

MYSTERY OF U. S. DIPLOMACY

IT IS THAT THERE'S NO MYSTERY IN IT, EUROPE THINKS.

Diplomatic and Even Naval Secret Code Seemingly Free for All—London Season Not What It Was—Money Short—Americans Still Set the Social Pace.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN.

LONDON, July 20.—The way in which the United States manages its diplomatic affairs abroad will never cease to be a subject of amazement to foreign diplomats. They have talked for years about shirt sleeve diplomacy, but what they least of all understand is playing the game with all the cards on the table. Secrecy has been regarded as a fundamental rule since envoys first existed. America retains the machinery of secrecy, for what reason nobody seems to know, but in practice the precautions taken in using it are of the flimsiest description.

The work of coding and deciphering despatches between most of the American embassies in Europe and the State Department is entrusted to poorly paid foreign clerks and never undertaken by the attaches sent from America. The writer knows of one case where a man employed in this way is actually in the employ of the Government of the country where he is located.

Could any better guarantee be given of the simplicity of America's diplomatic motives and purposes than this practice? Still it seems quite conceivable that the American Government might wish quite legitimately to communicate privately with its representatives abroad. Perhaps the State Department can afford to be open and ingenuous in all its dealings, but the case is hardly the same when it involves affairs of the navy. It happened not long ago that an American naval officer on entering the office of the United States despatch agent at London found a copy of the secret naval code lying open on the counter.

There is nothing that any European navy so strictly guards as the code book. If a copy disappears in any way the whole code is destroyed and a new one compiled and published. The necessity of such precautions in case of war is obvious to anybody. The United States despatch agent in London is nominally Newton Crane, a practicing lawyer, who came here more than a quarter of a century ago. The real incumbent is an English clerk, and through his hands pass all the letters and documents between the embassy and all the American officials in Great Britain and Washington.

European statesmen are glad to believe that America's policy is for peace now and for evermore. They are just a little puzzled, however, to understand why she should maintain any policy that she feels that she can disregard all the ordinary precautions.

Year after year before the commencement of the London season hopes and prophecies are heard that now at last the lengthy and brilliant season of before South African war days will be seen again. Year by year these hopes have been blighted and the prophecies falsified. This year the hopes were higher than ever. The glories of the past were to be revived for sure, but disappointment followed and critics within and without society, with a big S, are now agreed that the London season is fast sinking into the category of glorious pasts.

A society writer laments the fact that the season must now be recognized as a thing both shorter and far less brilliant than it was in the days of its glory. The middle class distinctions here nowadays may be said to hardly exist, or at any rate that they are extremely elastic. Provided that one has a certain amount of money, one may emulate the pleasures, fashions and follies of any class. The inmost ranks of society, however, are inaccessible to outsiders, as in any former epoch, but the outer circle has long since thrown down any barriers that it may have possessed, and day after day hordes of invaders join the throng just within the walls.

In plain English, the middle classes have risen up and asserted their rights to enter society and as a preliminary step have invaded London during the season. Society, in consequence, is withdrawing from the omnium gathum of June and July in the metropolis and is becoming more and more content to be out of the heat and flurry in the loveliest months of the year. Where formerly it spent an uninterrupted three months in Mayfair, it is now content with six short weeks, including Ascot and the majority of the week ends spent in the country.

There are fewer big balls, fewer dinners, and hardly any brilliant routs such as Diarail loved to describe. Great hostesses show less inclination to be tied to definite dates long in advance. Hastily arranged festivities have the advantage that none but those really desirable need be asked, "everything arranged on the spur of the moment" being a convenient explanation to those who are left out. The shortness of the season is now such a serious factor in its decline as to make it seem to many hardly worth while going at all. But that once admitted being the unnumbered bachelor feels the change. He used to dine out every night in the season, but now in the day of restaurant dinners he has to entertain himself, and unless he is a good bridge player he soon drops out. If he doesn't play at all he may make up his mind to be an one dead to society.

MONEY IS SCARCE. Moreover, there is in society a distinct tightness of money. The great landed proprietors feel the depreciation in land. The war in South Africa is still responsible for much enforced economy and the Stock Exchange is notoriously depressed. Certain great families soar above all such considerations, and the Hebrew South African magnates, not to mention the plutocratic traders who have arrived at high places, do their best to keep the ball rolling and set money in circulation. But they are outnumbered everywhere among the initiated and that some of them the most high placed I have fallen upon evil days, that the estates of certain of the most mighty of all are mortgaged to the hilt to keep pace with gambling fancies.

Such a state of affairs naturally affects the glory of the London season. King Edward and Queen Alexandra do their part nobly in the interests of trade. To withstand the ebb tide his Majesty has set his face against the weekend habit, and as often as is consistent with the dignity of the Sovereign he honors his personal friends with his presence at social events. Then, no doubt, the great increase of luxury has effected a curtailment of the season, for it is only the immensely rich who can keep the ball rolling at the present scale of expenses for longer than a few weeks at a time. A great many country people who in former years rented a house from May to August now prefer a brief stay of one crowded month of glorious life at a Hyde Park hotel, with a vast devious trouble. But, with various causes killing the Lon-

don season, the average educated member of the upper classes known as society, being in spite of detractors of the smart set a person of fairly cultivated mind and wide interests, the possibilities that motoring has opened out to the most intelligent people are simply limitless. There are speed lunatics and motor maniacs, but these are in the minority. The majority values the open air life and the increased knowledge of men at the country houses "at home" and over crowded dances are apt to go by the board in consequence.

THE AMERICAN COLONY. Miss Reid, daughter of the American Ambassador, will have an opportunity to shine as hostess at Dorchester House on July 25, when the Ambassador will give a dinner and dance. In addition to being the last function of Mr. Reid's season, it will also be a sort of farewell party to Miss Reid, as she will sail to the United States early in August. To her mother and her grandfathers, it is Mr. Reid's intention to make this final affair the most important of the season, and the invitation lists seem with the biggest names in London society.

Following Miss Reid's departure London will see very little of the American Ambassador for the rest of the summer. He will take up his residence at West Park and come to London only when it is absolutely necessary. The strain of entertaining has told severely upon the nose too robust health of Mr. Reid and he feels the need of rest. After the Fourth of July reception he was an exhausted man, but his love of entertaining is so great that his family had the greatest difficulty in preventing him from overtaxing his strength.

Lady Randolph Churchill now Mrs. Cornwallis West and formerly Miss Jennie Jerome of New York is about to publish a book of reminiscences. One critic expresses the hope that she will not be guilty of the besetting sin of writers of such works, namely, discretion. Few people unacquainted with the Churchills could be aware of the fact that Winston Churchill has a brother, John Strange Spencer Churchill, six years younger than the Liberal statesman, who is engaged on the Stock Exchange.

Judge Vernon M. Davis of New York is stopping at the Grand Hotel with his wife and family. He has been visiting the English courts and investigating the methods of doing business. He speaks very highly of the methods of English courts, and with the Churchills are rapidly of the selection of jurymen, and the clever manner in which the Judges control the court by keeping the point at issue well before counsel and the witnesses. Judge Davis intends to call the attention of his colleagues to some of these points when he returns to New York. He has also a good word to say for the attitude of lawyers toward the bench. Next week he will sit in the Criminal Court to hear the trial of Chicago Mayor, who shot Eddie Guerin. It is an especially interesting trial, this sample of English criminal procedure because he has had companions of Chicago Mayor and Eddie Guerin before him in his own court. After this Judge Davis will go to Scotland, where he hopes to meet his colleague, Judge Scott, at St. Andrews, where they will go golfing together and remain in Scotland for a month. Thence he will go to France, where he will remain until he sails for the United States, on September 21, on a distinguished party present at a musicale given by Mrs. Frank Mackay on Monday night at her home on Curzon street. The house was beautifully decorated with hydrangeas, orchids and roses. Among those present were the Princess Hatzfeldt, Prince and Princess Liechtenstein, Lady Paget, Mrs. Nordica, Cora Lady Strafford, Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Chaurand, Mr. and Mrs. Ridgely Carter, Mrs. Cunaud, Lord and Lady Craven, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont, Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin, Lady Newborough and Mrs. Ronalds. On the previous Saturday Mrs. Mackay feared that she would be obliged to cancel the musicale, as her father, who is in America, was in very poor health, but on Sunday she received a cable containing reassuring news. The artists who performed were Selam Kurz and San Marco, while Marie Tempest and A. E. Matthews gave that delightful dialogue "The Creature of Impertinence." This was the great entertainment of Mrs. Mackay for this season. She has now gone to Ostend to join her husband, who is playing polo. Afterward they will go to Trouville and thence to America.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR MARRIAGE OF SENATOR BEVERIDGE—QUEEN WILHEMINA. BERLIN, July 20.—Senator Beveridge of Indiana will be married by the British Chaplain, I. H. Fry, at the flat of Mr. Spencer Eddy on Hohenzollernstrasse on or about August 4. The baptism of Mr. Eddy's recently born infant will take place at the same time. It is possible, however, that the marriage ceremony will be conducted by Dr. Fry's substitute, as the former intends leaving Berlin on August 5. Before the wedding at Mr. Eddy's house there will be a formal civil marriage at the city registration office, in accordance with the German law.

George Birkhoff, Jr., the Dutch Consul-General at Chicago, speaks in the highest admiration of Queen Wilhelmina of the Netherlands, with whom he had a three hours conversation recently. He says he found her a woman of clear and powerful mind. She showed the greatest interest in the Dutch citizens of the United States and appeared to be closely acquainted with the trade relations of the two countries. She told Mr. Birkhoff that Rotterdam was well supplied with harbor and dock accommodations that the Netherlands had been able to hold their own up to the present in trade with the United States in fourth place, following Great Britain, Germany and France.

Mr. Birkhoff was greatly struck with the evident unbounded love of the Queen for her husband, Prince Henry. George Horton, the American Consul-General at Athens, is about to take a leave of absence and go to the United States, where he will deliver a series of lectures dealing with his observations and experiences in modern Greece. Albert W. Harris, a banker and broker of Chicago, who has been here for some time, is on his way to Carlsbad. He says he is quite satisfied with the trade conditions between the United States and Germany. At the same time he believes that the tendency of both countries is to go cautiously and avoid getting into deep water. He thinks that there is a widespread feeling of uneasiness as to some great impending change, perhaps a reaction from the long continued prosperity. He admits that there is no obvious cause for such a feeling, unless it is the chronic fear of war which is now besetting Europe.

Among the week's visitors to Berlin have been C. A. Franzen, a lumberman of New York; E. C. Warriner, superintendent of schools of Saginaw, Mich.; A. M. Belfield of Chicago; Mr. and Mrs. Basil Gordon of Washington, D. C.; Robert Hollister Chapman and wife of New York; J. W. W. Leggett and wife of Detroit, Mich.; Dr. A. C. Schloesser of Hollywood, Cal.; E. B. Osborne of New York; Mr. and Mrs. M. T. Stout of Baltimore; F. W. Cahen and wife of Baltimore; Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Osborne of Cleveland, Ohio; G. H. Noyes of Boston; Mrs. A. F. MacArthur of Chicago; Mrs. R. Summerville of Chicago, H. D. Tannenbaum of San Francisco, Mrs. M. C. Foster and Miss Ward Pierson of Philadelphia.

Senator Latimer of South Carolina returned on Saturday from St. Petersburg, where he has spent a week. Mrs. and Miss Latimer, with Mrs. and Miss Burnet, wife and daughter of Congressman Burnet, arrived from Vienna a few days ago. Among the artists engaged for the Irving Place Theatre in New York are Fraulein Hedwig and Reicher and Messrs. Collet, Laube, Marlow and Sauerman. The American jockey Shaw is about to quit the Weinberg stable at the Hoppegarten.

CASTRO AT PUERTO CABELLO. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. WILLEMSTADT, CURAÇAO, July 18 (delayed).—A despatch from Caracas says that Tuesday President Castro embarked for Puerto Cabello to inspect the dock and fort there. He was accompanied by his wife and a physician.

THE WEATHER. There was an area of low pressure passing over the St. Lawrence Valley yesterday morning, with a dip of depression over the Middle Atlantic States, and showers from Delaware to Massachusetts; elsewhere over the country air weather prevailed. The pressure was high over all the interior, which assures fair weather in the Atlantic States for a day or two, as the entire area is moving this way. It was warmer in the Central States and Lake regions and in the extreme West and Southwest, and in the other districts there was little change. In this city the day was cloudy and showery, wind, light to fresh southerly; average humidity, 81 per cent; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 3 P. M., 29.97; 3 P. M., 29.96. The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table: 9 A. M., 19.7; 10 A. M., 20.7; 11 A. M., 21.7; 12 M., 22.7; 1 P. M., 23.7; 2 P. M., 24.7; 3 P. M., 25.7; 4 P. M., 26.7; 5 P. M., 27.7; 6 P. M., 28.7; 7 P. M., 29.7; 8 P. M., 30.7; 9 P. M., 31.7; 10 P. M., 32.7; 11 P. M., 33.7; 12 M., 34.7. HIGHEST TEMPERATURE, 60°, at 4 P. M. WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW: For eastern New York, partly cloudy to-day; fair to-morrow; light to fresh winds, mostly southerly. For New England, partly cloudy to-day; showers in eastern portion; fair to-morrow; light to fresh winds, mostly southerly. For the Middle Atlantic States, fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh winds, mostly southerly. For the Southern States, fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh winds, mostly southerly. For the Western States, fair to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; variable winds.

REQUIEM FOR POPE LEO XIII.

REMAINS NOT YET REMOVED TO ST. JOHN LATERAN.

GOSSIP OF THE WHITE AND BLACK COURT SEAS—PREDICAMENT OF THE ROSPIGLIOSI—DEATH OF A FRIEND OF AMBASSADOR MYERS—DEMOCRACY OF SAN MARINO.

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ROME, July 20.—Cardinal Agliardi celebrated a solemn requiem mass in the Sistine Chapel to-day for the repose of the soul of Pope Leo XIII. Pope Pius X., surrounded by all the members of the Sacred College, attended and gave his blessing at the catafalque.

It was believed until recently that this anniversary of Pope Leo's death would be celebrated in the Basilica of St. John Lateran, the body being removed from St. Peter's and solemnly entombed there. Pius X., however, ordained otherwise, though all preparation for the removal of the body had been made. The Pope is determined that the removal shall be made with the utmost secrecy and has reserved to himself the right to name the day and hour at which it shall take place.

Many newspaper men spent Friday night in St. Peter's Square, as it was rumored that the body would be carried to St. John Lateran during the early hours of the morning. Several windows of the Vatican were kept alight during the whole night. In the early morning of the 20th a wagon covered with tarpaulin and drawn by mules left the Vatican in a mysterious manner. The journalists, believing that it carried the body of the late Pope, hastened to telegraph the news, but the despatches were stopped by the censorship.

Afterward it was discovered that the wagon was loaded with the luggage of Cardinal Merry del Val, who is on his way to Castel Gandolfo. The lights in the Vatican were put to the preparation for Saturday's function in the Sistine Chapel. Cardinal Satolli assured the correspondents of THE SUN that the removal of the Pope's body will not take place within three days.

The Pope looked ill during this morning's requiem. He appeared to be sad and listless but it is announced that he has no symptoms of illness. He is grieving over the recent death of a brother-in-law. The monument to Pope Leo which is to be erected at St. John Lateran will shortly be delivered by the sculptor Tadolini to the commission of Cardinals to whose expense it is to be erected.

The Princess Rospiogliosi has returned to her palace at Rome. Her accouchement is expected shortly. The Princess, who was divorced from her former husband, Mr. Parkman of San Francisco, is not very popular in Roman society, especially the black, or Vatican, set, probably owing to the fact that her marriage with the Prince has never been recognized by the Church. According to Roman gossip, the Princess was only married civilly. Such a marriage is valid in law but is not recognized by the Church.

Several attempts have been made by friends of Prince Rospiogliosi, who are credited with great influence at the Vatican to persuade the Pope to allow a religious marriage to be performed, but as this is only possible in case the former marriage of the Princess is annulled, for which there seems to be no ground, the Pope has been obstinate. The Princess gave birth to a girl two years ago. It is earnestly hoped that the coming baby will be a boy, lest the Rospiogliosi family should become extinct. In the event of a boy being born another attempt will be made to have the marriage recognized by the Church, but the result is very doubtful.

Count Pietromarelli, a prominent member of Roman society, died of consumption this week at the age of 31. He was one of the Papal Noble Guards, but frequented both the White, Quirinal, and the Black, or Vatican, sets and was a great favorite with Mr. Myers, the former Ambassador to Italy, and Mrs. Myers. Evidently wishing to reciprocate their hospitality, he entertained Mrs. Myers at one day at the Vatican, where he was on duty. The Pope on hearing of this said that as the apostolic constitutions prevented him from entertaining his own sisters at the Vatican he failed to see how a member of the Noble Guard could use the Vatican for any such purpose, the more so as members of the diplomatic body accepted the Quirinal and their wives were not supposed to enter the Vatican, much less to receive the hospitality of its officials. The Count accordingly was severely reprimanded and sentenced to a month's arrest. The Vatican was probably not very well guarded, as he managed to leave and go to Spain in Ambassador Myers's automobile. Unfortunately the car had a collision, and the result was that all the names of the parties were published in the papers. The Count was then suspended for two years, at the end of which time, despite the intercession of Cardinals and friends and Mr. Myers he was dismissed, permission to resign being refused.

Mgr. Kennedy, rector of the American Academy, and all the students, who now number more than 150, left Rome last Monday to spend their holidays at the Castel Gandolfo.

G. W. Breck, director of the American Academy, will spend the entire summer in Rome superintending the erection of the new building on the pier to which the academy has been transferred. The academy was inaugurated last spring.

The Republic of San Marino, the smallest State in the world, has grown very democratic since the Liberal party succeeded in participating in the election of two Magistrates or captains who represent the Chief Executive. Prastic changes have been made in the Constitution, such as the abolition of superior ranks in the republican army, which numbers about seventy persons all told. The commander-in-chief will in future be a Captain and not a General, while Colonels, Majors and Brigadiers will henceforth be unknown.

The citizens are well satisfied with this democratic move, but another reform has proved unsatisfactory. In conformity with the time and republican principles titles of nobility, which have hitherto been conferred by the republic on foreigners on payment of rather a high sum, have been abolished. The citizens realized that this would inevitably lead to higher taxation to make up the loss of revenue, when no more titles could be sold. The Liberals are accused by their enemies of voting for the abolition of a hint from the Vatican, which is now the only State dealing in titles of nobility. An affectionate letter recently sent by the Pope to his "children" at San Marino is pointed out as proof of the gratitude of the Vatican for the action of the people.

Quida, unknown, and ignored in Italy until last week, is now an everybody's tongue and has the sympathy of everybody in her hard lot. A public subscription for her benefit is already mooted. A Socialist paper commenting on this points out in pessimistic style that when a subscription was started to present a crib to the Crown Prince the King had to pay another subscription to the earthquake

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Saks & Company. Herald Square. Broadway, 334 to 34th St.

Clearance Sale of Suits, Dresses and Skirts For Women. Linen Coat Suits. Prince Chap model of white linen, \$7.75. Plain skirt with folds. Formerly \$12.50. Plait tailored or embroidered models, in white, tan, golden brown or light blue. Formerly \$22.50 to \$27.50.

White Serge Suits. Prince Chap model; full plaited skirt with folds. Formerly \$35.00. Wool Suits. Of plain and fancy materials. Formerly \$15.00. At \$7.50. Formerly \$25.00 to \$37.50. At \$12.50.

Lingerie Dresses. A wide range of Princess models, fashioned of imported batistes, mulls, Swisses and linens in white, pink or light blue. Formerly \$10.50 to \$12.50. At \$6.90. Formerly \$16.50 to \$20.00. At \$9.50. Formerly \$25.00 to \$32.50. At \$14.75. Formerly \$37.50 to \$45.00. At \$24.00. Formerly \$48.50 to \$55.00. At \$29.00. Formerly \$75.00 to \$85.00. At \$48.00.

Princess Slips. Of China Silk. Formerly \$8.90. At \$5.00. Clearance Sale of Summer Waists for Women. Fine Lawn Waists, elaborate embroidery designs. Value \$1.75, at \$9c. Sheer Lawn Waists, fronts of all-over Swiss embroidery and French tucks. Value \$2, at \$1.25.

Waists of French Batiste and Sheer White Lawn, with lace and embroidery. Value \$2.50, at \$1.50. Waists of Fine Batiste and Sheer White Lawn, in a variety of models. Value \$3.50, at \$1.98. Waists of Sheer Batiste, insertions of embroidery and lace; lace-trimmed back. Value \$3.95 at \$2.95. White China or Taffeta Silk Waists, in a variety of styles and colors. Value \$5.95 and \$4.95, at \$2.95. China Silk or Lace Waists, in white and colors—very attractive styles. Value \$5, at \$3.45.

Clearance Sale of Corsets. C/B Corsets, white batiste and vented; medium hips, high bust. Value \$1, 79c. W. B. Corsets, embroidered lingerie, with hose supporters, attached on front and hips; high bust, tapering waist. Value \$3, \$1.95. "The Pleasurist," an imported corset of plain and fancy broche and batiste; short or long model; slender hips and medium high bust. Value \$11.50, \$6.90.

A complete assortment of girdles and brassieres for tennis, bathing or boating wear. Clearance Sale of Veils for Women. Of dotted maline, with plaited border, in pink, blue, tan, white or black. Value \$2.95, \$1.25. Of Chantilly lace, in purple, red, green, pink or black. Value \$4.50, \$2.98. Chiffon Auto Veils, 3 yards long, white or colored centres, polka dot borders, in sky, pink, brown, navy or mauve. Value \$3.75, \$2.98.

Clearance Sale of Bath Robes for Men. Imported German Terry Bath Robes, generously cut garments in figured designs on light or dark grounds. Formerly \$5, \$3.95.

Clearance Sale of Washable Suits and Dresses For Girls and Misses. Washable Dresses for Girls. Of white and colored lawns, chambrays, gingham, linens and madras, embracing low and high neck styles in a wide range of models; sizes 5 to 14 years. Formerly \$2.50 to \$2.75. At \$1.48. Formerly \$2.95 to \$3.50. At \$1.98. Formerly \$3.75 to \$4.50. At \$2.48. Formerly \$5.00 to \$5.50. At \$2.95.

Also of fine imported gingham, embroidered lawns and other fancy washable fabrics; sizes 5 to 14 years. Formerly \$6.50 to \$8.50. At \$4.95. Formerly \$9.50 to \$12.50. At \$6.90. Formerly \$14.50 to \$16.50. At \$8.75. Washable Coat Suits for Girls. Of linens in white, pink or light blue (Sizes 6 to 14 years). Formerly \$7.50, \$3.50. Of imported raps and linens (Sizes 6 to 14 years). Formerly \$9.75 to \$15.00, \$6.90.

Lingerie Dresses for Misses. Of lawns, organdies, mulls and batistes in white or colors, lace or embroidery trim-med. Formerly \$9.50 to \$12.50, \$6.90. Tailored Coat Suits for Misses. Of imported washable rep in white, pink, light blue, tan or cream; Prince Chap coat and full plaited skirt with folds; sizes 14 to 18 years. Regularly \$14.00. At \$7.75.

Also of imported reps and linens in white and colors; numerous models; sizes 14 to 18 years. Formerly \$17.50 to \$22.50, \$7.50. Jumper Skirts for Misses. Washable plaited Skirts of white rep with embroidery trimmed jumper. Formerly \$6.50, \$3.95.

Clearance Sale of Low Shoes for Women. \$6 Low Shoes at \$3.85. Tan, Russia, patent leather, dull kid, English walking pumps, 2-button pumps or Gibson ties. \$5 Low Shoes at \$2.85. Tan Russia calf, tongue pumps, patent leather Gibson ties, 2-button pumps; dull kid or gun-metal, button or Gibson ties; glazed kid Oxford ties, white buckskin Gibson ties. \$3 Low Shoes at \$1.85. Patent leather, dull or glazed kid; white duck or canvas; pumps; Gibson, Christy or Oxford ties.

Clearance Sale of Wardrobe Trunks. Made of selected basswood, duck covered, hard fibre binding, narrow French slats, steel trimmings brasses, entirely riveted, excelsior lock; ample space for 16 skirts and 14 waists; also separate compartments for linen, shoes, hats, etc. Regularly \$37.50, at \$25.00.

Clearance Sale of Boas for Women. Of maline, net, chiffon or liberty silk, in black, navy, gray, light blue, champagne or white and brown. Value \$3.45 to \$4.85 at \$2.95. Value \$5.25 to \$6.50 at \$3.50. Value \$6.50 to \$8.50 at \$4.50. Value \$8.50 to \$11.50 at \$5.75. Round or pointed yokes of Venice or filet lace. Value \$1, at 50c.

Clearance Sale of Partly-Made Robes for Women. Of batiste or mull, all white or white with colored embroidery. Value \$73.00, at \$39.00. Value \$13.50, at \$6.90. Value \$19.75, at \$12.50. Value \$25.50, at \$17.50. Value \$42.00, at \$24.50.

ROW IN SUBLIME PORTE. Revolver and Dagger Used in the Department of the Grand Vizier. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, July 20.—A news agency despatch from Constantinople says that an affray occurred to-day in the Grand Vizier's Department of the Porte in which a revolver and a dagger were used. One person was slightly wounded in the arm. The aggressor was arrested.

J. H. SMITH'S ENGLISH ESTATE. Only \$12,050—Will Probated in London Yesterday. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LONDON, July 20.—Probate of the will of the late J. H. Smith was granted to-day to Sir G. A. Cooper, who married Mary Emma Smith, daughter of George Smith, uncle of J. H. Smith, from whom the latter inherited his fortune. The English estate is valued at \$12,050.

Earthquake at Aden. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. ADEN, July 20.—Two earthquake shocks which lasted but a few seconds were felt at 8:37 o'clock this morning. The damage was slight.

CRASH IN THE MERSEY. The Steamer Dublin Hits the Winifredan From Boston. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. LIVERPOOL, July 20.—A collision was reported in the Mersey to-day between the steamships Dublin and Winifredan. The Winifredan is a Leyland liner and left Boston on July 10 for Liverpool.

Admiral Schley's Plans. SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. COPENHAGEN, July 20.—Rear-Admiral Schley, retired, who is now in St. Petersburg, has announced that he will visit the Scandinavian countries next week. A great reception by the naval authorities will be accorded to him.

Clearance Sale of Washable Suits and Dresses For Girls and Misses. Washable Dresses for Girls. Of white and colored lawns, chambrays, gingham, linens and madras, embracing low and high neck styles in a wide range of models; sizes 5 to 14 years. Formerly \$2.50 to \$2.75. At \$1.48. Formerly \$2.95 to \$3.50. At \$1.98. Formerly \$3.75 to \$4.50. At \$2.48. Formerly \$5.00 to \$5.50. At \$2.95.

Also of fine imported gingham, embroidered lawns and other fancy washable fabrics; sizes 5 to 14 years. Formerly \$6.50 to \$8.50. At \$4.95. Formerly \$9.50 to \$12.50. At \$6.90. Formerly \$14.50 to \$16.50. At \$8.75. Washable Coat Suits for Girls. Of linens in white, pink or light blue (Sizes 6 to 14 years). Formerly \$7.50, \$3.50. Of imported raps and linens (Sizes 6 to 14 years). Formerly \$9.75 to \$15.00, \$6.90.

Lingerie Dresses for Misses. Of lawns, organdies, mulls and batistes in white or colors, lace or embroidery trim-med. Formerly \$9.50 to \$12.50, \$6.90. Tailored Coat Suits for Misses. Of imported washable rep in white, pink, light blue, tan or cream; Prince Chap coat and full plaited skirt with folds; sizes 14 to 18 years. Regularly \$14.00. At \$7.75.

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