

GO TO DIVORCE BY CLIMBING.

FIREMEN WATCHED FAITHLESS WIFE BY CLOTHESPOLE.

Annexed Hat, Coat and Case of Man Who Had No Right to Be in Brindle's Flat—Woman Found Out Says That Her Flight Be Concealed From Her Father.

William Brindle, Jr., owes his divorce to the fact that he is a fireman and to the additional fact that his best friend, William G. Haas, is also a fireman. Had they not been able to climb up clothespoles and scramble over backyard fences and up fire escapes without unduly disturbing the neighbors the divorce might never have happened.

Brindle took a wife, Theresa, unto his bosom on the day after Christmas, 1895. It was not till a year ago that he got the evidence on which the Supreme Court has now awarded him a divorce. He had severed communication with her some time before that and had asked his friend Haas to help him watch the fire escapes.

Brindle stayed at the old home, 1832 Lexington avenue, and it was outside this house that Haas took up his watch one August evening a year ago.

Pretty soon the watcher saw Mrs. Brindle go out to telephone, and he followed discreetly behind. He stood near her in the drug store and heard her talk to "Dear Jake," who apparently promised to come right along. Haas had a good idea of Jake's identity, for Brindle had admitted him about a year ago, for whom Mrs. Brindle, in her husband's opinion, had too great a liking.

The fireman waited till he saw Meyers go into the house, and then he made his way to the rear. Meyers and Mrs. Brindle were in a room two flights up. Haas could see by the lighting of the gas, so up the washpole he went. From it he was able to swing himself onto the fire escape, where he crouched noiselessly. The blind was almost down, but through the space between blind and sill he could see the patient seated at a table and enjoying heartily a lunch of beer and sandwiches.

Satisfied that he had his game "set," Haas climbed out on the washpole and the fireman saw that the patient was Mrs. Brindle, who promised to come right on from the nearby firehouse where he was stationed. Then Haas went back to his room.

When Brindle got there the fire escape clattered up the pole and the fire escape softly and peeping under the blind found the eating room unoccupied. Haas opened the window enough to let his body through, and he and the husband wriggled into the room. In the next room Brindle found all the evidence he wanted.

"You've got me right, Bill," cried the discovered wife; "you've got me right. You're a free man now, but please don't tell my father."

While husband and wife were arguing thus Haas was watching Meyers, who was looking on foolishly. The fireman saw the other's right hand in his pocket, but before he could get out his handkerchief or whatever it was Haas landed a left hander on his jaw that sent Meyers sprawling. Meyers tried to get up, but Haas gave him another jolt that effectually squelched all Jake's fighting ardor.

Brindle was ready to go then, so he and Haas went out by the fire escape way, taking along the hat, coat, vest and cane that they found on the table. Meyers begged them to leave him his coat and hat, but they were unfeeling in the matter and left Meyers there with the woman. The very next night Haas went up with Brindle again, by the front door this time, and served out the summons and complaint in the husband's suit for divorce. Meyers was still there, and he implored them to bring back his clothes, but a growl from the fireman put an end to his pleading.

Finding them unresponsive to his cry of "Please give me back my clothes," Meyers waited a couple of days and then, having failed in his endeavor, went to a police court and got summonses for both Brindle and Haas, declaring that they were unlawfully holding back his property. The court in a lengthy review of the case held that the persons were obscene and lewd.

Magistrate Wahl said in his conclusion: "The crime which in my judgment was committed here is a crime of a nature which this corporation is liable, but one which the law should pursue in my opinion, in the persons of those who inserted these advertisements, and it was all because the defendant corporation who are directly responsible for the spreading of this obscene matter in the city of New York."

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The following army orders were issued today: The resignation of Capt. Robert P. Johnston, from the Engineers, to take effect September 1. Capt. Frank R. McCoy, Third Cavalry, aide camp, Washington. Capt. Jens Burger, Twenty-eighth Infantry, to San Francisco. Capt. William Chamberlain, General Staff, to San Francisco. Capt. James S. Rogers, from the Twentieth Infantry to the Fortieth Infantry. Capt. George W. Taylor, from the Fourth Infantry to the Twentieth Infantry.

POSTUM CEREAL. SALLAW FACES Often Caused by Coffee Drinking. How many persons realize that coffee so disturbs digestion that it produces a muddy, yellow complexion? A ten days' trial of Postum Food Coffee has proven a means, in thousands of cases, of clearing up bad complexions.

A Wash, young lady tells her experience: "All of us—father, mother, sister and brother—had used tea and coffee for many years until finally we all had stomach troubles more or less."

"We were all sallow and troubled with pimples, breath had disagreeable taste in the mouth, and all of us simply so many bundles of nerves."

"We didn't realize that coffee was the cause of the trouble until one day we ran out of coffee and went to borrow some from a neighbor. She gave us some Postum and told us to try that."

7,000 Sick Babies Worn-out Mothers Tired Working Girls

on our Fresh Air waiting list. You who are well and comfortable, think what a week at Sea Breeze would do for them. Giving health is wisest charity—helps all through the year. How many will you send—cost \$2.50 each? \$100 makes 40 happy and strong.

R. S. MINTURN, Treas. Room 211, No. 105 E. 22d St. N. Y. Association for Improving the 1843 Condition of the Poor. 1906

SURGERY IN QUICK RELAYS.

DR. DAY'S RUSH NIGHT IN EAST SIDE STATION HOUSE.

Broken Heads and Noses Came Pouring In as Fast as the Physician Could Fix Them—One of the Patients Went Hunting for the Flower Ambulance in Auto.

The East Fifty-first street police station for more than two hours last night was turned into an emergency hospital with Dr. Day of Flower Hospital in charge. He left the hospital about 6 o'clock in the ambulance in answer to a call from the police station. He had just finished packing up Angelo Darone, a young Italian who had been stabbed twice in the head, and was about to leave when he walked Policeman Donahue leading a man with a broken nose.

The injured one was Jacob Wolf, a young collector living at 204 West Forty-third street. He had gone to 41 West Forty-second street to collect a bill and got hit in the nose instead. The doctor had scarcely straightened out the collector's nose when another man, a young man, came in, with a head wound, from 808 Third avenue, with an ugly scalp wound. His legs had got tangled and he bumped his head on the pavement. Harry Sullivan, 42 years old, who was suffering from a similar wound, produced by the same cause, came trooping in on the arm of a policeman before the first wabbly legged patient had been disposed of.

"What sort of a game is this?" asked the doctor as he instructed Policeman Edward O'Neill to begin clipping the hair on head No. 2.

There was another interruption. An automobile owned by A. R. Kirby of 122 West Forty-ninth street had drawn up in front of the station house and Frank S. W. of 128 West Forty-third street was being helped out. He had been hit by the automobile and one of his arms was broken. As he was being helped out, a young man, who was suffering from a similar wound, produced by the same cause, came trooping in on the arm of a policeman before the first wabbly legged patient had been disposed of.

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DENY THE PRIEST'S CHARGES.

MAYOR STEEL COMES TO THE DEFENSE OF HOBOKEN.

Declares That It Is as Pure a City as Can Be Found Anywhere in the Country—Police Commissioners Say That No Threat Was Made to Drive Out Clergy.

The Board of Police Commissioners of Hoboken held a regular meeting yesterday, but it took no official notice of the charge made by Mgr. Charles J. Kelly from the pulpit of the Church of Our Lady of Grace on Sunday to the effect that one of its members had threatened to drive the clergy from the State if they persisted in their crusade against so-called saloon dives.

Commissioners Capelli, Kuper and Frommel, however, took occasion to deny that they had been guilty of any such remark; and expressed the conviction that Commissioner Smith, the only absent member, who is spending a vacation at Mount Clemens, Mich., was equally innocent.

They believe, they said, that Father Kelly was laboring under a misapprehension; that the talk of some irresponsible person had been credited by his informant to one of them.

Mayor Steel said that Hoboken was as pure a city as could be found in the country, everything considered. With its population of 70,000 souls jammed within its one square mile of area, it resembled in its habits a rural village, and even River street, with its weekly influx of 10,000 or more sailors and firemen, was scarcely more prolific in arrests for acts of violence than elsewhere.

He admitted the existence of some possible evils, among them the saloon back room, but declared that he had made every effort to stamp them out. That the police were likewise doing their duty, he pointed out, was proved by the recent arraignment of ninety-two restaurant saloon keepers before Recorder Stanton.

Mgr. Kelly still refuses to divulge any name, but it is expected that he may have something explicit to say next Sunday.

CHELSEA BANK \$700,000 SHORT.

Loans Ten Times Larger Than Law Allows Made to President.

BOSTON, Aug. 20.—Instead of a \$500,000 shortage, it is now believed the First National Bank of Chelsea when its accounts are straightened out will be found to owe upward of \$700,000.

Under the amended law which was approved on June 22, less than two months ago, the bank could legally loan \$30,000 on its capital of \$500,000 and \$100,000 on its unimpaired surplus of \$100,000, or a total of about \$400,000. Instead of that the bank loaned to President Hinckley and interests with which he was connected about ten times that amount.

This accident had occurred when mortgages on some of the real estate which Mr. Hinckley recently decided to it and which were taken as collateral security for loans made to him.

FOR CANADIAN-MEXICAN LINE. Project to Run Steamers From Victoria to Points on Southern Republic's Coast.

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 20.—Negotiations which have been progressing for some time past for a monthly steamship service between Victoria and Vancouver and Mexican ports on the Pacific seaboard are reported to be nearing completion, and it is probable that a contract will be signed soon by representatives of Canada and Mexico for subsidies amounting to \$100,000 in all a year for this service.

J. H. Greer of this city, who has been conducting the negotiations on behalf of a British firm, and who was recently in Ottawa interviewing officials of the Dominion Government with regard to the establishment of such a service, said a day or two ago:

"Negotiations are in progress both in Ottawa and Mexico City and are progressing favorably. It is probable that the arrangements will be completed shortly for a Canada-Mexico service, with one sailing a month."

The question of a direct steamship service between British Columbia and Mexico has been considered for a long time. Some years ago E. E. Sheppard of Toronto was sent to Mexico to make an arrangement showing the possibilities for trade. Two years ago tenders were invited, and Mr. Greer offered on behalf of Andrew Weir & Co. to provide a steamship service, and negotiations were carried on with view to securing the subsidies from Mexico and the Dominion Government.

A line was established on the Atlantic coast of the Pacific line. But although the Andrew Weir Company did not renew the application, another British shipping company has done so, and the British Columbia and Mexico line is now being conducted by the Andrew Weir Company on behalf of this company, which offers to give a monthly service with steamers of over 3,000 tons, provided a subsidy of \$100,000 annually is given, half of which will be borne, if present arrangements are carried out, by Mexico and half by Canada. A representative of Mr. Greer is now negotiating with the Mexican Government.

NO EVIDENCE AGAINST LEVI. Beverly Robinson Demands Justification of His Negro Coachman.

MINNEOLA, L. I., Aug. 20.—Coroner Remsen this afternoon began the inquest into the death of Mrs. Mary Manelski, who was murdered in her home on her husband's farm in East Williston on Friday. No evidence against Peter Levi, the negro suspect, was produced.

KING EDWARD AT BARGAIN RATE.

Prof. Masterman Points Out That the Nation Gets Him "Under Cost Price."

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 20.—Prof. Masterman tonight delivered the first lecture of a series dealing with British institutions, which have been arranged chiefly for foreign students at Cambridge University. The professor's first subject was the King.

Among other interesting things the lecturer pointed out that the English King was not entirely appointed by hereditary succession, for a book existed which showed that there were 4,028 persons living who by right of heredity had a better right to sit on the throne than King Edward, that is, they were nearer relatives of James I. With reference to the King was maintained the lecturer remarked that he wished to betray a fact not generally known. "We got our King," he said, "considerably under cost price."

Rather more than a century ago the crown lands were taken over by the nation. They were not then bringing in very much and the nation had to supplement them by grants. Things had improved since then and the revenue from the royal lands now really brings in rather more than it costs to have a king.

CAPT. ADAIR DISMISSED. Held Responsible for the Loss of the British Warship Montagu.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 20.—The court-martial which has been trying Capt. Adair and Navigating Officer Dalban, on charges of loss of the British warship Montagu, returned a verdict this morning in which they severely reprimanded the Captain and order his dismissal from the ship. Lieut. Dalban was likewise reprimanded and dismissed from the ship, and in addition loses two years' seniority.

The specific charge against the two officers was that they did on May 30 last negligently and by default suffer the Montagu to be hazarded, stranded and lost. The Montagu was anchored off Lundy Island experimenting in signalling by wireless telegraph with the Scilly Isles.

According to Capt. Adair's statement made at the trial the distance was too great and he decided to run his vessel in nearer. He felt his way in, he said, testing every few minutes by the compass and by the weather. The weather became thick and the vessel went aground. It was charged that the Captain's conduct and that of the Lieut. Dalban were negligent and after the accident showed neglect.

The court-martial which considered the case was headed by Rear Admiral Charles H. Cross. The trial began last Thursday.

CHINA'S CUSTOMS RECEIPTS DECLINE. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SHANGHAI, Aug. 20.—The customs collections in China from April 1 to June 30 amounted to 8,990,971 taels, against 9,913,371 taels for the corresponding period last year. The revenue for Shanghai for the same period amounted to 8,044,867 taels, as against 8,450,187 for the same period last year. Imports decreased 577,984 taels. Exports show a slight increase. The revenue from opium decreased 133,913 taels.

NEW GOVERNOR OF CRETE NAMED. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ATHENS, Aug. 20.—The appointment of M. Zaimis as Governor of Crete has been confirmed.

M. Zaimis was the leader of a party in the Chamber which recently by its sharp criticism of the Government obtained a vote of no confidence in the Ministry.

EAST SIDE WAITERS TO STRIKE. Trouble Ahead for the Koshier Restaurants and Their Patrons.

Three thousand waiters on the East Side are getting ready for a general strike. The leaders of the Hebrew Waiters' Union, which is now a large and powerful organization, have decided that strict union conditions must be enforced in the hundreds of restaurants on the East Side and that the only way in which such conditions can be enforced is through a general strike, which will completely tie up all the restaurants.

Secretary Samuel Shaffer of the East Side Waiters' Union said yesterday: "We are waiting for all of the union members to return from the mountains and gardens in order that the union men may be in the city when the general strike movement begins. We have been preparing for the strike movement for many weeks past, and in order that the union men may be in the city when the general strike movement begins. We have been preparing for the strike movement for many weeks past, and in order that the union men may be in the city when the general strike movement begins."

ECUADOR'S NEW TARIFF. Reductions on Metals Shipped From America—Privilege Given to Republic's President.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—The State Department is in receipt of a copy of the new tariff which Ecuador will put into operation on November 1. The schedules are reclassified and certain reductions are made upon articles shipped from the United States to Ecuador. Among the reductions made is one cent per pound on manufactured steel, iron, brass, bronze, copper and tin. The present duty on this class of goods is four cents per pound.

Flour and lard, which are largely exported from this country to Ecuador, are accorded a similar reduction. The duty on flour is one cent per pound. American exports to Ecuador in 1905 amounted to \$1,760,000, of which \$270,000 was flour. Our imports from Ecuador for the same year were \$2,900,000.

A singular feature of the new law is that it allows the President of the republic to import for his personal use, free of duty goods to the value of \$10,000 in any one year of his service and one-half that amount for each succeeding year he is in office. An exemption is made in favor of Cabinet officers and the President for the first year they are in office and one-half of that amount for each succeeding year of their public service.

Opportunities indicated and true value shown by our reports on financial conditions.

Suffern & Son Certified Public Accountants 60 WALL ST. NEW YORK

NEW USE FOR BARREN ISLAND.

Metz Favors Plan to Build Contagious Diseases Hospital There.

Comptroller Metz said yesterday that he was in sympathy with the demand which was being made by large numbers of Brooklyn residents for the removal of the hospital for the treatment of contagious diseases from Kingston Avenue, Brooklyn, to some more isolated spot. He added that the people who were insisting on the removal of the hospital would have ample opportunity to present their case before the Board of Health next month when the application of the Board of Health for an additional appropriation of \$325,000 for a diphtheria pavilion would come up for consideration.

"It seems to me," Mr. Metz said yesterday, "that it would be well not to let any new contracts for the extension of the hospital buildings until it has been determined whether the location of a contagious diseases hospital in such a largely populated section as the Kingston Avenue spot is a menace to public health. It has been suggested that the present establishment should be removed to Barren Island, and there does not seem to be anything that would be detrimental to the health of the patients if Barren Island should be found accessible."

Mr. Metz said that the health authorities were opposed to the Barren Island suggestion because it was difficult to make landings there in severe weather. This drawback might be overcome, the Comptroller explained, by building a trestle road across the meadows from Flatlands or Canarsie.

"But if it should be determined by the Board of Estimate," Mr. Metz added, "that the present location of the hospital offers no menace to public health I shall insist on the speedy development of the institution along sanitary lines. This would at once remove the present frame shacks and pavilions which more than anything else make the present establishment an eyesore."

DRASTIC IMMIGRATION LAWS. They Will Be Recommended by the President in His Next Message.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 20.—Important recommendations looking to the enactment of more drastic immigration laws will be embodied in the next message of President Roosevelt to Congress. To obtain full and complete information on the subject an elaborate and comprehensive inquiry has been inaugurated by direct order of the President.

Frederic V. Powderly, former Commissioner General of Immigration, and a half dozen of the most expert inspectors have been sent abroad to inquire into the methods adopted by the various countries in inducing immigrants to come to the United States. Robert P. Watchorn, Commissioner of Immigration at New York, went to Europe on a like mission.

The inquiry abroad will be under the direction of Frank P. Sargent, Commissioner General of Immigration. On this side of the water the investigation will be in charge of Charles P. Neill, Commissioner of Labor, who, with James B. Reynolds, made a tour of Packingtown just before the meeting of the Senate committee introduced in Congress.

PENNSYLVANIA TO SEE BRYAN. Col. Guffey Makes Public Answer to Requests for Tickets for Meeting Here.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 20.—Col. James M. Guffey, Democratic national committee man, has been overwhelmed by requests for invitations to the homecoming reception to be tendered by William J. Bryan in New York on his return to this country. Before leaving the city this evening Col. Guffey issued the following statement:

"There will be no invitations issued to the reception. I will be at the Holland House in New York on August 30 and any Pennsylvanian applying there will be given tickets for the Madison Square Garden meeting up to the limit of the allotment allowed for this State. I have received requests from hundreds of people all over the State for invitations and will deliver them to all of these people and all others who want to go as far as it lies within my power to do so. Of course, the number for Pennsylvania is necessarily limited, but I think there will be enough to go around."

SAYS ICE IS PLENTIFUL. Rhode Island Official Statistician Blames Trust for Boosting Prices.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Aug. 20.—George H. Webb, Commissioner of Industrial Statistics, made public to-day a report on his investigation into the ice situation.

According to the report Rhode Island dealers had enough ice contracted for on March 10 last to carry them well into next winter. Col. Webb finds that there was plenty of ice in Maine early in the year which could be bought at less than \$1 a ton. He also says the American Ice Company kept down the supply in places where it controls cutting rights to create a shortage.

Col. Webb was asked by District Attorney Jerome to testify before the New York Grand Jury. He refused, but has forwarded a copy of his report.

EVERY brand manufactured by the American Cigar Company and bearing the "A" (Triangle A) mark of merit is offered to you in open competition with any cigar on the market selling at the same price. We leave it to your own unprejudiced judgment whether they are not actually better value than any other cigars made. The NEW Cremo Cigar—5c. represents the policy of giving improved values at lower cost, through our new scientific methods of manufacture. The best quality that can be produced and sold for 5c.—equals the average 8-for-25c. cigar. You are safe in buying any brand bearing the "A" (Triangle A) merit mark, including the following: New Continental Bouquet Now 4 for 25c. Anna Held 5c. 3 for 25c value for 5c. Royal Bengals—Little Cigars Box of 10—15c. The "A" (Triangle A) merit mark on the box is our guarantee. Merit Mark Who Give good Values. Sold by All Dealers Insures Honest Cigar Values. American Cigar Company Manufacturer

6 MONTHS FOR LOVESICK MAN. Widow Whom He Annoyed and Threatened Had Him Arrested. Nell McLean was committed to the Kings County Penitentiary for six months by the Justices of the Court of Special Sessions in Brooklyn yesterday, and it was all because she loved the widow Clara Sernoth, who lives on West Seventeenth street, near Mermaid avenue, Coney Island. Mrs. Sernoth caused his arrest on August 8 on the charge that he had threatened her life, and in substantiation of her charge appended to her affidavit the letter which she said Nell had written her. Baby: For God's sake, come out. I won't let you go. I can't. Will kill him to-day if you don't. Don't let yourself be followed. I will stick that knife in your heart in a minute. Baby, I love you. Come out in half an hour. Yours lovingly, NEIL. When the lovesick fellow was arraigned in the Court of Special Sessions yesterday, and after the widow, whose a Nell's senior by many years, had told her story of how he annoyed her by watching her house hour after hour, he was asked by Justice Foraker if he couldn't forget Mrs. Sernoth and leave her alone. "No," gasped the lovesick swain; "I cannot help it. I love her so, and I shall continue to love her no matter where you send me." Six months in the penitentiary," said Justice Foraker and Justices Keedy and O'Keefe affirmed the decision.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTION. SELLERS MANUFACTURED BY DISTILLED WATER BY CARL H. SCHULTZ. 400 PARK AVENUE. C.P. 24-3 NEW YORK. LOOK FOR THE LABEL. New Jersey City Water Registrar. The Jersey City Street and Water Board has appointed Charles K. Hart Water Registrar at a salary of \$2,400 a year in place of the late William H. Peckham. Other nominees were: Thomas J. Lynch, to be deputy water registrar, and John Kenny and Thomas J. Burns to be general clerks. The appointees are all Democrats. Commissioner George W. Berry, a Façan Republican, voted with the Democratic members of the board.

"The novel of the year." "Will duplicate the success of the play."—Cleveland Leader. The Lion and the Mouse By CHARLES KLEIN and ARTHUR HORNBLow. A SPLENDID novelization of the greatest success the American stage has known in a quarter of a century. With the play still running to capacity in New York and three other companies presenting it in other cities, it is estimated that over TWO MILLION PERSONS will have witnessed this stirring drama before the close of the coming season. Both those who have seen the play and those who have not will wish to read the book for the reason that it gives more of the virile story. The dramatist is naturally hampered by the limitations of the stage, but the novelist knows no such restrictions. He can paint his picture with a larger brush. The attempt of an unscrupulous financier to ruin a Judge of the Supreme Court and the heroic fight made by the latter's daughter to save her father from the unclean clutches of the giant Trusts—a portentous clash of dominant personalities that forms the essence of the play yet necessarily touched upon only briefly in the short space of four acts—all this is narrated in the novel with a wealth of fascinating and absorbing detail, making it one of the most powerfully written and exciting works of fiction given to the world in years. 12mo. Cloth bound, Beautifully Illustrated, \$1.50. G. W. DILLINGHAM COMPANY, Publishers, NEW YORK

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