

Mr. Delmas out when the latter got a little of the straight line. Once Mr. Delmas addressed the witness as "Mr. Jerome."

It is the intention of the defense to put young Mrs. Thaw on the stand to deny Hummel's story and then let it rest with the jurors which to believe. It is likely also that Mr. Jerome will be called by Mr. Delmas to testify as to what he thinks of Hummel's character.

Mr. Jerome's six experts were removed from the limelight yesterday morning. Mr. Delmas refusing to examine any of them to any extent. They all declared that Thaw was sane when he shot White.

Mr. Delmas made one slip. He tried to examine one of the experts on his writings. Mr. Jerome protested that he hadn't been allowed to do that, and Mr. Delmas assumed him that he was in error.

After Mr. Delmas had waived aside five of the experts without cross-examination, Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

of a work on clinical psychiatry, "abstracted and adapted" from Krepelin.

Dr. Diefendorf admitted that the work was not the original author of this work, were you? asked Mr. Delmas.

"I was," said the doctor.

"What is the meaning of the title 'abstracted and adapted'?"

"Exactly what the title says, 'abstracted and adapted,'" replied the doctor quickly.

"And that is all you did?"

"That is all," said the doctor.

quires the record against Delmas.

Mr. Delmas started to read something from the book Mr. Jerome objected, saying that when he tried to read Dr. Evans some of his writings Mr. Delmas insisted that he read up him.

Mr. Delmas protested that he had never done any such thing and that the book was a newspaper clipping.

Mr. Delmas admitted that the newspaper clipping had been brought in, but so had a yellow pamphlet which had been shown to Dr. Evans, who said he was the father of the book.

Mr. Delmas couldn't recall it. Mr. Jerome said he would send it to him.

"You are in a fully good humor this morning," said Mr. Delmas.

"A very good humor," said Mr. Jerome, smiling.

"That is such a rare quality in you," replied Mr. Delmas.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

Mr. Delmas had asked five of the experts without cross-examination. Lawyer Hartridge thought he would tackle the sixth and last, Dr. William Mahon.

a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

He next saw it on the day following. It had two signatures, that were not his. He added that he had given it to Miss Nesbit, and that he had never seen it again.

"That paper," said Mr. Delmas at this point, "which he states was given to her, she on the stand positively swears never to have received and never to have had in her hands. There is no such paper."

Mr. Delmas took Hummel in hand for cross-examination immediately after the first air recess and the spectators all hitched their chairs forward a bit in anticipation of the spichest hour since young Mrs. Thaw's cross-examination on Monday.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if he was a stenographer and having him transcribe his notes in the form of a typewritten copy and carbon copy of the original typewritten matter.

indictments are, one for procuring a false affidavit to be made in a divorce, or in a matter to have set aside a divorce decree.

Q. And the other is an indictment for subornation of perjury in procuring false testimony to be given upon that same proceeding before the referee to whom the matter had been referred? A. Yes, sir.

Q. From the conviction which was obtained against you an appeal is now pending? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Has there not been already an affirmation? A. On the contrary, there is no affirmation. I received a certificate of reasonable doubt as to the legality of the conviction and the judgment of the Supreme Court.

Q. There had been an appeal? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Who represents the People on that law? A. District Attorney Jerome.

Q. Is he urging, as you are informed, that appeal against you? A. Surely and absolutely.

Q. Why no trial on other indictments? Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

Mr. Delmas asked Hummel if the other two indictments were being pushed vigorously to trial by the District Attorney.

NEGRO SOLDIERS FIRED ON. WITNESS EXCORPERATES THE TROOPS AT BROWNVILLE.

Man Who Was in Position to Know All That Was Going On Declares That the Shots Came From the Town Into the Reservation—Saw No Soldiers Seate the War.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Senator Foraker scored heavily to-day before the Senate Committee on Military Affairs which is investigating the Brownsville shooting.

The star witness of the day, and in fact of the entire investigation, was Masias Q. Tamayo, a Mexican, who was practically an eyewitness to the shooting.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

Tamayo said he was a carpenter, but had been employed as a scavenger, and on the night of the shooting was collecting the ashes from the barracks.

The Purchase of a PIANO Made Easy

THE new "Model K" Piano is exactly what lots of people have been waiting for. A genuine Pianola, made by the Aeolian Co., and purchasable on terms within everybody's reach.

\$215: Terms, \$15 Down, \$7 a Month

Prominent musicians have said they would not give serious consideration to any Piano-player without the Metro-style. The "Model K" has the Metro-style. In addition, it has the Melodist and other features that have given the Pianola its undisputed place as the standard instrument of its kind throughout the world.

It is therefore the superior of any of the other Piano-players, no matter at what price sold. Yet the "Model K" Pianola costs only \$215 in ebony or \$225 in mahogany, walnut or oak. Monthly purchase terms, \$15 down and \$7 a month, with simple interest on deferred payments.

The AEOLIAN CO., Aeolian Hall, 362 5th Ave., near 34th Street, New York

TO STOP "CRIMPING."

Secretary Straus Gives Orders to Enforce the New Law Relating to Sailors. WASHINGTON, March 15.—The Federal Government is about to make an effort, under the provisions of a law passed by the last Congress, to break up the business of people known as "crimps."

For several years the Government has been aware of the part played by knock-out drops and other dope aids in furnishing the complement of crews carried on vessels engaged in the transportation of business between American ports and Europe, and in some instances in the Atlantic coastwise trade.

The crimp is a person of asthetic tastes who hovers around ships at anchor waiting to take off sailors who are about to be discharged. The crimp robs his victim, and instead of setting him at liberty turns him over to the hands of a foreigner.

AMOLEK AN ARROW COLLAR. 10 CENTS EACH. 5 FOR 50 CENTS. (Trade, Publicity & Co., 100 West 42nd Street, New York)

BATTLE OF MARITA.

News of Nicaraguan Victory Reaches Washington. WASHINGTON, March 15.—The State Department has received several despatches on the progress of hostilities between Honduras and Nicaragua.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Mr. Olivares, the American Vice-Consul at Managua, reported this morning that he had been advised by the Nicaraguan Government that its forces won a two days fight with 2,000 Hondurans at Marita.

Advertisement for ready-to-wear garments with no extra cost for style. Includes text: "Ready-to-wear garments with no extra cost for style." and "The witness in with you, said Mr. Jerome in a sing-song voice."

Advertisement for Grape-Nuts cereal. Includes text: "Have you much brain work? Try eating Grape-Nuts. THERE'S A REASON." and "MADISON C. PETERS, Madison, N. J."

Advertisement for Silver Standard watches. Includes text: "WOULD YOU LIKE TO KNOW ABOUT NEW YORK OF 1847?" and "MERCEN COMPANY, SILVERSMITHS."

Advertisement for DIED. Lists names and dates of deaths: "ASHFORTH—On Thursday, March 14, 1907, at his residence, 300 Jefferson Ave., Brooklyn, after a long illness, Winifred Ashforth, daughter of Edward and Jennie M. Ashforth."

Advertisement for RUNAWAY BREAKS BRIDGE GATE. "Gate knocks Policeman in Front of Trolley Car. Which Strikes Him." "A team hooked to a heavily laden truck belonging to Henry Steffen of 98 Wooster Street, Manhattan, and driven by Charles Cozzal, who lives at 125 1/2 Thompson Street, ran away in the south roadway of the Williamsburg Bridge yesterday afternoon."

Advertisement for RELIGIOUS NOTICES. "CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH. 114 West 11th Street, New York. SERVICES: 11 A. M. and 7 P. M. Rev. John Haynes Holmes, Minister."

Advertisement for Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. "Fifth Avenue and 43rd Street, New York. Rev. J. Ross Stevenson, D. D., Minister."