

dent, but the question now is how far the Moderates will go in making concessions. The Liberals insist that the elections shall be annulled. The Moderates are willing to grant a partial annulment, new elections to take place for the minority only. As to the reform of the electoral and municipal laws and all measures for preventing further disturbances...

Do not underestimate the value of red emphasis in your letters. It commands attention not to be secured in any other way.

The New Tri-Chrome Smith Premier Typewriter

puts in the red while writing your letters in purple copying or non-fading black.

The Smith Premier Typewriter Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

with the Taft party. He arrived in New York a day or two ago and yesterday took the same train which carried Secretary Taft. He will go on the Des Moines from Tampa to Havana. Mr. Morgan has been travelling in Europe and was not expected to return to Havana until October 1. Owing to the urgency of the situation, however, he cut short his vacation and decided to return to his post.

Commander Culver of the Des Moines cabled the Department last night that he would leave Havana at 2 o'clock Monday morning for the quarantine station of Tampa and assured the Department that he could make the run in twenty-two hours. At Tampa Secretary Taft and party will board an army tug and out to the United States quarantine station, a distance of twenty miles. As soon as they go aboard the Des Moines she will sail for Havana and will reach there Wednesday morning.

The Department is in receipt of an inquiry from British sources asking if protection will be afforded to property of British subjects within the zone in which American forces intend to guarantee order. The operations of the British capital has been invested in railroads in the island and these roads have suffered not a little damage by reason of the operations of the rebels. The Department has replied to the inquiry that American forces will afford protection to British property wherever it is possible to do so.

The Department is also advised that there is much suffering in Cienfuegos by reason of the operations of bands of insurgents, who are raiding plantations and carrying off supplies and provisions.

LIST OF PALMA'S PRISONERS.

Revolutionists Will Insist on Their Liberation First of All.

Col. Charles M. Aguirre, chief of the Cuban revolutionary junta in this city, received yesterday a letter from his brother-in-law, Col. Orestes Ferrara, dated September 8, saying that indirect overtures for peace had been made to the insurgents but that they had determined that they would accept no terms of settlement that did not look to the annulment of the last national election, which put President Palma in power. Col. Ferrara wrote that the insurgents in the Santa Clara province numbered 16,000 and that only the lack of ammunition had prevented them from attacking and taking Havana.

Commenting on the news in the afternoon papers, Col. Aguirre said that if the Cuban Administration had a sincere desire to restore the right of free speech and the Constitution in Cuba President Palma would not carry on his negotiations with the Liberal leaders, while they were in prison, as despatches said he had done, but would meet them on equal terms as free citizens of the republic.

"One of the first things that the revolutionists will insist on," Col. Aguirre said, "will be the immediate liberation of the imprisoned Liberals, falsely held on charges of conspiracy. The Government has set free about thirty unimportant prisoners, but still holds some of the most intellectual and representative men of the country, including Dr. Manuel Secades, who knows all about the plot that resulted in the assassination of Congressman Villuendas, Gen. Carlos Garcia, former Minister of Mexico, and Justo Garcia, former Consul to Berlin, both sons of Gen. Calixto Garcia, the famous patriot; Gen. J. M. Gomez, former Governor of Santa Clara province; Senator Morua Delgado, Dr. Florencia Villuendas, brother of the murdered Congressman; Dr. J. Lorenzo Castellano, Congressman Juan G. Gomez, Col. M. Piedra and Demetrio Castillo Duani, former Mayor of Santiago.

Major Castellano, secretary of the junta, received word yesterday that his brother, Col. Ramon Castellano, had been arrested at Manzanillo. The only charge against him is that his brother is secretary of the junta. The junta declares that the revolutionists will accept no terms that are not sanctioned by Secretary Taft after he investigates the situation. The motto of the revolutionists will be "A new and a square deal." They would cheerfully abide by the result of an election supervised by the United States, and they did not object to the present armistice, although the Cuban Government, according to the State Department's advice, has entered into no formal and signed agreement with those who have been seeking its overthrow. Officials here believe that Secretary Taft will act in an advisory capacity and give counsel as to the best way to settle the issues controversy and that the result of his mission will be the satisfaction of the island.

It is thought that by the time Secretary Taft arrives in Havana the Cubans will themselves have worked out a plan for peace which the commissioners of the President will be called upon only to O. K. There is some fear, however, that the action of the insurgents in cutting the cable between Cienfuegos and the Bermudas may prevent the rebels in that part of the island from observing the armistice. The telegraph line between Cienfuegos and Havana was cut two or three days ago and it may not be possible to get to either the Government forces or the insurgents the news of the decree of President Palma and the agreement of the rebels to suspend hostilities. It is believed that the fact that the insurgents cut the cable to the Bermudas shows that they are planning some sort of a coup in Cienfuegos. Repeated news have been made upon plantations owned by Americans in the vicinity of that city and many complaints have come to the Department concerning them.

There is a considerable force of rebels about the city and they have not hesitated to carry away horses and provisions from the American estates. There is a party of marines from the Marietta protecting those plantations, but it is not regarded as sufficient and for that reason the Dixie with her 250 men is now on the way to Cienfuegos from Havana and is expected to reach there tomorrow. Advice from Cienfuegos just before communication was interrupted indicated that the supply of provisions was running short owing to the repeated raids of the rebels.

Edwin V. Morgan, the United States Minister to Cuba, who has been on leave of absence from his post at Havana for the last two months, is now en route to Columbia.

GOVERNOR WARNS SHERIFFS.

Hears of Intended Intimidation and Fraud to-day.

Hayes and Flaherty Rise Up and Say That They Will Do Their Duty, the Police Assistants and Attorneys Call on Four District Attorneys to be Alert.

Gov. Higgins telegraphed from Albany yesterday to Sheriff Hayes, of this county and to Sheriff Flaherty of Kings the following:

Members of both the Democratic and Republican parties have expressed to me their conviction that the orderly conduct of the primary elections in your county, tomorrow is menaced by organized efforts at intimidation and fraud. I hereby direct you to take all necessary measures to preserve order at the various polling places and to protect all citizens in the exercise of their political rights. I shall hold you accountable for the due enforcement of the law in this regard.

The two Sheriffs were taken by surprise by the telegram. Its peremptory tone made them haste. Both will swear in special deputies early to-day. Sheriff Hayes said:

"I will have my staff on duty and will swear in some extra men. We will keep a sharp lookout for the places where trouble is likely to happen and will be on hand to meet the emergency."

Sheriff Flaherty didn't feel as much at ease as did the New York county law preserver.

Mr. Flaherty remained at his office until midnight, making preparations. "The order has come so suddenly," said the Brooklyn Sheriff, "that we haven't much time to waste. I am making and will continue to make every effort to find out just where trouble is expected and will have men there. I have conferred with the leaders of the warring factions on both sides, and they have promised to furnish me with a list of places where there are over 200 voters to men that have acted as deputy sheriffs before. I have requested them to report at my office by 10 o'clock in the morning. Deputy Police Commissioner O'Keefe and I will act together. He has promised to give me all the assistance possible."

Sheriff Flaherty sent this communication to Deputy Police Commissioner O'Keefe:

It is hardly necessary for me to say that I must and shall carry out the instructions contained in the Governor's message. I have been informed on good authority by citizens living in different sections of this county, particularly in the Second, Sixth, Seventh, Eighth, Fifteenth and Sixteenth Assembly Districts, that attempts are being made to intimidate voters and will be made at the primaries to-morrow. I shall place special deputy sheriffs in all voting places where fraud or intimidation is anticipated or likely to occur. I do not propose to supersede the police force in the policing of the voting places where special deputy sheriffs will be assigned to duty; my desire and intention are that the deputies and the police will cooperate and assist each other in the preservation of the peace and the enforcement of the law governing primary elections.

Deputy Commissioner O'Keefe said: "The voting places will be in charge of the police. They will be there by virtue of the law. No one will have a right to vote unless he is on the list of voters. I will have a special deputy sheriff chosen wherever he will be allowed to register voters."

The news of Gov. Higgins's message created considerable comment in political circles. The politicians were not without those who had informed Gov. Higgins of the "organized efforts at intimidation and fraud."

Attorney-General, POKES UP DISTRICT ATTORNEYS' SPOKES.

About the same time that the Governor's warning reached the Sheriffs Attorney-General Julius M. Mayer arrived at his office in Williamsburg and sent out orders to the district attorneys to issue writs of habeas corpus to the prisoners held on charges of conspiracy. His orders to the district attorneys read:

To the Inspectors of Election: By virtue of Section 37 of the Executive Law the Attorney-General is charged with the duty of prosecuting violations of the Primary Law.

Primary Law: I call your attention to the provisions of the Primary Election Law to the end that compliance therewith may be fully assured. Your attention is also directed to the provisions of the Penal Code, especially Section 41, which sets forth the penalties for higher violations of the Primary Election Law and provides punishment therefor.

In his letter to the four District Attorneys the Attorney-General said: Six—Pursuant to Section 37 of the Executive Law, which provides among other things as follows:

It shall be the duty of the District Attorneys of this county, and of the assistants, clerks and employees in his office, and all police authorities, officers and men within any such county, to render to the Attorney-General and his deputies, whenever requested, all aid and assistance within their power in such prosecutions and in the conduct of such cases.

I herewith authorize and request you to cooperate with the office in the investigation of complaints which may be made in your county in relation to the Primary Election on September 18, 1908.

As complaints may be made which require immediate action, it is herewith reference thereto as are conferred upon the Attorney-General.

This request is made in order that prompt action may be taken so that if violations of the Primary Election Law come to your notice in the first instance, during primary day, there need be no delay in giving the matter such attention as may be warranted. Yours respectfully,

JULIUS M. MAYER, Attorney-General.

Attorney-General Mayer explained yesterday afternoon that while the primaries are a matter under the supervision of the local election boards, it is his duty to prosecute the cases of violation just the same as in a regular election. The office of Superintendent of Elections George W. Morgan has nothing to do with the primaries whatever.

"The coming primaries are of the greatest importance," said Attorney-General Mayer, "owing to the number of contests and the effect that the results will have on the future state of affairs politically. Naturally there have been a number of statements regarding probable fraud and intimidation. I have had no specific complaint come to me, but as it is my duty to prosecute in the case of violations I decided to notify the election inspectors of what I shall do. It is herewith my letter to the District Attorneys to remind them of their duties and mine, and to do so in time to prevent confusion among the voters. I also intend that these notices will be broadly published in the newspapers."

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AN ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATS.

THE PARTY URGED TO STAND BY ITS PRINCIPLES.

Committee of the Albany Conference Says That Fusion Usually Means a Sacrifice of Political Principles by Both Sides for the Office of Temporary Success.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 17.—The following is the full text of the address of the Shepard committee to the Democrats of New York State:

On September 5 there was a conference of up-State Democrats held at Albany. It was hurriedly assembled in response to a call from the situation of the Democratic party in the State of New York at the present moment is without parallel and it is in a high degree discreditable to itself and dangerous to the country. It was held for the purpose of taking whatever action seems most effective in the present emergency to prevent the completion of the corrupt deal which is contemplated, including the sale of the Democratic name and organization. A fight for the preservation of the Democratic principles and Democratic honor."

Representatives were present from nearly every up-State county, and had there been ample notice and sufficient time for preparation the likely result would have been complete. The newspapers have informed the public as to the character and enthusiasm of the gathering—one of the most remarkable in the political history of the State. The conference was presided over by Edward M. Shepard, Esq., of Brooklyn and E. H. Titchener of Binghamton was secretary. Addresses were made by District Attorney William Travers Jerome of New York, ex-Mayor Thomas M. Carle of Watertown. The following resolutions were presented by Henry A. Richmond of Buffalo, William Church Osborne of Garrison and Edward P. Lynch of Ogdensburg and unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we solemnly adopt and especially efforts from any direction to obtain control of the party organization by purchase or intimidation by hired agents. That the principles of the party require unflinching opposition to protectionism, socialism and imperialism. We recognize the right and the ability of the people to regulate and control public interests in this State, but we resent any effort to commit the party to a socialist position or to dictate the policy of the Democratic party.

The policy should be the outcome of a full and untrammelled expression of the opinions of the party in an open convention assembled. Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by the Chair, with the power to fill vacancies, to lay before the Democrats of every county the principles above expressed. The undersigned were duly appointed by the Chair to serve on such committee, and in accordance with the above resolution we address the Democrats of every county.

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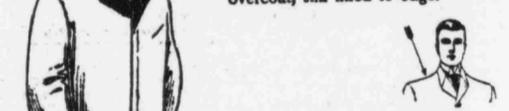
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The Moral of a Clothes Story.

Mark Twain in a story stripped man of his clothes and his dignity. Then returned both together.

The moral: Good clothes lend dignity. And perhaps no garment lends more of it than the black overcoat, silk lined to edge.



Ours at \$19 are fashioned of rich Thibet in three-quarter length. It's not an overestimate to say they're worth \$25.

Wm. Vogel & Son Broadway, Houston St.

GREATEST OF PRIMARY DAYS.

Continued from First Page.

McClellan forces, said yesterday that he had no doubt what the outcome would be. "With a fair count, and we mean to get it," said he, "I am confident that we will carry every contested district in the primaries. The outlook to-day is better than at any time during the fight."

Charles F. Murphy wouldn't make any predictions. "Wait," he said, "until Wednesday. That will be time enough to talk about the result."

As to the sentiment in Tammany Hall for gubernatorial candidates Murphy gave it as his opinion that Hearst would be first, Sulzer second and Jerome last. There was absolutely no sentiment in the organization as far as he knew for Justice Gaynor. "It is all in Brooklyn," he said. Mr. Murphy denied a report that he had sent out an appeal to the leaders to stand by the organization.

"It is not true," he said. "There is no need of such an appeal." The fighting this year on both sides seems to be confined almost exclusively to the big Assembly districts uptown, leaving the Sullivan and others to a peaceful primary day below Fourteenth street. Probably the hottest contest of all on the Democratic side is in the old Thirty-fifth district of The Bronx, where Borough President Haffen has been addressing war on the Democratic side for years. The district has now been cut up into three districts, and in each of them the supremacy of Haffen is being fought tooth and nail. Haffen himself is not running, but he has put up candidates for leadership in all three districts. In the new Thirty-fifth former Coroner Berry leads the opposition ticket, and here the fight has been the liveliest, there being two Haffen candidates against him. The first official act of the Mayor on his recent return from his vacation abroad was the removal of Park Commissioner Walgrove, a Haffen man, who was accused of using his office for political purposes, and the appointment of Berry in his place. Since then the struggle has been more bitter than ever, and in some cases has led to physical violence. The taking away of the park department, the borough from which the Haffen men was one of the strongest that could be used in a primary fight.

Further down, in the new Twenty-first, there is also a bitter contest between the Murphy and McClellan forces. Here Joseph W. Savage, secretary of the dock board, is making the fight for the Mayor against Magistrate Walsh, the Murphy who has chosen leader at a snap meeting of the district committee. As one stage of the game the Magistrate was delivering stump speeches from the bench.

In the Seventeenth, which is a part of the old Twenty-first, Matt Donohue is struggling to keep his leadership against R. D. Williams, the McClellan candidate, and in the Nineteenth, the district just above, which was also a part of the old Twenty-first, there is a battle between James F. Ryan and Charles Hahn, whom Murphy put up to hold the district.

Senator Furley is having a fierce contest with T. Brennan which has at one time or another required the services of the police. Then there is Percy Nagle's fight in the Thirtieth against J. F. Cowan, the Murphy man, which has led to some pretty serious charges on both sides. There are also contests in the Thirty-first, where Peter A. Hendrick, Murphy's personal counsel, and L. A. Abrams are the gladiators, and in the Twenty-fourth, where J. L. Burke and J. L. Dietz are fighting it out.

The contests on the Republican side are much more numerous than on the Democratic, and President Parsons himself has taken a very active part in the campaign, making many speeches in the various districts and denouncing Quigg as a lobbyist. In Quigg's own district a determined effort has been made to down his candidate for leader, Theodore P. Gilman. Another interesting fight is in Mr. Parsons's district, the new Twenty-fifth.

Ezra P. Prentice is Mr. Parsons's candidate, and he is opposed by Richard Van Cott, the son of the late Cornelius Van Cott, who was long the leader of the old Fifth. There is also a contest against William Halpin in the Seventh, where a young lawyer named Oscar Ehrhorn is opposing him.

Some of Mr. Parsons's friends were saying yesterday that he would control 357 of the 713 members of the county committee surely. They concede 203 delegates to Quigg and Odell, leaving 157 delegates in doubt. It was said that even if Mr. Parsons did not elect a majority of the committee there would be a Democratic ticket, as the districts in which he expected to win are the big ones and send many more delegates to the county committee than do the districts in which he expected to lose. Three weeks ago they claimed twenty-seven.

The men who are supporting Frederick L. A. Abrams for Republican leader in the Twenty-ninth Assembly district last night said that Frank A. Hendrick, the opposition candidate, has sent out what they call a "trick ticket." They say that on it are the names of men who are opposed to Hendrick, such as Otto T. Bannard, W. O. Weekles, Nathaniel A. Elsherg and even that of Wells himself. These men say they did not give Hendrick permission to use their names.

Addicks Fighting for One County. WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 17.—J. Edward Addicks and about forty of his followers, about half negroes, held a convention here to-night and nominated a ticket for county officers in New Castle county, with the design of trying to defeat the United Republican party in the county.

If you appreciate especially clever designing, make it a point to see our new Sack coat model for Fall.

Its most graceful feature—the soft roll lapel—also the collar and shapely back, are so well done that you will wonder why we quote the ordinary ready-made clothes prices.

These prices, from \$18 to \$43, are graded solely according to the materials used.

ESTABLISHED OVER HALF CENTURY

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVE.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ON A SHIRT means a good deal

It stands for good materials, good style, good workmanship and good fit. WHITE OR COLOR-FAST FABRICS \$1.00 and \$1.25

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO. Largest Makers of Collars and Shirts in the World

Dining Chairs

We have many exact reproductions of Colonial Chippendale and Sheraton Dining Tables, Sideboards, Also Dining Chairs, China Cabinets—the complete room if desired at very moderate cost.

Schmitt Brothers, Furniture Makers, Established 1858, 40 East 23d.

Beware of Substitution. CARBONIC MANUFACTURED FROM DISTILLED WATER BY CARL H. SCHULTZ. 430-442 1/2 W. 42nd St. N.Y.C.

DIED. BAKER—Sunday, Sept. 13, 1908, Charles Akers. Funeral private at Chambers St., New York.

BALLAGH—At Tenafly, N. J., on Sunday, Margaret J. Ballagh, eldest daughter of the late John J. Ballagh. Services Tuesday at house on arrival of 2:30 P. M. train from Chambers St., New York. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery 11 A. M. Wednesday.

BOWMAN—Died, at Ocean Grove, N. J., Sept. 13, 1908, the Rev. Shadrach Laycock Bowman, in his 78th year. Funeral services will be held on Thursday, Sept. 20, at 10:30 A. M., from St. Paul's M. E. Church, Newark, N. J. Interment at Mount Pleasant Cemetery, Newark. Kindly omit flowers. Indianapolis papers please copy.

GARVAN—Entered into rest at 236 Farmington av., Hartford, Conn., Mary Carroll, wife of Patrick Garvan. Funeral from her late residence at 10:30 A. M. Wednesday, Sept. 19. Service at St. Joseph's Cathedral at 11 A. M. Burial private. Kindly omit flowers.

LAWTON—George, at Rye, N. Y., Sept. 15, aged 25 years, son of the late Sarah Douglas and Benjamin Evans Lawton of Havana, Cuba. Funeral services at Christ Church, Havana, Tuesday, Sept. 16, at 11 o'clock A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving New York 10:00 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

PERKINS—After a short illness, on Sunday, Sept. 14, 1908, at her summer home, Lakeville, Conn., Eliza Martin Seymour, youngest daughter of Eliza Martin Otto and Walter Martin Seymour and widow of Henry Charles Perkins. Funeral services from her late residence, 227 25th St., near Broadway, New York city, on Wednesday, the 19th inst., at 3 P. M.

STAPLES—Died at Kingston City, N. Y., Sept. 15, 1908, Alva Sherrwood Staples, aged 74 years. Funeral services from his late residence, 22 Broadway, Tuesday, Sept. 18, at 2:30 o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited. Interment at convenience of family. Kindly omit flowers.

UNDERTAKERS. STEPHEN WERRITT BUREAU CO. 8th Av. and 16th St. Tel. 134 Chelsea.

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