

BANKS PREPARE TO PAY CASH

CORTELYOU EXPECTS THEM TO DO IT SOON.

These in New York, Chicago and Boston Only Waiting to Hear That No Extraordinary Drafts Will Be Made by Correspondents in Smaller Cities.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The efforts of the Treasury Department are being directed toward a resumption of currency payments in all the large cities, and the advice received by Secretary Cortelyou encourage the belief that this condition will soon be brought about.

Information received by Mr. Cortelyou is that the national banks of New York, Boston and Chicago are preparing to resume currency payments on a normal basis, and he is in frequent communication with the banks in regard to this matter.

According to the information which has come to the Treasury Department, a good deal has already been done by the New York banks in the matter of shipping currency to the West and South.

It was several days ago that Secretary Cortelyou expressed in plain terms his belief that the New York bankers were disposed to do the right thing by the rest of the country, and it was to be inferred from what he said to-day that he has not changed that belief.

Apparently, the Treasury Department is proceeding on the theory that if matters can be adjusted in the great financial centers the situation in smaller places will be adjusted as a natural consequence.

The subscriptions for the certificates of indebtedness continue to come in, and a number of them have been approved. Secretary Cortelyou is exercising the broadest kind of discretion in considering these subscriptions.

As a general proposition it may be said that the policy of the Treasury Department is to sell the certificates only where there will ensue a corresponding issue of national bank currency or where hoarded funds of individuals are being used for their purchase.

In their conference with Secretary Cortelyou on Friday evening, Mr. Morgan and George F. Baker gave Mr. Cortelyou additional information of the work that had been done by themselves and other bankers to help trust companies and savings banks.

that Mr. Cortelyou, Mr. Morgan and Mr. Bacon conferred, and there is every reason to believe that both President Roosevelt and Mr. Cortelyou were greatly gratified over what they learned of what had been done by New York banks to furnish money to the sections whose currency is needed to insure the movement of crops.

BANKS HERE PAY IN \$10,000,000

For New 3s and Some New Circulation is Out—Premium on Currency Smaller. None of the New York banks which subscribed for the 3 per cent. Government certificates has yet received an allotment of the full amount of its subscription.

It was presumed that in the case of the remaining \$10,000,000 subscribed by New York banks, the remaining allotments being made, the money would be redeposited at once in the subscribing banks.

There was another relaxation in the premium on currency yesterday. At one time brokers sold currency at 1 1/2 per cent. The close was at 1 1/4. The demand from the interior alone caused the maintenance of any premium at all.

London Hears Shipments Are to Be Made on Havre Steamers to New York. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

SHAKESPEARE VINDICATED. London Critic's Dictum on Bernard Shaw's "Cesar and Cleopatra."

OUT TO SEA OFF A LEE SHORE. Two Steamers That Drew Near This Port Sunday Night Turned Back.

MANY SHOTS IN STRIKE RIOT. Mob of Union Men Attacks Louis' Pic Car—One Fatal; Hurt.

NEBRASKA'S SWAT AT BRYAN. State Gives Its Largest Republican Plurality of Twenty Years.

FOR THE HONORABLE DINNER. Chamagne, Wines or Grape Juice. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 135 Fulton St., New York.

JENKINS TRUST INDICTMENT

AND MORE IN BOROUGH BANK CASE TO COME OUT TO-DAY.

An Official of the Jenkins and Three Who Merely Had Dealings With Borough Officials Expected to Be Named—Maxwell Gets Ball and Leaves Jail.

Five more indictments will be handed down this morning in the Grand Jury's investigation into the affairs of certain of the suspended banks in Brooklyn. It is understood that four of the indictments will cover transactions in the Borough Bank and one transaction in the Jenkins Trust Company.

It is expected that at least three persons will be named in the Borough Bank indictments and only one in the Jenkins Trust Company case. None of the men to be named in the Borough Bank indictments, it is said, has ever been an officer of the company or served on the board of directors.

One of the Borough Bank indictments will be for perjury in the present investigation before the Grand Jury. It is expected that the indictment in the Jenkins Trust Company will be against one of the officials and will be for a misdemeanor.

Ex-President Maxwell, who has been locked up in Raymond Street Jail since last Thursday, got out last night, after his lawyers had finally succeeded in scraping together the \$30,000 bail.

Maxwell's four sisters went on one bond for \$10,000. Ethan Allen Dury and John C. Brackbridge, the latter having served as Highway Commissioner under Borough President Martin W. Littleton, who is now Maxwell's counsel, furnished security on one of the other charges, and the Illinois Surety Company took care of the third.

It was late in the afternoon when Maxwell's lawyers served notice on the District Attorney that they had bail arranged. Maxwell had been brought down from the jail to the County Court building and was expecting to leave for home.

Maxwell's lawyers, however, lost no time applying to Supreme Court Justice Burr for an order directing the District Attorney to show cause why the bond of the surety company should not be accepted.

The Grand Jury proceedings yesterday had to do almost entirely with the Jenkins Trust Company affairs. The Attorney-General has charged that the Jenkins interests borrowed \$57,000 from the trust company and that this was in excess of the amount that could be loaned legally to any one individual.

John G. Jenkins, Jr., & Co., the brokerage firm; C. H. Reuter, a clerk, borrowed \$58,000; Fred Kaiser, the manager of the company, got \$42,000; F. C. Young, another clerk, borrowed \$20,000, and Waldo Hunter, also a clerk, \$104,000. The firm had in its own name \$188,000.

John G. Jenkins, Jr., was the president of the trust company until after the suspension. The bank examiner found that the collateral on the loans to the Jenkins interests was more than \$100,000 short of covering the loans and he immediately called on the Jenkins to put up more securities.

One of the witnesses before the Grand Jury yesterday was Bank Examiner Judson, who had charge of the trust company's affairs after it suspended. William Conklin, the former secretary of the trust company, also was a witness yesterday.

S. S. Menken of the law firm of Philip, Bookman & Menken, counsel for the International Trust Company, one of the Gov institutions that suspended, said yesterday that Gow and Maxwell drew out \$54,000 from the Borough Bank on the day before the latter institution closed its doors.

Charles M. Stafford, counsel for the depositors' committee in the Brooklyn Bk. Ind. case, yesterday said that he had discovered illegal agreements in that institution and evidence that the funds of both the Brooklyn Bank and the International Trust Company had been juggled and manipulated in the interests of certain stockholders.

DIPLOMAT TURNS ON THE GAS.

Acting Chancellor of the Cuban Legation Attempts Suicide.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—Señor Don Rogelio M. Bombalier, acting chancellor of the Cuban Legation, attempted suicide to-night by inhaling illuminating gas in his quarters at the Douglas apartment house.

The occupant of the adjoining apartment detected the fumes of gas coming from Señor Bombalier's rooms, shortly before 8 o'clock to-night, and when it was learned that the diplomat had been asphyxiated by the gas, he was taken to the Douglas apartment house.

On a table near by were found two notes written in Spanish. One was addressed to Señor Radro, the Charge of the Cuban Legation, and the other was a public letter, which read:

"Good-by to everybody. I am going to leave this world because I have not the courage to endure it."

ARREST OF GEO. H. PROCTOR.

Extradition Warrant Signed at the Governor of Pennsylvania's Instance.

George H. Proctor, who is said to have been connected with several large enterprises and who has lived for six months at the Hotel San Remo, was arrested at 2 Rector street yesterday afternoon on extradition papers issued by Gov. Hughes.

Mr. Proctor is president of the Summit Coal Company, president and director of the Old Colony Company of San Francisco and director of the Wachovia Coal Company.

The Old Colony Company is said to be inoperative at present. Mr. Proctor is said to have spent seventeen years in California and the Western States and three years in Europe and to have built woollen mills, fruit canneries, &c., in California.

BOERS FORM A MINISTRY.

New Constitution Operative in the Orange River Colony.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The first Ministry of the Orange River Colony under the new Constitution has been formed. All the members are Boers, except one, Gen. De Wet is Minister of Agriculture.

A Constitution was granted to the Transvaal last year. On December 17 last, in London, that the Legislature and a full responsible government would be conceded to the old Orange Free State, now known as the Orange River Colony, in the course of 1907.

NOBEL PRIZE FOR DR. LAVERAN.

Author of Work on Spread of Tropical Fever Is the Winner.

PARIS, Nov. 26.—A despatch to the Petit Parisien from Stockholm says it is reported that the Nobel prize in medicine has been awarded to Dr. Laveran of Paris, who is celebrated for his work on the propagation of tropical fevers by microbes which are conveyed by mosquitoes.

POPE WANTS TO SEE TAFT.

Hopes He Will Visit Rome to Talk About the Philippines.

ROME, Nov. 25.—The papal states that the Vatican is attempting to induce Secretary of War Taft to visit Rome to continue the negotiations he opened in 1902 regarding ecclesiastical affairs in the Philippines. The Pope wishes to meet him.

JUMPS FROM BELLEVEUE.

William Reynolds, Delirious From Hines, Leaps to Death From Fourth Floor.

William Reynolds, 50 years old, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital on Sunday morning, jumped from the fourth story of the Ten Eyck street apartment building early yesterday morning and was killed.

Reynolds was suffering from stomach trouble and became delirious. He asked permission to leave his bed shortly before 5 o'clock in the morning and nothing about his actions attracted the suspicions of his nurse.

Reynolds was a driver and lived at 287 Avenue A.

NEBRASKA'S SWAT AT BRYAN. State Gives Its Largest Republican Plurality of Twenty Years.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 25.—There is cold comfort for Mr. Bryan in the figures of the official canvass of the late election, made public to-night by the State board.

SUICIDE IN FACE OF ARREST

STRAUS TAKES POISON WHEN DETECTIVES ARE AT HIS DOOR.

Accused of Raising Loans on Forged Bills of Lading to the Amount of \$25,000—His Brother Held the Officers in Parley While He Took His Life.

Louis Straus, a mining broker, who would have been indicted this morning for forgery, took poison last night on the third floor of his home, 18 West Eighty-third street, while two detectives from the District Attorney's office who had come to arrest him were arguing with his brother below.

Straus was accused of forging bills of lading for about \$25,000 and getting loans on them. The complaint on which the detectives were instructed to arrest him was made by William A. Avis & Co. of 79 Front street.

Straus had had warning that he was being watched and in danger of being arrested. Private detectives have been about his house for three days.

It was late in the afternoon when William A. Avis with his lawyer, John M. Rider of 44 Cedar street, went to the District Attorney's office and laid the basis of his charges against Straus before Assistant District Attorney Perkins, who is in charge of the Grand Jury.

After consulting with District Attorney Jerome M. Perkins instructed Lieut. Beery and Fitzsimmons to go to Straus's home last night and arrest him. No warrant was necessary, as the charge was felony.

It was about 8:15 o'clock when Beery and Fitzsimmons went up the stoop of the house. They were accompanied by a representative of Avis & Co. When they rang the bell a man opened the door and asked them what they wanted.

"We want to see Louis Straus," said Beery. "Step right in," they were told.

"We are detectives," said Beery, "and we are here to arrest Louis Straus." "I am Louis Straus," said the man.

But the detectives had a description of Louis Straus, which didn't tally with that of the man they were talking to. They told him so, and they were backed up by the representative of Avis & Co. While they were arguing a woman screamed upstairs.

Straus was sitting on the floor at the foot of a bedroom on the third floor. Near him was a bottle which had contained cyanide of potassium. The detectives sent a hurry call for doctors, getting Dr. Leonard G. Weber of 71 West Eighty-third street and Dr. Herman Koenig, who lives in the same street.

The detectives soon learned that the man who had personated Straus was his brother William. The suicide's mother-in-law and sister-in-law were in the house at the time. He had a daughter about 14 years old. His wife came in soon after he killed himself.

Sidney Rosenbaum, who was Straus's lawyer, was called to the house by Mrs. Straus. He said that he had had no knowledge that Straus's arrest was pending. If it was a culmination of Straus's business affairs Straus had told him nothing about it.

"Mr. Straus was at my office this afternoon," said Rosenbaum. "He told me he wanted to see me at his home to-night. I said I would be there. Before I had started for the house I got the message from Mrs. Straus."

"Mr. Straus was a mining broker worth about \$200,000. He had suffered very heavily in the recent financial crash, but I did not feel that he was hopelessly involved. There were several lawsuits pending in which he was concerned. In some he was the defendant and in others the plaintiff, but they had been at issue for some time and they were not serious affairs."

Coroner Harburger learned that when the detectives got inside Louis Straus was standing on the second floor looking over the balustrade. His confidential secretary, Mrs. Josephine Sonn, who had been doing some work with him, was at his side.

Straus's wife, Mrs. Rosa W., who is a physician, although she has never practiced medicine, said that her husband had been worrying a great deal of late and had talked of committing suicide. She knew there was poison in the house, but she didn't know where it was.

Mrs. Sonn told Coroner Harburger that Straus had lost a lot of money in stocks. At first she didn't care to name a figure, but said finally it was something over \$200,000.

Mr. Avis declined to discuss his troubles with Straus.

WILL REARREST STEVE ADAMS.

Must Face the Charge of Killing Arthur Collins at Telluride.

RATHDRUM, Idaho, Nov. 25.—Steve Adams, in whose trial for the murder of Fred Tyler the jury disagreed, was to-day admitted to bail. The bond was fixed at \$20,000.

Attorney Darrow for the defence announced that the bond would be provided within a few days.

YALE QUARTERBACK PRAYED.

Impressive Scene at Banquet When Tad Jones Took His Part of Football Victory.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 25.—The story was told on the Yale campus to-day about one passage in the speech of Tad Jones, the Yale quarterback, at the Yale banquet in Boston after the game with Harvard on Saturday night that interested all the Yale men who heard it.

Then he began again slowly and with some hesitation: "It's a funny thing to tell here, fellows, but I want to say that this morning I felt that I did not have it," meaning that he felt he was not able to do his part in the coming contest.

He traveled alone when he left here for Europe and had to pay for the furnishings of a state room on the steamer, which were destroyed after he quit the vessel.

MAY DELAY PACIFIC CRUISE.

Doubtful if Battleships Will Be Ready to Sail on Appointed Date.

NORFOLK, Va., Nov. 25.—It is said that despite night and day and Sunday work now being done aboard the battleships here it will hardly be possible for them to go north, be docked and return to Hampton Roads in time to sail for the Pacific on scheduled date, December 16.

RICH LEPPER FINDS A CURE.

Returns to Mexico Sound After a Year and a Half Abroad.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 25.—Juan Bringas, the Guaymas Mexican millionaire leper, who a year and a half ago went to Europe seeking a cure after all efforts in America had failed, returned through here to-day perfectly well in the private car of Vice-President Ramon Corral of Mexico.

He was accompanied by four of Señor Corral's daughters, who will visit him at his country home near Guaymas.

It was about 8:15 o'clock when Beery and Fitzsimmons went up the stoop of the house. They were accompanied by a representative of Avis & Co. When they rang the bell a man opened the door and asked them what they wanted.

MURPHY FOR NO INSTRUCTIONS.

Tammany Leader May Make a Formal Statement About 1908 Delegation.

CHARLES F. MURPHY, leader of Tammany Hall, who has been taking a two weeks' rest at Mount Clemens, Mich., will get home to-night. At Tammany Hall yesterday it was said that he may be expected within a few days to make some kind of a formal statement in which he will declare himself in favor of an uninstructed delegation from this county to the Democratic national convention.

It is expected that this action will have great influence upon the Austrian and Hungarian emigrants in America, many thousands of whom are prevented from returning to their old homes by fear of military punishment.

KILLS HER HUSBAND'S CHARMER.

Wife Fires Two Bullets into Widow's Forehead at Her Home.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 25.—Mrs. Annie E. Maith, wife of John E. Maith, an engineer at Skinner's drydock, came into the Southern police station this evening and declared: "I have shot a woman who broke up my home."

The lieutenant sent officers to the home of Mrs. Sallie E. Brown, a widow, where in the parlor they found Mrs. Brown sitting dead in her chair with two bullet holes in her forehead.

Mrs. Maith has a divorce suit pending against her husband. This evening she went to the Brown home and, hearing voices, entered. Maith hurried away, leaving the widow to be denounced by his wife for breaking up her home.

Mrs. Brown answered rather airily, declaring that she proposed to keep Maith. This so angered the wife that she drew a pistol from her satchel and fired the fatal shots.

Maith has disappeared. He has been married fifteen years. His married life had been happy, though childless, until he became infatuated with Mrs. Brown.

NO THAW TRIAL THIS YEAR.

Prosecution Will Move to Have It Put Over to January.

The trial of Harry K. Thaw will not come up until January. Because of the Christmas holidays and other work District Attorney Jerome will ask on Monday next to have it put over. The motion will be made in the Supreme Court, Criminal Branch, where Justice Dowling will continue to sit. Formal opposition to the postponement of the trial will be made by Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Thaw.

Mr. Littleton issued a statement yesterday that he would not consent to any delay. He says he believes that Thaw's trial has been put over beyond all reason.

Inspector McLaughlin and William Pinkerton Pinned for Speeding.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—William Pinkerton and Inspector McLaughlin of New York were arrested last night by Park Policeman Hyland for exceeding the speed limit. They were taken to the Park station where Serg. McGee recognized them, and after profuse apologies released them.

DRAW LOTS FOR PATRONAGE

PRESIDENT'S NEW METHOD OF SELECTING APPOINTEES.

He Summons the South Dakota Senators to the White House and Induces Them to Harmonize Differences by Drawing Lots for Federal Offices in That State.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The newest and most unique method of dispensing Federal patronage was exemplified by President Roosevelt to-day. It marks a departure in the usual procedure governing the selection of Presidential appointees. It is nothing complex or intricate in process, which consists simply of drawing lots or tossing a coin. It is merely a case of "heads I win, tails you lose."

Of course there will be objections by religiously inclined people to the President's new method of deciding upon candidates for public offices, but it will be admitted on every hand that it has the advantage of eliminating factional controversy and bitter personal rows. To-day's demonstration was given for the benefit of two United States Senators who were unable to harmonize their views as to the distribution of Federal offices in their State. The President came to the conclusion that something must be done and he worked out the problem to his own satisfaction, if not to that of one, at least, of the Senators concerned.

To go back to the beginning, Senator Robert Jackson Gamble and Senator Alfred Beard Kittredge, both of South Dakota, have been at swords points politically for a long time. The two Senators are Republicans, but each has sought to eliminate the other from the stage of politics, with the result that both are still in the Senate. It is not necessary for a proper understanding of this story to explain their differences in detail. Sufficient to say that Senator Gamble is a third termer, while Senator Kittredge is for Taft's nomination, holding that the President must be taken at his word in his notable election night announcement.

In making Federal appointments in South Dakota the President seemed to favor the preferences of Senator Gamble. When the names of Gamble's friends were sent to the Senate for confirmation, he stands high among the leaders, succeeded in having them pigeonholed. He contended that Gamble had obtained election to the Senate through making deals with Populists and Democrats and that the men selected by him for Federal offices were enemies of the Republican party. There have been reports of a deadlock in the President's attempts to make Federal appointments in the State represented by Senators Gamble and Kittredge.

At 10 o'clock this morning Senator Gamble and Senator Kittredge met in President Roosevelt's office. Neither knew that the other was to be there. That was part of Mr. Roosevelt's little scheme. He had written a letter to each Senator asking him to be at the White House at that hour named and both Senators had hurried to Washington, Senator Gamble from his home in Yankton and Senator Kittredge from his home in Sioux Falls.

Mr. Roosevelt enjoyed the joke when the two political enemies met face to face. The Senators, however, greeted each other politely, for they have never permitted their differences to pass beyond the bounds of courtesy. The only other person present at the meeting was Francis E. Leupp, Commissioner of Indian Affairs and biographer of the President.

"Now, gentlemen," said Mr. Roosevelt when the greetings were over, "I trust you left your guns at home. If you have not please deposit them on my desk."

Mr. Gamble entered a disclaimer. Mr. Kittredge swiftly took his hands out of his pockets and smiled. Mr. Kittredge always smiles.

The President said other things he regretted sincerely to see such good men at odds and would be delighted to have them bury their differences. While he stands high beneath the top of his desk, Senator Kittredge, who occupied a position of vantage, never took his eyes from those busy hands. Suddenly Mr. Roosevelt held up two closed fists.

"Gentlemen," he said, "I have determined upon a simple method of settling your differences. In one hand I hold a long piece of paper, in the other I hold a short piece of paper. Whoever draws the long piece of paper shall have the first choice in the appointment of public land officers in South Dakota. There are eleven of these officers to be appointed. The one who draws the long piece of paper shall name six and the other Senator may name five."

If the two Senators were amazed they didn't have time to show it. The President waved his closed fists in the air.

"I will give you first choice, Senator Kittredge," he said.

"Left hand," responded Kittredge. The President slowly opened the hand indicated. A strip of white paper lay upon his palm. Then he opened his right hand and the slip of paper that lay upon the right palm was shorter than the other slip.

"You win, Senator Kittredge," he said. Senator Kittredge smiled. Senator Gamble smiled too, but it was not a merry smile.

"The next number on the programme," resumed the President, "is the selection of the Indian agents. While his hands were busy as before beneath the shelter of his desk, Commissioner Leupp drew nearer. He was interested in the outcome of this phase of the lot drawing. Senator Kittredge watched the Presidential digits out of the corner of his eye.

"You guess again, Kittredge," said Mr. Roosevelt, as he brought his closed fists into view.

"Left!" came from Kittredge. "No," it is Senator Gamble who is left," cried the President as he opened his fingers. Kittredge had won again.

Commissioner Leupp's face grew grave. Perhaps, as a foremost exponent of civil service reform, he did not like this method of determining upon the fitness of candidates for office. Perhaps, some say probably, he had a candidate of his own. The President saw the change in his biographer's usually pleasant expression.

"This is rather looping the Leupp, gentlemen," said the President.

HAAS'S Restaurant, Park Row Bldg. Long famous for its cuisine and service. Mts. 45c.

All Beefroot Farm Nansaga. Their are made in using the best materials and the neatness and cleanliness of the preparation.—Ad.

The perfection of this Chianti red or white wine is recognized by all consumers.—Ad.