

PEABODY TURNS UP ALL RIGHT

SLEUTH DIDN'T VANISH AS THE RUMOR HAD IT.

To Question Him Further About the Telegram From Baltimore in the Howard Gould Case—Copy of it Arrives Just Before Sleuth Leaves Headquarters.

Lieut. Frank Peabody, the Central Office detective who has been a conspicuous figure in the private investigation conducted by the Detective Bureau under Capt. William W. McLaughlin to find out about the past of Mrs. Howard Gould, answered the 8 o'clock roll call yesterday and looked over the "stick up" arrested the night before, but before Capt. McCaffery was ready to hand out the assignments for the day Peabody announced that he was going to make application for a three days leave of absence, the same to be deducted from his vacation. He filled out a blank and it was sent upstairs to Commissioner Bingham's office.

The Commissioner refused to grant the leave, as Third Deputy Commissioner Hanson, who is investigating the relations that existed between the Detective Bureau and Howard Gould when McLaughlin was in command, wants to be in touch with Peabody. Not long after Peabody applied for leave Mr. Hanson ordered Capt. McCaffery to send Peabody to his office. Peabody was told that the Third Deputy wanted to see him, but did not report at Mr. Hanson's office all day.

A report was then spread that Peabody had vanished and couldn't be found. This report was discredited when Peabody, being informed of the story at his home last night, went to the West Forty-seventh street station and called up Headquarters. He asked if any one there wanted him, and when he got a reply that no one did he went back home again.

It had been expected that Peabody would weaken yesterday and tell the truth about everything he did in connection with the case, no matter who was hit. He made his exit soon after one of Mr. Hanson's detectives arrived at Headquarters with a copy of a telegram sent from Baltimore to Ed Sholes, the former circus man. It read:

March 28, 1907. Edw. Sholes, 123 East Eighth Street, Baltimore, Md. George Dawson and Harriet Lownsdale, May 5, 1907. (an this be her?) FRANK PEABODY, Belvidere Hotel, Baltimore.

Mr. Hanson had questioned Peabody on his return about information made by Peabody in Baltimore concerning reports of a previous marriage of Mrs. Gould and Peabody had denied that he had ever written a telegram to Sholes or to anybody while he was in Baltimore. The stenographic report showed the following conversation:

Q. Did you telegraph from Baltimore what you found in the records? A. No.

Q. When was it that you sent the telegram to Sholes? A. I sent no telegram to Sholes.

Q. Who did send a telegram to Sholes in your name? A. I don't know. I don't know who got a telegram with my name signed to it.

Q. Didn't you telegraph to Sholes that Harriet Lownsdale was married to Dawson? A. No.

Q. Or something about their marriage? A. No.

Q. Never sent such a telegram? A. No, sir. In fact the only person that I ever spoke to about Dawson being married was to Inspector McLaughlin.

Q. Didn't you telegraph to Sholes that the names were Harriet Lownsdale and Dawson? A. No, sir.

The detective who was sent to Baltimore to cover the ground that Peabody would return to Police Headquarters yesterday with a copy of the telegram sent through the Postal Telegraph office with the name "Frank Peabody" written on it. Mr. Hanson's sleuth discovered that the telegram sent to Sholes was written on a letterhead of Penny West, a saloon keeper, whose father was years ago been in the Baltimore detective bureau. The detective compared Peabody's handwriting on the register of the Belvidere Hotel with the telegram, and he reported yesterday that they were identical signatures.

On the hotel register, however, Peabody signed "W. F. Peabody"—his first name was William, but he has always signed throughout the department and to the underworld as Frank.

It was intimated in the Commissioner's office yesterday that Peabody might have gone to Baltimore for the purpose of getting hold of the telegram and destroying it. Mr. Hanson would not deny that he believed that that was Peabody's purpose in applying for a leave of absence, but precautions were taken last night to guard against any slip up in that direction. Sholes has declared that he never received a telegram from Peabody, but Mr. Hanson announced yesterday that he will have the former circus man shown to headquarters yesterday.

It became known yesterday that there are at least six other cases similar to the Gould scandal in which the Detective Bureau has figured. In each case detectives who were under the impression that they were doing "private detective" work for persons whose marital troubles have been and will be aired in the courts, and like the Gould case there is absolutely nothing on record in the Detective Bureau to show what the sleuths were doing.

Mr. Hanson said he received valuable information from Big Bill Hawley, whom he met in New Jersey on Tuesday night. The former confidence man told him a detective located him and took him over to the house, meaning McLaughlin, wanted to see him downtown. Big Bill accompanied the sleuth to Police Headquarters and was ushered into the inspector's office and refused to divulge the name of the detective, but Mr. Hanson discovered yesterday that it was Valley. Mr. Hanson then called Valley to the office and he took a chance and sent for him. The detective admitted to the Deputy that it was he who was sent to get Big Bill Hawley, and he explained to the satisfaction of Mr. Hanson that he didn't know what McLaughlin wanted of the crook.

Valley said McLaughlin ordered him to get out and get Big Bill Hawley. He found the crook in Peabody's saloon. The detective met the crook at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel the following morning and escorted him to the headquarters office. He asked McLaughlin if he wanted him to remain. "No, it's all right; you can go now," McLaughlin replied, and Valley left the inspector and Hawley together. The detective chief told the crook to go to Nassau street, where he would meet him, and Hawley went. Several detectives shadowed him all the way, and while he never lost sight of him.

Mr. Hanson said that Hawley told him he accompanied McLaughlin to the Police Bureau office, where he had a long talk with the lawyer. Hawley told the Commissioner that Nicolli had said to him: "I've tried every honorable means of getting out of here, and at last I've had to order you brought here." Hawley told of how he had been lured by private detectives who employed all sorts of ruses to get him to the office, and it was only the fear of the New York police, whom he had come in contact with so often, that landed him before Nicolli.

Mr. Hanson said yesterday that he didn't know Hawley about his relations with the Goulds. All he wanted, he said, was to get at the bottom of the private workings of the Detective Bureau under McLaughlin, and Big Bill aided him materially.

Capt. McLaughlin is still on the sick list and Commissioner Bingham could not say when he is likely to report back for duty.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 22.—Sam Dawson, the treasurer of the Monumental Theatre, received a telephone message to-day from Police Headquarters at New York City, asking him to come to New York and identify the detective who is charged with being concerned in the Gould scandal, but he said he could not neglect his business by leaving the city.

George Dawson was seen here to-night

ONE OF THOSE MOTHER PANICS

ASHCAN BLOWS UP NEAR A MOTT STREET PUBLIC SCHOOL.

Five Italian Children Playing About It—Mother Stern at the School, Who the Better Disciplined Next Generation Go On Studying Inside—Bombs Exploded.

The afternoon platoon at the Elizabeth street police station had just been sent out and the roll was being called of the men who had returned from post when the roar of an explosion came. The roll was never finished. Sergt. Sheridan was just coming in the door and as he felt the shock he shouted: "Come on, boys!"

The police tumbled out the door and Capt. Dooley followed. Sheridan led the bunch around the corner and found three boys lying unconscious and bleeding profusely beside a shattered ashcan in front of 72 Mott street and the tenements near by emptying the inmates by the hundreds into the street. Sheridan picked up one boy and a plumber named Charles Reid, who was coming out of the cellar of No. 70, picked up two others. They were carried across the street and placed on the sidewalk. The other policemen to the number of nearly forty came down with a rush and forming in two lines swept the street clear for a distance of about a hundred feet.

Meantime the frightened mothers began to storm the doors of Public School 108 at 62 Mott street. The explosion had been felt there and the teachers had at once assured the pupils that it was only a blast. School work went on. Miss Sweeney, the principal, went from room to room and by that order was preserved. The janitor, William Scariett, had a trouble with a store and he rushed to the front door and locked it just as the first avalanche of undisciplined mothers stormed it.

Policemen Alexander Smith and Frank Daly by that time were leaving down the street for that front door. Smith went among the mothers, pushed them away and calmed them as much as possible. They could not be satisfied and made a dash for the side door which the boys saw. They screamed and shouted their children's names and about twenty got inside the door. Scariett had not been able to reach that door in time to lock it. Smith and Daly dashed in, pushed through the women and then put them out, and the janitor locked the door. The other police came along by this time and cleared the street in front of the school and danger of rioting by frantic mothers ended right there.

Meantime an alarm of fire had been turned in. The three boys who had been picked up near the ashcan had been carried around to the station house by policemen. Two other boys and a girl who had been hurt had been carried to a drug store on the corner of Mott and Bayard streets. With the arrival of the fire engines, five ambulances and with their lights flashing, the Black and Gray ambulance a multitude came and Capt. Dooley and his men had their hands full.

The detectives arrested Giuseppe Sperri, the janitor at No. 72. He denied at first that he had more than one ashcan on the street and said one which was found there and was not damaged was his. Then he admitted that he had put out two ashcans in the morning and that in the one which had been blown to pieces was the refuse of the painters who had been working on No. 70 and that in it were two cans which were either filled with kerosene or with liquid. The police then learned that the painters had been using benzine and Capt. Dooley satisfied himself that there was nothing malicious in the explosion.

Two men in their shirt sleeves were seen running away from the place. The police said that one of them might have thrown a lighted cigar or cigarette into the ashcan and been frightened at the result. The police could get no trace of them and do not believe that they caused it at all.

Three of the children were sent to the Gouverneur Hospital and three to the Hudson street hospital. After they had been taken away Capt. Dooley had an exciting time with the parents of lost children. He finally sent mothers and sisters to the hospital in a patrol wagon to identify the injured. It was not until 8 o'clock that he got a fairly correct list of those injured and had the street cleaned down.

These children were taken to the Hudson street hospital: Giro Laia, 5 years old, 74 Mott street, skull fractured and face lacerated; James Gerardi, 5 years old, 73 Mott street, lacerations on the legs and face and burns on the face and neck; Tommaso Bartoli, 9, of 72 Mott street, lacerations of the face and neck. These were taken to the Gouverneur Hospital: Andrew Canjalero, 6, of 73 Mott street, burned and face lacerated; Vincenzo Glorice, 5, of 74 Mott street, burned and face lacerated; Malina Montaquero, 6, of 70 Mott street, a girl, whose face was burned and cut. The Laia boy is the only one in a serious condition, but the surgeons think he will recover.

Sperri, the janitor, was taken to the Essex Market police court and arraigned before Magistrate Crane on the charge of criminal neglect. He is charged with the fact that he could see no evidence of it and that the parents of the wounded children had cause for civil action only.

Members of the British royal family propose hereafter to spend much of their holiday time in Spain, and with a view to their accommodation King Alfonso will build two chateaux in the neighborhood of Villajoyosa, a port frequented by British squadrons.

It is intended that these shall be ready by the summer of 1908 at the latest.

OSCAR WILDE PLAY APPLAUDED. Beerbohm Tree's Revival of "A Woman of No Importance" a Success.

LONDON, May 22.—Beerbohm Tree's revival of Oscar Wilde's "A Woman of No Importance" to-night revealed that time has blunted the edge of the epigrammatic dialogue of the play, which delighted playgoers fourteen years ago when it was first produced.

It was the drama itself which gripped the audience to-night, and though the witticisms provoked frequent laughter, they were evidently regarded in the auditorium as holding back the plot and delaying the action. The play, nevertheless, was enthusiastically received.

The Weather. The temperatures were higher over most northern sections of the country yesterday and in the middle of the day. In Wisconsin the rainfall was heavy, but it was still considerably below the seasonal average in the northeastern districts. Nowhere was there any noteworthy lowering of temperature or freshening breeze. Fog occurred in the interior of New York and New England and in northern Pennsylvania.

The high pressure was limited to the eastern half of the country and it was generally fair from New York and the Ohio Valley southward. From Montana eastward to New England the weather was unsettled, with rain and thunderstorms at many places. In Wisconsin the rainfall was heavy.

Most of the country west of the Mississippi was under the influence of a low pressure center over Utah and Idaho. Day was fair and warmer; wind, light to fresh northeast, shifting to west and southwest; average humidity, 41 per cent; barometer, corrected to read to sea level at 8 A. M., 30.16, 3 P. M., 30.12.

The temperature yesterday as recorded by the official thermometer is shown in the annexed table:

Table with 4 columns: Locality, 8 A. M., 10 A. M., 4 P. M., 8 P. M.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For eastern New York and eastern Pennsylvania, cloudy and warmer to day; showers by night; showers to-morrow; light to fresh southwest.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, partly cloudy and warmer to day; showers to-morrow; light south winds.

For Delaware and New Jersey, partly cloudy and warmer to day; showers to-morrow; light to fresh south winds.

For New England, partly cloudy to day; showers to-morrow; light to fresh southwest.

For the West, New York, showers and warmer to day; showers to-morrow; cooler along the Lakes; fresh winds, mostly southwest.

SOCIALISTIC INGRATES.

Italian Duke Has a Bad Experience in Sharing with His Peasantry.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MILAN, May 22.—Duke Pompeo Litta, the last member of a historical Lombard family, is for the moment the most disappointed man in this city. Eight years ago he settled down here in the ancient castle of his ancestors, having until then travelled abroad.

During his wanderings he became acquainted with the leaders of German Socialism, especially Herren Bebel and Vollmar, and became a convert to their doctrine. Upon arriving at his ancestral home he resolved to give proof of his faith. Accordingly he withdrew all his large estate surrounding his mansion from the occupying tenants and handed it over for cultivation to 187 peasant families working on the estate as laborers, forming them into an agricultural colony on socialistic lines.

He charged the new occupiers with trifling rents, which only aggregated \$5,000 for the whole large property. At first the experiment produced excellent results, and the economical condition of the peasants improved greatly. Duke Litta rejoiced at the success of his altruism, but prosperity proved the undoing of the colony. The peasants grew idle, neglected to till the land, and began to cut down the timber, which it had been mutually arranged should not be touched.

Disagreements with the proprietor on this subject led to the rise of the agitator among the community, the members of which were thus induced to claim absolute ownership of the estate and to refuse to work. The Duke, deeply wounded by the ingratitude of his beneficiaries, acknowledged that the colony was a failure.

He believes that the ignorance of the peasantry makes collectivism impossible at present. Nevertheless, he does not abandon hope of a golden age in the future, and meanwhile he is taking the practical course of applying to the tribunals to insure him undisputed possession of his estates.

COST OF A LONDON DANDY. \$3,500 a Year for Town Clothes Alone—Buttons and Toilet Sundries.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, May 22.—The Express devotes a column to-day to an analysis of the cost of the clothing and decorations of a fashionable man during the London season. The personage in question, who is the equivalent of the dandy of past generations, is described as the male counterpart of the female butterfly, her escort in the street and at the opera.

Taking the aggregates and ignoring the details, the following are the items of expenditure: Clothes, \$1,575; shirts and underwear, \$490; hats and shoes, \$335; ties and gloves, \$190, and sundries, \$935; roughly totalling £700 or \$5,000.

This modest outfit, which, it is remarked, is only about one-third of what his equally fashionable sister spends, includes merely the outfit for the town season. It does not include expensive hunting, shooting and other country kits.

Among the sundries are enumerated six walking canes, costing \$100; six dozen cambric and one dozen silk handkerchiefs, \$55; shirt studs, of which pearl is the favorite, a single set of which may cost anything from \$60 to \$200, and waistcoat buttons, which are indispensable luxuries, which may cost as much as \$1,000 when composed of such gems as turquoises. Preparations for the hair make a big hole in the expenditure, while other toilet sundries may easily absorb \$150.

CZAR TO RECEIVE JAPANESE. Technical Experts Visit St. Petersburg on the Way to The Hague.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, May 22.—K. T. Sutsuki of the Japanese Foreign Office, Japanese delegate to the Hague Conference, accompanied by Rear Admiral Shimamura, Major-General Akiyama and H. W. Denison, American adviser to the Japanese Foreign Office, who are the technical delegates, arrived here to-day by way of the Trans-Siberian Railway. They have been invited to visit the Emperor and the Empress in the morning at the Maline-Monquero, a presentation to the Emperor.

Sutsuki, who has already been presented to the Emperor twice, first when he was a member of the Japanese Legation here and again when he was on the staff of Marquis Ito's special mission, which visited St. Petersburg before eventually arranging the Anglo-Japanese treaty, expressed a wish to present his colleagues to his Majesty.

Prime Minister Stolypin left his cards on Sutsuki to-day, and the Japanese Delegate and Foreign Minister Ivolovsky exchanged visits. The mission may remain here about a week. The Czar will probably receive the members to-morrow.

At The Hague the delegation will be joined by Aimann Sato, Japanese Minister to the Netherlands, and Lieut.-Col. Prince Takauka, Military Attaché at Paris.

M. Nelidoff, Russian Ambassador to France, who is slightly indisposed, hopes to be able to leave St. Petersburg next Saturday for Paris, via The Hague. He will head Russia's delegation at the conference.

BILIBID TRAGEDY REPORT. Dr. Strong Exonerated From Blame for Deaths of Thirteen Prisoners.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MANILA, May 22.—Dr. R. R. Strong of the bureau of prisons, who inoculated prisoners in the Bilibid prison with a cholera serum, resulting in the death of thirteen of them, has been exonerated from personal responsibility by both the committees appointed to investigate the affair.

The Attorney-General finds that he was not guilty of negligence. Twenty-four of the prisoners were inoculated on November 16, 1906. The scientists have determined that the serum used by Dr. Strong was contaminated with attenuated plague culture, but they do not find the person who was responsible for the contamination.

They commend Dr. Strong's work with serums and vaccines and praise the laboratory system. They, however, recommend changes to prevent a recurrence of the incident.

The families of the victims will be provided for.

ALFONSO TO RAISE CATTLE. King of Spain to Start a Big Farm on an Island in North Spain.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MADRID, May 22.—King Alfonso is about to start cattle farming on a big scale. He is negotiating for the purchase of an island situated in one of the beautiful bays of northern Spain. Here he proposes to build a summer residence, lay out a farm according to the most modern ideas and breed thoroughbred cattle.

It is understood that he was moved to this by the example of King Edward and many English noblemen, who raise prize beasts. The Queen is delighted with the plan, in which she is taking a keen interest.

She anticipates with pleasure summer holidays under the rural conditions she was familiar with in England, and free from all court formalities and restraints. It is intended.

BILL TO HELP WINE GROWERS. Will Make Adulteration Difficult and Check Use of Sugar.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, May 22.—The Government's bill for the benefit of viticulturists will provide that wine growers must declare the amount of their harvest, the Administration checking the declarations.

The use of sugar for a second brew will be forbidden, and an extra tax will be imposed on sugar for the first brew. Five chassers of sugar for a quantity over fifty pounds must explain for what purpose it is intended.

Tobey Handmade Furniture cannot be duplicated in America. The splendid cabinet-work, artistic design and richness of grain and finish of. The Tobey Furniture Company 11 W. 32nd Street Near Fifth Avenue

IRELAND READY FOR NEW FIGHT. National League Contemplates New Policies—Real Home Rule Not Retarded. PUBLISHER, May 22.—The Irish National League of Great Britain met in the Mansion House to-day under the presidency of Thomas Power O'Connor, who, in referring to the decision of the National Convention yesterday upon the Irish Council bill, said that the political situation imposed upon the league new and large duties and might impose change in their policy. They would have to open a new chapter in their history.

Sample Model SUITS For Men \$15 Only a few hundred divided between the three stores. From our wholesale department. Hackett, Carhart & Co. Three Broadway Stores At 13th St. At Canal St. Near Chambers St.

Lichtenstein Millinery Co. Beg to Announce That Their Semi-Annual Clearing Sale Will Take Place THURSDAY, May 23rd, FRIDAY, May 24th, At Which Time Their Entire Stock of Trimmed Millinery, Imported Gowns, Suits, Lingerie Dresses, Hand-Embroidered Waists, Coats, Parasols, Will Be Sold at the Extremely Low Prices Which Always Prevail at Their Sales. Fifth Avenue---44th and 45th Sts.

B. Altman & Co. FURS, FUR GARMENTS, RUGS AND DRAPERIES RECEIVED FOR STORAGE THROUGHOUT THE SUMMER MONTHS. THE MOST APPROVED METHODS BEING USED TO INSURE THE SECURITY AND PERFECT SAFE-KEEPING THEREOF. THE PLACING OF ORDERS DURING THIS PERIOD FOR THE REPAIRING AND ALTERING OF FURS, AND THE CLEANING AND REPAIRING OF RUGS IS ESPECIALLY RECOMMENDED. LACE CURTAINS CLEANED AND STORED. 34th Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

Brill Brothers U. S. TRUE BLUE SERGE SUITS—price \$14.50. Every one who knows says they are best value in America under \$20. Because of superior fabric and journeyman tailoring these suits are warranted fadeless, warranted not to pull out at seams, not to cockle at edges, not to grow shiny soon; warranted to fit correctly and comfortably and to retain original style and shape under hardest usage. Sizes 34 to 52. Exclusively in Brill stores. GET THE HABIT. GO TO Brill Brothers UNION SQUARE, 14th, near E'way. 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St. 47 COURTLANDT, near Greenwich St. 125th STREET, corner 3d Avenue.

SAY POISON CAUSES PLAGUE. Fanatical Hindus Circulate Outrageous Charges Against the English. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LAHORE, May 22.—A wild state of excitement prevails at Hasan Abdal, near Rawalpindi. The statement has been circulated among the natives, and believed, that there is no such disease as the plague and that the Government is despatching emissaries throughout the Punjab poisoning the wells, and thereby killing 100,000 people a week. The police have succeeded in tracing the author of the story, who is a Hindu. He has been sentenced to two years imprisonment, and thirty-three of his accomplices, who actually dropped mysterious balls into wells, alleging that they did so by the Government's order, have been sentenced to eighteen months imprisonment. The deaths by plague in India during the six weeks ended May 11 were 451,992. In the Punjab alone there were 286,777. As a general thing the natives resist desperately all sanitary measures and the officers charged with the work carry it on at the risk of their lives.

W. & J. SLOANE CARPETS CLEANED Skillfully and Thoroughly THE cleaning of Carpets and Rugs is a business in which we have had many years of experience. Our technical knowledge of the weaving process of each grade of carpets and rugs is of great importance when the question of cleaning arises. The method applicable to one weave would be ruinous to another. We guarantee to clean carpets and rugs thoroughly and properly. We also store them and pack with moth preventives. No extra charge is made for fire insurance. Tele. 2200 Gramercy. Carpet Cleaning Dept. Broadway & Nineteenth Street

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