CONSERVATIVE LIFE SAVER.

AT 65 HE DOESN'T PLUNGE RASHLY, TROUSERS AND ALL.

But if There's Time Utilizes It to Save the Trousers, Too—Dockmaster Bollas Is Used to the Boys Who Fall In—Has Got Two of Them Out in a Year.

Walter O. Bollas, a stocky, broad chested native American, who is dockmaster at the foot of East 100th street, was writing at his desk at the bulkhead end of the pier yesterday morning when a boy ran in and shouted: "Say, mister, a boy's fallen overboard!"

The dockmaster is 65, but he does not look it by a decade. His juvenile appearance is somewhat heightened by his long flowing black mustache, which every old volunteer fireman may wear without fear of comment. Far be it from the reporter to intimate that black is not at present the natural color of the dockmaster's mustache. Any man who jumps overboard twice in a year and saves a boy from dying each time is entitled to use any kind of dye he pleases.

Mr. Bollas dropped his pen and ran out on the pier. He saw a youngster floundering in the water about fifteen feet out from the side of the pier. Mr. Bollas swiftly reflected on the boy and on his brand new pants—that's what he called them—and he decided that he had time to save both. So, right in public, before several hundred boys and girls and a few women, Mr. Bollas took off his new trousers. As he came out of the office he picked up a coil of rope about forty feet long, which he finds handy in helping to haul out the kids that have a habit of tumbling off his pier. He politely requested a man who had joined the throng to look at the drowing boy to hold one end of the rope and to hold it fast. In one leap, that would have done credit to an amateur athlete, the dockmaster splashed right down alongside the boy and grabbed him by his hair, which was long enough to grab. The boy tried to hug his rescuer, but the dockmaster kept him at arm's length and asked the man at the other end of the pier to kindly haul in the line. All the boys around, and some of the women, too, who thought the circumstances warranted the impropriety of looking at a man without any trousers, strung along the rope and had Mr. Bollas and the boy back on the pier much too swiftly for their comfort.

The dockmaster explained later that he believed in doing things methodically and not in a hurry. He saw that he would not have to sacrifice even his new pants if he went about the rescue in the right way. Of course, if the boy had been in such condition that an immediate plunge would have been necessary he would have let the new pants go swimming, too. He had saved a boy in a similar manner in the latter part of last August and somebody, the Volunteer Life Saving Association, he believed, had given him a medal for it, although he said he could not see that he deserved it.

The boy he fished out yesterday was pretty sick, having swallowed much salt water. He was rubbed down and after he had vomited a bit he was well enough to go home. He is Samuel Goodman, 8 years old, of 237 East 103d street. He was playing on the stringpiece and slipped and fell overboard. He said that he was too frightened to cry out at first and then afterward he got his mouth so full of water that he could not yell. But the boys on the pier did shouting enough for a dozen drowning boys.

Mr. Bollas is a fine swimmer, having received his education along the docks. His principle in life saving is: "Never hurry and keep your wits alive."

FAST TROLLEYS CRASH; 2 DEAD.

Forty Injured in Collision on Ohio Electric Line—Motorman Forgot Order.

CLEVELAND, Aug. 4.—Two crowded cars running thirty miles an hour collided on the Lake Shore Electric Railway, near Vermillion, thirty miles west of Cleveland, late this afternoon.

Two persons were killed and forty were injured. The cars met on a curve.

Those most seriously injured, eighteen in number, were rushed to St. Joseph's Hospital in Lorain, where it is feared that several will die. Blame for the accident has not yet been fixed.

The dead are Wilbur D. Moody, motorman, Beach Park, Ohio, 40 years old; married; Frank Smiley, Lima, Ohio, 22 years old, single.

Among the injured were R. Fries, Chicago, head and chest cut, and H. Haddie, Toledo, Ohio, head badly cut.

The cars in collision were the westbound limited and a regular eastbound car. The limited had on board forty of the Lima Y. M. C. A. boys, who had been for an outing at Linwood Park. The limited was in charge of Conductor Remlinger and Motorman Moody. Moody was almost instantly killed.

The Lake Shore's attorney at Norwalk said:

"It was Moody's fault. His orders were clear. He was to meet the eastbound regular at siding 20. He allowed the platform to be crowded with passengers, and in the confusion forgot his orders."

BANK ADMITS IT WAS ROBBED.

President of Pittsburg Union Trust Co. Fixes Employees' Thefts at $125,000.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 4.—The Union Trust Company to-day admited the facts of the big robbery in that bank when it caused to be published in the evening papers a statement from President McEldowney, as follows:

"On Wednesday, August 1, while a bookkeeper, C. S. Hixton, was on his vacation, a discrepancy was found in his books in the Union Trust Company. Hixton was immediately arrested and has made a confession.

"In his confession he said that, acting jointly with C. B. Wray, a teller, they had stolen $125,000, dividing the money equally, Wray, the teller, taking the money off the counter while Hixton, the bookkeeper, falsified the books. The money was all lost in speculation.

"Our auditors have verified the confession of Hixton to a cent, namely, $125,000. Hixton is now lodged in the Allegheny county jail, and the Union Trust Company will do all that is necessary to arrest C. B. Wrayo who has escaped, and see that he is punished to the fullest extent of the law.

"The Union Trust Company on Friday, August 3, charged to the profit and loss account $125,000, the full amount of its loss.

"H. C. MCELDOWNEY, President."

Civil Proceedings Against Bank Teller Who Stole $115,000.

BALLSTON, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Charles E. Fitcham was examined to-day in supplementary proceedings on a judgment secured against him by the First National Bank for $115,000. Fitcham was teller of the bank for a quarter of a century and five years ago his accounts were found to be short $115,000. He served four years in prison on a criminal charge and now the bank has taken civil proceedings to learn what he has done with the money. Fitcham said to-day that what money he had taken had all gone toward living expenses.

$90,000 Still Needed for San Francisco Y. M. C. A.

The total subscribed to date for the rehabilitation of the San Francisco Young Men's Christian Association is $410,000. J. Pierpont Morgan made a subscription of $25,000 yesterday, which brought the amount up to the above sum. The fund is short now only $90,000 of the half million required. Cleveland H. Dodge, 99 John street, is treasurer of the fund.

UNDERTAKER HAVRON GONE.

Lawyer Stiefel Asks That All Claims Be Sent to His Office.

Howard H. Havron, who set up in business on Coney Island twelve years ago, has been missing for eleven days, and his attorney, Abraham Stiefel, yesterday sent a message to his principal creditors that they should send in their claims to him. Havron's books show he was in debt in the sum of $10,000.

On the day that he left he drew $3,000 from the Jenkins Trust Company of Coney Island. He told his wife he was going to Luna Park to collect a bill of $108. His wife learned afterward that he had not been there. She does not know what has become of him.

The principal creditors are the National Casket Company of Brooklyn and Daniel Dreyer, a liveryman, of 163 West Fifty-ninth street, Manhattan. Dreyer took away Havron's hearse and several carriages yesterday.

Mrs. Havron yesterday leased the good will of the business to Kowski & Jentzer of West Seventeenth street, Coney Island. Kowski used to work for Havron. Mrs. Havron is a daughter of former Assemblyman Francis P. Gallagher. Havron is said to have been the first undertaker who set up business on the island.

NAMELESS MAN IN HOSPITAL.

Whom Woman Accosted on Elevated Stairs and Man Promptly Slugged.

A middle aged, well dressed man is in the New York Hospital with what seems to be a fracture of the skull, and a man who says he is Jacob Walton of 423 West Twenty-fifth street is locked up in the Tenderloin police station. According to Policeman McAuley, the injured man was walking up the stairs of the southbound elevated railway station at Twenty-third street and Sixth avenue at 11 o'clock last night when a tall, blond woman spoke to him. At the same time, so McAuley says, Walton rushed up the stairs and struck the man on the jaw. The latter fell to the stairs and rolled to the sidewalk below, landing heavily on his head.

McAuley nabbed Walton. The woman escaped. Walton refused to say anything about himself or the woman.

SENATOR PLATT'S CLAMBAKE.

He Gives His Annual Entertainment to His Immediate Neighbors.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Apparently hale and hearty, despite the rumors of his enfeebled condition, United States Senator Thomas C. Platt to-day gave his annual clambake to his immediate neighbors at his summer home near Highland Mills, Orange county. When Senator Platt purchased his summer home several years ago he gave a clambake to about twenty-five of his near neighbors for the purpose of making their acquaintance. The affair was such a success and so pleased Senator Platt that he made it an annual custom.

The Senator's clambakes are strictly informal affairs. No politician has ever been invited and the discussion of political matters is tabooed. The bake was served at 8 o'clock to-night on the lawn on the shores of Cromwell Lake, in front of Tioga Lodge, which Senator Platt terms his bungalow and which is about an eighth of a mile from the summer home.

Shortly before 6 o'clock the aged Senator, accompanied by Mrs. Platt, walked unaided from the summer home to the bungalow and there greeted about twenty-five of the neighbors who had assembled upon his invitation. The bake was prepared under the direction of the veteran clambake artist of the State, Wesley Decker of Middletown, and Senator and Mrs. Platt partook of the feast as heartily as any of those present. At the end Senator Platt made a few pleasant remarks, expressing his pleasure at again meeting his neighbors.

Several of the neighbors replied in appreciative words, after which the Senator walked back to his summer home, feeling, as he said, twenty years younger.

WIFE FOLLOWS RUSHMORE.

Agreed to Live Separate, but Not That He Should Live With Another.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Aug. 4.—Mrs. Flora Loughlin of Norristown, Pa., and William C. Rushmore, a former resident of Passaic, N. J., were arrested this afternoon on a warrant issued by Recorder Yost. They were charged with adultery under the New Jersey law by Mrs. Rushmore, who came from Passaic with Lawyer Samuel H. Kuenstlich. She asserts that under a contract made with her husband three months ago they agreed to separate and that he was to pay her $25 every week. He had made but two payments since then, and all efforts on her part to induce him to live up to the contract had proved fruitless.

Rushmore, who was arrested first, is the proprietor of a merry-go-round and Ferris wheel which is a part of the carnival now being held for the benefit of the Montclair camp of Sons of Veterans on Maple avenue. In the Recorder's office he protested that he had paid all he could and grew indignant, but his wife reminded him that while she had agreed to live separate from him she did not give him the privilege of living with another woman, as it was difficult for him to support more than one at a time.

In the meantime Mrs. Loughlin had been arrested. She rode up from the carnival grounds in an automobile. Not long ago the carnival showed at Norristown. Rushmore made her acquaintance there and she accompanied him to Montclair. Mrs. Rushmore says she is the owner both of the merry-go-round and of the Ferris wheel and that she will remove them to Passaic. Recorder Yost placed Rushmore and Mrs. Loughlin under bonds in the sum of $100 each to appear for examination next Tuesday morning.

Steam Launch Aground; Passengers Taken Off.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 4.—The steam launch Victor, running down the coast from New York, struck on the dangerous bar off Hereford Inlet just before dark to-night. The life guards from Hereford station rowed out and brought ashore the four passengers, Joseph Kempster, Charles Kempster, Frank Burns and A. Parch. The captain of the launch refused to leave, and two members of his crew stayed with him to help in getting clear of the bar on the high water to-night.

OBITUARY.

James M. Wentz, 82 years old, president of the Newburg Savings Bank, is dead at his home in that city. He was formerly prominent in dry goods and financial circles in New York. He was successful in all his business connections and amassed a large fortune. He was a member of the American Geographical Society, the American Society of Natural History, the Metropolitan Museum of Art, a life member of the Y. M. C. A., a director of the Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Company of New York, a charter member of the Columbia Bank of New York, and for many years a director of the Mercantile National Bank of New York and National Bank of Newburg. He leaves three children, Mrs. Thomas F. Balfe of Newburg and James G. and Theodore Wentz of New York.

Carl Weidner of New York city, a well known artist, died suddenly Wednesday of rheumatism at Lake Pleasant, where he had been a summer visitor for the past five years. Mr. Weidner had just completed a camp at the Speculator end of the lake. Mr. Weidner is survived by his wife and son, who were with him at the time of his death. He owned 400 acres of land at Speculator, including the greater part of the eastern shore of the lake.

Daniel Humphries, commander of Frank Head Post, G. A. R., will be buried this afternoon from his home, at 303 Carlton avenue. He was a lawyer and had been in practice in Brooklyn for thirty years. He leaves a widow, two sons and a daughter.

William H. Ashbey of Bloomfield, N. J., died yesterday at the age of 56. For many years he was connected with the People's Ice Company of that place. He was unmarried. Death was caused by dropsy.

GLAD SHE SHOT FERARO DEAD

DOMINICA ONLY SORRY THAT SHE'S LOST HER JOB.

Can't Go Back to the Sweatshop—Italian Girl Says Feraro Wronged Her—"I Am Dying for Love of You," He Said—"Then Die!" She Said and Fired.

More grieved because she had lost her job in a sweatshop than that she had killed Nicola Feraro, Dominina Chiavetti was arraigned before Magistrate Breen in the Tombs court yesterday, charged with murder. He at once remanded her to the Coroner. Her appearance in court excited little interest. The court attaches and frequenters have grown accustomed to "unwritten law" cases of this kind.

Dominica is short and thin, weighing about 100 pounds. She wore a dingy gray raincoat, covering a gaudy pink skirt, and white waist and a black straw hat of the picture sort. She is only 22 years old, but has the sallow, brownish complexion common among the Mulberry street Italian women of 30 or more. Her face is much scarred by smallpox. While waiting for Policeman George W. Barton to make his affidavit she told Coroner Acritelli her story.

"If he had left me alone I would not have killed him," she said.

"But I am glad he's dead. I am only sorry I lost my place in the cloak factory. Now I cannot earn any money for a long time."

She displayed no emotion. Her conversation might have been about the weather as far as appearances indicated.

"Nicola came to the cloak factory about three months ago," she said, "during the noon hour. He said his wife was sick and wanted to see me. I went to his home and there was nobody there. I tried to get out, but found he had locked all the doors. I begged him to let me go, telling him I would lose my place. Then I told him he should remember his wife and children. He knocked me down and choked me so I could make no outcry. In two hours he let me go, telling me he would kill me if I told my brothers or anybody.

"Last Monday a physician told me my condition was such that I should find the man and make him marry me. That made me crazy, for I knew Nicola was already married. When I met him yesterday at Worth and Baxter streets he said he wanted me to go to Brooklyn with him. Then he began to say how much he loved me.

"'I am dying for love of you,' he said. When he said 'dying' I remembered I had my brother's revolver with me.

"'Then die!' I cried, pulling out the revolver. 'I would sooner have you die than die myself.' He started to run and I fired, once, twice, three times—I don't know. A policeman—this man here—arrested me. I don't care. If I had not killed him he would kill me. He was afraid I would expose him. I am glad he is dead."

By this time the affidavit was complete and Coroner Acritelli signed the paper committing the woman to the Tombs without bail. She walked out as if the Tombs had no terrors for her. Levy and Unger announced that they had been retained by her two brothers and sister to defend Dominica. Assistant District Attorney Cardozo will prosecute.

NO YIELDING TO LITHOGRAPHERS

Employers Deny That Any of Them Are Giving In to the Union.

The assertion of the striking lithographers that several members of the National Association of Employing Lithographers in this city had broken away and settled with the union was officially denied yesterday by the board of directors of the association. It was learned that for some time back the employing lithographers have had strike clauses in the contracts with most of their customers, which they can take advantage of until they can man their shops. A member of the board of directors who acted as press committee yesterday said:

"Since the strike we have made individual agreements with non-union men and strikers and are putting them to work as soon as we get them in bunches. Some of the men who are on the street to-day have individual agreements with us in their pockets and are waiting a call from us to go to work. All the contracts, or nearly all of them, have strike contracts, but we are making every effort to man the shops as soon as possible."

Asked if the scarcity of men was a chronic difficulty, he said:

"It has been for the past four or five years."

"Then how do you propose to fill the places of the strikers?" he was asked.

"Partly by the strikers returning to work and partly by the men we get from the trade schools," he replied. "We expect a large proportion of the strikers to return individually. We do not care whether they belong to the union or not so long as they come to us as individuals. The trade is such that strictly union rules which the union wants to have obeyed absolutely in every particular cannot always be followed. A good deal of our orders consist of emergency work which is wanted at once to make it available and must be finished in a hurry. At the same time we have been always willing to deal with a union provided the union was willing to arbitrate. We believe the reason the union refused to ratify the agreement made by its officers this spring was that the eight hour demand was in contemplation and it did not want to arbitrate the question for fear the decision might be rendered against the union."

At the headquarters of the strikers there was nothing to report except that the strike would continue until it was won. Preparations are made on both sides for a long fight.

BUILDING TRADES OUTING

To Celebrate the Establishment of the Open Shop in Hudson County.

The Hudson County, N. J., Building Trades Employers' Association will have an outing at Roton Point on August 18 to celebrate the successful establishment of the open shop in the county. The bosses say that they are getting all the men they need to take the places of the locked out union men. They are of the opinion that the open shop has come to stay.

TO CLOSE ALL BUCKET SHOPS.

Dive Keepers Drive Memphis Authorities to Act Against Margin Dealers.

MEMPHIS, Aug. 4.—War has been declared by Acting Mayor Walsh and Police Commissioner Bruce against all Memphis brokers dealing in futures who cannot show that all deals contemplate actual deliveries and bona fide sales and purchases.

This is the outcome of the dive keepers' threats against these officials and the terrible election tragedy of Thursday. It was decided upon after Mr. Walsh had consulted City Attorney Jackson and got a written opinion that dealers in margins, whether for themselves or on account of customers, are as much guilty of gambling as any negro crap shooter or white faro dealer.

Mr. Walsh, backed by Attorney Jackson's letter, will begin a crusade against what he terms "the most pernicious form of gambling in Memphis."

There are ten so-called bucketshops in Memphis that have been doing a rushing business.

It is said that a rash and impolitic speech made at the Tuesday mass meeting scoring the present city administration because of its alleged protection of certain gambling interests is the real cause of this move.

The speech was made by Clarence B. Hunt, manager of the Memphis Exchange, who figures in the limelight of a recent magazine article roasting bucketshops generally.

Le Boutillier Brothers

ANNUAL SUMMER SALE OF

HOUSEKEEPING LINENS

In this sale will be found a most complete stock of Irish, Scotch, French and German Linens, to suit all household purposes, at prices much lower than cost of production.

To make room for importations arriving every week we offer many fine lots of Damask Table Cloths and Napkins, all sizes; bleached and unbleached Table Damasks; Bedroom, Bath and Kitchen Towels; Hemstitched Sheets and Pillow Cases, Lunch Cloths and Sets, Embroidered Doylies, Tray and Tea Cloths, Scarfs, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Bedspreads, Shams, etc.

N. B.—Hotels, Restaurants, Schools and Clubs will find many suitable lots of Napkins, Top Cloths, Table Damasks, Towels, etc., at

SATISFACTORY PRICES.

Le Boutillier Brothers

West Twenty-third Street.

FREE TRANSFERS WITH BEER

SALOON DOES RUSHING TRADE; TROLLEYS ON THE SIDE.

Conductors Supply the Place With Transfers—One Beer, One Transfer; One Whiskey, Two Transfers—Cigar, One Transfer, and It Went, Too—Bartender Held.

William Cleary, who was employed as a bartender in the saloon at Fifty-ninth street and Second avenue, was arraigned in the Yorkville police court yesterday on a charge of giving away transfer tickets of the New York City Railway Company. There is a law making it a misdemeanor to give away these tickets.

Officers of the company recently discovered that the increase in the number of transfer tickets collected by conductors caused a considerable falling off of cash fares.

Investigation showed that while conductors refused to give transfers to passengers unless asked for when paying fares some of them were very generous in giving the transfer slips when off the cars.

The police of the East Fifty-first street station were asked to investigate a clue that led to the saloon at Second avenue and Fifty-ninth street, a busy transfer point. Detectives Summers and Marion went to the place and they said in court that they found business booming there because transfer slips were given out with drinks.

"A glass of lager," said Marion, when he walked up to the bar to see what was going on.

"Up or down?" responded the bartender.

"It'll go down when I get it, but why do you ask such a foolish question?"

"I thought you were one of the regulars, and I asked you what kind of a ticket you wanted."

"Oh, I'm going downtown," the detective said as he began to see a light.

The bartender handed him a red ticket. He stood at the bar for awhile and saw that the giving away of the tickets was responsible for the boom in the business of the saloon. Men on their way to work would stop in for a cooling drink when a trolley ride was thrown in instead of a trading stamp.

The schedule seemed to be: One transfer slip to a glass of beer, two slips with each drink of whiskey, and one slip with one cigar.

Detectives say that the saloon was kept supplied with slips by the conductors employed by the railway company.

Marion got on a trolley to see if his slip would be accepted. It was as good as gold and he got a trolley ride with his five cent glass of beer.

Cleary was held in court for his good behavior for six months under $500 bail. Not having a bondsman he was taken downstairs.

COPS TURN TABLES ON READING.

Road Refuses to Haul Them Free and All Station Details Are Withdrawn.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—Because the Reading railway has refused to carry policemen and firemen in uniform free within the city limits Director of Public Safety Sheldon Potter has withdrawn all guards from stations, wharves and freight yards, and the railroad, save for its own special officers, is unprotected.

As the private force is very small the company will have to get scores of men unless it changes its attitude.

Possibly 200 policemen had been detailed for duty on the Reading.

Officials of the Reading declared they were not surprised when informed of the order. In the absence of Theodore Voorhees, first vice-president of the company, none of the other officials cared to comment on the move. It was said, however, that the company would find some means of protecting its property.

The Pennsylvania continues to carry policemen and firemen free within the city limits. "So far as I know," said an operating official, "such a move on the part of the Pennsylvania is not even contemplated. In my judgment it would be bad policy."

SUTHERLAND IS MODEST.

Ex-Justice Declines the "Nominal" Leadership at Coney Island.

Former Police Justice Kenneth F. Sutherland, who spent some years in Sing Sing for his participation in John Y. McKane's exploits and who was restored recently to citizenship, has declined the nominal leadership of the Democratic forces in the Sixteenth Assembly district in Brooklyn, in which Coney Island is included. It is understood, however, that he will be the actual boss of the job, and control all the Democratic patronage of the district. Former Assemblyman Gallagher will probably be chosen as the executive committeeman from the district.

Lieut. Larned Resigns.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Second Lieut. E. P. Larned of the Marine Corps, who is now with the Legation Guard at Pekin, has resigned from the service to enter business in the United States. He will travel extensively in the Far East before coming to this country. He is one of the Larned brothers, who distinguished themselves as tennis players.

Bridge Carpenter's Fatal Fall.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Hugh Kress, a bridge carpenter, formerly of Williamsport, Pa., was killed here to-day by falling from the Connecticut avenue bridge, upon which he was working. He was 38 years old. His relatives in Williamsport have been notified of his death and the body will be held until they are heard from.

To Attend the Polar Congress.

Herman L. Bridgman, president of the department of geography of the Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences, has been selected by the board of trustees to represent the institute at the International Polar Congress to be held in Brussels in September.

WORK OF SECRET SERVICE MEN.

They Made 356 Arrests Last Year, Mostly for Passing Counterfeit Money.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—There were 356 arrests by Secret Service officers last year, according to the report of John E. Wilkie, chief of the Secret Service, made public to-day. Of the offences 212 were for passing counterfeit silver coin, 65 for altering or attempting to pass altered obligations of the United States, 27 for manufacturing or seeking to pass counterfeit paper money and 28 for manufacturing or seeking to pass counterfeit minor coin. Of the offenders 244 were born in the United States, 18 in Italy and 9, the next highest number, in Russia. California furnished the largest number of cases, 37; Pennsylvania the second largest, 34.

The Secret Service officers captured during the year $18,768 in counterfeit notes and $19,520 in coins. Chief Wilkie says:

Three new counterfeit and two reissues of old counterfeits appeared during the year.

August 16, 1905, a moderately deceptive $5 silver certificate made in Italy and imported by various gangs of Italians in this country. Passers of these notes in Ohio, Pennsylvania, New York and New Jersey have been convicted.

October 3, 1905, a $10 United States note of deceptive workmanship appeared in New York. Only three of these notes were circulated.

October 14, 1905, a reissue of the $10 United States note, first described in our circular letter of July 29, 1903, was put in circulation, with a few minor changes.

November 6, 1905, a fairly good counterfeit of a $10 United States note appeared in the West. The maker and passer were arrested and convicted and the plates captured.

December 8, 1905, there was a second reissue of the $10 United States notes of July 29, 1903, and October 14, 1905.

During the last six months of the fiscal year there was not one new counterfeit note issued.

The source of low grade silver counterfeit standard and half dollars in New York city was discovered and the maker, one Angeloni, a skilled Italian silversmith, was convicted, his complete plant being confiscated by agents of the service. The receipts of counterfeit low grade silver coins in the Sub-Treasury at New York since that raid have dropped to a merely nominal figure.

This report does not include the large number of arrests and successful prosecutions in land fraud and naturalization cases, where agents of this service have conducted extensive investigations for Government departments.

A NATIONAL GALLERY OF ART.

Court Holds That the Smithsonian Institution Is Such by the Act Creating It.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—It required the force of a judicial decision to establish the fact that the United States has a national gallery of art and Justice Stafford of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia so decided to-day.

The discussion was called out by a friendly suit brought to determine whether the custody of the Harriet Lane Johnston collection should remain with the Corcoran Gallery of Art in Washington or go to the Smithsonian Institution. Justice Stafford decided that inasmuch as the act creating the Smithsonian Institution enacts that it "shall have the custody of objects of art, the results of curious and foreign research," that the Smithsonian is thereby created a national gallery of art and meets the condition imposed by the language of Miss Johnston's will, which left the collection of twenty-nine paintings, busts and other valuable relics to the Corcoran Gallery of Art until such time as the United States Government should establish a national gallery. The Johnston collection will be only the nucleus, it is believed, for the Government's art gallery, for now that it is established other bequests, it is thought, will follow.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—The monitor Nevada has arrived at Annapolis, the cruiser Denver and destroyers Whipple, Hopkins, Lawrence and Macdonough at Newport, the cruiser Tacoma at navy yard, New York; the cruiser Columbia at Tompkinsville, the transport Lawton at Cavite and the torpedo boat Stockton at Norfolk.

The battleship Louisiana has sailed from Provincetown for New London, the cruiser Wolverine from Mackinac Island for South Manitou, the cruiser Yankton from Newport for Watch Hill, the cruiser Dixie from Sanchez for Monte Cristi, the destroyer Paul Jones from Eureka for Esquimalt, the despatch boat Dolphin from Newport for New London and the torpedo boat Wilkes from Norfolk for Patuxent River.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—These army orders were issued to-day:

Major Henry C. Davis, artillery, to Fort Washington.

First Lieut. Francis B. Eastman, from Twenty-fifth to Tenth Infantry.

Lieut.-Col. Clinton B. Sears, Corps Engineers, detailed as engineer of the Fifteenth Lighthouse District, relieving Major Thomas L. Casey, Corps of Engineers, who will report to Secretary of Commerce and Labor for duty as engineer secretary of the Lighthouse Board, to relieve Col. Daniel W. Lockwood, Corps of Engineers.

Lieut.-Col. Benjamin P. Runkle, retired, detailed as superintendent and professor of military science and tactics at Miami Military Institute, Germantown, Ohio, relieving Capt. Robert B. Powers, Seventh Cavalry.

Capt. Robert B. Powers, Seventh Cavalry, detailed for recruiting service at Columbus Barracks, Ohio.

Major George J. Newgarden, surgeon from Philippines Division to San Francisco.

Orders of July 31 are amended so as to relieve Contract Surgeon Herbert I. Harris from further duty in the Philippines division.

Capt. John C. Oakes, general staff, to Galveston, Tex.

Contract Surgeon Charles H. Stearns, detailed as member of examining board at Fort Monroe, vice Capt. Charles E. Morrow, assistant surgeon.

Capt. Leo F. Foster, commissary, to Camp Roosevelt, Mount Gretna, Pa.

These navy orders were issued:

Ensign J. E. Otterson, to navy yard, New York.

Ensign J. Downes, Jr., orders to the Washington revoked; to home and wait orders.

Second Lieut. E. P. Larned, U. S. M. C., resignation accepted.

Ensign J. W. Hayward, from Naval Hospital, Yokohama, to the Galveston.

Ensign T. L. Ozborn, from the Bainbridge to the Lawton.

Ensign W. Ancrum, from the Barry to the Lawton.

Midshipman H. F. Emerson, from the Ohio to the Cincord.

Lord & Taylor

Announce An

Extraordinary Clearance Sale

of Entire Summer Stock of

Women's & Misses' Princess Dresses,
Women's & Misses' Linen Suits,
Girls' Wash Dresses,
Linen Silk and Pongee Coats,
Women's Fancy Dresses,
Lace, Jap Silk & Novelty Waists,

at an Average Reduction of

One-Half Original Prices.

Specimen Values:—

Princess Lingerie Dresses of French Mull, white or colored, several models to select from. — At **7.50** Original price $15.00.

Princess Dresses formerly $25.00 ..... Now $15.00
" " " $35.00 ..... " $20.00
" " " $50.00 ..... " $30.00

Women's and Misses' Linen Suits.

An Exceptional Offer of about 100 Suits in long tailored Coat styles, Eton and bolero shapes, effectively lace trimmed or hand embroidered in white and colors; originally priced $20.00 to $30.00 each,

to close at $10.00 each.

Juvenile Linen Tailored Suits. A Splendid Offer of about 50 Linen Suits in Pony Coat models; original price $10.50. — At **5.00** each.

Women's and Misses' Traveling and Automobile Coats

at Less Than Half Price.

75 Coats of Linen, full length,
Plaid Cloth Tourist Coat, ¾-length,
Full Length light weight Mixed Cloths;
the balance of our $15.00 to $20.00 garments,

at $7.50 each.

All other Coats of Silk, Lace and Pongee at Half Marked Prices.

1,000 Girls' Wash Dresses,

4 to 14 year sizes;

in White Lawn with lace or needle work trimming; Colored Mercerized Linens, Lawns, &c., &c.; dozens of styles to select from:—

$2.00 Dresses ..... at $1.00 each
$4.00 " ..... " $2.00 "
$5.00 " ..... " $3.00 "
$7.50 to $10.00 " ..... " $5.00 "

All Finer Dresses at One-Half Marked Prices.

Women's Fancy Costumes

for Dressy Occasions,

of Lace, Chiffon, Messaline and Novelty Materials; evening colors and black; about 75 in all; original prices $50.00 to $200.00, Reduced to Half Price

$25.00 to $100.00 each.

Extraordinary Offering of 1,000 Women's Waists

consisting of Finest Jap Silks, Brussels Net, Val. and Leer Laces, also Fancy Silks; Reduced as follows:—

Waists formerly $7.50 to $10.00 ..... now $5.50 each
" " $16.50 to $20.00 ..... " $10.00 "
" " $25.00 to $30.00 ..... " $15.00 "

Broadway and Twentieth St., Fifth Ave., Nineteenth St.

WILSON ON INSPECTION TOUR.

The Secretary Visited Eight Packing Houses in This City.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has returned to Washington. He was at his desk in the Department this morning and was inclined to make merry over his exploit of eluding the newspaper men in New York.

The Secretary left Washington Wednesday for Philadelphia, where he inspected a number of packing houses. The reporters got on his trail in that city, but lost it. This morning the Secretary said that after leaving Philadelphia he went to Jersey City and New York. Yesterday he inspected eight New York packing houses without the fact becoming public.

Secretary Wilson said few people knew of his presence in the city besides the regular inspectors at the packing houses visited. He did not intimate when he left Washington that he was to visit the metropolis before his return. After chuckling a moment over the success of his gumshoe trip through Manhattan the Secretary said:

"In all the plants I inspected they are busy remedying conditions to meet our inspection. I went through every room. Sometimes the inspector wanted my opinion in regard to the condition of the floor, sometimes about the wall and again about the contiguity of toilet rooms to packing rooms. Conditions are not bad, but they are not quite what we desire. I saw the model house Messrs. Neill and Reynolds described in their report. It was all that has been said for it. It was what we want all houses to be, but we cannot compel every one to rebuild his house."

Secretary Wilson said he would soon take another inspection tour of the gumshoe variety.

Young Englishman Fatally Injured by a Train.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Seven Evans, 22 years old, of South Wales, England, was killed by a freight train at Bennings, Md., to-day. He was an ironworker and came here recently in search of employment. He was walking along the tracks of the Pennsylvania Railroad when a southbound train struck him. He was brought to the Casualty Hospital in this city and died three hours afterward.

TESTING APPORTIONMENT LAW.

The Queens-Richmond Case Argued Before Justice Howard.

ALBANY, Aug. 4.—The proceedings brought by George E. Payne and Harry C. Perley of Queens county and Walter Pendleton of Richmond county attacking the constitutionality of the apportionment made by the last Legislature came up for argument before Justice Howard of Troy to-day.

It was contended that the apportionment was illegal because Queens and Richmond counties were not contiguous and should not have been included in the same Senate district and also because there were discrepancies in the population of the various Senate districts throughout the State.

The State was represented by Attorney-General Mayer, Deputy Attorney-General Graham and Senator Martin E. Lewis, who was chairman of the Legislative Apportionment Committee.

Attorney-General Mayer discussed the legal questions involved, while Senator Lewis pointed out in detail the manner and method in which the apportionment had been arrived at, giving tables and figures, and contended that the districts had been apportioned as nearly equal as possible.

The contestants appeared through Edward B. Whitney, W. Allaire Shortt, E. L. Richards and former Senator Elon R. Brown. Mr. Shortt said that the violation of the Constitution in the present apportionment was so gross as to shock everybody's conscience.

Senator Brown declared that the present apportionment is the worst single case of gerrymandering which this State has ever known. "If it can stand," he said, "it gives an opportunity for legislative discretion behind which may hide all the rottenness of political scheming."

The argument of Messrs. Whitney, Shortt and Brown was to the effect that under the apportionment Queens and Richmond are constituted a Senate district, in spite of the fact that their total population is 247,000. The ratio of apportionment outside of Kings, New York and Erie is 130,000, so that this district has an excess of population 117,000 above the ratio. The district has a population as great as three up-State districts and as great as Monroe county, which has two Senators.