Watson, England's World's Fair Commissioner, and by him transmitted to President Francis. Capt. Lewis when seen to-night said:

"The only reason given for this unexpected action was that the exhibition as a whole, and the representation of some of the battles fought during the Boer-British war in particular, would tend to cast ridicule upon the British army."

Capt. Lewis said that the exhibition company would secure a place outside the world's fair grounds.

POISON ON HIS LIPS?

Wife of a St. Paul Physician Charges That He Tried to Kill Her With Kisses.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 26.—Mrs. Kate D. Richeson, whose suit for divorce against Dr. W. G. Richeson has been continued before Judge Bunn, says she refused to receive her husband's kisses because she noticed a sweet, metallic taste on his lips, and charged him with trying to poison her with his kisses. Dr. Richeson denies his wife's charges.

LITTLE FIRE IN CARNEGIE HALL.

Started in a Staircase—Both the Auditorium and the Lyceum in Use.

There was a small fire last night in a staircase underneath the auditorium and near the lyceum in Carnegie Hall. At the time Richard Strauss was conducting the New York Philharmonic Society's concert in the auditorium and the Smith College Alumnae were giving three one act plays in the lyceum. Both lyceum and auditorium were well filled.

The fire was in a room which is used to store posters and dodgers in. It sent clouds of smoke into the corridors. The smoke sifted into the back part of the auditorium and lyceum, but wasn't enough to reach the audience in the front of the two halls.

A few persons who sat in the back seats in the lyceum became uneasy and walked out until they were assured that there was no danger.