

HUGHES ASKS FOR BROAD VIEW

OFFICIALS SHOULD IGNORE SPECIAL INTERESTS.

The Governor introduced at Washington County Fair as "the Next President"...

SANDY HILL, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Gov. Hughes came up from Albany this noon to open the Washington county fair...

The Governor was accompanied by his son, Charles E. Hughes, Jr., and Col. Trendwell, his military secretary...

"I have been sitting there in Albany trying to maintain a few principles of our democratic government and I have been appalled at the enormous mass of local special legislation which I had to sign...

"We had legislation of great importance during the session touching the vital interests of the people of the State. I believe that it would be hard to find a session of the Legislature in which so much general legislation of great importance was enacted...

"I believe that the way to deal with these matters is to understand them. The way to make the Government and its administration supreme is to show the people of the State that there is no corporate power or financial power that has any strength to defy the will of the people...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

"We are not going to be fooled by any of these people who tell us that they can't do these things and live under fair regulation. On the other hand, we are not going to prevent their doing these things by making absurd and impossible rules...

Correct Hats for Men Fall Styles will be issued To-morrow, Thursday, August 29. New York Chicago Philadelphia And Accredited Agencies in all Principal Cities of the World

ABDUL AZIZ ASSASSINATED?

London Hears Rumor of Death of the Sultan of Morocco.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Tangier correspondent of the Tribune telegraphs under the date of today that Sultan Abdul Aziz has been assassinated in the palace at Fez.

Mulai Abdul Aziz was born February 24, 1873, the son of a Circassian slave, and received a good education, which caused to spring up in him a fondness for Western civilization. His father, Mulai Hassan, died in 1894 and Abdul Aziz then succeeded to the throne.

The Government, however, was in the hands of the powerful Grand Vizier, Sidi-Ahmed ibn-Musa, and he gave the Sultan but little opportunity to put his ideas of reform into play. The Grand Vizier died in May, 1900, and then the Sultan began to run his Government after his own ideas.

One of the first moves he made was to improve the State prisons, which had become plague spots and where atrocious cruelties were practiced. He also caused to be lowered the onerous customs duties on foodstuffs carried from port to port in the empire. He welcomed European influence, especially that of the British. The greater part of the populace looked upon his reforms with dissatisfaction, especially the introduction of the railway and the automobile.

As a result of this feeling a growing hatred for foreigners in general was rapidly asserted, and in 1902 an English missionary was murdered by a fanatic in Fez. The Sultan caused his arrest and dragged him from a mosque, where he had sought refuge. The murderer was punished, but this didn't increase the Sultan's popularity with his fanatical people in the least. From this point the troubles of the empire developed rapidly, aided along by the activities of the Italian and Austrian-Algerian conferences last year resulted.

The European ideas of Abdul Aziz took a grotesque turn in his private life. He sought domestic French clocks and hundreds of other toys. One was a red handsome cab with green silk lining. He had the ladies of his harem taught bicycle riding and to take snapshots. Photographs of them in the palace gardens. Fabulous sums were paid for trash that was left to rot in the packing boxes when delivered in Morocco.

BATTLESHIPS FOR BRAZIL.

Three Dreadnaughts Said to Have Been Ordered in England.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 28.—The Chronicle recently announced that Russia had formulated a programme for the construction of battleships in English shipyards, involving \$15,000,000 insurance on launching and other risks.

It is now said that the contract is for the Brazilian Government, which has ordered from the Armstrongs two battleships, and from Vickers, Sons and Maxim one, all of the Dreadnought type.

GREEK BISHOP ARRIVES.

Catholic Church Dignitary on the Kaiser Wilhelm II.—Also a Mystery.

The North German Lloyd steamship Kaiser Wilhelm II., in yesterday from Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg, brought 887 cabin passengers, chiefly Americans who have been abroad on business or pleasure. The Right Rev. Stephen Soter Ortynski, first Bishop of the Ruthenian Greek Catholics of the United States, was met down the bay by United States clergy and laymen herabouts and escorted to his headquarters in the rectory of the Church of St. George in East Twentieth street.

Other passengers by the Kaiser were Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Carlisle, respectively son-in-law and daughter of Robert Pinkerton, who recently died aboard the steamship Bremen; Congressman Richard Barndt of St. Louis, a representative to the peace conference at the Hague; and Mrs. E. M. Dwyer, of the Dowager Duchess of Manchester, T. Hayes, Carstairs, Lewis Sherry, Dr. and Mrs. W. T. Bull, Prof. William M. Sloane, Robert A. M. Stark, James L. Lester, Eugene Higgins, whose yacht the Varuna, arrived here recently, and who declared that there was no truth in the rumors that he had Mme. Calvé, the singer, to marry her; John F. Carroll, former Tammany leader; E. H. Richard, Senator H. E. Burnham of New Hampshire; and Dr. Dwight D. Charles E. Wylie, the Marquis Prospero, Nobili de Vezanop and three Japanese army officers with a small compact parcel about which the romancers of the afternoon wove some mystery.

What was in the parcel the Japs declined to tell. It may have been collars and cuffs or things of that sort.

THE WEATHER.

The belt of low pressure from the West had its principal centre yesterday over northern Illinois and extended southwestward in secondary depressions over northern Texas and on the coast of California. Rain fell in the central valleys, Lake regions and toward the middle Atlantic States and New England.

In the south Atlantic and Gulf States the weather was generally fair. Day was partly cloudy and slightly cooler; wind, light west to northwest; average humidity, 54 per cent; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, 30.0; 2.00; 3.00; 4.00.

For New England, fair to morning; light westerly winds. For West Virginia, possibly thundershowers to day; fair to-morrow.

For western New York and western Pennsylvania, fair and continued cool to day and to-morrow; light westerly winds.

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and the District of Columbia, partly cloudy with occasional showers to day; fair to-morrow; not much change in temperature; light westerly winds.

For the United States, fair and continued cool to day and to-morrow; light westerly winds.

THE LIBERALS' IRISH FIASCO

PARLIAMENT ADJOURNS TO-DAY WITHOUT LEGISLATION.

Conditions of Revolt in 6 Counties—M. P. Arrested (After Cattle Drive)—46 Measures Enacted During Session—Lords Not Merely an Obstructive Body.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 27.—The British parliamentary session closed formally to-morrow. It has been notable chiefly for the persistent conflict between the upper and lower houses, but the fact that fifty-six legislative projects have been enacted in taken as doing the project for establishing a catholic university in Ireland had also to be abandoned.

The principal domestic measures are the establishment of a court of criminal appeal and an act intended to stop the drain of the rural population to the cities, which will facilitate the smaller yeoman class in becoming landholders.

The Government's chief legislative failures during the session were all concerned with Ireland, and they foreshadow another struggle in the British electorate on the question of the Union. The Irish Council's bill, which was framed moderately to conciliate the British Liberal-Unionists, had to be abandoned on the order of the Irish Catholic hierarchy and its parliamentary champion, Timothy J. Healy.

The project for establishing a catholic university in Ireland had also to be abandoned. In the last days of the session the Irish evicted tenants bill, which the House of Commons adopted with practical unanimity, was extensively amended by the House of Lords in the direction of limiting its scope. This conflict between Irish nationalism and English conservatism has already precipitated a new land campaign, and the Government announced to-night that six Irish counties, Roscommon, Clare, Galway, Leitrim, Kings and Longford, are in a state of disturbance requiring additional police.

James Patrick Farrell, Nationalist member of Parliament for the North Division of Longford, Ireland, and forty others were arrested at midnight, following upon anti-Sinn Fein speech made at Longford by the Earl of Granard, a Liberal member of the House of Lords.

The Sinn Feiners resented the Earl's remarks and a scuffle resulted between the supporters of Farrell and those of Granard, whose seat, Castle Forbes, is in the county of Longford.

A special court is being held at Longford to try the prisoners and hundreds of police are on their way to the town in anticipation of further trouble.

The arrests are a sequel to a cattle driving affair on August 18. Mr. Farrell and fifteen others were charged this afternoon at Longford. Police constables testified that they saw the accused driving away the cattle. Mr. Farrell, they said, directed the operations, especially an attack that was made upon the police when the latter attempted to interfere.

A despatch describes Longford as very much excited.

RUMORS OF DEATH WONT DIE.

Glasgow Sends London a Story of Young Violinist's Fate in the Alps.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 27.—Reports of the death of Francis Rex MacMillen, the American violinist, continue to circulate. A Glasgow despatch announced that he had been killed in the Alps. Yesterday telegrams from anxious friends were pouring into the office of Mr. MacMillen's London agent, who had received no news.

On August 20 private despatches were received in New York saying that Mr. MacMillen had started with a party three days previously to make the ascent of Mont Blanc and that he had not been heard of since. Hence it was believed that he had perished. Next day a despatch was received in London from Berne saying that Mr. MacMillen was safe and had met with no accident. Now London hears the way of Glasgow, that he has been killed.

Mr. MacMillen is 22 years old and is a native of Marietta, Ohio. He made his American debut at Carnegie Hall on December 11 last and a successful debut in London on June 9.

FINE ANDERSON OBSERVATIONS.

Prof. Todd Reports on Amherst Work on Saturn and Mars.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LIMA, Peru, Aug. 27.—Prof. David P. Todd of Amherst, head of the Lowell astronomical expedition which came to Peru last May to make observations from one of the summits of the Andes, said in an interview to-day that the expedition had been eminently successful.

They had a splendid observation of the eclipse of the sun, but their most important observations had been those of Saturn and Mars. The professor said he was preparing a book that would give an account of the results of the expedition.

CONGO VERDICT REVERSED.

Court of Appeals in Africa Upsets Result in Standard Label Suit.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 27.—A cable despatch from missionary sources states that the Rev. E. Stannard, who was convicted by the Congolese courts of criminal libel in June last year, has had the sentence reversed by the Court of Appeal at Boma.

Mr. Stannard had returned home, leaving word that he would appeal the appeal word by word. Great surprise was therefore expressed that the court should have dealt with it.

CHINESE CUSTOMS GROW.

Shanghai's Share of Increase Larger Than the Empire's Average.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. SHANGHAI, Aug. 27.—The total customs collections from April to June last were \$6,600,436.80, as compared with \$6,520,184.95 for the corresponding months in 1906. The receipts at this port were \$2,428,868.40, as against \$2,210,210.44.

BRITISH BATTLESHIP ALEAK.

The Commonwealth Damaged by Hitting Rock on Scotch Coast.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Aug. 27.—The British battleship Commonwealth was docked to-day at Davenport for repairs as a consequence of going on the rocks at Lamlash, on the west coast of Scotland, last Friday. The vessel was leaking badly.

The Commonwealth is a ship of 11,800 tons. She is 438 feet in length, has a beam of 71 feet and draws 24 feet 7 1/2 inches. She was laid down in June, 1902.

UNPRECEDENTED STORMS IN JAPAN.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. TOKYO, Aug. 27.—The storms, unprecedented in their violence for fifty years, continue and are doing much damage. Experts, however, are confident that no great harm has yet been done to the rice crop.

RUSSO-JAPANESE PEACE.

Clear Viewed for Surrendering Rights on the Pacific Coast.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 27.—The Moscow Vremya publishes a leading editorial to-day referring to remarks in the Moscow Octobrist paper, Golos Moskvy, regarding alleged secret clauses in the Russo-Japanese treaty. The Vremya says that evidently the article in the Golos is inspired by the Government with the desire of preparing the nation for the idea that giving the Japanese preponderance in the valley of the River Sungari does not involve any danger to Russia. The Vremya adds:

"However, we have by this treaty handed over to the Japanese a most valuable strategic position, the background of our territory on the Pacific coast, thus cutting it off from Russia. Russia's consent to Japan's possession of this Sungari valley will enable Japan to develop without hindrance the future navigation of the river. She will construct docks there which at the necessary moment may prove dangerous to all our Pacific coast possessions.

Japan will continue to invade our territories, not only on the side of the sea, but also inland by way of the rivers that enter the Amur. It is not likely that Japan in the near future will venture a repetition of the experience of 1905. Yet, allowing her to take possession of the Sungari so far alters the proportion of forces in her favor that all further relations will, *volens volens*, contribute to her advantage and our detriment.

TOKYO, Aug. 27.—Marquis Saionji, Premier of Japan, in to-day's Gazette instructed the heads of departments to exert their influence among the people to counteract the suspicions against the Russians in Japan, now prevalent, which have been manifested in many petty persecutions, continuing the recent murder of an alleged Russian spy. It is feared that such actions impair the present cordial relations between Japan and Russia.

The State Council to-morrow will receive Marquis Ito's report, which had been postponed on account of the interrupted communications throughout central Japan.

FRENCH PREPARE TO ATTACK.

Mules and Mountain Guns Laid at Casablanca—Appeal to the Powers.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. CASABLANCA, Aug. 27.—Despatches from Casablanca indicate that the political restrictions upon the French force there are being relaxed. Mountain artillery and many transport mules are being landed, which are not required by the present situation.

The police of the town have been strengthened by many native Algerian detectives, but the bulk of Casablanca's native population, amounting to 20,000, are still out in the country, practically the prisoners of the tribesmen within a twenty mile radius.

It is probable that shortly an expedition will be despatched against Tuddert, which the Moors are using as a place of concentration.

SAN SEBASTIAN, Spain, Aug. 27.—The Foreign Office says that the Government has received no official confirmation of the proclamation of Mulai Haddi, brother of the reigning Sultan, as Sultan of Morocco.

France and Spain have sent a joint note to the other signatory Powers of the Algeiras convention, asking that the organization of the international Moroccan police, provided for in the convention, be postponed until the rebellious tribes shall have been completely subdued.

The Spanish Government has decided to send two large warships, the battleship Carlos V. and the cruiser Princess de Asturias, to the Moroccan coast to replace the small warships now there. The Spanish garrisons of Ceuta and Melilla will not be increased, but 4,000 Spanish troops are ready to go to Morocco if necessary.

STUDENTS RIOT IN CALCUTTA.

Kick and Bite Police—Serious Disaffection in General.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN. CALCUTTA, Aug. 27.—The Nationalist movement among the students caused a riot here to-day in a police court. A great crowd of native students left their classes and went to the court to hear sentence passed on two "National Volunteers" who were charged with assaulting the police at a recent anniversary celebration.

The students began shouting Nationalist songs and jostling the police, who attempted to clear the court. After a fight the mob was driven into the street, where a free fight occurred in which the mounted police charged the rioters. Even then the students resisted, kicking and biting. Their determination was surprising in view of the traditional saying that the Bengalis have no courage.

Later in the day the disturbance was renewed when Bepin Chandra Lal, an extremist, appeared on the witness stand in a seditious case against the Motherland, a newspaper. He refused to answer questions put to him and was charged with contempt of court.

The excitement throughout Calcutta is intense and the situation in eastern Bengal is not improving. The British planters' community at Behar is incensed against the Calcutta High Court for setting aside the sentence to death of the man who killed a planter of the name of Bloomfield with lath.

SUBJECTS FOR ARBITRATION.

Lets Filed by American Delegation—Senate a Stumbling Block.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. ST. PAUL, Aug. 27.—The American, Austrian and other delegations have followed the English lead and deposited lists of subjects suitable for obligatory arbitration. Gen. Porter of the American delegation proposed also a scheme for the adoption of the different Powers to any topic in the list which may be kept open.

Some of the delegates regard this latter as meaning that until the President and Senate at Washington consent on the subject the European and many other Powers would be agreeing to arbitration on a definite category of subjects while America would be agreeing to arbitration subject to the consent of the Senate.

KIDNAPPED BY A TORNADO.

Baby Then Two Years Old, Carried Away by Wind 18 Years Ago Returns.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 27.—Edward Bennett, 20 years old, who was kidnapped from Leon, Ia., by a tornado has just learned his identity.

When he was 2 years old he was lifted by a tornado and deposited in the backyard of James Hudson. Hudson took the baby with him when he fled from the destroyed city the day following the tornado and moved to Louisiana. For eighteen years the boy lived with the Hudson family, believing they were his parents. Last week he learned for the first time that Hudson was not his father.

On Monday Bennett arrived in Leon. One of the first persons he met was his sister. She told him that his mother is living on a farm at Long Beach, Cal., the family having moved there shortly after the tornado in 1889. His father is dead. A telegram was sent to the mother, who wired back that her son must join her at once. For eighteen years she has believed that her baby had perished in the storm.

50 to 53 to Pacific Coast Daily Aug. 31 to Oct. 30 Burlington Route

If a machine gun should be invented, which would fire four times as rapidly as any present type, the Strong Arm Nations of the World would get busy.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST is an improved machine gun. It will fire four times as rapidly as the monthlies, or twice as rapidly, or with the same speed, according to your needs.

It is trained on the pocketbooks of more people than any other general publication in America, four million, to speak by the card.

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST is so good an advertising machine that it almost cheapens it to argue much in its favor. It speaks for itself.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY PHILADELPHIA NEW YORK BOSTON CHICAGO BUFFALO

INQUISITIVE ALDERMEN MEET

TWO INVESTIGATION RESOLUTIONS UP AT FIRST SESSION.

One for an Inquiry into the Ashokan Dam Award Under a Mistaken Idea That the Charter Applies—The Other to Probe Petition of Flushing Park Land.

The Board of Aldermen met yesterday for the first time since the summer adjournment and proceeded forthwith to its favorite pastime of talking about investigations.

A resolution was introduced calling for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the action of the Board of Water Supply in awarding the contract for the construction of the Ashokan Dam to MacArthur Bros. and Winston & Co., whose joint bid for the job was \$2,000,000 more than that of the John Peirce Company, whose bid was rejected.

The Aldermen professed to see something sinister in the action of the Board of Water Supply and adopted the resolution. It was set forth in the resolution that the step taken by the board ought to be looked into for the reason that it violated the charter, which provides that contracts for public works shall be awarded to the lowest bidder.

As a matter of fact the Board of Water Supply is not amenable to the provisions of the charter. It is a body created by a special act of the Legislature to carry out the particular purpose of giving a new supply of water to the city, and among the many powers conferred upon it in that act is the authority to reject in its discretion bids which it may not think wise to accept.

The resolution was referred to the Committee on Rules and the likelihood is that it will never be reported out.

Alderman Bunting offered a resolution asking for the appointment of a special committee to investigate the circumstances of the purchase by the city of the property in Flushing for the new Kissena Park. The resolution declared that the city had paid for the property many times the real value of the land, that a real estate firm in Queens had originally bought the property for \$1,500 an acre, had offered it to the city at \$1,800 an acre, but that subsequently the land had been sold to the city at from \$7,500 to \$10,000 an acre.

The resolution went on to declare that a Flushing lawyer had received \$50,000 for carrying through the negotiations which led to the purchase of the land by the city, and it was added that the people of Flushing and Queens are greatly agitated over what they consider a grave public scandal in which the people of the city have been imposed upon by a few unscrupulous persons who are willing to greatly enrich themselves at the expense of the taxpayers.

It was a farcical deal and nothing better, Mr. Bunting said in introducing the resolution, "and it is my opinion that that \$50,000 fee was not paid for legal services, but for other purposes."

The purchase of the Kissena Park property was authorized by the Board of Estimate after appraisal of the value of the land had been made by the engineers and the real estate experts of the board.

PREACHER IN THE ROADWAY

Has No Right to Be There, Says Magistrate, and Is Fined \$5.

The Rev. R. K. McWoodson, a negro and pastor of the Unity Baptist Church in West Ninety-ninth street, was arrested in Central Park last night on a charge of disorderly conduct. He was taken to the night court, where he was fined \$5 and released.

According to Policeman John Higgins of the park squad, who made the arrest, McWoodson was standing in one of the roadways in the park and refused to move when ordered to do so. The cop also said that the minister threatened him and said he would have him dismissed from the force.

The preacher said he was arrested without justification; that he got out of the roadway when told and that the policeman handled him roughly and insulted him. Magistrate Harris, however, decided that the roadway was no place for a preacher and that he had no right to be there.

McWoodson \$5. The preacher paid the fine and left the court.

KIDNAPPED BY A TORNADO.

Baby Then Two Years Old, Carried Away by Wind 18 Years Ago Returns.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 27.—Edward Bennett, 20 years old, who was kidnapped from Leon, Ia., by a tornado has just learned his identity.

When he was 2 years old he was lifted by a tornado and deposited in the backyard of James Hudson. Hudson took the baby with him when he fled from the destroyed city the day following the tornado and moved to Louisiana. For eighteen years the boy lived with the Hudson family, believing they were his parents. Last week he learned for the first time that Hudson was not his father.

On Monday Bennett arrived in Leon. One of the first persons he met was his sister. She told him that his mother is living on a farm at Long Beach, Cal., the family having moved there shortly after the tornado in 1889. His father is dead. A telegram was sent to the mother, who wired back that her son must join her at once. For eighteen years she has believed that her baby had perished in the storm.

50 to 53 to Pacific Coast Daily Aug. 31 to Oct. 30 Burlington Route

From New York City to practically all points in Washington, Oregon and California and via the greatest variety of routes.

Through tourist sleepers daily (from Chicago) via variety of scenic routes. Personally conducted excursions on frequent dates—Burlington Route conductor accompanies these excursions through to destination, relieving passengers of all the ordinary worries and inconveniences of a trans-continental trip.

A postal card will bring full particulars regarding routes, rates and train service.

W. J. O'Meara, East Pass. Agt., C. B. & Q. R. R., 379 Broadway, New York

A FURNITURE EXHIBIT embracing in its twelve galleries of well appointed show rooms all that is possible in the higher Woodcraft—is what we offer to the seeker after personality in furniture. In our productions for the Living Room, Dining Room, Library, Hall and Drawing Room, that touch of character and skilled craftsmanship is apparent in every simple line and detail. Grand Rapids Furniture Company (Incorporated) 34 and 36 West 32d Street Between Broadway and Fifth Avenue

POLICE SHOT ARREST MARINO.

Marine Who Sent Two Men Near the Navy Yard Stays in the Guardhouse.

Whether or not Michael Marino, a marine in the United States Navy, will be given into the custody of the civil authorities for shooting two civilians at the foot of Clinton avenue, Brooklyn, on Monday night, probably will depend on the Secretary of the Navy. A warrant for Marino's arrest, signed by a civil magistrate, was presented yesterday to Col. P. S. Clair Murphy, commandant of the marine barracks at the Brooklyn navy yard, but the officer refused to deliver Marino, who is held a prisoner in the guardhouse pending an investigation and a court-martial. Col. Murphy referred the matter to Rear Admiral Goodrich, commandant of the yard.

The Colonel said yesterday afternoon that the Admiral had not advised him of the course he intended to pursue, but added that he did not doubt the matter would be referred to Washington.

The trouble that came to a head on Monday night in the wounding of two men with one bullet had been brewing for some time, according to Col. Murphy. Crowds of hoodlums have been in the habit of congregating on the dock at the foot of Clinton street, from where they shouted jeering remarks at the sentries on patrol. The water front of the navy yard forms an arm of a large Y. The dock is built on the other arm, near the apex, and the wall of the yard forms the standard. This leaves an open space of twenty foot water between sentry and crowd, while neither is able to get at the other because the ten foot solid stone wall cuts down to the water's edge. It was across this water that the marine fired the single shot, which is said to have been intended only as a warning.

The shot passed through the arm of James O'Brien, a bookkeeper of 185 Grand avenue, and struck Joseph Ryan a shipping clerk of 108 Bedford avenue, in the left shoulder. The wounding of the two men created much excitement in the crowd, which was waiting the return of a clam chowder party, but the intervention of the wall and water prevented the crowd from mobbing the sentry. O'Brien was discharged from the Curtis and Street Hospital yesterday morning. Ryan went home after his wound had been dressed.

JURY TO TRY MRS. CARTER.

Who is Charged With Getting Some of the Money Termer Ruyman Stole.

A jury was selected yesterday in Judge Whitman's court in General Sessions to try Laura M. Carter for receiving \$5,000 from Chester B. Ruyman, the paying teller of the Windsor Trust Company, who stole \$200,000 and was betrayed to the police by her, who, he says, promised to hide him. Ruyman says she got \$5,000 of the money, but the prosecution hopes to prove that she took at least \$5,000 knowing that it had been stolen.

Every one of the twelve jurors said that he would give as much credence to a dissolute woman as to a respectable woman. This was in answer to a question by Henry M. Goldfogle, counsel for Mrs. Carter. It developed from the questions of Assistant District Attorney Marshall and Mr. Goldfogle that the possibility of Mrs. Carter's conviction rests on whether the jury will believe Ruyman's story that she took the money knowing that it had been stolen, or her version that she didn't know it had been stolen.

Mrs. Carter's stay in the Tombs has improved her appearance. She was self-possessed and looked over the court room with a steady eye. She wore a cream colored flannel suit with a white sailor hat. Her sister, Florence Moore, known as Broadway Flo, was in court. She was arrested in Chicago and brought here on suspicion of knowing something about the robbery, but there was no evidence against her and she was released.

The taking of testimony will begin this morning. Ruyman, who will be the chief witness, will also be one of the first called.