J. J. HILL FIGHTS COMMERCE LAW

SAYS IT IS DISCRIMINATORY AND UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Other Roads May Pay Up Their Fines for Rebating and Escape Lightly—Rock Island Is the Last to Do So—But Great Northern Offers Battle on Its Merits.

The Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific, which was indicted by the Federal Grand Jury, with three other roads, for rebating, pleaded guilty yesterday to two of the twelve counts and was fined $1,000 on each. The remaining ten counts were nolled by the District Attorney. The indictment charges the road with granting a rebate of five cents a hundred pounds, reducing the published tariff of 55 cents to 50 cents on sugars shipped by the Woolson Spice Company of Toledo, Ohio, to St. Joseph, Kansas City and Atchison. The rebates in the indictment amount to $150, although the Government has information which leads it to believe that the rebates actually paid would amount to about $3,000.

District Attorney Stimson said yesterday that the Government was inclined to be lenient to those roads which, by pleading guilty, made clear their intention of observing the law in future. It is not expected to convict on every count, though as many are inserted as possible that the Government's case may be strengthened.

The Great Northern is fighting its indictment. It entered a demurrer yesterday, alleging that the second count is "vague, uncertain and indefinite, and does not set forth the alleged offence, or the supposed acts and facts constituting the same." The demurrer also says that the act of February 4, 1887, entitled "An act to regulate commerce," and "various acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto," are unconstitutional and void "in that the statutes undertake to impose and prescribe unreasonable, unequal and unjust regulations of interstate commerce, that is to say, they subject common carriers engaged in the transportation of passengers or property wholly by railroad or partly by railroad and partly by water, when both are used under a common control, management and arrangement for a continuous carriage or shipment from one State to another, to rules, regulations, restrictions, pains, penalties and forfeitures to which other common carriers engaged in competition with the carriers first mentioned in the transportation of passengers or property from one State to another wholly by water are not subjected." It further contends that "said statutes are unconstitutional and void in so far as they undertake to punish the defendant criminally for acts done by its agents while acting in the scope of their employment which if done by other corporations in transportation of merchandise wholly by water would be entirely innocent," and "by subjecting it to the payment of a pecuniary fine for acts committed by its agents within the scope of their employment, in which this defendant did not and could not in any manner participate, thus imputing to said corporation and punishing it criminally for acts which it did not and could not in fact commit."

BROWNSVILLE INQUIRY.

Policeman Ramirez Positive That Negro Soldiers Shot Up the Town.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Three Brownsville policemen were witnesses before the Senate Military Committee which is investigating the shooting up of that town last August.

Macedonio Ramirez, who was on duty that night and received a shot through his hat, was the best witness yet examined as far as identification of the shooters as colored soldiers was concerned. He testified that he had had two opportunities to see them under the light—first at the Miller Hotel, where a lamp inside shone out upon them, and again under the street lamp at the corner of Thirteenth and Washington streets, and also by a lamp in a livery stable close by, where they stopped to shoot at him and into nearby houses. He also recognized them by their voices, he having heard one say when they came out of the alley near the Miller Hotel: "There goes one. Is it a soldier? If not give him hell."

He was positive the rioters were negro soldiers, because he saw them with his own eyes.

Policeman Fernandez, who was not on duty, but on hearing the firing had gone to Tillman's saloon, in which the bartender was killed, told of the events there, but declared he had seen no soldiers. Confronted with his testimony before the citizens' committee that he had recognized the shooters as soldiers, had seen their guns, &c., Fernandez declared that the stenographer must have made a mistake, and to other questions along that line said he did not remember so testifying.

Policeman Calderon was not in the range of the shooting, but testified as to the direction it sounded and to picking up empty shells on the streets the next morning, recognizing them as Springfield cartridges used by the soldiers.

IT IS CRUELTY TO ANIMALS

To Throw Soft Rubber Balls at a Monkey—Owner Fined $20 in Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Throwing soft rubber balls at a monkey, even if the monkey enjoys it, is cruelty to animals, according to a decision rendered in the police court to-day. William Dwyer was the defendant. He earned an honest living by having his monkey dodge the balls at three throws for five cents and a good cigar is yours if you hit him.

"Your Honor," said Dwyer, "I merely let people throw balls at the dear little animal because he needs the exercise to keep his digestion in good order."

Dwyer was fined $20.

Purdy to Assist in Standard Oil Prosecution.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Milton D. Purdy, assistant to the Attorney-General, left Washington for St. Paul to-day to assist the Government's counsel, Messrs. Kellogg and Morrison, in the prosecution of the Standard Oil Company cases. Mr. Purdy will probably appear in court to argue against the granting of exceptions which have been made by the Standard in the suit brought by the Government several months ago.

Philadelphia Trolley Line Sold.

The Philadelphia and Western Railroad, an electric line about twelve miles long, running from Philadelphia to one of its suburbs, was sold at auction yesterday at West Chester, Pa., for $1,000,000. The purchasers were Mackay & Co. and W. C. Sheldon & Co. of this city. The sale is merely a matter of form and is preparatory to a reorganization and increase in securities. J. S. Clark, attorney for the company, made the following statement:

Mackay & Co. and W. C. Sheldon & Co. will be the new syndicate managers. The reorganization will require about three weeks. The new company will put out about $4,000,000 of bonds and bring the capital stock more on a parity with the bond issue. George J. Kobusch of St. Louis will still retain a minority interest. The Philadelphia and Western will open for traffic on Wednesday.

Incorporated in New Jersey.

Articles of incorporation of the Royden Marble Machinery Company, a $300,000 concern formed to make stone handling apparatus, were filed yesterday afternoon at the County Clerk's office in Jersey City. The incorporators are E. Cuthbert Hamilton, D. Anthony Usina of New York city and Eugene V. Myers, East Orange.

To Enlarge Hudson Street Hospital.

Plans have been filed with Building Superintendent Murphy for the enlargement of the House of Relief of the New York Hospital at Hudson and Jay streets by the addition of a three story annex at the corner of Staple street. It is to be of ornamental brick, 25 feet front and 53½ feet deep, connected with the main building by a covered bridge. The annex is to cost $40,000.

PROSAIC DESERTED HOUSE.

If the Garno Place Is Haunted It's Not by the Owner's Regrets.

A deserted house completely furnished, at the southwest corner of Decatur avenue and East 194th street, and now so badly decayed that there is fear it may tumble down, has been the cause of a number of indignation meetings recently upon the part of neighbors in the Bedford Park section, The Bronx. They say that the building is an eyesore and that unless something is done by the owner toward repairs complaints will be lodged with the Health and Fire departments.

The house itself has been a subject of all kinds of yarns. The owner is Benjamin Garno, a man about 70 years old, an expert upon the subject of billiards and formerly the editor of a paper called *The Billiardist*. Mr. Garno's wife died about fifteen years ago. Up to about five years ago he lived on the premises, but one night several years ago after putting everything in order, even to setting the table in the dining room for two, he locked up the house and, it is said, has never returned to it.

It is a two story frame dwelling and stands upon an elevation overlooking the grounds of St. John's College. Clustered about it are a number of more or less pretentious private houses. Up to the time the house was abandoned it was one of the trimmest on the street. A neat wooden fence painted white surrounded the premises and in the front yard was a large garden which was filled with blooming plants in season. In the parlor stood a grand piano. The furniture in that room, the library, the dining room and the two upstairs bedrooms matched and was of mahogany with dark red trimmings. Now the front steps and the porch platform have rotted away along with a section of the wooden foundation. Most of the window panes have been broken and the sashes boarded up with parts of the cornice that have become detached and fallen to the ground. The piano case is warped by water that has trickled in from the leaky roof. On the bedroom dresser among several silver backed brushes and combs lies the remains of a gold watch. The table in the dining room set for two, save for the falling wreckage, is still intact.

Here starts the romance and neighborhood gossip. The table was set, according to common fame, for Mr. Garno and a young widow in the neighborhood whom he hoped to marry, but who wouldn't marry him; so he locked up the place as it stood. Mr. Garno does not countenance this historical romance. He said yesterday that the reason he had abandoned the house was because of poor police protection in that region. He said that tramps and thieves had looted the place.

"Anyway, I am a careless sort of fellow that way," he continued. "I know that it is odd to let a house rot away, but repairs would cost me more than the place would be worth."

UNION IRON WORKS CRIPPLED.

It Turns the Cruiser California Over to the Government for Completion.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Navy Department has been notified that the Union Iron Works at San Francisco has turned over to the Government at Mare Island for completion the armored cruiser California. Recently the company advised the Department that owing to the conditions existing in San Francisco, due to the labor troubles, the earthquake and other causes over which it had no control, it would not be able to continue the work on the vessel, and requested to be allowed to turn it over to the Government. This request the Department granted on condition that the company should pay whatever expense is incurred in finishing the ship. As the California is 99½ per cent. completed, the total cost to the company cannot exceed one per cent. of the contract price. She has had her trials already and in a short time will be ready to be put into commission.

GARFIELD GOING WEST.

Will Study Conditions in Forest Reserves and Indian Reservations.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—James R. Garfield, Secretary of the Interior, will leave on June 15 for a two months trip in the West to study conditions on the forest reserves, Indian reservations, reclamation projects and public lands. He will go first to Denver to attend the public lands convention called by the Colorado Legislature.

It is suspected that this part of the trip has some special significance, as it has been reported that some of the anti-Administration Republicans had planned to make a demonstration at the Denver convention against the public land and forestry policies of the President. Gifford Pinchot, Chief Forester, will also attend. Secretary Garfield is booked for a speech in Oklahoma before his return to Washington.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The cruiser Tennessee has arrived at Provincetown, the cruiser Chattanooga at Shanghai, the collier Marcellus at Baltimore, the cruiser Yankton at North River, the yacht Eagle at Guantanamo, the gunboat Wasp at Mobile, the gunboat Helena at Amoy, the cruiser Chicago at San Diego, the gunboat Sandoval at New York yard and the tug Triton at Norfolk.

The gunboat Yorktown has sailed from Punta Arenas, Costa Rica, for Panama, the cruisers Denver and Cleveland from Tompkinsville for Gibraltar, the tug Rocket from Norfolk for Indian Head and Washington, the gunboat Wilmington from Shanghai for Nanking, the cruiser Boston from San Diego for Mare Island, the collier Alexander from Cavité for Chefoo, the collier Saturn from Mare Island for San Diego, the gunboat Dubuque from Guantanamo for San Juan and the destroyer Preble from San Diego for Magdalena Bay.

Commercial Agreement With Holland.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The State Department has concluded the negotiations of a commercial agreement with Holland under Section 3 of the Dingley act, which empowers the President to remit 25 per cent. of the customs duties upon certain articles, including spirits. In return for the concession Holland gives the United States favored nation treatment on its exports, and in certain instances makes substantial reductions in her tariff in favor of American goods.

The Duke of Abruzzi to Visit the Tomb of Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Duke of Abruzzi and his staff will be the guests tomorrow of Secretary of the Navy Metcalf on a trip aboard the Mayflower to Mount Vernon and the tomb of Washington. The Duke will place a wreath upon the sarcophagus of Washington. Ambassador Mayor des Planches and the staff of the Italian Embassy, together with several naval officers, including Rear Admiral Cowles, will accompany the party.

Secretary Taft on His Way to New Haven.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Secretary Taft left Washington this afternoon for New Haven to attend the meeting of Yale Corporation there to-morrow afternoon. He will be the guest to-night of his brother Henry W. Taft in New York. He was accompanied by Brig.-Gen. J. Franklin Bell, who is making the trip to Governors Island.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The following army orders were issued to-day:

Major John S. Grisard, retired, from Cuba to Louisville, Ky.

First Lieut. George M. Holley, Fourth Infantry, from Twenty-eighth Company Philippine Scouts to his regiment.

Lieut.-Col. Francis H. Hardie, Fifteenth Cavalry, to Cuba.

Capt. Alston Hamilton, Coast Artillery, to Fort Monroe.

Lieut.-Col. John C. Muhlenberg, Deputy Paymaster General, from Washington to San Francisco.

These navy orders were issued:

Civil Engineer P. L. Reed, from naval station, Olongapo, P. I., to Mare Island yard.

Civil Engineer C. A. Carlson, from Washington to naval station, Olongapo, P. I.

Assistant Civil Engineer R. S. Farber, to Washington, D. C.

HEROINES IN RURAL SERVICE.

Some Remarkable Feats of Women Who Carry the Mails.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—More heroines are bobbing up in the rural free delivery service as a result of the publication some weeks ago of a statement showing the remarkable feat of Miss Etta Nelson, a rural carrier in one of the New England States, who worked her way through a blizzard which kept the entire community indoors. Assistant Postmaster-General Degraw has received many letters, newspaper clippings and photos from places which claim distinction in the possession of carriers of the fair sex who perform their duties under unfavorable conditions.

Indiana has two candidates for honors in this respect, and they are sisters—Misses Mollie and Effie Stevens. Whatever the weather the Misses Stevens deliver the mail on the route on which they are employed. On one occasion, when the roads were in such shape as to be almost impassable, the sisters shouldered the mail sacks, one of which contained 200 copies of a country paper, and travelled the entire route of twenty-five miles on foot, walking from 7 o'clock in the morning until 8 at night.

Another incident of bravery to which the attention of the Department was called is that of Miss Ella Bolton, a carrier, of Mobile, Ala., who while delivering the mail was overtaken by a severe storm, and in attempting to cross a badly swollen stream was thrown with her horse and vehicle into the water. She succeeded in saving not only herself, the horse and the vehicle, but also in recovering the bag of mail, which had fallen out of the wagon into the swiftly moving stream.

Boise, Idaho, claims the distinction of employing more women, than any other place. Many routes now running out of there being covered by members of the fair sex. One of them, Miss Mollie Stewart, is the champion bronco rider of the Northwest.

EXCLUDED FROM THE MAILS

Postmaster General Declares Unmailable Certain Medical Advertisements.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Postmaster General Meyer to-day issued an order declaring unmailable over twenty unlawful medical advertisements of parties in Chicago. Investigations by special agents of the Department disclosed that the advertisements related to illegal medical practices, the parties being engaged in performing criminal operations and selling illegal medicines for the use of women. Many of the names under which the advertisements were placed were found to be fictitious to hide the identity of the real parties.

The postmaster is directed to refuse to permit these advertisements to enter the mails and all the newspapers of Chicago will be so advised. Mail received for the fictitious names and addresses will be returned to the writers undelivered.

As a result of the investigations made by the Department at Chicago criminal proceedings have been instituted against three of the parties engaged in these illegal practices. Two of these parties have already pleaded guilty and been heavily fined. One of them is also under indictment by the State authorities on the charge of murder in connection with the death of a young woman in Chicago on whom he is alleged to have performed a criminal operation.

The action of the Department is in line with like action against this class of illegal medical advertisers in Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Buffalo. All this class of illegal advertisers in the several cities mentioned are believed to have been reached by the Department.

ABRUZZI WON'T COMPLAIN.

The Duke and the Italian Ambassador Regard Their Auto Held Up as a Joke.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—No complaint has been made to the State Department by the Italian Ambassador against the action of Marshal Collins of Glen Echo, who held up the Ambassador and his party, including the Duke of the Abruzzi, last night for speeding their automobiles through the village. It was said to-day by members of the party that after the Ambassador had revealed his identity Marshal Collins caused them no further trouble, but allowed them to go. Rain was falling in torrents when the party passed through the town and the Ambassador and his friends were hurrying back to Washington. Although annoyed at the time, both the Ambassador and the Duke were disposed to-day to regard the incident as a joke and no action will be taken in the matter.

Charles P. Collins, the energetic town marshal of Glen Echo, Maryland, who held up the Duke of Abruzzi and Baron Mayor des Planches, the Italian Ambassador, on the conduit road yesterday for overspeeding automobiles, was reappointed town marshal this evening. Mayor Garrett, the "Boy Mayor of Glen Echo," announced the appointment in an order commending Collins for his efficiency in enforcing the speed law. Mayor Garrett was in town to-day, but he did not carry out an announced intention of asking the State Department to appeal to members of the diplomatic corps to observe Glen Echo's speed regulations.

SANTO DOMINGO FINANCES.

American Administration Results Advantageously to That Republic.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—American administration of the revenues of Santo Domingo has resulted very advantageously to that republic, according to a statement prepared by the insular bureau of the War Department. A compilation of the reports made from time to time by Col. Colton, the American administrator, and covering the two years from April 1, 1905, to March 31, 1907, inclusive, shows that the general fund available for distribution among the various creditors of the republic and now on deposit in the National City Bank of New York is $2,636,048.63. This represents 55 per cent. of the revenues. Out of the remaining 45 per cent., which has gone to defray the expense of the maintenance of the Government, there is still a balance of $103,907.98. There is also a balance of $28,352 from 30 per cent. of the internal revenue and export duties collected.

There has been paid to Santo Domingo for the maintenance of the Government $2,312,962, which, representing less than one-half of the receipts, is more than the total revenues properly accounted for under the native administration for any two years previous. The amount recorded under the head of bills payable is only $8,167.96.

PROSECUTE FERTILIZER TRUST.

Department of Justice to Bring Suits in States Where the Companies Reside.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—The Department of Justice has decided to prosecute in the several States in which they are doing business the fertilizer companies alleged to be in a combination in restraint of trade. Some time ago the Department secured the indictment of several persons residing in several different States on a charge of violating the Sherman anti-trust law in that they had formed a combination to control the manufacture and sale of a fertilizer.

Defendants in Virginia contended that before they could be removed from the State they should have a preliminary hearing to determine the sufficiency of the evidence on which their removal was asked. The Government fought this contention, but was overruled by the Supreme Court. It is in accordance with this court decision that the Department has decided to prosecute the defendants in their States of residence.

The Government claims that thirty-one fertilizer companies have formed a combination in violation of the Sherman law.

Chinese Inspector Berkshire Promoted.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Frank W. Berkshire of Illinois, Chinese inspector at New York, has been promoted to the office of immigration inspector in charge of the work of patrol on the Mexican border. The promotion carries an increase in salary from $3,000 to $4,000 a year.

CALUMET ATTACKS BIGELOW.

Alleges That Osceola Suit Is Not Brought in Good Faith.

BOSTON, May 20.—The Calumet and Hecla company has filed in the United States Circuit Court for the Western district of Michigan its answer to the suit brought by A. S. Bigelow to restrain the company from alleged attempts to monopolize the production of lake copper.

The Calumet management make counter charges against Mr. Bigelow and in connection with the Osceola matter the answer attacks the present management of the Osceola property and the connection with it of the United Metals Selling Company.

The defendant charges that the plaintiff has perpetrated a fraud upon the court by acquiring the "ostensible legal title" to twenty-three shares of Calumet and Hecla stock "for the sole purpose of instituting proceedings against the defendant," his object being not to protect the interests of stockholders but to maintain control of the Osceola corporation for the furthering of his own ends and those of the United Metals Selling Company.

It is charged that the copper produced by the plaintiff and his associates and marketed as Osceola copper is, in fact, not Osceola copper, but is made up of the product of two lodes of different qualities mixed with 40 or 50 per cent. of copper from the mines of Montana, "the same being melted together at the Lake Superior Smelting Works at Dollar Bay, Mich., a concern under the control of said plaintiff and his associates."

IRON AND STEEL.

Brisk Markets for Spot and Prompt Iron—Increasing Exports of Steel Products.

The pig iron markets are brisk for spot foreign and prompt domestic metal. The tone of all markets is firm, with increasing interest in contracts for the first quarter of next year. In the matter of spot foundry iron for wants of Eastern consumers there is little available except Middlesbrough No. 3, which is fetching $22.50@$23 at dock. Scotch foundry No. 3 is in larger demand than supply. The local market is sold out of spot lots. At Boston and Baltimore small tonnages are to be had at $24@$24.50 at dock. In domestic spot the largest sale of yesterday was on the basis of $27 at this port for No. 2 X from Pennsylvania furnaces. For forward shipments of No. 2 X from Buffalo and Pennsylvania furnaces round parcels are fetching $23@$23.50, at furnaces. Business in first quarter of 1908 Southern iron is going on at $18.50 for No. 2 foundry at Birmingham. For the last quarter of this year the same sort is held at $20 at furnaces.

Steel making irons are strong and unchanged. The steel markets report increasing business under export demands for finished products. Two important interests are resisting the demands of export trade, wholly because of extraordinary commitments to home trade.

Seven steel corporations report shipments to Canada for this month at tonnages that will aggregate the value of $5,000,000. Rails and track supplies are moderately active in the East and active in the West. Yesterday's bookings at local agencies made a tonnage of 20,000 in standard and light rails.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

The Titus Co., Five Cent Stores, Makes an Offer to Creditors.

The Titus company of 656 Broadway, which has nine 5 and 10 cent stores in towns in New York State, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Ohio, called a meeting of creditors yesterday at the office of Roberts & Hepburn, 63 Wall street. An approximate statement was made, showing liabilities $130,000 and assets $160,000, in stock and fixtures. A tentative offer of settlement was made at 60 cents on the dollar, which was referred to a committee of creditors. The troubles of the company are attributed to the unseasonable weather and to curtailment of credit by the banks. Besides the nine stores the company acted as buyers for seventy others on commission.

A creditors' petition in bankruptcy has been filed against the Schroeder Ink and Color Company, 130 to 132 West Twenty-fourth street. On July 31 last the company's statement showed liabilities $33,000 and assets, $58,000. The trouble is attributed to the effect of the long strike in the lithographic trade, heavy expenses and pressure of a few creditors.

Ezra C. Bingham, mechanic and engineer, residing at 6 West Thirty-fourth street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $11,085 and cash assets $102.

Fred E. Rosebrock, president of the Fred E. Rosebrock & Co. corporation, commission dealers in butter and eggs at 325 Greenwich street, against whom a creditors' petition in bankruptcy was filed on May 24, 1906, has arranged his affairs with creditors and Judge Adams of the United States District Court has dismissed the petition in bankruptcy. His liabilities were $309,840, of which $6,090 were personal debts and the rest indorsements for the corporation. E. A. Karelson, representing the petitioning creditors, said yesterday that Mr. Rosebrock had paid all his personal debts in full and the creditors of the corporation released him from all liability on the corporation debts, as these creditors have accepted a settlement with the corporation. Merchandise creditors get 35 cents on the dollar, cash, and bank creditors 60 cents in notes.

Judge Holt of the United States District Court has granted a discharge in bankruptcy to Benno Klopfer, stock broker, 15 Broad street, liabilities $143,081.

Mosness With Atwood Violett & Co. Only a Month.

Atwood Violett & Co. said yesterday that Leonard J. Mosness, arrested on Saturday in connection with the swindling in January, 1905, of James Spears, a banker from Canton, N. Y., had been employed by the firm for only one month in the winter of 1904. Banker Spears never had any dealings with the firm, they said.

Want the Massachusetts Ballot.

W. N. Cohen, W. Allaire Shortt and Albert S. Bard have been designated by George McAneny as a committee of the City Club to further the Governor's ballot reform bill, in accordance with an urgent resolution of the City Club calling for the enactment into law of Assembly bill No. 231 providing for the Massachusetts form of ballot.

Court Calendars This Day.

Supreme Court—Appellate Division.—Nos. 91, 92, 95, 96, 98, 102, 41, 57, 40, 11, 12, 13, 6, 27, 65, 77, 30.

Supreme Court—Special Term.—Part I.—Motion calendar called at 10.30 A. M. Part II.—Ex parte matters. Part III.—Case unfinished. Motions. Demurrers—Nos. 1235, 1517. Preferred causes—Nos. 6948, 6939, 6940, 6917. General calendar—Nos. 5740, 4722, 3941, 3946, 3970, 5037, 5835, 6044, 6137, 6140, 6030, 6165, 6186, 6196, 6200, 6202, 6215, 6225, 6247, 6256, 6260, 6331, 6338, 6341, 6342, 6348, 6352, 6355, 6364, 6365, 6370, 6385, 6387, 6391, 6409, 6419, 6445. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part V.—Case unfinished. Cases from Part III. Part VI.—Clear. Elevated R. R. cases. Part VII.—Clear. Cases from Part III. Trial Term.—Part II.—Case unfinished. Short causes—Nos. 3040, 3905, 3769, 3650, 3871, 3895, 3477, 3591, 3297, 3298, 3299, 3300, 3977, 3790, 3861, 3813, 3829, 3781, 3854, 3852. Part III.—Case unfinished. Nos. 566, 945, 947, 955, 957, 972, 2320, 985, 1053, 721, 951, 953, 954, 961, 967, 971, 973, 974, 979, 980, 983, 991, 992, 993, 625, 996, 997, 1000, 1002, 1003, 1005, 1009, 1011, 1012, 1015, 1017, 1018, 1019, 1020, 1021, 1022. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Part V.—Clear. Part VI.—Case unfinished. Part VII.—Case unfinished. Cases sent from Part III. to Parts IV., V., VI. and VII. Part VIII.—Case unfinished. Nos. 1304½, 1490, 1491, 1499, 1483, 1474, 1508, 1510, 1535, 1063, 772½, 1514, 1527, 1598, 1606, 1611, 1664, 1665, 1636, 1518, 1520, 1522, 1481, 744, 779, 780, 4332, 1450, 1432, 564, 1416, 1503, 559, 1634, 1636, 1659, 1661, 1667. Part IX.—Case unfinished. Part X.—Case unfinished. Part XI.—Case unfinished. Part XII.—Case unfinished. Part XIII.—Case unfinished. Cases sent from Part VIII. to Parts IX., X., XI. XII. and XIII. Part XIV.—Case unfinished. Nos. 2939, 387, 599, 1622, 1402, 798, 1601, 1638, 1460, 1503, 1504, 394, 3472, 372, 1249, 931, 1458, 1112, 200, 409, 1584, 1754, 1561, 3523, 3577, 3595, 3611, 861, 408, 1463, 817, 347½, 938, 883. Part XV.—Case unfinished. Part XVI.—Case unfinished. Part XVII.—Case unfinished. Cases sent from Part XIV. to Parts XV., XVI. and XVII.

Surrogates' Court—Chambers.—Motion calendar called at 10.30 A. M. For probate—Wills of Mary T. Wetmore, Catharine Kroeck, Charles E. Halliwell, Thomas Ritchie, Binchur Kupfer, at 10.30 A. M.: Michael H. Whalen, Mitchell Levy, Joseph McKeown, Elizabeth O'Farrell, at 2.30 P. M. Trial Term.—Nos. 2335, 2336, 2342, 2343, 2344.

City Court—Special Term.—Court opens at 10 A. M. Motions. Trial Term—Part I.—Clear. Nos. 2382, 7790, 7744½, 1972, 1606, 2363, 2394½, 7808½, 7840½, 2350, 6142½, 748. Part II.—Case unfinished. Nos. 1813, 1851, 2255, 2417, 2434, 2436, 2443, 2444, 2447, 2437, 2410, 2411, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2456, 1529, 1530, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2466, 2471, 2475, 2480, 2481, 2484, 2488, 2502, 2487, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2489, 2490, 2220, 2415, 2492, 2495, 2497, 2500, 2506, 2509, 1540, 1520, 2438, 2439, 2441, 2505. Part III.—Clear. Nos. 2400, 2431, 2494, 2208, 2406, 2515, 2516. Part IV.—Case unfinished. Short causes—Nos. 7205, 7408, 7486, 7448, 7449, 7396, 6123, 7412, 7426, 7418, 6836½, 6855, 7066, 7229, 7302, 7386, 7484, 7416, 5547, 7435, 7485, 7419, 7162, 6482, 7578, 7605, 7428, 7437, 7497, 7017. Part V. Clear. Nos. 2092, 1253, 2546, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2563.

PAWNBROKERS' SALES.

L. L. FRUSKIL Auct., 70 Bowery, sells 10 A. M.: May 21—Holbrun Bros., jewelry.

May 22—E. Dreyer & Co., 101 6th av.; jewelry, &c., pledged prior May 12, 1906, all older dates.

May 23—Wm. Simpson, 91 Park row; diamonds, watches, jewelry, goods every description pledged prior March 13, 1906, to No. 16787, also No. 60132 of Oct. 2, 1905, books, all older dates.

May 24—J. E. Lemon & Co., 476 6th av.; diamonds, watches, jewelry, all goods pledged prior April 1, 1906, to No. 50006, and pledged prior May 1, 1906, to No. 18744, all older dates; A. Simon, 2208 3d av., pledged prior May 14, 1906, all older dates.

May 27—Goldstone Bros., 516 6th av.; diamonds, watches, jewelry, all goods pledged prior May 15, 1906, to No. 63895, all older dates.

May 28—D. Mayer, Hoboken, jewelry.

ELI SOBEL, Auct., 98 Bowery, sells 10 A. M., all goods pledged prior to May 14, 1906:

May 21—Clothing. Ivan Prince, 311 7th av.

May 22—Jewelry, &c., from No. 56600 to 59350 and all goods held over. S. Michel & Son, 2070 2d av.; J. L. Fruhauf, 360 Bowery.

May 24—Clothing, &c., pledged prior May 14, 1906, from No. 83000 to 2160. S. G. Isaacs, 491 2d av. and A. Rothman, 393 Hudson st.

May 25—By Estate C. Sobel, 87 1st av., all jewelry, watches, diamonds pledged prior May 15, 1906, from No. 10400 to 16100.

May 27—Clothing, spring overcoats, dresses, shoes, &c. Wm. Prager, 447 7th av. and Sol Cohen, 235 9th av.

JULIUS SHONGOOD, Auctioneer, by Jos. Shongood's Sons, Auct'rs, 94 Bowery:

May 21—Clothing, &c., pledges Nos. 61000 to 65000. H. & C. Lang, 120 Avenue C.

May 21—Jewelry, &c., pledged to April 31, 1906, to No. 56776; S. Lehman, Brooklyn; J. Blumenthal, 568 Hudson st.; J. J. Aaron & Son, 191 Grand st.

May 22—Jewelry, &c., from pledge No. 54000 to No. 68000. H. & C. Lang, 120 Avenue C.

May 23—Jewelry, watches, diamonds, &c., pledged to May 16, 1906; J. J. Aaron & Son, 191 Grand st.

May 27—Clothing, jewelry, &c., from Nos. 81000 to 83865; Kaskel & Roth, 9 Columbus av.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO., M. Sheehan, Auct., 152 Canal st., will sell at 10 A. M.:

May 21—By Jos. Levy, 155 Varick st.; Barney Loan Co., 1563 3d av.; clothing to May 9, 1906.

May 23—By H. Freel, 29 New Chambers st.; clothing pledged to May 11, 1906.

May 27—By M. Hackett; clothing, &c.

May 28—By M. Weill & Co., 2247 3d av., clothing pledged to May 16, 1906.

CENTRAL AUCTION CO., M. Sheehan, Auctioneer, 1570 Broadway, sells 11 A. M.:

May 22—By R. Simpson Co., 9 Myrtle av.; diamonds, jewelry, &c., pledged from No. 1 to 5945, to April 1, 1906, and old lots held over.

May 24—By Fillin; jewelry, &c.

May 28—By R. Simpson & Co., 143 West 42d st., diamonds, jewelry, &c., Nos. 1 to 4000, pledged previous to March 1, 1906, and goods held over.

OFFICIAL LEGAL NOTICES.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERTISEMENT IN THE CITY RECORD of May 17 to June 1, 1907, of the confirmation by the Supreme Court and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears, of assessments for OPENING AND ACQUIRING TITLE to the following-named Streets in the BOROUGH OF THE BRONX:

23D WARD, SECTIONS 9 AND 10, EAST 150TH STREET—OPENING, from Brook Avenue to St. Ann's Avenue. Confirmed April 22, 1907; entered May 16, 1907. 24TH WARD, SECTION 11, BELMONT STREET—OPENING, from Inwood Avenue to Featherbed Lane. Confirmed April 24, 1907; entered May 16, 1907.

HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.
City of New York, May 16, 1907.

ATTENTION IS CALLED TO THE ADVERTISEMENT IN THE CITY RECORD of May 17 to June 1, 1907, of the confirmation by the Board of Revision of Assessments and the entering in the Bureau for the Collection of Assessments and Arrears, of assessment for LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS in the BOROUGH OF THE BRONX:

23D AND 24TH WARDS, SECTION 11, JENNINGS STREET—REGULATING, GRADING, SETTING CURBSTONES, FLAGGING THE SIDEWALKS, LAYING CROSSWALKS, BUILDING APPROACHES AND PLACING FENCES, from Stebbins Avenue to West Farms Road.

HERMAN A. METZ, Comptroller.
City of New York, May 16, 1907.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

MEN WANTED—All round rattan makers; good wages. HOLDEN & QUICK, 120 Centre st.

SALESMAN—Beef, A1 firm wants high grade man for New York City; $1,500-$1,800. Call, write. HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN—Sheet music; familiar with New York State trade; $1,040. Call, write. HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway, N. Y.

TEACHER—Architecture; A1 opportunity for competent, experienced man; Eastern university. Call, write. HAPGOODS, 307 Broadway, N. Y.

WANTED—First class glue salesman to represent a large manufacturing industry. Address W. X., box 121 Sun office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

TWO first class respectable colored girls wish work in a small family; general housework. MARY and MILDRED HARRIS, 259 West 124th st., 1st flight left hallway, last door rear, left hand side.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

CHAUFFEUR, American, desires position with private family; strictly temperance, with good reference. BOX 100 Sun Harlem office, 241 West 125th st.

INSTRUCTION.

A CUBAN lady wishes to exchange English for Spanish lessons and will teach Spanish. Address M. GONZALES, 54 East 21st st.

Swimming

Swimming Scientifically Taught.
Two Pools. Prof. DALTON, 23 W. 44th st.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.
White Mountains.

WHITE MTS.

The Mount Pleasant Opens June 25
The Mount Washington Opens July 15
BRETTON WOODS, N. H.

Annual Tournament, Bretton Woods Golf Club, first week in August. Through cars day or night Grand Central Station to hotel grounds. Representatives at Bretton Hall, Resort Bureau at 5th Av. Hotel and Poland Spring Bldg., 1180 Broadway, near 28th st., New York.
Telephone, 4748 Madison.

WHITE MOUNTAINS
The New Profile House
C. H. GREENLEAF, Pres.

Built in 1906. Open July 1st to Oct. 1st. One of the largest of leading resort hotels, where only the best can be obtained. 20 private Cottages. Golf, Tennis, Good Roads. Fine garage. Original hotel 1852-1905.
Geo. A. Viles, 1180 Broadway, daily 11 to 3.

Miscellaneous.

IN THE LAND OF
"THE OLD HOMESTEAD."

THE POTTER PLACE opens to guests June 1st. Beside the Laurel Lake, 1,200 ft. elevation, always cool. New house, large cool rooms; modern plumbing; telephone. Our own vegetables, milk, butter, &c. Boating and bathing.
H. C. WHITE & SON,
Fitzwilliam Depot, N. H.

VERMONT.

LAKE BOMOSEEN THE GLENWOOD IN-THE-PINES.
Rates $8.00-$14.00. W. C. MOUND, Hydeville, Vt.

PROSPECT HOUSE AND TEN COTTAGES on Lake Bomoseen in the Green Mountains. For booklet address H. B. ELLIS, Castleton, Vermont.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

A—VISITORS to city will receive invitation for hotel accommodation free for one day; merchants supplied with cards for buyers upon application. VAN RENSSELAER, 17 E. 11th st.

NEW BAPTIST ORGANIZATION.

Father of Gov. Hughes Explains Its Purposes to the Ministers' Conference.

The Rev. Dr. D. C. Hughes, father of Gov. Hughes, was the principal speaker yesterday before the Baptist Ministers' Conference, held in the parish house of the Madison Avenue Baptist Church. Dr. Hughes had just returned from Washington, where he attended the anniversaries of the Baptist missionary societies and the organization of the Baptist convention.

Dr. Hughes explained the purpose and plan of this new organization of Northern Baptists, saying that it would serve as a medium in which all the churches might be represented and through which opinions might be expressed on matters of importance to the denomination. Heretofore, he said, there had been no general meetings except those of the missionary organizations, at whose anniversaries general matters had sometimes been presented.

SUMMER RESORTS.
PENNSYLVANIA.
Monroe County.

Delaware Water Gap.
Mount Pocono, Stroudsburg,
Cresco, Pocono Summit, Delaware Valley.

A region of woodland and water in Monroe and Pike Counties, Pennsylvania, varying in elevation from one to two thousand feet; with a special fast express service from New York over the Lackawanna Railroad; with the beautiful Delaware River for boating, bathing, fishing; with good roads; three excellent Golf courses; magnificent springs and trout streams; a region where you may breathe dry, pine-laden air, enjoy cool, restful nights and escape humidity, malaria and mosquitoes. Booklets and full information about every house in the region at
RESORT BUREAU, 429 Broadway, New York City.
For names of houses see Next Sunday's issue.

THE KITTATINNY,
DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Open all