first Hearst. When you talk Parker it is nothing but shaking hands with Hearst. We have found had us, but never as to lose our self-respect."

Senator Page said that the reputation would probably follow President Roosevelt and that it was idle to talk.

"But," he added, shaking his fist, "bear in mind that the honest Republicans desire of this city stands out against it. As a benefit of Republicans we will stand to the last for the integrity and honor of our party."

Senator Page wanted to know if the Hearst party stood on the State Ticket. He said that the contest, as might as well say.

"A Hearst, a Hearst, our kingdom for a Hearst."

Then jumping on a chair Senator Page called for cheers.

"Get up, get up, don't be afraid to voice the sentiments of your districts, don't be afraid to stand for what you know is the real feeling!" shouted the Senator.

Up jumped Frank Moss.

"The Fifteenth," he shouted, "shall not stand alone. The Fifteenth will stand with you! We denounced fusion between Hearst and Tammany. Hall leaders, the rep. the Fifteenth Hall. Hall, we believe the Governor because we denounced them. I made speeches in which I declared that Hearst was the assassin of McKinley. I corresponded with the President on the subject. Now leaves free. Allow me attack the respectability of the Republican party to the curious organization called the Independence League and give them half the offices or more."

Mr. Moss said that the best chance of success lay in a three cornered fight.

A. S. Gilbert of the Seventeenth denounced Hearst in a long speech.

"The time has not come," said he, "when we should lay down our self-respect for the sake of putting a few of our friends in office."

Mr. Gilbert called the Independence League a gang of frankenstein who are looking only for jobs.

Florence J. Sullivan of the Twenty-third district spoke in favor of the resolution. He thought it was a good thing to keep Hearst alive, if only for the purpose of beating him by 100,000 if he runs for President.

Gilchrist Stewart, a colored delegate, also spoke up for the Parsons plan.

Joseph Levenson of the Fourth said he told Mr. Parsons some time ago that it would be a mistake to fuse with Hearst, but as Mr. Parsons was the commanding general he supposed he ought to follow him.

Senator Page in defending the plan said that this was a purely judiciary year and the only question at issue is: Shall the party continue to be bound by party lines and sacrifice the judiciary or stand for good men for judges no matter with what party they are allied?

"I haven't heard Hearst named as a candidate for the bench," said Senator Page. "If I had I might have got excited. The men who rallied around Hearst stood for something besides him. They stood for nominees free from corporate influence, and I can stand on that platform. We shall be doing the city of New York a great good if we elect five Republican Judges."

Abe Gruber had his say against the resolution.

"We fuse in the county and refuse to fuse in the State," said he. "It's a spectacle to make the most hardened politician weep. It's a combination of succotash and hash."

Col. Gruber said that the party should have gone along with a platform of but one plank—Charles E. Hughes.

"But," added Mr. Gruber, "as I know we are going to fuse despite what I and others have said, it should be the duty of all Republicans to get out and vote, as our platform, no matter what the platform of Hearst is, will be Charles E. Hughes."

The mention of Hearst's name and the name of the Independence League usually was greeted with a wave of laughter. Most of the delegates seemed to take the whole thing as a big joke. There was practically no enthusiasm.

Chairman Parsons read the committee's report giving the names agreed upon and recommending that they be the nominees. There were cheers for Bruce, Whitman and Wadhams. Few of the delegates seemed to know Mr. Mathewson or Mr. Wasservogel. Dead silence greeted the names of the Hearst men. The report was adopted and the nominations were made without eloquence.

Congressman Bennet in nominating Max Ihmsen called him Max M. Ihmsen and Mr. Lexow got it Max H. Ihmsen. Mr. Bennet nominated Mr. Ihmsen thus:

"I nominate Maximilian M. Ihmsen for Sheriff, I move that the nominations be closed and that the secretary be instructed to cast one ballot and that Mr. Ihmsen be declared the nominee of this convention."

Half the delegates burst into roars of laughter and there were some scattered hisses. Then the convention adjourned.

The committee went out and the convention took its recess. At midnight the committee was back with these names to put on the ticket for the Hearst men: Nathan Vidaver and Melvin G. Palliser for General Sessions, Henry C. S. Stimson, James A. Donegan and Edwin S. Merrill for City Court and Max Ihmsen for Sheriff.

The Hearst convention met at 8 o'clock at the Carnegie Lyceum. There were about a hundred persons, and they acted like sheep without a shepherd. They sat around until 11 o'clock without a word from Mr. Hearst, Mr. Ihmsen or anybody else, except what drifted in, and at 11 P. M. they were telephoning to the newspapers to find out what the Republicans were up to.

Charles C. Gehring took the chair when the conference committee came in after midnight. Mr. Shearn read the report of the committee, in which he said that it had been decided to "make common cause against the common enemy, Tammany Hall." Then the ticket was declared nominated.

Charles F. Murphy said yesterday that he was confident that the Tammany ticket would win. "We have nominated a good straight out Democratic ticket," he said, "and every man on it will be elected. We will win easily no matter what kind of a fusion may be made against us."

Tammany District Nominations.

Tammany made these nominations last night:

FOR ALDERMEN.

Dist.	Nominee.	Dist.	Nominee.
4	*James J. Smith.	29	John Walsh.
19	John J. Doyle.	31	Michael J. McGrath.
20	Charles McDonald.	32	Percival E. Nagle.
28	Charles Delaney.		

FOR ASSEMBLYMEN.

Dist.	Nominee.	Dist.	Nominee.
2	Aaron Levy.	24	Walter Spriggins.
16	Edward W. Solomon.	26	Samuel J. Dickheiser.
17	John McNamee.	29	*Edward W. Buckley.

*Renominated.

For Municipal Court Justices Tammany made these nominations:

MANHATTAN.

Dist.	Nominee.	Dist.	Nominee.
6	Michael P. Blake.	7	Philip S. Sheets.
	William J. Brysan.		David L. Weil.
			Edward W. Paz.

THE BRONX.

1. Peter A. Shiel.

Assembly Nominations.

Oneida county, Second district—Lafe J. Lewis, Republican, renominated.

Rockland county—Frank De Noyelles of Haverstraw, Democrat.

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Leaves doubt as to the reasons which induce clients to deal.

RATTENBURY PROMISES QUIETS.

Quiet is an better than Parker, he says He'll answer later.

CHATHAM, N. J., Oct. 10.—Frank S. Rattenbury, Democratic candidate for Governor, stopped here to-day in the journey through this section of the State and at a meeting at the clubhouse of the Chatham Fish and Game Club he had to face some questions on the excise issue raised by William H. Miller, a Chatham business man. Mr. Rattenbury had been dilating on the disclosures brought out by the Hahn investigating committee when Mr. Miller asked him about local option. Mr. Rattenbury remarked that he was getting to that when Mr. Miller exclaimed:

"How about Sunday selling? That's what I mean."

"I'm going to take up that subject and discuss it at the proper time," said the Democratic candidate. "If you are a Democrat you know I want to state my position on that question squarely. That is a question which, if dragged into the campaign at this time, would, in my judgment, overshadow any other issues issues that are more important to the people of the State."

Some one in the crowd called out that Mr. Miller was a Republican. Miller replied that he had voted for Bryan and Roosevelt and would vote for the latter again if he had a chance.

"I realize that my Republican opponents want me to speak on the excise question, and when the time is ripe I will take a stand," added Mr. Katzenbach. Miller shouted that he thought it was up to both candidates to state where they stood. Several persons in the audience told Miller to keep quiet, but he found a supporter in the Rev. Charles E. Hesselgrave, pastor of the Stanley Congregational Church, who declared that wasn't the right way to squelch a man. Eventually Mr. Katzenbach resumed his speech and finished.

The candidate made the journey to Chatham from Newark in an automobile.

THE FIFTY TAKES THE FIELD.

Louis Lundt to Be Nominated for Justice in the Second District.

The Citizen's Union committee of fifty organized last night with George W. Kirchway, chairman and these other officers: Vice-chairmen, George McAneny, R. Fulton Cutting, Marcus M. Marks, Charles Sprague Smith, Charles Strauss and Wallace Macfarlane; secretary, John J. Murphy; treasurer, Cyrus L. Sulzberger. The committee issued the following appeal to voters:

We represent citizens who are unwilling that lives, liberties and property rights should be at the disposal of Judges selected for partisan service or subservience to a political boss.

Who think the best possible Judges are none too good for New York.

Who believe that small cases should not be decided by small Judges.

Who deny that a poor man needs only a poor Judge.

Who demand honest, competent and independent Judges for all courts, high or low.

We appeal to public spirited citizens of all parties to cooperate with us to promote the objects of our organization.

The spoilsman can be counted upon to register and vote.

Do the so-called intelligent and discriminating voters care so little about the administration of law in this community as to take no personal interest in an election in which judicial offices compose 82 per cent. of the places to be filled?

The next and last days to register are Saturday, October 12, and Monday, October 14.

Register or you cannot vote.

The committee announces that Louis Lande of the East Side Civic Club will be nominated for Justice of the Municipal Court in the Second district against Dinnean, Tammany, and Cohen, Republican.

FUSION IN THE DISTRICTS.

Sometimes It Works, Sometimes Not, According to Local Conditions.

The Republican and Hearst men agreed in several of the district conventions last night on candidates for Municipal Court Justice, Assemblyman and Alderman.

In the Fifth Municipal Court district the Hearst men indorsed Frederick Spiegelberg and William Young, the Republican nominees. The Tammany convention, which it is said will nominate ex-Magistrate Ommen, who was turned down by Republican Leader Mack in favor of his law partner, Spiegelberg, was adjourned to to-night.

The Republicans in the Eighth district nominated Nathan H. Stone, who was indorsed by the Independence League. For Alderman the Republicans indorsed Jacob W. Bloch, who was nominated by the Hearst men.

In the Thirty-fourth district the Hearst men named Thomas F. Keane for Alderman and he was indorsed by the Republicans.

The Republicans of the Thirty-sixth Aldermanic district named Thomas D. Dinwoodie. The Hearst men named Lawrence McCarthy.

The Republicans named John Knewitt for Alderman in the Thirty-fifth district and the Independence League put up John Walsh.

In the Thirty-seventh Aldermanic district the Republicans named Herman A. Horenberger.

The Republican Assembly nominee in the Thirty-third district was Frank L. Braaks.

In the Thirty-fourth district Joseph G. Abramson was nominated for the Assembly by the Republicans and indorsed by the Independence League.

THAYER GETS OUT TOO.

He Refuses to Run for Lieutenant-Governor With Bartlett.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—John A. Thayer of Worcester, who was nominated for Lieutenant-Governor of Massachusetts by the Bartlett faction at the split Democratic convention at Springfield, has made good his declaration that he would not run with Bartlett by filing his formal declination with the Secretary of State.

The legality of the split convention and whether the Bartlett or Whitney ticket shall go on the official ballot will be determined by the Ballot Law Commission at an investigation which begins to-morrow.

Nominations in Richmond Borough.

The Republicans of Richmond borough last night at Stapleton nominated John L. Davenport for District Attorney and Howard Davis for member of the Assembly.

The Richmond Independence Leaguers nominated Clarence Sullivan for District Attorney and R. M. Springer for member of the Assembly, and made these Aldermanic nominations: William Merrifield, Seventy-first district; Alexander M. Shake, Seventy-second and M. J. Curren, Seventy-third.

VENISON, BUT NO BEAR MEAT

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT'S FIRST TROPHY IS A DEER.

Never of the Countrie that Have to Jack Powell, Whose Corn Pone, Hoe Cake and Chicken Gumbo are Luxuries that—Old Ben a Mollycoddle.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Oct. 10.—A 100 pound buck hanger outside the President's tent tonight, the most trophy of his hunt in the Louisiana canebrake. The party was driving through the woods in pursuit of a bear when a few questions of deer which had been started by the dogs crossed the President's path at a distance of 15 to 100 yards.

In an instant the President's rifle was at his shoulder, all other members of the party delivering to him. The shot went true, the deer plunged forward and fell after running a few yards, although the President fired a second time. The deer was brought into camp by the dogs between and dressed this afternoon. Venison was running low, but with the killing the camp will have a supply.

The President was heartily congratulated on his marksmanship. Although disappointed in not getting a bear he was delighted at bringing down a deer.

One thing the President has acquired is an enormous appetite. Life in the canebrakes has greatly increased his capacity for food. One of his first acts upon reaching the camp was to make friends with Jack Powell, the colored cook, and the compliments which he bestows upon Jack's art makes him the proudest negro in Louisiana.

The way Jack can put up a meal of chicken gumbo soup, fried trout, venison and hoe cakes to make the hungry hunter happy would drive Mrs. Rorer way out of the cuisine. Given the proper ingredients, in three minutes Jack can compound a corn pone compared to which Mrs. Donald McLean's prize cake tastes like so much cypress sawdust.

When the President reached over this morning and helped himself to a fourth hunk Jack was watching him with a delightful expression upon his face.

"I knows he's used to good livin', boss," he remarked, "cause I'se cook out ob dat 'White House Cook Book' befo'."

White House comforts and even luxuries attend the President in his tent upon the Tensas, but the place is so wild and desolate that it makes Oyster Bay seem like a thriving metropolis. For seven miles to the eastward and twenty miles in any other direction there is not a human habitation, not even the hut of a plantation negro.

Through much of the jungle few white men save Ben Lilley have ever gone. To the west and north are hundreds and hundreds of acres of thick canebrake, impassable unless one dismounts and almost crawls along the ground.

It is here that the bears have their hiding places and where they make for when pursued by the dogs.

Through part of the thicket tracks have been cut so a hunter may get through and along there. The President and his party ride until the sound of the horn is heard, which indicates that the dogs have picked up a scent. Then it is necessary for the hunters to dismount, leave their horses on the cut trail and make their way through the dense undergrowth.

Ben Lilley, however, is no mollycoddle. He sticks close to the heels of the hounds and follows them and the bear through the cane regardless of the path which has been cut in the brakes for the more genteel sportsmen.

Old Ben wears his long white whiskers carefully tucked in his shirt bosom to keep them from catching on the shrubbery. Once on the trail Ben Lilley never allows the bear to get away from him. He has been known to fight them face to face with a knife. But Ben's purpose now is not to kill bear, only to drive them to a place where the President may kill them. When he does this it is no fault of his if the distinguished hunter of bears and octopi doesn't get his game.

To the south of the canebrake are thousands of acres of forests of cypress, pin oak, pecan and cottonwood. At this season of the year the bears feed on acorns and wild pecans. The forests are rapidly being denuded of their timber, but they are all private property and not upon the public domain.

When the President rises in the morning he puts his feet on a handsome deerskin rug, the trophy of one of Ben Lilley's previous hunts. A commissary wagon, laden with fruits, vegetables and provisions, goes out from the Stamboul store nearly every day, so that with game such as squirrel, trout which weigh three pounds, venison and the like, which are taken near camp, and the cooking of Jack Powell, the President is supplied not only with the comforts but with luxuries.

Hunting with a Presidential party is not altogether an unbroken hardship. It is restful, however, and the President is greatly enjoying the life.

Catamount hunting will be the sport of the President and his party to-morrow. Dr. Miller of Greenville, Miss., and Major A. K. Amecker of Lake Providence, La., reached Alsatia this evening and will join the President's party in the morning. Dr. Miller brought with him his famous pack of fifteen catamount dogs.

THE WOMEN WARNED PARSONS

That a Deal With Hearst Was Against Their Better Judgment.

The members of the West End Women's Republican Association, who met yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor, think that the Independence League is perfectly horrid and that the Republican party shouldn't associate with it.

Accordingly they proposed, passed and despatched by special messenger to Herbert Parsons, president of the Republican county committee, this resolution:

We, the members of the West End Women's Republican Association, in assembly convened, do

Resolve, That it is against our better judgment that the Republican party make any coalition with the Independence League.

Mrs. Tonjes, who was the mother of the resolution, urged the members to coax all their friends and relatives who were entitled to a vote to be sure and register within the next two days of registration.

"If the Republicans only showed a zeal equal to that of Tammany," continued Mrs. Tonjes, "we would be plenty strong enough to carry the judiciary and down Murphyism without any assistance from a party that merely wishes to gain prestige by having its name coupled with ours."

J. R. MASON FOR GOVERNOR.

Nomination, Made by Petition, Is Filed at the Capitol at Trenton.

TRENTON, Oct. 10.—Alden Freeman of East Orange, who has been attacking John Franklin Fort, Republican candidate for Governor, came to Trenton to-day and filed in the office of the Secretary of State a petition for the nomination of John R. Mason of Collingswood for Governor on the ticket of the Independent Citizens League. The petition is signed by 968 citizens of New Jersey, of whom 617 are residents of Essex county.

Mr. Freeman repeated his assertion that there is a "strong feeling all over the State that there should be a candidate for Governor who is free from corporation influence, who stands for the sanctity of the American Sabbath and of the American home."

Warren County Nomination.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 10.—The Democrats of Warren county in convention to-day nominated Elmer J. West, a prominent member of an electric power company, for member of Assembly.

TRIED TO DISPLAY HIGHER DUTY

Former New York Lawyer and a Companion Ordered to Leave Bridgeville, Del.

BRIDGEVILLE, Del., Oct. 10.—W. H. Briggs, a former New York lawyer, and a companion have been forced to leave this place by Recorder Hoey and County Judge Tilman, who think the men came here to kidnap the little son of Mrs. Florence Henry Hirsch, wife of a New York commercial.

Mrs. Hirsch returned recently to the home of her mother here from New York, where she secured the arrest of her husband and Miss Daisy Teagle on charges of violating the new infidelity law. Twice during the week officers have been made to enter the home of Mrs. Hirsch at night, the thought her mansion were burglars, but yesterday Mrs. Hirsch discovered a stranger on the veranda of the house. She identified him as W. H. Briggs, a former New York lawyer, employed by her husband.

Briggs was seen later with a man whose description Mrs. Hirsch says corresponds with that of her husband. She at once notified the officials that men were after her son and Briggs was forced to leave. His companion kept under cover while here and Mrs. Hirsch, at once this companion is, but are now guarding Mrs. Hirsch's house.

The Hirsch boy is 7 years old and Mrs. Hirsch says he has been twice kidnapped in the last four years. On one occasion her detectives traced him from California to Europe and back to New York, where he was surrendered to his mother. Mrs. Hirsch is a daughter of the late Col. Samuel Evans, who was a member of the Governor's staff and a man of wealth.

TO LOOK INTO PRISONER'S DEATH.

Coroner Acted to Investigate How Man Came to Die in Bellevue Hospital.

Night Superintendent McHale of Bellevue Hospital notified the Coroners' Office last night of peculiar circumstances in the death at the hospital of a prisoner taken from the jail attached to the Jefferson Market police court.

Dennis Haggerty, 50 years old, who said he lived at 565 East 175d street, was sentenced to six months on the Island for intoxication on October 5. Haggerty was able to walk from the court room to the prison and the police did not report that he was suffering from any injury. About an hour after he was locked up a hurry call was sent to the hospital and Dr. Obendorf answered. John Duke, the prison keeper, accompanied Haggerty to the hospital.

Two days later it was plain that the prisoner could not live. Haggerty was not known at the address he gave. He died last night from contusions on the eye and a fracture at the base of the skull.

When the report of the man's injuries was sought on the entrance blank, where it is a rule of the hospital that a diagnosis shall be entered, it was found that it was blank. Supt. McHale was unable to explain this and asked the Coroner to make an investigation. Dr. Obendorf said last night that when he took the man to the hospital the wounds looked fresh.

PLAN WILL FAIL, SAYS BRYAN.

Too Much Centralization in the President's Railroad Incorporation Scheme.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 10.—William Jennings Bryan in this city between trains to-day said:

"It looks now as if the next Republican national convention will be well worth attending, although it is too early to say whether the play will be comedy, tragedy or an ordinary drama."

"To what subject at present are you directing your attention?" was asked.

"The national incorporation of railroads, as proposed by President Roosevelt, is the most far reaching step for centralization proposed in this country since Hamilton submitted his plan of government," he replied. "Hamilton provided for a President and Senators to be elected for life, and for the appointment of State Governors by the national Government to serve for life. The President's plan contemplates the national incorporation of railroads and other corporations doing an interstate business. The result would be to extend greatly the powers of the general Government and proportionately reduce the authority of the States.

"The President is no doubt actuated by the same sincere motives that Hamilton was but, like Hamilton, he seems to believe that the further we get government away from the people the better it is. I am satisfied that his plan will not be accepted."

TELEGRAPH PEACE TALK.

Strategist Russell Sights the Dove, but the Companies Haven't Seen It.

At the offices of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies it was asserted yesterday that nothing was known of any new plan to settle the strike of the telegraphers and that the attitude of the companies was unchanged.

Eastern Superintendent Brooks of the Western Union said that nine strikers had returned to work yesterday morning and that the telegraphers who had struck at Providence, R. I., had returned to work.

Head Strategist Russell of the strikers, who has returned from Washington, was still in a pacific mood. He said:

"My trip to Washington was made in response to a call from a quarter I do not care to mention at this time. My report is in the hands of President Small, who will make any statement that may be made. Personally I have the belief that an amicable settlement of the strike can be arrived at now that the intense feeling which was so prominent at the beginning of the strike has moderated. It is regrettable that so many harsh things were said. Even fights should be guided by the intellect rather than by impulsive emotions. Now that the dove of peace is on the way with a message the dogs of war have been withdrawn. I am extremely hopeful as to the outcome."

When Russell was told that his statement called for some explanation he said he had nothing further to say.

DINNER TO DR. BLAUSTEIN.

East Side Says Farewell to Head of the Educational Alliance.

A dinner in honor of Dr. Daniel Blaustein, superintendent of the Educational Alliance, who is about to sever his connection with that organization, was given last night at Clinton Hall.

Among the three hundred persons present were officers of the Charity Organization Society, the various Jewish relief societies, members of the University and College settlements, Herman Broesel, president of the Jefferson Bank, real East Siders and "East Side Has Beens" who have evolved into West Side capitalists.

James E. Hamilton, head worker of the University Settlement, was toastmaster, and the speakers, besides Dr. Blaustein, were Isidor Straus, Dr. Edward T. Devine of the Charity Organization Society, Herman Broesel, Henry Fleishman, superintendent-elect of the Educational Alliance; John Paley, Rabbi Meshansky, Judge Keneshaw Mountain Landis, who had much to say concerning the deplorable condition of the municipal courts; Mayer Shoenfeld and Joseph Barondess.

Henry Fleishman at the conclusion of his eulogy presented the guest of honor with a gold watch and fob. The gift, he said, was from the entire staff of the Educational Alliance.

Bellamy Storers Move to Boston.

BOSTON, Oct. 10.—Bellamy Storer and Mrs. Storer are now residents of Boston. They are living in the fine estate at 164 Marlboro street, Back Bay.

Tobey Handmade Furniture

is characterized by an artistic simplicity of patterns, a refine elegance in proportion and finish which is compatible with the highest refinement, and an absolute integrity of structure. It marks the achievement of long established ideals.

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HURRY WORK ON BATTLESHIPS

ALL OTHER WORK AT THE NAVY YARDS SUSPENDED.

The Government Making Every Effort to Get the First Squadron Ready for Cruise to the Pacific—Attorney-General Bonaparte Decides on Rule of Coastwise Shipping.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—Every effort is being made by the Government to have the Atlantic battleship fleet ready for its protected cruise to the Pacific by the time fixed for the start; that is, between December 1 and 15. Feverish haste is being displayed, and it is apparent that the work of preparation is very much behindhand or that President Roosevelt has determined to get the fleet under way before December.

An order issued by the Navy Department to-day to the commandants of all navy yards on the Atlantic Coast lends additional significance to the cruise of the battleships. The order directs that all other work be suspended until the preparation of the ships composing the armorclad division has been completed.

What appears to be the last obstacle to the employment of foreign colliers in carrying coal for the battleship fleet was overcome to-day through a legal opinion rendered by Attorney-General Bonaparte. Under Mr. Bonaparte's interpretation of the laws for the protection of American shipping, foreign merchant vessels engaged in the coastwise trade of the United States, —that is, in carrying cargoes from one American port to another American port—are not subject to tonnage and light taxes if their cargoes belong to the Federal Government. Mr. Bonaparte had previously held that the law absolutely prohibiting any foreign vessel from engaging in the coastwise trade did not apply to the foreign ships engaged to carry coal for the battleship fleet.

Mr. Bonaparte's opinion was in response to questions propounded by Eugene Tyler Chamberlin, Commissioner of Navigation in the Department of Commerce and Labor. The case involved the British steamship Ferndene, which was detained by customs officers at the port of San Francisco for non-payment of the taxes. The vessel carried a cargo of coal for the navy from Newport News to San Francisco.

"I understand from your letter," says the Attorney-General in his reply to the Commissioner of Navigation, "that the Ferndene carried no other cargo than coal belonging to the United States and intended for the use of the navy. If she had on board any other goods, wares or merchandise not the property of the Government the last mentioned portion of her cargo would be liable to forfeiture under the provisions of the act approved February 17, 1898."

The Attorney-General then expresses the opinion that the Ferndene's cargo of coal "did not constitute goods, wares and merchandise within the meaning of the section." He holds that the intent of all the legislation on the subject was to prohibit and discourage the use of foreign vessels in the coastwise trade.

The imposition of the taxes, the Attorney-General holds, was "with an obvious recognition of the established economical principle that such tax, through the operation of the law of competition, would constitute in the last resort a burden to be borne by the owner of the merchandise and therefore a deterrent to the use by such owner of foreign vessels for its transportation."

He concludes that the law of forfeiture could not apply to merchandise belonging to the Government, "since the forfeiture by the Government of its own property would be a meaningless form." The same line of reasoning leads the Attorney-General to conclude, although not quite so obviously, that the law imposing the tax does not apply to foreign vessels under Government charter.

"If foreign vessels must pay this tax they will inevitably increase their rates of freight so as to reimburse their owners for the outlay," says Mr. Bonaparte. "In the case of a private shipper this would constitute a reason why he should not employ them, and the aim of the law to encourage American shipping would be pro tanto attained; but as to the Government, as it would receive back in the form of tax what it paid out in the form of increased charges for transportation, the above mentioned act could not operate, and it is reasonable to conclude that the case was not one contemplated by the framers of the law."

The contracts under the proposals recently submitted by foreign bidders for carrying coal to the Pacific will now be awarded. By the withdrawal of three of the four of the American bidders about 95 per cent. of these contracts will go to the owners of foreign bottoms.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—These army orders were issued to-day:

Lieut.-Col. Frank Baker, Ordnance Department, relieved of command of arsenal at San Antonio, Tex., and as chief ordnance officer of the department, and to Springfield, Mass., relieving Lieut.-Col. Charles H. Clark, Ordnance Department, who will assume command of San Antonio arsenal and duty as chief ordnance officer, Department of Texas.

Capt. William S. McNair, Sixth Field Artillery, relieved as member of board at East St. Louis and Lathrop, Mo., inspecting animals purchased for army.

Major Abner Pickering, Twenty-second Infantry, to Columbus barracks, Ohio, November 20.

The retirement of Brig.-Gen. Edward S. Godfrey is announced.

These navy orders were issued:

Rear Admiral C. H. Stockton, to retired list.

Capt. T. C. McLean, from Naval War College, Newport, to charge of navy recruiting station, Buffalo.

Lieutenant-Commander C. T. Vogelgesang, to command the Mayflower.

Lieutenant-Commander J. H. Reid, from the Pennsylvania to home and three months sick leave granted.

Lieutenant-Commander A. T. Long, from command of the Mayflower to the Illinois as executive.

Lieut. J. C. Kress, from charge navy recruiting station, Buffalo, to home and wait orders.

Lieut. M. St. C. Ellis, from duty as inspector of equipment at Cramp & Sons, and one month leave granted.

Ensign J. J. McCracken, from the Dixie to the Washington.

Midshipman D. L. Howard, from the Missouri to the Hartford.

Midshipman W. P. Sedgwick, Jr., resignation accepted.

Chenango County Democratic Nominations.

NORWICH, N. Y., Oct. 10.—At the Democratic county convention held here to-day Herbert C. Stratton of Oxford, present member of Assembly from Chenango and the nominee of the Prohibition party for County Judge and Surrogate, was indorsed for that office. Isaac Dalrymple of Otselic was nominated for Assembly and William R. Loomis for District Attorney.

B. F. Howe for Mayor of Mount Vernon.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Oct. 10.—The Republicans at their convention to-night nominated Benjamin F. Howe for Mayor. Mr. Howe was born and raised in Mount Vernon and is connected with the Whiting Paper Company of New York. For two years he has served as a member of the Westchester county Board of Supervisors.

The Standard

Suits that define the highest degree of tailoring. Suits that in every line from long coats to dress, square sackcoats. These are Wm. Vogel & Son suits.

At $35 we present a series of single breasted suits made that reflect perfection and individuality. The fabrics are absolutely exclusive.

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IN THEIR STATIONERY DEPARTMENT
AFFORD FACILITIES FOR THE EXECUTION OF ORDERS FOR STATIONERY ENGRAVING OF ALL KINDS.

Wedding Announcements and Invitations,
At-Home and Reception Cards.

SKETCHES AND ESTIMATES SUBMITTED FOR SPECIAL DESIGNS IN MONOGRAMS, HERALDIC DEVICES, ETC.

THIRTY-FOURTH STREET, THIRTY-FIFTH STREET, FIFTH AVENUE.

MISS PALMER FOUND IN HAYMOW.

Her Brother Sends $1,000 to Distribute Among Men Who Found Her.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 10.—There are half a hundred pleased people in town today over receiving part of the $1,000 which Stephen Palmer, the copper millionaire of New York, left with Sheriff William E. Ritch when he found his sick sister Louise hiding in a haymow in Dr. Robert C. Myles's barn at midnight last night. The $1,000 check was given the Sheriff with instructions to divide $500 of it among the four men who set about to overturn the twenty ton haymow and who found her buried under five feet of it, and to keep the other $500 for his own trouble.

The Sheriff's generosity asserted itself here and he has been giving it out by fives and tens all day until it is now exhausted. Every one who voluntarily spent any considerable time in the search through the Husted and Rockefeller woods and marshes has been remembered by the Sheriff. The four who received $125 each are receiving extra congratulations and they have been treating their friends well to-day.

Miss Palmer escaped from her home on Puts Hill Tuesday at midnight and ran across lots, roads and swamps, pursued by those who saw her ghostlike form, until she took refuge in the barn where she was found twenty-four hours afterward. She was suffering with hunger and exposure, for her only garment was a nightdress.

The barn had been searched by Dr. Danforth and others several times before and it is believed the woman hid herself in an old well several feet away during the early search and afterward crept back to the barn and prevented death in the freezing air by burrowing in the hay. She was wrapped in blankets and taken by Thomas B. Cooke in his automobile to her summer home here.

"The game is up; I played my last card and lost," she said.

Bloodhounds sent for by William G. Rockefeller to aid in the search came after she was found.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 10.—The battleship Kentucky has arrived at Norfolk and the battleship Illinois at Boston.

The cruiser Chattanooga has sailed from Yokohama for Kobe, the collier Leonidas from Puerto Cortez, Honduras, for Hampton Roads, and the training ship Prairie from Newport for League Island.

GIRL BABY'S AWFUL ECZEMA

Sight of Eye Destroyed by Disease—Tried Five Doctors but Grew Worse—In Agony Eight Months—Parents Discouraged, Until They Tried Cuticura Remedies

IN ONE WEEK ALL SORES DISAPPEARED

"Our little girl, one year and a half old, was taken with eczema or that was what the doctor said it was. We called in the family doctor and he gave some tablets and said she would be all right in a few days. The eczema grew worse and we called in doctor No. 2. He said she was teething, as soon as the teeth were through she would be all right. But she still grew worse. Doctor No. 3 said it was eczema. By this time she was nothing but a yellow, greenish sore. Well, he said he could help her, so we let him try it about a week. One morning we discovered a little yellow pimple on one of her eyes. Of course we phoned for doctor No. 3. He came over and looked her over and said that he could not do anything more for her, that we had better take her to some eye specialist, since it was an ulcer. So we went to Oswego to doctor No. 4, and he said the eyesight was gone, but that he could help it. We thought we would try doctor No. 5. Well, that proved the same, only he charged $10 more than doctor No. 4. We were nearly discouraged. I saw one of the Cuticura advertisements in the paper and thought we would try the Cuticura Treatment, so I went and purchased a set of Cuticura Remedies, which cost me $1, and in three days our daughter, who had been sick about eight months, showed great improvement, and in one week, all sores had disappeared. Of course it could not restore the eyesight, but if we had used Cuticura in time I am confident that it would have saved the eye. We think there is no remedy so good for any skin trouble or impurity of the blood as Cuticura. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Abbott, R. F. D. No. 9, Fulton, Oswego Co., N. Y., August 17, 1906."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for every Humor of Infants, Children, and Adults consisting of Cuticura Soap (25c.) to Cleanse the Skin, Cuticura Ointment (50c.) to Heal the Skin, and Cuticura Resolvent (50c.), (in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60) to Purify the Blood. Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston, Mass.

BRIDGE TRAINS BLOCKED

For Almost an Hour After Brooklyn Homegoing Crowds Swindle.

The rush hour was about over and the Brooklyn elevated trains had replaced the bridge locals last night when one of the levers operating a switch by electricity at the Manhattan end of the bridge became jammed and refused to work. It then became impossible to despatch any more trains for Brooklyn. In a few minutes there were half a dozen Manhattan bound trains stalled on the bridge structure, while the Brooklyn track was bare.

Passengers in the stalled trains became restless and left through windows. The northern roadway was crowded with folks on foot. The bridge police under Sergt. John Quinn shooed everybody off the platform upstairs and shut the gates. The trolley cars for Brooklyn were jammed as only trolley cars can be.

In the meantime it was necessary to send over to the Brooklyn yards to get a man to repair the broken lever. It didn't take him long to fix it once he got to it and at 7:45 o'clock the block had been lifted.

Cluett SHIRTS

Possess surpassing points of excellence due to care in making, correctness of patterns and quality of material—In white or exclusive fancy patterns.

$1.50 and up.

CLUETT, PEABODY & CO.
MAKERS OF ARROW COLLARS

Mahogany Jardinieres

(At our 23rd St. Store)

Are among the little things that help to demonstrate the thoroughness with which we conduct the Furniture business. Nothing that we touch is slighted—and we mean that nothing shall be knowingly omitted.

Schmitt Brothers,
Furniture Makers. Established 1869.
40 East 23d.

Also a Comprehensive Collection of Antiques and Reproductions at

343 & 345 MADISON AVE.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, diarrhœa. 25c. a bottle.

MARRIED.

HORTON—LORING.—In the city of New York, October 10, by the Rev. Frank Oliver Hall, Miss Loris Loring, daughter of the late John Cabot and Mary Lee Loring, to Mr. Edson Niblo Horton.

DIED.

JONES.—William Gregory Jones, in his 64th year. Funeral services private, on Saturday, October 12, at 10 o'clock, at the Edward M. Senior & Son's Company Parlors, 1097 Broadway. Interment Kensico Cemetery.

LEA.—I. Cryder, son of the late Isaac Lea, M. D., on October 9, suddenly, in the 51st year of his age, at his residence, Bement av., West New Brighton, Staten Island.

Funeral private.

MILHAU.—At his home, in Richmond, Va., October 8, 1907, Rene Leon de Milhau, son of the late Edward L. de Milhau.

PEPPARD.—On Wednesday, October 9, after a lingering illness, Elizabeth, daughter of Peter and Margaret Peppard, in her 22d year.

Funeral services at her late residence, 55 Stanhope st., Brooklyn, Saturday, October 12, at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends respectfully invited to attend. Interment at Lutheran Cemetery.

ROBBINS.—On October 8, Leonard Robbins, son of George H. and Elmira Robbins.

Funeral service at his late residence, 356 Putnam av., Brooklyn, Friday, 2 P. M.