FINE ROW OVER PORT CHESTER

LIE PASSED AND ALDERMEN'S HEARING ENDS IN DISORDER.

Jimmy Osborne Asked: Whose Money Have You Got?—Step Outside and Ask Me, Says He—Names of Financiers Back of Company Refused by J. B. McDonald.

The Aldermen's public hearing yesterday on the application of the Port Chester Railroad Company for the right to cross streets in The Bronx was the liveliest held in the City Hall in many a day.

Jimmy Osborne, who appeared to oppose the Port Chester application, asked a man who intimated that he was acting in the interests of a rival corporation to step outside and repeat the insinuation, and when the invitation was not accepted called the man a liar. President Gotshall, in answer to a telephone message that a personal attack was to be made upon him, hurried to the hearing from the bedside of his injured wife; John B. McDonald, the subway contractor, in a tilt with Little Tim Sullivan, refused to make known the names of the financiers back of the company, and charges were made by the representatives of both the Port Chester and Westchester companies that each corporation had tried to sell out to the other.

For the first hour the hearing was orderly enough. Speakers from towns and villages through which the railroad will pass asked that the franchise be granted, and argued that the Westchester company's charter was illegal.

John B. McDonald said he was one of the witnesses who appeared before the State Railroad Commission and the Supreme Court and satisfied those bodies that "we are acting in good faith in seeking to build this road and we are able to build the road." Then the storm broke in this fashion:

Little Tim Sullivan—Will you give to the committee the names of some of the men connected with the Port Chester company?

Mr. McDonald—We will give you every information that will——

Mr. Sullivan (interrupting)—Yes, you'll give us everything, but will not name the men who are back of this road. You are the first man who has appeared before us for the Port Chester company in whom I would have any confidence. Gotshall is the president of the company; who is the vice-president?

Mr. McDonald—I don't think there is a vice-president, and I don't think there will be any need of one until the reorganization of the company, which will be necessary when we can get to work.

Mr. Sullivan—At present the most important point the Aldermen would like to know is, who will finance the railroad if we give consent to the building of it?

Mr. McDonald—I will appear privately before your committee and give you all the information you need.

Mr. Sullivan—We don't want to grant a franchise without knowing who is behind the company, because, if we did, it is possible that some man might go peddling it all over town. You are the first man of responsibility who has identified himself with the Port Chester company. Will you build the road, or will it be some one associated with you?

Mr. McDonald—We will show you all about that when we are ready to build the road.

Alderman Goodman—Mr. Gotshall has already stated in writing that he is ready to tell the committee in executive session who will finance the company.

Mr. Sullivan—This committee will do nothing in executive session. This is a public hearing, and we ought to know the names of every one connected with the company. Let all this come out now. There will be no secrecy in this matter if I have my way.

Mr. McDonald—I can assure you that the road will be built if we get the consent of the Aldermen, but it would be dangerous to us to tell you publicly the name of the banker who will finance the company. We have to meet now the opposition of other railroad companies entering the city, who do not want to see this railroad built.

Alderman Downing wanted to know if it wasn't a fact that Mr. Gotshall tried to sell out to the Westchester company.

"That is unqualifiedly false," Mr. McDonald said warmly.

Jimmy Osborne, after arguing that the Westchester company had a valid charter, went on to say:

"Who is behind the Port Chester company? I have been unable to find out. I have failed to find any one who is ready to finance it. Mr. McDonald has denied that there was a proposition from the Port Chester to sell out to the Westchester company, but I have here the sworn statement of Robert E. Robinson of the banking firm of Dick & Robinson, which is ready to advance $15,000,000 to the Westchester company, that an effort was made to sell the Port Chester rights and franchise to the Westchester."

"Whose money have you got, the New Haven's or the Westchester's?" shouted E. J. Lucas of Mount Vernon.

"You come outside and ask me that," roared Osborne. "It's a lie that I am in the pay of either of those companies, and the man who made the insinuation is a liar."

Immediately there was a commotion in the chamber. Osborne took a few steps in the direction of Mr. Lucas, then, running to the reporters' table and shaking his fist, he shouted above the din:

"You newspaper men know that I never made a statement to you that I could not stand by. This insinuation is a vile aspersion on a man who served in a public office as long as I did."

After that he tried to repeat the statements already made before the Mayor that Mr. Gotshall got his plans for the railroad from the late William R. Bergholz, once head of the Westchester company, obtaining them while acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Westchester company. Alderman Sullivan shut off the attempt, but Mr. Gotshall, who had entered the chamber unnoticed, strode up the aisle and demanded a hearing. He said:

"I came down here from the bedside of a member of my family who is unconscious, because I was told there was to be an attack made on me by one of the speakers. The attack has not been made, but if it had been I would have denounced it as a falsehood.

"I never had anything to do with the Westchester company, and the man who was behind it I put in the Tombs. I was one of a number of suckers who lost money in the Westchester company, and Bergholz only left the Tombs because I allowed him to. The stock book showing my name on it as a stockholder was a forgery and I compelled the destruction of the book. The statement that the Port Chester ever offered to sell out is a falsehood. It could not be offered for sale except by Mr. McDonald or myself. But the Westchester and Boston Company has offered to sell out both to myself and to Mr. McDonald."

A bundle of letters and documents was produced by the Westchester counsel and Mr. Gotshall was asked if the signatures on some of them were not in his handwriting. He refused to reply unless he had the promise that he would be allowed to make an explanation. Pandemonium broke loose then and Chairman Haggerty announced that the committee would take a recess.

Asked when the committee would reconvene Mr. Haggerty replied, "I don't know."

James P. Holland of the Central Federated Union read a statement at the hearing, which said that organized labor wanted to know why the Aldermen were preventing an expenditure of $15,000,000.

The Merchants' Association launched another protest against the Aldermen's committee yesterday, accusing it of mocking the principles of constitutional government by holding up the granting of the franchise.

Caracas Brings Home Two Dead.

The Red D liner Caracas, in yesterday from Venezuelan and Porto Rican ports, brought the bodies of Thomas Cummins, United States Consul at Porto Cabello, who died of heart disease, and Capt. Herman L. Kuhn, former quartermaster of the Eighth Ohio Volunteers, who died at San Juan, of apoplexy. Among the Caracas's passengers were Capt. N. J. K. Patch of the United States cruiser Montgomery, who recently broke his leg and comes here for treatment; Capt. F. E. Beatty of the United States gunboat Gloucester, Lieuts. H. B. Sparroll, F. A. Ydell and L. B. Miller, Major T. P. Kane and Judge L. Zulbacher.

Mesaba Signalled.

The Atlantic transport liner Mesaba, from London, was reported off Nantucket lightship at 1:35 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and should be up to her pier early this morning.

We know how trying the boy's change to long trousers is to his looks.

So we've tried by a little difference of cut and a careful selection of suitable patterns to make our stock of boys' long trouser suits so good-looking that his mother, as well as the boy, will welcome the change.

Succeeded, of course.

Spring mixtures and outing suits, sizes 29, 30 and 31 chest. $10 to $16.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

258 Broadway, opposite City Hall, and 7 and 9 Warren St.
842 Broadway, cor. 13th, and 140 to 146 4th Ave.
1260 Broadway, cor. 32d, and 54 West 33d St.
We fill orders by mail.

GAS

You Should Cook With It.

RENT A GAS RANGE—$3.00 A YEAR.

If your gas burners are unsatisfactory, send word to the Gas Company, addressing the "Gas Information Bureau."

NINE YEARS FOR ROTHSCHILD.

HE GETS A STAY, SEEKING FOR CERTIFICATE OF DOUBT.

Prosecutor Remarks That if He Is Released on Bail Pending Appeal There Are Three Other Indictments to Try Him On Beside the Weissell Case.

David Rothschild, president of the wrecked Federal Bank, was sentenced to State prison for nine years by Recorder Goff in the General Sessions yesterday. Justice Gaynor of the Supreme Court of Brooklyn immediately granted a stay of the execution of sentence, and an order to Recorder Goff to show cause why a certificate of reasonable doubt should not issue. This is returnable on Thursday, in Brooklyn, and if the certificate is granted Rothschild can get out on bail while his appeal is pending.

Assistant District Attorney Rand, who prosecuted Rothschild, told the Recorder that there are three other indictments pending, and he also submitted an affidavit of Manager Hassel of the Federal Bank, which declared that $75,000 in railroad bonds which Rothschild held as administrator of the estate of William Weissell had been hypothecated by Rothschild. Mr. Rand said that the extreme penalty of ten years for grand larceny ought to be given to Rothschild, who stood nonchalantly at the bar, smiling, well dressed and evidently confident that his lawyers would keep him out of jail.

To reporters Assistant District Attorney Rand intimated that if Rothschild is to remain out of State prison, and therefore accessible to prosecution, the opportunity to try him on the other indictments and to take the Weissell case to the Grand Jury would be utilized.

Exclusion of testimony to show that the $10,000 note Rothschild was indicted for stealing was an accommodation note made for his benefit was the principal ground on which Rothschild's attorneys got from Justice Gaynor the order to show cause.

NEW INJUNCTION AGAINST HURD.

Mrs. Foy's Relatives Make a New Attempt to Keep Yale Student From Her.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 23.—Ernest H. Hurd, the Yale academic senior who had been the protector of Mrs. Lavinia H. Foy, a wealthy ninety-year-old widow for the last two years, won the first contest in the Court of Common Pleas here this afternoon when Judge James Bishop dissolved the injunction that restrained Hurd from communicating with Mrs. Foy. The injunction had been obtained by the trustees who are guarding Mrs. Foy's property, which is said to be valued at $500,000.

Immediately after the injunction was removed, another was issued by the same court upon the appeal of Gen. George M. Harmon, Mrs. Foy's son by her first husband, and her next of kin. It was for the same purpose, to keep Hurd from annoying Mrs. Foy in any way and to put a stop to his attempts to communicate with her. After the second injunction was granted, Judge Henry Stoddard, counsel for Mrs. Foy's relatives, demanded that young Hurd surrender the keys to Mrs. Foy's home. It was agreed that he could keep the keys until to-morrow morning, when he will have to tell the Court by what right he holds them.

Charles E. Hellier of Boston, one of the relatives of Mrs. Foy and one of the trustees of her estate, told the Court that he called upon Dean Wright of Yale and related all the circumstances of the case and suggested that the dean write to Hurd, advising him to quit the place. Dean Wright wrote to Hurd, he said, but the latter paid no attention to the requests.

BROKER FINED FOR CONTEMPT.

Court Declines to Believe That He Kept No Record of Customer's Orders.

John Lester McLean, a broker and member of the firm of J. L. McLean & Co., stock brokers, of 25 Broad street, was fined $100 yesterday by Justice Leventritt for contempt of court. He had refused to obey an order to produce the purchase and sales books, stock books and ledgers of the firm in a suit for accounting brought by Christian Buttlar, covering transactions with the firm between June, 1902, and October, 1903. He asserted that no such books were kept, that the record of stock transactions was kept on loose sheets which were destroyed at the end of each day as they became obsolete.

Justice Leventritt says that the destruction of important data relating to the transactions of customers of the firm is so highly improbable that the statement seemed to him a mere pretext for avoiding obedience to the order. He said that there must be some books and that they must be produced.

New Dean at New York University.

The executive committee of the New York University, at a meeting yesterday, announced the unanimous election by the university of Dr. Thomas M. Balliet of Springfield, Mass., as dean of the faculty of pedagogy and professor of methodology. Dr. Balliet is an alumnus of Franklin and Marshall College and a graduate of Yale and the University of Leipsic. He will enter upon his new office in September.

Registered Trade Mark.

Special Sale

Flannel Waists

At About Half Price.

We will place on sale tomorrow another lot of 500 light weight Scotch Flannel and all-wool Challie Waists, suitable for wear on cool summer days, and for the mountains or seashore,

At $2.50

Value $4.50 and $5.00

There is a large assortment of designs in a very attractive McCutcheon model. All sizes from 32 to 42 inches.

We have just secured another lot of 450 hand-embroidered Linen Waist Patterns, which we offer at $2.50 and $3.00. Regular price $5.00 to $6.00.

James McCutcheon & Co.

14 West 23d Street.

LEWIS & CONGER

The Largest and Best Equipped

Housefurnishing Warerooms

Best Quality Goods Only

Everything necessary for Kitchen, Laundry, Dining Room, Library, Pantry, Hall, Bath and Stable, Cutlery, Cooking Utensils, Crockery, China and Glass, Fire Sets, Andirons and Fenders. House-cleaning Articles.

Eddy Refrigerators

Our Standard for a Quarter of a Century

Orders by mail receive prompt and careful attention

130 and 132 West 42d Street, and 135 West Forty-first St., New York.

Between Sixth Avenue and Broadway.

GAS

Why Don't You Cook With It?

Rent a GAS RANGE—$3.00 a year.

If your gas burners are unsatisfactory, send word to the Gas Company, addressing the "Gas Information Bureau."

WHY MERCHANT SHIPS ARE FEW.

Costs Sometimes 80 Per Cent. More to Build One Here Than in Europe.

The Merchant Marine Commission, created by the last Congress to investigate the decline of American shipping and to suggest remedies, met yesterday in the rooms of the Board of Trade and Transportation. Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire is chairman. The other members are Senators Lodge of Massachusetts, Penrose of of Pennsylvania, Martin of Virginia and Mallory of Florida, and Representatives Allan L. McDermott of New Jersey, Charles H. Grosvenor of Ohio, Edward S. Minor of Wisconsin, Thomas Spight of Mississippi and William E. Humphrey of Washington.

One shipowner and several shipbuilders were before the commission. All the shipbuilders said that some form of subsidy was needed to build up the merchant marine. They gave figures to show the increased cost of ship construction in the United States over England. The figures varied all the way from those of Lewis Nixon, who said that ships cost from 30 to 40 per cent. more here, to those of Rear Admiral Bowles, president of the Fore River Ship and Engine Company and Rear Admiral in the United States Navy, who asserted that he knew of cases of a difference of 80 per cent.

Lewis Nixon said that the high cost of ship construction here is partly due to the lack of specialization among American shipyards. In England one yard builds tramp steamers and another produces battleships. In this country, however, yachts, tugs, ferryboats, tramps and battleships are all built in the same yard. This, Mr. Nixon said, causes the price of the lower order of boats to rise because of the complex organization required to build the battleships.

In answer to a question by Senator Lodge Mr. Nixon said that he thought the best way to meet the foreign subsidies was by reverting to the old discriminating duties. He said that it was impossible to take the duties off all the things that go into shipbuilding.

"If we are to have a subsidy bill," said Mr. Nixon, "we must have one which doesn't bring about anything in the nature of a special privilege. The Postal act of 1891 developed only one type of ship. We want to develop all types."

President Bowles, who advocated bounties for shipbuilders, was asked by Senator Martin of Virginia what would be the effect of having free ships.

"The yards would soon be ruined," was the reply.

Otto Parsons, who organized the Coast Seamen's Union, read a paper on barge wrecks. He said that 167 lives were lost on barges along the coast last year. He urged that a larger proportion of able seamen be employed on the barges. He also said that the accommodation on American schooners is very poor.

Frank A. Houghton, a former sailor and shipmaster, testified that the American sailor is better off than any other in the world. He said that the law should limit the size of tows, because many lives are lost by schooners colliding with tows of unwieldly size.

Good Prices at Sweetser, Pembrook & Co. Sale.

The auction sale of the stock of the dry goods firm of Sweetser, Pembrook & Co. began yesterday afternoon. The firm's entire stock will be sold for the benefit of the creditors, and if yesterday's prices hold good for the rest of the sale the creditors will get everything that is due them.

Several hundred buyers attended the sale and every dry goods house of importance in the country was represented. Prints and wash goods were sold first and more will be sold to-day, after which white goods and linens will be auctioned. In many cases yesterday goods sold at their market value. The sale will last eight days.

W. L. DOUGLAS

UNION MADE. $3.50 SHOES BEST IN THE WORLD.

$10,000 REWARD will be paid to anyone who can prove that W. L. Douglas does not make and sell more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

The Douglas styles for Spring are not equalled by any other line at any price.

The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are worn by more men in all stations of life than any other make, is, they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe.

2,473,484 Pairs of Fine Shoes were made and sold by W. L. Douglas in 1903.

"For the past five years I have worn the Douglas $3.50 shoe exclusively. It has given me better wear and more comfort than any other shoe. I formerly paid $5 and $6 for all my shoes. I consider the Douglas shoe the best shoe I have ever worn." J. M. BRINKERHOFF, of J. P. Brinkerhoff's Sons.

The Alliance. One of the exclusive W. L. Douglas spring styles. Made in every variety of black and russet leathers, in lace, button and Oxfords.

ALL ONE PRICE, $3.50.

W. L. Douglas High Grade Boys' Shoes, $2.00 and $1.75.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded everywhere to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced.

Fast Color Eyelets will not wear brassy.

W. L. Douglas has the largest men's $3.50 Shoe Mail Order Business in the world. No matter where you live, Douglas shoes are within your reach. 25 cents extra prepays delivery. Write for Illustrated Catalog of Spring Styles. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe Stores in Greater New York:

433 Broadway, corner Howard Street.
755 Broadway, corner 8th Street.
1349 Broadway, corner 36th Street.
1449 Broadway, corner 41st Street.
95 Nassau Street.
143 East 14th Street.
250 West 125th Street.
974 Third Avenue.
2202 Third Avenue, cor. 120th St.
356 Sixth Avenue, corner 22d Street.
345 Eighth Avenue.
520 Willis Avenue, near 149th Street.

BROOKLYN.

708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
494 Fifth Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—785 Broad Street.

IN addition to Riding Breeches in Brown Khaki, White Khaki and Linen Crash at $5 to $9—Norfolk Coats in Blue, Black and Mixed Goods to go with the Riding Breeches—Whipcord Livery of every shade in Sack or Frock Coats, with either long trousers or breeches—Dress Livery and Collars, Ties, Leggings, Riding Boots and Tops, Russet Shoes—in addition to all that

We have all the kinds of hats made for servants that there are—every shape and every material and some that are unique with us.

Being specialists in this field we have to have them all.

SMITH, GRAY & CO.

"Allow me, sir."

Broadway, at 31st St., N. Y.; Fulton St. at Flatbush Av., Broadway at Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

"Men, like horses, should be well groomed." — *Beau Brummel to his Valet.*

ITEMS:

A NEW STRAW HAT $2, $2.50, $3.

UNDERWEAR IN THE LIGHTER WEIGHTS AS LOW AS 50C. A GARMENT. NEW NECKWEAR, BOTH IN COLLARS AND SCARFS.

AND THEN THE SPRING SACK SUIT, $15 TO $25.

IF YOU LIKE BROWN MIXTURES WE'VE AN EXCEPTIONAL LINE TO SHOW YOU.

Browning, King & Co.

Broadway, bet. 31st and 32d Sts., 16 to 26 Cooper Square, } New York.
Fulton Street and DeKalb Ave., Brooklyn.

GAS

When to use a gas range—every day in the year.

If your gas burners are unsatisfactory, send word to the Gas Company, addressing the "Gas Information Bureau."

A CURSE ON A POSTAL CARD.

Bereaved Importer Margolies Has Janitress on Trial for Theft.

Edward Margolies, an importer of rugs and Eastern ornaments, appeared as complainant yesterday before Judge McMahon in the General Sessions against his former janitress, Mrs. Anna Shaw. The charge was looting his flat. In the last three weeks Mr. Margolies has lost by death from scarlet fever his three children, the oldest of whom was four and a half years old. Among the exhibits in the case was a linen dress that had been worn by his little daughter. He broke down and wept as he identified it, and so did his pretty wife.

Mrs. Shaw has been for seven years the janitress at 1 West 115th street. When the Margolieses returned from their summer outing last year they found their apartment had been entered and robbed. They continued to miss things, and finally Mrs. Shaw was arrested. Most of the missing goods according to the testimony yesterday, were found in the basement, where she lived

The Legal Aid Society, however, took up her case, and when it was set for May 11 and the complainants did not appear Mrs. Shaw was discharged on her own recognizance. On that day, when the Margolieses were mourning the death of two of their children, an unsigned postal card was sent to them saying:

There has been a curse put upon you. You have but one child and you will not have that. There is a just God and his curse will come sure as you deprive others of their liberty.

Mr. Margolies then had Mrs. Shaw rearrested. Her trial will be finished to-day.

James McCreery & Co.

Sale of Parasols.

500 Parasols, covered with plain Taffetas Silk, for "Coaching," Shopping or "Shirt-waist" Dress.

Colors:—Champagne, tan, brown, navy blue, royal blue, hunter green, red and white.

Striped, figured and floral designs included in the Sale.

$2.65.

Value $3.00 to $5.00.

Twenty-third Street.

FOR THE LAME

HAVE YOU A SHORT LIMB?

The Lame Foot with unsightly Shoe.

We will make your limbs look the same length, your feet, instep and ankles look alike, wear ready made shoes, no lacing, opens in the back.

FOR Ladies, Gents, Boys, Misses.

The Same Foot in our latest Extension Shoe.

Special Price to all who send or bring this advertisement to

E. L. O'CONNOR MFG. CO.

1269 Broadway, New York. (B.)

The Best.

Social Halls to Have a Big Restaurant.

The fourth and fifth stories of the clubhouse of the Social Halls Association at 151 and 153 Clinton street, of which Lillian De Waud is president, are to be remodelled into a big restaurant. The rapid growth of the new institution has left the present restaurant on the ground floor inadequate to fill the demands of the organization. The cost of the improvement is estimated at $1,500.

The Wanamaker Store.

Store Closes at 5:30 P. M.

Gentlemen: Your Straw Hats!

Time is ripe for the change. You've had to wait a little longer than usual this Spring, but the waiting is over now.

All the new shapes, from the various leading manufacturers are displayed. The smartest hat of all is the tight little shape—small in both crown and brim—made of sennit or rough straw. This extreme novelty is here, of course; but we have the other shapes, in the sennit, and the other rough straw—the Kipoo. We have the fine split straws, for the conservative man; and we have the Panamas for men who value comfort most of all.

In fact, everything new and correct in Men's Straw Hats is exhibited today. And also a very fine collection of Fancy Hat bands, for the young men who want to make their hats look a little different from the next one they see.

Hats of China, Swiss and Belgian Split Straw, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and $5.

Hats of the rough Sennit braids, at $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.

Soft Curled Brim Mackinaw Hats, at $1.50, $2, $3 and $3.50.

Soft Curled Brim Hats of Milan braids, at $3 and $3.50.

Panama Hats at $6, $8, $10, $12 and $15.

Fancy Hat Bands, ready to put on your hat, at 35c and 50c each.

Men's Hat Store, Second floor, Ninth street.

Another Great Wanamaker Sale

OF USED PIANOS

The WANAMAKER Piano business is the greatest in the world. In this enormous selling, it is necessary to take in exchange a great many instruments that are already in the possession of those who wish to buy from us a Chickering, a Vose, or other high-grade piano. We also frequently secure Chickering Uprights, from people who have purchased newer models of the Chickering, or who have bought the Chickering Quarter Grand, or other Chickering Grand pianos.

The character of the pianos we secure in exchange is very high indeed. *And every Used Piano that we sell comes to us in the regular processes of our own business.* Many piano stores buy up odd pianos from auction rooms, and wherever they can be found, in order to have bargains to exploit. We never offer any pianos whose history we do not know. They are always safe instruments to buy—always well worth the prices that we ask for them. Always put in excellent condition, by our own experts, before offering them for sale.

This is why these occasional WANAMAKER Sales of Used Pianos always arouse enormous public interest. They are not only the greatest economy events in the piano trade; but every instrument sold is worthy, and a safe purchase.

Here is the list of splendid instruments offered away under-price.

Miscellaneous Upright Pianos

Hale Upright, was $275, now $115.
Tway Upright, was $275, now $135.
Stadie & Son Upright, was $250, now $140.
Kuhse Upright, was $350, now $155.
Marshall & Smith Upright, was $300, now $155.
Diehl & Zeuch Upright, was $300, now $155.
Billings Upright, was $250, now $155.
Colby Upright, was $300, now $155.
Anderson & Co. Upright, was $300, now $165.
Spellman & Co. Upright, was $275, now $165.
Newby & Evans Upright, was $300, now $160.
Horace Waters Upright, was $350, now $160.
Sterling Upright, was $350, now $165.
Kranich & Bach Upright, was $350, now $170.
Kroeger Upright, was $320, now $180.
Fisher Upright, was $350, now $195.
Weser Bros. Upright, was $300, now $195.
Royal Upright, was $300, now $195.
Altenberg Upright, was $300, now $195.
Decker Upright, was $450, now $195.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $450, now $225.
Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $400, now $295.
Gilbert Upright, was $250, now $145.
Crown Upright, was $500, now $365.
Crown Upright, was $360, now $265.
Chickering Upright, was $500, now $295.

Square Pianos

Wm. Miller Square, was $250, now $10.
Ludke Square, was $250, now $10.
Worcester Square, was $250, now $25.
Thorne Square, was $250, now $25.
Light & Bradbury Square, was $300, now $25.
Union Piano Co. Square, was $250, now $35.
McDonald Square, was $300, now $35.
Haines Bros. Square, was $300, now $35.
Weber Square, was $450, now $40.
Callenburg Square, was $300, now $45.
Chickering & Sons Square, was $500, now $60.
Steinway Square, was $450, now $60.
Fisher Square, was $350, now $65.
Bradbury Square, was $350, now $50.
Schmer Square, was $400, now $60.
Chickering Square, was $600, now $95.
Weber Square, was $450, now $125.
Chickering Square, was $500, now $125.

Grand Pianos

Chickering Concert Grand, was $1000, now $190.
Beitter & Winklemann Grand, was $750, now $275.
Mason & Hamlin Parlor Grand, was $800, now $350.
Mason & Hamlin Parlor Grand, was $800, now $375.
Mason & Hamlin Parlor Grand, was $850, now $375.

Mason & Hamlin Upright Pianos

1 Mason & Hamlin Upright, was $450, now $295.
8 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $450, now $250 each.
5 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $500, now $375 each.
2 Mason & Hamlin Uprights, were $600, now $450 each.

Chickering Upright Pianos

1 Chickering Upright, was $450, now $195.
1 Chickering Upright, was $450, now $225.
1 Chickering Upright, was $500, now $275.
1 Chickering Upright, was $550, now $450.

Other Upright Pianos

14 Kurtzmann Uprights reduced to $200.
6 Kurtzmann Uprights reduced to $225.
5 Frederick Doll Uprights, were $185, now $140 each.
3 J. C. Campbell Uprights, were $190, now $140 each.

Used Organs

Mason & Hamlin Organ, was $70, now $40.
Mason & Hamlin Organ, was $70, now $50.
Mason & Hamlin Organ, was $275, now $175.
2 Mason & Hamlin Organs, were $450, now $225 each.
Needham Organ, was $125, now $60.

A Fine Offering of

ANGELUS PIANO PLAYERS

We have collected for this Sale just forty two Angelus Piano players, of earlier models, that have been taken in exchange from those who were buying the very latest type of these wonderful instruments. All of them have been returned to the factory, and completely gone over, and brought up to date, as far as it could possibly be done. They are now in excellent condition; and no piano players on the market, excepting only the latest model of the new Angelus, can give to their owners the artistic powers that these same instruments will confer upon those who secure them.

Part of the number, in addition to playing the piano, have a full set of sweet-toned reeds, which add the organ tones to those of the piano, at the option of the player.

Original prices were $250 and $275. Now offered

At $125 Each

A splendid opportunity to those who wish to secure a piano player, and have hesitated to pay the regular price.

REMEMBER that any of the instruments in this Sale may be bought on the club plan of a small cash payment, and easy monthly sums afterward.

Piano Store, Fifth Floor.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co. Broadway, 4th av., 9th and 10th sts.