W. G. ROCKEFELLER TO 'LOOK UP'

FACTS THE GOVERNMENT WANTS ON PIPE LINES AND LOANS.

Standard Did a Good Business With Wall St. Brokers—A. N. Brady Has to Know About the Manhattan Oil Transfer—The Inquiry Adjourned to December 9.

William G. Rockefeller was the star witness yesterday at the Standard Oil inquiry that is being held before Referee Davis in the Federal Building. The assistant treasurer of the Standard Oil Company didn't know a lot of things that were asked him by Frank Kellogg, the Government lawyer, but he promised to "look up" most of them.

One of the subjects on which Mr. Rockefeller proved ignorant was the now famous loan amounting to something like $20,000,000 made by the South Pipe Line Company to H. H. Tariner. Mr. Trainor had testified that he had never received any of the money put down on the books as loaned to him and never had heard of them. Mr. Rockefeller told Mr. Kellogg that he would "look up." It is presumed that he will be recalled to the stand some time subsequent to December 2, to which date the hearing was adjourned yesterday afternoon.

The interval between now and the resumption of the hearing will be occupied by the Government in examining certain books and records of the Standard Oil Company and its subsidiary companies which have been mentioned already in the progress of the hearing. Most of the examinations will be conducted at 26 Broadway under the supervision of Expert Accountant Durant.

Yesterday's hearing practically closed the Government inquiry into the pipe line side of the Standard Oil case. Railroads and rebates will occupy most of the time when the hearing is resumed.

One thing that Mr. Rockefeller did yesterday was to explain about $32,000,000 worth of loans that appeared on the books of the company for 1906. T. M. Barsdale of Pittsburg got $7,630,044 of these loans, and Mr. Rockefeller said they were made to him at the direction of John D. Archbold, the collateral being stocks and bonds of oil and gas companies in West Virginia and Pennsylvania. Mr. Barsdale paid six per cent. on his loans.

Mr. Kellogg wanted to know how much of the $32,000,000 was loaned to Wall Street brokers.

"About $19,500,000," said Mr. Rockefeller. "The rest was loaned to Mr. Barsdale and other individuals not in the Street. Our custom has been to require that 65 per cent of the collateral be made up of railroad securities and 35 per cent. of industrials, and we require a margin of 20 per cent. at all times."

Mr. Kellogg was much interested to know why the various subsidiary pipe lines kept on deposit such large sums of money, amounting to many millions. Mr. Rockefeller thought the reason of the large cash reserves was that the directors of the subsidiary lines wanted it within reach in case there were large calls for purposes of construction.

The witness said he was a stockholder in the Union Pacific but in no other railroad company. He owned stock in the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey, but thought the stock stood in the name of his father, William Rockefeller.

On examination by Lawyer Rosenthal of the Standard's law forces the witness said that Standard Oil sold foreign exchange annually to the amount of about $45,000,000. "When we have the money we loan it," he said, "but sometimes we are borrowers."

Anthony N. Brady was the witness who occupied most of the time of the short afternoon session. Mr. Brady was asked about the transfer of the Manhattan Oil Company of Ohio to the General Industrials Development Company of London, from which it ultimately found its way into the Standard's hands. It appears that E. C. Benedict and Brady owned the control of the Manhattan Oil Company and also of the Peoples Gas, Light and Coke Company of Chicago and that they used the former to feed the latter with gas oil.

When the Manhattan Oil Company was sold to the London company the Chicago Gas Company made a contract with the Standard by which the Standard agreed to furnish gas oil to Brady's gas company for a price much less than the market price of that time.

Mr. Brady insisted on saying that his gas company didn't get this contract directly from the Standard but through the General Industrials Company.

"Well, do you know any reason," asked Mr. Kellogg, "why the Standard should give you a contract like that?" Mr. Grady said he didn't.

"Wasn't the only possible reason that they got the Manhattan Oil Company in return for it?" insisted the lawyer.

"Well," said Mr. Brady with a smile, "anything I might say about it would be only guesswork." He didn't know what the Standard got for the contract, he said, but he supposed it got something.

"I guess it did," said Mr. Kellogg with a grin.

George Chesebro, controller of the several Standard pipe line companies, submitted summarized statements of the business of these companies. These statements, analyzed by the Government experts, show that the total net earnings, figured on the basis of net assets of the Indiana Pipe Line Company, were 226.6 per cent. in 1903 and 39.6 per cent. in 1906. Figured on the same basis, the total net earnings of the Buckeye Pipe Line Company (Cygnet Division) in 1903 were 62.4 per cent. and in 1906 66.4 per cent.

The Crescent Pipe Line Company's total net earnings were 67 per cent. in 1903, but in 1906 they fell to 8.4 per cent. The Southern Pipe Line Company's total net earnings in 1903 were 62 per cent. and in 1906 they were 26.8 per cent.

DREARY DAYS FOR BOB DAVIS

And J. Parker Robison Waiting on the Grand Jury's Pleasure.

The Hon. Bob Davis and J. Parker Robison, who have a fondness for spending their afternoons at the racetrack, have been sitting around the Grand Jury room every afternoon for the last week having a very dreary time. They say that the exhibition of witnesses chasing in and out of the Grand Jury room is not near as entertaining as watching the horses run and figuring on the bookmakers' odds.

Both Davis and Robison are indicted for running a poolroom and they are being badgered these days because Lawyer Dan O'Reilly made a flippant remark in Justice Dowling's court that Davis, who had been notified to appear for pleading and didn't, might be found at the racetrack. Mr. Jerome didn't like the jest and when Robison and Davis appeared they were served with Grand Jury subpœnas.

Now there is a morning Grand Jury and an afternoon Grand Jury, but Mr. Jerome, apparently oblivious of the business affairs of the two men, decided that the most convenient time for them was the afternoon. So each afternoon they have spent two hours in the gloomy corridors of the Criminal Courts Building. How long this is going to be kept up no one seems to know. Says Mr. Jerome: "You cannot tell when the Grand Jury will find its business affairs in such shape that it will need the immediate presence of those two gentlemen."

Dr. Cotton the New Director of Trenton Hospital for Insane.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 18.—Dr. Henry A. Cotton, assistant physician at the Danvers Hospital, one of the State asylums of Massachusetts, was elected to-day to succeed Dr. John W. Ward as medical director of the State hospital for the insane in this city. Dr. Ward was dismissed as the result of the recent investigation of affairs at the hospital.

MYSTERY IN SHOOTING.

Young Girl Wounded Mother Tried to Kill Herself; Accident, Parents Say.

Clara H. Stewart, a writer of short stories, was found in her apartments at 272 West 75th street early last night shot through the body close to the heart. The police of the 72nd street station pronounced it a case of attempted suicide, although Miss Stewart's father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. William T. Stewart, declared that she shot herself accidentally while unpacking her trunk.

Policeman Morrite was standing at 72nd street and Amsterdam avenue when he heard that some one had been shot in the Stewart apartments. When he went there he was told that Miss Stewart had shot herself accidentally and that the case did not concern him. He went to the station house and got Detective Conley and the two finally got a story of the shooting.

Mr. Stewart, a retired merchant, said that his wife and daughter were in the Maine woods this summer, and that before Miss Stewart left a friend presented her with a new revolver. They got back from Maine on Thursday, and it was while the young woman was unpacking her trunk and examining the revolver that she shot herself, her father said.

Detective Conley wasn't satisfied and when he learned from Dr. Joseph D. Murphy of 517 West 170th street, who was called in, that the young woman's condition was serious he called an ambulance from the Washington Heights Hospital. Surgeon Quittner said the wounded woman ought to go to the hospital, but her parents wouldn't consent to her leaving the house. The detective then put the young woman under arrest on a charge of attempted suicide and said that he would stay near her bedside as long as she remained at home.

TO ABOLISH NEGRO TROOPS.

Effort Will Be Made in the New Congress to Legislate Them Out of the Army.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—It is already apparent that when the Sixtieth Congress assembles in December a strong effort will be initiated to legislate negro troops out of the United States Army. Representatives Shackleford of Missouri, Byrd of Mississippi and Heflin of Alabama, all Democrats, who are committed to the prospective movement, will present bills having that end in view. The feeling against the negro troops is the direct outcome of the Brownsville investigation, and in view of the attitude of the Roosevelt Administration in that matter those who desire to abolish the negro regiments believe they will have considerable Republican support.

The negro regiments in the army are the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Infantry and the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry. Only one of these regiments is now in the United States, but when the others return from the Philippines the War Department will be confronted with the problem of placing them at stations where the prejudice against them will not be so great as to make them uncomfortable and probably bring about clashes with white citizens.

It is said that some of those who intend to foster the movement to legislate the four negro regiments out of the military establishment have received assurances from War Department officials and high ranking officers of the army that the military service is in sympathy with it.

METZ CLOSES THE CASH BOX.

No Millions for Bridge Loop or Other Things Until He Sees His Way Clear.

Comptroller Metz announced at yesterday's meeting of the Board of Estimate with much emphasis of language that he intended to oppose the making of any new contracts for public improvements until he could be satisfied that there would not be a repetition of the difficulties the city had in the early part of the year in selling its bonds. Mr. Metz made this statement after Chief Counsel Blackmar of the Public Service Commission had applied for an appropriation of $1,000,000 for the purpose of protecting and acquiring easements along the route of the subway which is being built between the bridge terminals.

Mr. Metz said he realized the importance of the request, but in view of the condition of the city's finances it was necessary to proceed with caution.

"The money which the city raised by the last bond sale," he said, "will only last until the end of the year, and I don't intend to register any more contracts until I know just where we stand. I don't know what price I will get for my next sale of bonds, but I can tell you that I don't intend to have another sale at the prices the last one brought. We have already spent too much money on fancy improvements, and it is time that a stop was put to reckless expenditure of money.

"About $50,000,000 indebtedness from the Low administration is coming in on us, and we are being constantly asked to agree to new contracts. I want to say right now that for the present I am going to quit registering new contracts and I don't give a damn how much of a howl is raised over it. Either we have got to shut down for some time to come or the tax rate or assessment valuations must be raised, and that will bring out a still worse howl."

The application for the appropriation was referred to Mr. Blackmar and Mr. Metz for report.

It was decided to hold another public hearing next Friday on the budget for 1908. This action was taken in response to demands made by Allan Robinson, president of the Allied Real Estate Interests, and other civic and commercial bodies.

A request for an appropriation of $2,576,750 by acting President Parsons of the Park Department for the renovation of Central Park was referred to Comptroller Metz for report.

Steams 2,500 Miles Shy Her High Pressure Piston.

The steamer Sarnia of the Atlas Line, which arrived here yesterday from Port Limon, Fortune Islands, and other ports on the Caribbean Sea, broke her high pressure piston on October 2 when leaving Cartagena. She steamed 2,500 miles, using only her low and intermediate pressure cylinders. She will repair here before making another trip.

The Weather.

A cold wave ranging from 14 to 16 degrees above zero to freezing point is being carried southeastward over the Dakotas, Minnesota, Nebraska and Wyoming by an area of high pressure which covered all the country from the Northwest to Texas. The general fall of temperature was from 10 to 28 degrees. The cold will spread slowly eastward and be greatly modified before it can reach the Atlantic, although it will be colder here tonight and Sunday. Fair weather continues generally over the country, only one or two showers being reported.

In this city the day was fair, with stationary temperature; winds, fresh southeasterly; average humidity, 52 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.01; 3 P. M., 29.92.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

	1907.	1906.		1907.	1906.
9 A. M.	57°	56°	6 P. M.	64°	62°
12 M.	66°	62°	9 P. M.	58°	62°
3 P. M.	66°	62°	12 Mid.	60°	61°

Highest temperature, 67°, at 1:30 P. M.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, fair and slightly colder to-day; fair to-morrow; fresh northwesterly winds.

For New England, fair to-day and to-morrow; fresh northwesterly winds; brisk on the south coast.

For the District of Columbia and Virginia, fair and colder to-day; fair to-morrow; diminishing northwesterly winds.

For western New York and western Pennsylvania, fair to-day and to-morrow; light to fresh northwesterly winds.

WILL SUE FOR THAT $965,000

AN ACCOUNTING OR RESTITUTION TO BE CALLED FOR

By Mrs. Securities Co.—A. N. Brady, P. A. B. Widener, Thomas Dolan, T. F. Ryan, Elkins and Whitney Estates and Others Are Named as the Defendants.

Announcement was made yesterday that the directors of the Metropolitan Securities Company will bring suits against all persons concerned in the Wall and Cortlandt Street Ferries Railway Company deal "for the enforcement of the company's rights." Whether these actions will be for an accounting or to compel the restitution of the $965,000 alleged to have been diverted has not been settled yet.

Summonses have been served on these defendants: Anthony N. Brady, P. A. B. Widener, Thomas Dolan, Thomas F. Ryan, the executors of the estate of William L. Elkins—Louise B. Elkins, John G. Johnson and George W. Elkins—Harry Payne Whitney, as executor and trustee of the estate of his father, William C. Whitney, and Grant B. Schley, Henry P. Chilton and Watson Dickerman, as individuals and as partners in the banking firm of Moore & Schley.

The check for $965,000, it will be recalled, was sent by the Securities Company to Anthony N. Brady, who after deducting $250,000, the cost of the paper railroad to him, split the balance up among Messrs. Whitney, Dolan, Widener, Ryan, Elkins and Moore & Schley. This division was made under instructions from Mr. Whitney, each of them receiving $111,065.28, with the exception of Moore & Schley, who got more than $134,000. Mr. Schley's testimony before the Public Service Commission yesterday was to the effect that this check also went to Mr. Whitney's account.

The announcement of this suit was taken in Wall Street as further evidence of the fact that the controlling interests in the Interborough-Metropolitan board of directors have decided to assert themselves. It may be said also that these will not be the only suits that will be filed. The interests in the Inter-Met board that are working for a radical reorganization intend to advise the bringing of other suits whenever they deem them warranted by the disclosures before the Public Service Commission.

Yesterday's announcement was regarded as further confirmation of the report that Thomas F. Ryan and his friends are to withdraw voluntarily from active participation in the mangement of the traction properties.

The Interborough-Metropolitan Company owns 99 per cent. of the stock of the Metropolitan Securities Company and it is practically certain that the initiative in the present action came from the Inter-Met directors. The announcement of the suits was passed out at the Inter-Met offices. The Metropolitan Securities Company's board of directors, which nominally voted for the bringing of the suits, is made up with but one exception of employees of the Metropolitan system, as follows:

H. H. Vreeland, president of the Metropolitan Securities Company; Edward W. Sayre, secretary; Charles E. Warren, treasurer of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company; Oren Root, Jr., operating manager of the system; Frank S. Gannon, and Richard W. Meade, vice-president of the Securities Company.

Of these directors President Vreeland himself made two subsequent payments amounting to $45,000 on account of the Brady paper road, and M. Sayre put his signature to the $965,000 check sent to Brady in the first instance.

The company has retained the firm of Wallace, Butler & Brown, of which ex-Judge of the United States Circuit Court William J. Wallace is the head, to prosecute the actions.

The complaints will be served within a few days. This action will be entirely independent of the suit which has been begun by Minority Stockholder Burrows in the New York State Supreme Court.

PRINCESS DE BEARN DEAD.

Was Formerly Miss Winans of Baltimore—A Diplomatic Match.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 18.—The Princess de Bearn, who was born in Baltimore, died yesterday.

The Princess de Bearn was Miss Beatrice Winans of Baltimore. She was born there on April 25, 1884. She married Henry de Galard de Bearn, Prince of Chalais, in Paris on June 24, 1905. A daughter, Cecile Marie Beatrice, born in St. Petersburg on April 17, 1906, survives the mother.

The Prince de Bearn was an attaché of the French Embassy at Washington in 1904, where he met Miss Winans.

Shortly before their marriage in Paris his title was attacked by the Prince de Sagan, but the Prince de Bearn was easily able to prove his right to the title and nothing came of sensational stories of a duel.

OBITUARY.

James B. Gallagher, a well known Newark newspaper man, died at his home in Orchard street, Passaic, yesterday. He was 40 years old, and death was caused by a general physical breakdown. Mr. Gallagher was a reporter for the Newark *Evening News* for five years. He entered the profession when he was about 20 years old, being first employed by the Jersey City *Journal*. He was employed as ship news reporter for more than seven years by the *World*, *Recorder* and *Evening Post* of New York. He went to Newark in 1900 and was connected with the *Daily Advertiser*, later joining the staff of the *News*. Mr. Gallagher was born in Ireland. He was brought to this country when he was three weeks old and his parents settled in Jersey City. He received his education in the parochial schools there. Eight years ago Mr. Gallagher was living in Jersey City with his wife and three children. He was employed as purser on a steamship running to Santo Domingo. On his return he found that his wife and two older children had died of scarlet fever and were buried in his absence. Mr. Gallagher is survived by his mother, his son and three brothers.

George Emmons White, son of Antonia Emmons and the late Rear Admiral Edwin White, U. S. N., and grandson of the late Rear Admiral George F. Emmons, U. S. N., died at the Presbyterian Hospital on Thursday of heart trouble. Mr. White was born in Philadelphia. He was a graduate of Princeton University in the class of '93, and of the New York Law School. He was a member of the Calumet and Princeton clubs of New York and of the Nassau Club of Princeton. At the time of his death Mr. White was on the staff of the New York *World*. The funeral services will be held at 2:30 this afternoon at the Church of the Transfiguration. Interment will be at the United States Naval Cemetery, Annapolis.

Dr. George L. Paine, for nearly half a century a well known authority in the Middle West on dental practice, died in Washington yesterday in his eighty-sixth year. He was born in Montgomery county, Ohio, was educated at Miami University, was graduated from Cincinnati Dental College and practised at Xenia, Ohio, until his retirement, some ten or fifteen years ago. He was a frequent writer on dentistry and was well known as a Latin scholar.

Horace John Gray, a well known attorney of Washington, member of the firm of Britton & Gray, died at his home in Washington on Thursday in his seventy-first year. He was born in Coldwater, Mich., was graduated in law and went to Washington as a clerk in the General Land Office. Afterward he began the practice of law but recently returned to the Land Office as Assistant Attorney-General.

Malverd C. Tucker, a veteran official of the Treasury Department, died at his home in Washington on Thursday at the age of 70 years. He was born in Northfield, Vt., and served three years in the civil war in a Vermont regiment. After the close of hostilities he settled in Washington, where for forty-two years he served in various grades of the Treasury Department.

Midshipman E. C. Howe of the fourth class at the United States Naval Academy died yesterday at the academy of septicæmia. Midshipman Howe was appointed from Millis, Mass., by Representative Weeks of Massachusetts.

CUBAN AGRARIAN APPEAL.

Sugar and Tobacco Growers Demand Better Trade Rather Than Sovereignty.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, Oct. 18.—A committee of the Agrarian League, comprising sugar and tobacco growers throughout the island, to-day presented to Gov. Magoon a lengthy petition setting forth the need of banking, railroad and agricultural laws. It says that the railway law adopted by the Americans at the time of their first intervention has become a dead letter and that the advantages granted by the reciprocity treaty have been monopolized by the American sugar refiners.

It asks that a commission similar to the advisory commission which is drafting election and other laws be appointed by President Roosevelt to draft new laws to govern the trade relations between the two republics, to bring about closer trade relations and finally free trade, which is more important than political sovereignty.

The petition recommends that the Cubans be taught the superiority of economic advantages rather than sovereignty, and adds that the United States is Cuba's commercial country. It makes an earnest appeal for a renewal of the reciprocity treaty on more advantageous terms and dwells upon the present bad economic and political conditions, which are attributed to the lack of Cuban Congressional legislation and the Cuban genius for legislating for political preferment rather than for prosperity.

It declares that the present railway extortion is fatal to the agricultural interests of the island, and concludes by stating that the right of the United States to intervene in Cuban affairs involves the duty to save Cuba to civilization.

Gov. Magoon said he would give the petition his most careful attention.

FILIPINOS THANK AMERICA.

Resolution to Be Sent to President Roosevelt by Assembly.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MANILA, Oct. 18.—A joint committee of the Commission and Assembly has adopted a resolution formally notifying President Roosevelt of the fact that the organization of the legislature has been completed and thanking the people of the United States for the enlargement of Philippine self-government.

The stenographers in the Assembly chamber are unable to keep a record of the exceedingly rapid and impassioned speeches that are delivered and of the numerous motions that are made. The minutes of the three meetings of the Assembly that have been held are still unapproved, pending revision.

ALL ON BOARD DROWNED.

Steamship Alfred Erlandsen Founders Off Scottish Coast.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The steamship Alfred Erlandsen, from Libau for Grangemouth, laden with pit props, went ashore on the rocks of St. Abb's Head, on the southeastern coast of Scotland, at 8:30 o'clock last evening. Her position was such as prevented communication with her by means of the lifesaving apparatus.

The lifeboat at Dunbar was launched and battled for four hours in terrific seas, which swept her from stem to stern. When she finally reached the scene of the wreck the Alfred Erlandsen had foundered.

All on board, who are believed to have numbered twenty, were drowned.

FLOODS IN ENGLAND NOW.

Fierce Tempests Also Cause Disasters Along the Coast.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—The gale in which the Alfred Erlandsen was wrecked has already lasted four days along the British coasts and shows no sign of abatement. Numbers of small wrecks and drownings are reported.

A quantity of cattle have been washed ashore on the Isle of Man, and it is supposed they came from some transatlantic steamer bound for Liverpool.

There has been an almost phenomenal rain in Great Britain for days. Immense areas are flooded and great damage has been done. Similar conditions prevail through the whole of western Europe.

EMPEROR HAS A BAD NIGHT.

Temperature Normal, but Cough Kept Him Awake.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VIENNA, Oct. 18.—The Emperor passed a poor night, being much disturbed by coughing.

His temperature is normal, but his cough is dry and painful.

So far as can be learned this evening the condition of the Emperor is no worse. The fever has not recurred and he eats well. Nevertheless the fact that the famous laryngologist Dr. Chiari has been summoned to confer with the physicians in attendance has again started serious rumors.

KRUGER'S GRAVE DESECRATED.

Bust of Former Transvaal President Thrown Down and Broken.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

JOHANNESBURG, Oct. 18.—A most painful sensation has been caused by the discovery of the desecration of the grave of Paul Kruger, the late President of the South African Republic, in the cemetery at Pretoria.

The marble bust had been torn from its granite base and was lying on the ground face downward, and with the shoulders chipped and the nose broken.

The circumstances point to an attempted theft of the bust.

KING IN FLOODED REGION.

Alfonso Walks Through Malaga Giving Aid From His Own Purse.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Spain, like the whole of southern Europe, is being visited by torrential rains and consequent floods. King Alfonso visited Malaga to-day and was deeply moved by the scenes of suffering he witnessed.

He traversed numerous streets on foot, everywhere distributing assistance from his private purse.

CARNEGIE ON DEPRESSION.

Financial Crisis Will Last Some Time and Do Good, He Says.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Andrew Carnegie, who sailed for New York on the Baltic to-day, told a correspondent of THE SUN that the financial crisis in the United States would affect England as well.

He is of the opinion that it will last some time but that ultimately it will result in benefiting both countries.

Celebrate Seventy-seventh Anniversary of N. Y. U.

The celebration of the seventy-seventh anniversary of the founding of New York University was held yesterday in the auditorium of the library at University Heights under the auspices of the senior class. Harry E. Merven made the president's address. The founder's day poem was read by William P. Sinclair. Warren P. Coon delivered the oration.

JURY TO TRY DR. GILLETTE

PICKED FROM PANEL, DEFENCE'S AGENTS HAD QUESTIONED.

Nothing to Show the Talesmen Had Been Asked About Their Opinions, but It Is a Bad Practice and Won't Go Hereafter, Says the Court—Trial Begins Tuesday.

Although there was plenty of evidence that talesmen on the special panel called for the trial of Dr. Walter R. Gillette, ex-vice-president of the Mutual Life Insurance Company, had been questioned by detectives employed by the defence, a jury was selected yesterday from the panel. There was nothing to show that the talesmen had been asked about their opinion of the guilt or innocence of Dr. Gillette, but Justice Dowling, before whom Dr. Gillette is being tried for perjury, announced after the jury had been obtained that hereafter the practice of questioning talesmen would not be tolerated in his court, as it was a very dangerous proceeding.

Several conferences were held between ex-Judge Edward W. Hatch and Solomon Hanford, counsel for Dr. Gillette; William Rand, Jr., and Assistant District Attorney Kressel, the prosecutors, and Justice Dowling. It was learned that the defence had employed the Gordon Secret Service Agency to look up the talesmen, but the detectives got no instructions to question the talesmen personally. The understanding of the defence, the lawyers said, was that the thing would be done by getting information from friends of the talesmen, which has been the usual way.

The detectives, two of whom were questioned yesterday, sought out the talesmen and, posing as election clerks, "commissioners of jurors," or any old thing that would suit their purpose, tried to get information from them. Not a few of the talesmen got angry and sent the detectives away.

About a hundred talesmen had been examined and the twelfth juror accepted when Justice Dowling said:

"On the application of the District Attorney an investigation has been made of the fact that some of the jurors were approached. It transpired that they were questioned about their age and what societies they belonged to. Counsel for the defence, acting within their rights, had engaged a detective agency to look up the talesmen. Nothing has been shown that the jurors were tampered with. There is no suggestion that counsel sent the detectives to the jurors or that anything improper was done. As the sanctity of the jury box is one of the strong principles of justice and any interference with jurors comes close to contempt of court, I serve notice that the practice, either on the part of the defence or District Attorney, will not be tolerated by this Court."

Then Justice Dowling told the jury that if any one approached them in the course of the trial it was their duty to inform the Court. This is the jury, one of whom was on the jury that convicted Albert T. Patrick: Edward A. Phillips, agent; Albert L. Dowe, clerk; Frederick Herzig, dolls; John F. McCaloon, retired; Edward K. Milligen, treasurer; Walter S Woodward, silks; C. Clifford Moore, broker; William J. Hauser, assistant cashier; Alfred Potter, oysters; William H. Conway, salesman; Joseph Piser, printer; William H. Bradford, accountant.

It appeared in the examination of talesmen that there was a strong prejudice against big insurance officials. Many of the talesmen said that they were prejudiced and their usual explanation was that they didn't like the methods of the big companies.

The trial of Dr. Gillette will not go on until Tuesday because the motion to dismiss the indictments against John R. Hegeman, president of the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, comes up before Justice Dowling on Monday. It is not unlikely that Andy Fields will be called by the prosecution, although the District Attorney says his side of the case should not take more than two days.

THE MAN WHO TOLD MRS. MINKE.

Reports at District Attorney's Office After Lieut. Grady Talks With Him.

It was Edward N. Hetzel of 50 West Twenty-sixth street, who says he is a typewriter machine broker, who told Mrs. Belle Minke that it would be a good thing for her to leave town after the stir made when Lieut. Dennis Grady, Big Bill Devery's ex-chum, arrested her on a charge of robbing him. Hetzel was examined yesterday by Assistant District Attorney Murphy, and the Grand Jury will take up the investigation next week. Grady, wearing a worried look, posted himself outside of the Criminal Courts Building and had a talk with Hetzel before Hetzel called on Mr. Murphy.

Mr. Murphy was a little surprised when he heard from Hetzel. A man called on the telephone and said he was the "Harry Smith" who had spoken to Mrs. Minke about the Grady case. Mr. Murphy told him to report at once to the District Attorney's office. The man said he would, and Mr. Murphy, who didn't know where the voice came from, told him he would have him arrested if he didn't come. Twenty minutes later Hetzel walked into his office.

Hetzel said he had known Mrs. Minke and when he read of her arrest in the newspapers he went to her as a friend and told her that there were 1,000 policemen interested in the case and they would know her, as her picture had been taken at Police Headquarters. He knew Grady, he said, but Grady did not ask him to speak to Mrs. Minke. But after he had spoken to Mrs. Minke he told Grady about it. Grady was grateful and Hetzel said he saw Mrs. Minke again. Grady met him as he came into the building and Grady told him to tell the truth, as he had done nothing wrong.

Several other witnesses were examined yesterday. Ernest Offerman, son of the owner of the Eighth avenue saloon where Grady said he was robbed of $160, told Mr. Murphy that he remembered cashing a check for Grady. He wasn't sure whether he had kept any of the money in an envelope for Grady.

The District Attorney has got some corroboration of Mrs. Minke's story that Grady assaulted her and this charge will be taken up by the Grand Jury.

CORRIGAN REBUKES POLICE

For Arrests Made at Long Acre A. C.—Have No Right to Force Entrance.

Magistrate Corrigan in discharging Mike Newman, manager of the Long Acre Athletic Club, and Frankie Howe and Willie Newman, lightweight boxers, who were taken in a raid on the club on Thursday night, warned the police in the Jefferson Market court yesterday that they had no right to make such arrests unless they could present proof that the law was being violated. When Detectives Willett and Kirk of the Tenderloin station, who made the arrests, said that they had not seen any admission fee charged the Magistrate said:

"A sparring match is a perfectly legitimate exhibition and the law is not violated thereby until an admission fee is charged. You have no right to make such arrests until you have evidence of violation of the law and you certainly have no right to force your way into the club under these circumstances. These men are discharged."

"But we want the court's protection against Commissioner Bingham and Inspector Burns," said the lawyer for the club. "These policemen are only obeying orders. The Commissioner and inspector have given orders to these men to force their way into our clubs and break up our exhibitions. I ask for summonses for the heads of the Police Department."

"This is my last day in this court," replied the Judge, "and so I cannot very well grant them, but I certainly shall discharge these men until a case is made out against them."

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EPISCOPALIANS THINK THEY CAN HELP HIM

Without Interfering With His Loyalty to Tradition—Dr. Wilmer and the Bible—Bishops of New York Off Board of Missions—Trenton, N. J., Man a Bishop.

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 18.—The Episcopal Church of America will do all in its power to bring within its fold such Jews as will listen to its call. The matter came up in two or three different forms at the general convention to-day, all meeting with favorable consideration.

A joint resolution from the House of Bishops asked that a committee be appointed to report on the work at the next convention. Another resolution stated that the Hebrew would be allowed to maintain his nationality and customs. It is stated by members of the convention that this work is more important than the work among the negroes because of the influence of the Jew upon this nation. In the campaign which has been mapped out it is not proposed to ask the Jew to abandon his traditions or to forsake his people, but it is asserted that neither Jew nor Gentile can be saved without the mediation of Christ.

The Rev. Dr. C. B. Wilmer of Atlanta, Ga., on the floor of the House of Deputies this morning denounced attacks made upon him because of alleged misinterpretation of his words in the convention.

"A certain Atlanta newspaper," said Dr. Wilmer, "recommends that I be thrown out of the Church. I denied the accusation, and even in the face of my denials the paper refused to correct its misstatement and continued to arraign me."

According to Dr. Wilmer, the statement attributed to him was: "The Bible is the most fruitful source of infidelity in the world," while what he said was: "Calling the Bible the word of God is the most prolific source of infidelity in the world." Dr. Wilmer asserts that the Bible "contains" the word of God. Dr. Wilmer was supported by the Rev. Cyrus Townsend Brady, George Foster Peabody of New York, Francis L. Stetson of New York, Thomas Nelson Page of Washington and Z. D. Harrison of Georgia.

Dr. Parks of New York read the report of the committee on the election of a board of missions to serve during the next three years. George H. Thomas of Pennsylvania was reappointed treasurer of the board and the Rev. Arthur S. Lloyd was reelected secretary. Dr. Grosvenor of New York objected to the report in that it did not contain the name of the Bishop of New York and asked that that name be inserted, stating that the Bishop had served on the board for twenty consecutive years. Dr. Grammar of Pennsylvania asked whether or not the Bishop had attended the meetings of the board. President McKim stated that that matter was of a personal nature and was not before the house.

The report of the committee as presented was adopted.

Bishop Rowe of Alaska to-day informed the House of Bishops that he could not accept the appointment extended him transferring him to the missionary district of western Colorado. The Rev. Edward Jennings Knight of Trenton, N. J., was therefore appointed.

The House of Deputies to-night refused to accept the resolution passed in the House of Bishops regarding the open pulpits. The deputies agreed that the matter be referred to a committee on conference for report at the next convention.

FOUR SCHOOL BOARDS KICK.

Those in Queens Say They Are Ignored and Not Treated Courteously.

Declaring they are simply ticketed manikins without voice or authority in the conduct of public school affairs, representatives of the four local school boards of the Borough of Queens at a meeting held in Jamaica yesterday, decided to disband if their present unsatisfactory status is not speedily remedied.

Dr. John H. Barry, president of local board 41, acted as chairman. All four boards were well represented. One speaker said that they were not even treated with ordinary courtesy by the Board of Education, while their recommendations and opinions on the various school situations in Queens were ignored and at times held up to derision. It was the unanimous opinion of those present that they could not maintain their self-respect and continue as members of the local boards.

The chairmen and secretaries of the four boards were named as a committee to call upon the charter revision committee and ask for enlarged powers. It is said that the same spirit is manifested by the local boards in the other boroughs and a combined effort is to be made to have the situation remedied.

Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—These navy orders were issued to-day:

Lieutenant-Commander G. F. Cooper, from naval station, New Orleans, to the hydrographic office, Washington.

Lieutenant-Commander A. A. Pratt, to Naval Academy.

Lieut. W. H. Reynolds, from Navy Department to Philadelphia in connection with the Idaho and as senior engineer officer of that vessel when commissioned.

Lieut. S. W. Bryant, to Naval Academy.

Ensign W. P. Gaddis, from the Worden to the Trumbull.

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PRESIDENT SAVES THE TREES.

He Halts Work at the Site of the Grant Monument.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The President has halted the work of clearing a site for the Gen. U. S. Grant monument in Washington. The following message was received to-day by Assistant Secretary of War Oliver:

The President directs that no trees of any consequence in the District of Columbia be destroyed for any purpose without full consideration, and in the event of there being the slightest question raised, bring the matter before him.

H. C. LATTA, Assistant Secretary.

It is understood that all work will be suspended until the return of the President and Gen. Dodge of the Grant Monument Commission. The latter is in Sioux City, Iowa.

The plans of the Park Commission for the permanent improvement of Washington contemplated the placing of the Grant monument in the Botanical Garden. It cannot be placed there without removing one or more trees that have historical interest. The work of clearing away the trees was under way when citizens of the District of Columbia protested and secured a restraining order from the courts.

GEN. WOOD COMING HOME

By Way of Suez Canal and Will Spend Some Time in Europe.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18. — Major-Gen. Leonard Wood will leave the Philippines soon after Secretary Taft completes his stay there and will start on a leisurely trip to the United States by way of the Suez Canal. He will be in no great hurry to get back, for he means to spend considerable time in Europe for pleasure. It was said to-day that the General was no longer concerned about his health and that his stay in Europe is not to be for treatment.

The plan for his assuming command at Governors Island, relieving Gen. Fred Grant, has already been announced. He will be in New York early in the spring and will relieve Gen. Grant, who will go to Chicago to relieve Gen. Carter, who will in turn go to Omaha to take command there, relieving Gen. Greely, who will be retired.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—The collier Nero has arrived at Bradford, the collier Ajax at Norfolk, the collier Leonidas at Hampton Roads, the gunboat Chattanooga at Nagasaki and the gunboat Tacoma at New York. The gunboat Marietta has sailed from Hampton Roads for Key West.

POSTUM.

OLD SOAKERS

Get Saturated With Caffeine.

When a person has used coffee for a number of years and gradually declined in health, it is time the coffee should be left off in order to see whether or not that has been the cause of the trouble.

A lady in Huntsville, Ala., says she used coffee for about 40 years, and for the past 20 years has had severe stomach trouble. "I have been treated by many physicians but all in vain. Everything failed to give relief. Was prostrated for some time, and came near dying. When I recovered sufficiently to partake of food and drink,