

HUGHES FOR REASON

CAPRICIOUS GOVERNMENT A POISON TO US ALL.

The Governor Avails Direct Politics in Speech at Chautauque, but Has Something to Say About Emotions in Control and Judgment Without Passion.

BUFFALO, Aug. 24.—Gov. Hughes this afternoon addressed 6,000 persons in the Casino in the assembly grounds at Chautauque. His text was that there is no reason to worry about the future of the American people, and the enthusiasm of his audience was a fair guarantee that there isn't.

The Governor went to Chautauque last night from Saratoga Springs. He arrived at Chautauque this morning. Frank W. Stevens of the State Public Utilities Commission and Mayor Weeks of Jamestown entertained him at luncheon.

The Governor early in the evening came to Buffalo. At the Pennsylvania station there was quite a rivalry to secure the fare. Buster Delahunt thought he had him safe in his cab when a plain young fellow with apparently some military training stepped in and secured the ticket.

At Chautauque Gov. Hughes said in part: The typical American does not seek leisure, he works. To secure leisure is not his activity. We turn, after making all necessary allowances for ignorance, selfishness and vice, we still find throughout the country, dominant and pervasive, the note of energy and restlessness.

I believe that the moral standards of the American people are higher than those of any other people. Considering the tremendous increase in the opportunities for wrongdoing, the seductive and refined temptations and the materialistic appeals that are incident to our present mode of life, and the materialistic influences which inventors and consumers have made possible, I believe that the manner in which the ethical development of the people has kept pace with their progress in other directions may fairly be called extraordinary.

Cynics have no audience in this country. Devotion to duty and strictness in honorable obligation to both individual and public are not hypocritically preached, but are the sincere and insistent demand of the American people from one end of the land to the other.

Our country may be likened to a man of excellent constitution and native vigor who is determined by a proper system of hygiene and suitable rules of conduct to correct disorders in his system and come as closely as possible to perfect health.

Confidence depends upon the assurance of stability. By stability is not meant fixity of things or relations, but steadiness. It may be steadiness in motion. Progress is as it may seem, human society cannot be stable unless it is progressive.

Reason demands the facts. By the requirement of publicity is not meant scrappy sensationalism or distorted sensationalism. The demand that public affairs and business which is of a public nature because of its relation to the public interest shall be conducted in the light of day, and that the public shall have the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth, is a demand that concerns them.

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for office. Party organization must find its bond of union in devotion to certain common principles. There are relatively few communities in which it can longer hope to win public support if its political power is devoted to the advancement of the selfish interests of its members.

We shall always need political leadership. But leadership and organization to recommend themselves to public confidence must be based on the basis of self-service. Let there be no vague fears about the outcome. I place full confidence in the sobriety and integrity of motive of the American people. I have profound belief in their ability to secure justice without disturbing their prosperity. I am convinced that we shall have more and more intelligent and unselfish representation of the people's interest; that political leadership will be tested more and more by the soundness of its counsel and the disinterestedness of its ambition.

MRS. TRIGGS GETS DIVORCE.

COURT PRES HER FROM THE FORMER PROFESSOR IN CHICAGO UNIVERSITY.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—Judge Chetlain late this afternoon signed a decree granting a divorce to Mrs. Laura Triggs, wife of Oscar L. Triggs, former professor in Chicago University. Mrs. Triggs is allowed to resume her maiden name and gets the custody of the son, Edmund Triggs.

The decree was signed after the Court had decided that the fact that Mrs. Triggs now in Paris, France, did not deprive him of jurisdiction in the case. Escapes of the professor with various women were mentioned in the papers submitted. Minnette Fagan was named as one of the women with whom Prof. Triggs was intimate.

NEW SIX MASTER LAUNCHED.

THE MERRIT B. CROWLEY IS THE TWELFTH IN THE FLEET OF COASTWISE TRANSPORTATION CO.

ROCKLAND, Me., Aug. 24.—Rockland contributed the largest vessel ever built in her yards to the Atlantic coast service to-day with the launching of the six masted schooner Merrit B. Crowley, christened by the wife of Capt. J. G. Crowley, manager of the Coastwise Transportation Company.

ROBBED, SAY SISTERS POLIION.

THEY STEPPED OUT TO SEE A FIRE AND LOI \$800 IN JEWELRY VANISHED.

HOLDUP AT SOUTH FERRY.

TWO MEN TACKLE FREDERICK G. FRANK ON THE ELEVATED STAIRWAY.

TILLMAN BECOMES DOLEFUL.

PEARS MISSOURI, KENTUCKY AND MARYLAND WILL BECOME REPUBLICAN PERMANENTLY.

WASHINGTON COURT HOUSE, Ohio, Aug. 24.—Senator Tillman, who spoke here so weakly, regrets to see that there are so few Democrats in the Democratic ranks in the North.

There is only one great man in the Democratic party in the North, and that man is William J. Bryan.

In discussing the Republican outlook in the South he said: "If things keep on at the present rate the States of Missouri, Kentucky and Maryland will be reliably Republican in a few years. The influx of colored Republicans into the States named from States further south to work in the coal mines and other industries is the cause of this transformation of those once reliably Democratic States into the Republican columns. It appears that the Democrats have nothing with which to offset this increase in the Republican voting population."

Senator Tillman in referring to San Francisco expressed the opinion that it would be a woman in the Democratic ranks in the city. He said that he had seen the entire country during the year, and the present prosperity was the greatest in the history of the country.

READY TO WELCOME SMALL

COMMITTEE OF FIFTY GREET TELEGRAPHERS' HEAD HERE.

He Is Due to Speak in a Meeting of Strikers Today.—The Western Union Company Isn't Opposed to Union Labor but It Does Want to Run Its Own Business.

A committee of fifty men was appointed at a meeting of the striking telegraphers at Everett Hall in East Fourth street yesterday to meet President Small on his arrival from Chicago this morning. Small is scheduled to speak at a special meeting of the strikers in Everett Hall this afternoon.

Dividers Brooks of the Western Union Company said yesterday that while the officials of the company did not think the organization of the employees in a confidential businesslike telegraph was a good thing, he did not want the impression to go abroad that the company is fighting organized labor. So long, however, as the union did not interfere with the business of the company, he said, there was a disposition to tolerate it and permit it to take its course.

Regarding the mailed telegrams shown on Friday by Chief Strategist Russell, he said: "I have made a little investigation and find that E. W. Place, who sent one of the telegrams, is a union operator. I did not think it necessary to investigate any further. The telegrams mailed have been sent to the Ozone Park office after the operator there had left. That sort of thing would be like what the strikers would do. As far, however, as we are concerned the strike is over. There may be men among the strikers we would like to have back, but we will make no special efforts to get them back."

Chief Strategist Russell of the telegraphers said yesterday that there was no merit in the argument of Supt. Brooks of the Western Union Company that the men joining a union was a menace to the privacy of the business. "We might apply the same argument to the officials of the company," he said. "They have far more opportunities than the telegraphers to violate secrecy and far more incentive. It really does not seem to me to show a single case where a union telegrapher abused the confidence reposed in him. Can all the officials, large and small, say the same thing? I think not. To be fair, yet the wages of the telegraphers are lower than they were in 1870, when the cost of living was much less."

The first issue of the official organ of the strikers, appeared yesterday. Owing to the inability of the leaders to get a permit in time the proposed auction of the first hundred copies from the City Hall steps did not take place.

Daniel L. Russell is editor of the paper, which is to be issued every week. The cause of the demands of the telegraphers are as follows: "Fifteen per cent. advance in wages; equal pay for equal work; women telegraphers are now paid only half as much as men on an eight-hour day; free typewriters and real, not mock arbitration," are set forth in the first article.

Vice-President E. M. McLennon of Local No. 16 took charge of the meeting of the strikers in Everett Hall. Resolutions of thanks to Charles F. Murphy for subscribing \$1,000 to the strike fund were passed. Copies of the resolutions are to be sent to Mr. Murphy and all the Tammany Hall district leaders.

A meeting of telegraph clerks and messengers will be held at Everett Hall this afternoon to form a union.

SMALL LEAVES CHICAGO.

Coming Here for a Brief Stay—Tainted Money Cry by Mother Jones.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—S. J. Small, president of the National Telegraphers Union, left for New York on the Twentieth Century Limited this afternoon and will reach there tomorrow morning. He said he had no plans of arbitration. He will make his New York headquarters in the city.

When the contribution to the strikers from New York City was announced yesterday afternoon Mother Jones shouted that Tammany money was tainted. President Small said that he would make no overtures to the telegraph companies and said that he would return to Chicago early next week.

FELTON NOT LIKELY TO GO.

Unofficial Statement That He Will Not Give Up the Altair's Presidency.

CHICAGO, Aug. 24.—The probability of the retirement of President S. H. Felton of the Chicago and Alton Railway, following the transfer of the control of the road from the Rock Island to the Clover Leaf, was denied unofficially in Chicago to-day, as also was the statement that the transfer was provisional, to become effective as soon as the Federal Administration decided not to fine the Alton in the Standard Oil rebate case.

The denial came from one of the attorneys of the road, who said he was not authorized to speak officially. "President Felton is not opposed by any of the interests concerned in the ownership and management of the road, as far as I can see," he said. "I do not believe he will be superseded. All of the details of the transfer of the controlling part of the road's stock took place in New York."

Pittsburg Ward Politician Arrested for Theft.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 24.—Bernard McKenna of the Ninth ward, Pittsburg, one of the city's political leaders, was arrested last night on a charge of larceny, it was alleged that he, in company with Dick Wiseman, a local pugilist, had stolen a diamond ring from a woman in a resort near the city. Councilman George Anderson gave bail for both McKenna and Wiseman, neither of whom appeared at the hearing this morning.

TERRORIST TRIAL ODDITIES.

Police Chief's Sore Feet—Confession Hysterically Withdrawn—Torture Tales.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 24.—The prosecution evidently feels its weakness in the court-martial of the eighteen persons accused of conspiring against the life of the czar and is attempting to involve the whole revolutionary party, including the members of the Duma. In order to do this they believed that the evidence of Col. Gurasimov, chief of the secret police of St. Petersburg, was necessary. He refused to come to the court on account of sore feet and therefore to-morrow the eighteen accused persons, fifteen barristers and the entire court and jury, will go to his house which is situated a mile from the prison. The accused persons will be transferred in the dead of night from the prison to the house.

To-day Narmoff, one of the accused, with cries and hysterical shrieks asserted that he had lied against Nikitenko and Purkin at the preliminary inquiry when he said that their purpose was to kill the czar. He was persuaded to do this, he said, under a threat of execution and by a false promise of his father and brother that he would not be dismissed from the service of the czar. Now he did not fear death and only desired that the truth be known.

Purkin in a long statement explained that, being a stepson of a police commissaire, he had from childhood witnessed scenes of horror in the torture of prisoners. He related how he himself had been brutally beaten by Cossacks and banished within the Arctic Circle for joining too heartily in the popular rejoicings which followed the famous October manifesto of two years ago. His life and experience have made him a terrorist.

His only idea in this instance was to propagate this idea among the troops. For this reason he desired to know Rati-moff, but after meeting him he understood that this was useless among the Cossack bodyguard, who were pampered soldiers of the czar.

FIGHT FOR ARAB CORPSES.

French Needed Exhibits to Stop Dangerous Superstitious Belief.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Aug. 24.—A fight is being waged in Casablanca to the Mafin dated Friday says: "Although the full moon's brightness renders the searchlights of the cruiser Gloire almost superfluous the night attacks continue. These are repulsed with loss to the assailants, but never yet a corpse been found the next morning."

"This has been sufficient here to give birth to a report that the assailants are protected by Allah and are invulnerable to our bullets. Even the Spanish, keen fighters that they are, but Mussulmans before anything else, have begun to ask themselves if the Koranic traditions are not true and that only silver bullets are effective."

These reports have spread to such an extent that special efforts were made last night to secure some bodies. After the first firing had brought down some ten Moroccans about 11 o'clock, sharpshooters climbed the walls by ropes which had been placed in readiness, but on reaching the bodies had a bayonet fight with Moroccans who had returned to get the bodies.

After a struggle each side secured five bodies. The ones we captured were exposed and then buried, not as usually by Jews but by Moroccans, in the order that the report of the recovery of the bodies might spread."

LIMERICKS RUSH POST OFFICE.

Millions of Sixpenny Money Orders Involved in Latest British Craze.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 24.—The limerick competition craze in England has reached such a pitch as to put a real strain on the post office. A weekly paper with a small circulation started the craze a few weeks ago by printing four lines in a well known limerick form. Competitors were asked to supply the fifth line, accompanying it with a coupon and a sixpenny (12 cent) postal order.

The success of the scheme was immediate, and other papers and advertisers followed suit. The latest prize offered being \$15 a week for life. The demand for sixpenny orders was so great that the post office ran short and headquarters had to produce them by the million.

Yesterday 170,000 were issued. The normal demand is somewhat less than 100,000 a month. In the month of July 1,300,000 such orders were supplied, and up to yesterday the August total was 1,177,000.

UNIONISTS HOLD THEIR OWN.

Bury St. Edmunds Elects One in a By-Election on a Small Vote.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 24.—At the by-election at Bury St. Edmunds to-day the Hon. Walter Guinness, Unionist, received 1,631 votes and W. B. Yates, Liberal, 741 votes.

ENTERTAINING THE MAYFLOWER.

Mrs. Roosevelt Gives a Luncheon for Other Members of the St. Hilda Society.

OSTEN BAY, Aug. 24.—Mrs. Roosevelt, the wife of the President, gave a luncheon this afternoon on the Government yacht Mayflower to the members of the St. Hilda Society.

The yacht is lying off Plum Point. About thirty members of the society are aboard. The yacht from the Swanbush Yacht Club docked in one of the Mayflower's tenders, while another tender took Mrs. Roosevelt from the W. Emlen Roosevelt dock to the yacht.

For several years Mrs. Roosevelt, who is a member of the society, has given an annual entertainment of some kind to her fellow members.

TAFT ON OKLAHOMA ISSUES.

ADVISES REJECTION OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Addresses a Great Meeting and Tells Republicans to Delay the Statehood Project—He Says That He Doesn't Speak for the President in the Matter.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Aug. 24.—Secretary Taft addressed a great crowd here tonight in Convention Hall. The address gave intense satisfaction to the Republicans, practically all of whom are for immediate statehood but opposed to the Constitution as framed by the Democratic party, there having been 100 Democrats and only twelve Republicans in the constitutional convention.

Secretary Taft speaks straight from the shoulder. He asserted that if he were an Oklahoman he would vote against the Constitution in the election in September. This meant that he advocated the rejection of Statehood.

Secretary Taft disclaimed entirely any authority to speak for the President on the subject of the validity or invalidity of the Constitution for the reason that the function which the President performed was a judicial one. He commented first on the initiative and referendum clause, which he said went further in this regard than any referendum provision tried or adopted in any State in the Union. He approved of the referendum principle in local option laws and for the determination of the conferring of franchises. He thought that to introduce such an entirely novel system and radical change generally was a doubtful experiment.

The Secretary commented on the provision which forbade consolidation of non-competing public service corporations, which would prevent the union of railroads in one line, a union and consolidation, he said, that had done much to facilitate railroad transportation the country over.

Secretary Taft also pointed out that the restriction upon the union of private corporations and of plants for the purpose of producing economy in production would prevent the growth of the State because combination of capital was just as necessary as combination of labor. He said that the best way to reach the will of combination of capital was by anti-trust laws and prosecutions.

Secretary Taft commented at length on the hyperboly of the framers of the initiative and referendum to make an instrument by which the will of the people should be ascertained pure and undefiled, and then by the mere political trickery of chicanery had adopted a plan by which there might be a majority of 50.000 for the Republican ticket in the State and yet a Democratic Legislature.

For these reasons the Secretary said that if he were a citizen of Oklahoma he would certainly vote for the rejection of the Constitution.

He brought him to the second issue, which was whether the Republican or Democratic State legislative ticket should be elected. He said a Republican State legislative ticket should be elected because if amended it would be proposed to the Constitution, and if the defects were to be eliminated, Republican legislation alone could be trusted to bring this about.

REASSURED BY JUDGE JONES.

Tells Railroad Men He Will Free Them if Arrested by the State.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Aug. 24.—Judge Thomas G. Jones of the United States Court to-day assured a delegation of railroad men who called on him at his office that they would be protected from indignities on the part of the State officers, and if arrested by any of them for failure to observe State railroad laws, under restraint by the Federal Court, those making the arrests would be arrested at once and punished severely. He made this formal statement:

"It is natural that you should be worried and indignant under the circumstances. It is an insult to any upright American citizen to threaten to look him up and to put him behind the bars like a common criminal when he has done no wrong whatever in order to get a roundabout test by a criminal in the way of a question in which he has no direct interest, the settlement of which he cannot control in any way, when it is pending in another court which alone has jurisdiction of the matter. If the court has told him he has done no wrong whatever in working for his daily bread on a railroad."

However divided the good people of Alabama may be as to the proper mode of transportation they have no sympathy in the effort to prosecute you in order to get a decision of that matter in the criminal court where it does not belong and take it away from the court where it does belong.

"A good many of these threats are mere newspaper talk. It is popular, or at least it is proper, to talk about arrests in your own violation of the orders of the court, but when they find out, as they will, that all good citizens are indignant at the result of the talk about arrests, and that you and all other laboring men, you will hear very little of it in future."

"In view of the threats that have been made, I am sure that you will be immediately released on habeas corpus and that you will be put on your feet by the order of this court will be severely punished so that he will remember it for a long time."

B. AND O. S. W. R. R. FINED.

Didn't Unload Live Stock in Compliance With Humane Animal Act.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 24.—Judge Thompson of the United States District Court decided to-day that under the humane animal quarantine laws, which demand that every twenty-eight hours shipments of live stock for water, food and rest. The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern brought to Cincinnati on one train eleven shipments of stock and kept the animals forty-five hours without water, food or rest. The Government filed separate suits for each shipment to recover in each the heavy penalty imposed.

The Baltimore and Ohio said there should be only one penalty imposed. It admitted that it was in violation of the law, but contended that the Government should impose only one penalty, holding that the court is not concerned with various shipments but with the operation of the train.

WHITE MEN AVENGE NEGRO.

Whom Another White Man Had Shot—Outcome of the Garbage Strike.

A crowd of white men attacked last night another white man who had shot a negro at Fifth street and West Forty-second street were prevented from using him roughly by the arrival of Lieuts. Fogarty and Reed of the Detective Bureau.

Send now for the PIANOLA PIANO Book

If you are summering out of town, send for the descriptive book of the Pianola Piano. Now will be a good time to look it over leisurely and familiarize yourself with this most popular of all musical instruments, which so many other people are buying.

Horner's Furniture THE STANDARD IN QUALITY AND STYLE. All the New Ideas. This is what our stock presents all the time, but more especially at the opening of each season, as now, when all lines are replete with the latest productions of the best expens of high class woodcraft.

WANTED A young man to take charge of the Advertising Department of Buchan's Soaps Corporation; one with experience and ability will receive a liberal salary. If you cannot SMILE and HUSTLE, do not apply.

BRYAN ANSWERS ROOSEVELT SAYS HE IS A VICTIM TO THE ENTREATIES OF RAILROADS. His Federal Incorporation Scheme Would Remove Them From Supervision by States—Calls on the Democrats to Resist This Kind of Centralization.

Morgan & Brother Storage Warehouses AND Moving Vans. 230, 232, 234 & 236 West 47th St., N. Y. Separate compartments for storage of furniture, pianos, paintings, baggage, etc. Furniture packed in best quality of material, shipped to all parts of the world. Freight advanced on goods consigned to our care.

CARL H. SCHULTZ'S ARTIFICIAL VICHY CARBONIC Selters & Co. 430-444 1st Ave., N. Y. MARRIED. TIFFANY-GORDON—August 22, in Christ Church, N. Y., on Thursday, August 22, 1907, Marion of the late Frank Howard and Adeline Wainwright Society.

UNDERTAKERS MERRITT Be Not Deceived WITH THE TELEPHONE BOOK WE ARE NOT EMBRALMING SCHOOLS The Stephen Merritt Burial Company HAS ONLY ONE PLACE Our Only Tel. 124-125—Chelsea, Rev. ST. WICK MERRITT, Pres. Vice-President and Manager.

CEMETERY BEAUTIFUL CEDAR GROVE CEMETERY A mile from 34th street ferry. Ready to receive the remains of the dead. Beautiful plots for sale and up to date cemetery. CEDAR GROVE CEMETERY, 1 Madison Ave., New York City.