

J. G. JENKINS, SR., INDICTED

NEW PRESENTMENTS OF HIS THREE SONS, TOO.

AT FOUR Released on Bail—Dealings of Family With Jenkins and Williamsburg Trust Companies Set Forth—Brooklyn Bankers Are Criticized.

The Kings county Grand Jury handed down seven indictments yesterday against four members of the Jenkins family. John G., the father, and his two sons, John G., Jr., and Frank, were presented for conspiracy and perjury. Fred, the youngest son, was named in the conspiracy charges. The three sons already are under indictment for forgery in the third degree in connection with the affairs of the Jenkins Trust Company.

The indictments filed yesterday had to do partly with the affairs of the Jenkins firm and partly with the affairs of the Williamsburg Trust Company. Fred, the youngest son, is about 70 years old, was president of the latter institution up to a year ago, when he was succeeded by his son Frank. John G., Jr., was president of the Jenkins Trust Company until he was forced out after that institution closed its doors, and Fred was a director of that company.

All four were released on bail, the father in \$10,000 and the sons in \$2,500 each. The sons are under bail of \$10,000 each on the previous indictments.

The Grand Jury also handed down a presentment in which it criticized the directors of certain banks and trust companies in Brooklyn for their careless methods and recommended that the State banking laws be revised both with a view to defining more certainly the duties of directors and fixing penalties for failure to perform them.

Stephen Baldwin, counsel for the Jenkins family, had been notified by District Attorney Clarke that the father and three sons would be wanted in court. The District Attorney sent out this word in answer to a formal notice which Mr. Baldwin had made that he would surrender any of the Jenkins in the event of their being indicted.

Lawyer Baldwin showed up at the District Attorney's office at about 10 o'clock with his four clients and five or six other members of the Jenkins family or relatives, including their wives. The Jenkinses were kept waiting in the reception room of the District Attorney's office for an hour and then word came that the father and three sons were to appear before Judge Dike in the criminal branch of the County Court.

The three sons didn't seem to be worried much by the proceedings. As a matter of fact, their experiences yesterday were pretty tame compared with the time they had when they were arrested on the previous indictment. The police had to wait yesterday to make no attempt to photograph the men pending Justice Burr's decision. For the father, however, the proceedings were plainly an ordeal. He walked as if he were in a daze and leaned heavily on the arm of his son Frank. The indicted men were in the court room only a few minutes. Lawyer Baldwin pleaded guilty on behalf of each of them, with leave to withdraw the plea or to demur to the indictments.

The conspiracy indictment against the four was in blanket form. It alleges that all of the defendants acted on January 1, 1907, unlawfully and wickedly conspired together for themselves and for the Williamsburg and Jenkins trust companies by means forbidden by law. It is alleged that in carrying out the conspiracy they obtained large loans in excess of the amounts allowed by law by pretending that the loans were made to the employees of the brokerage firm of P. J. & J. Jenkins, Jr.

To further carry out their unlawful purpose they arranged, says the indictment, to falsify the books and records of the said trust companies and thereby conceal from the said corporations and their directors the fact that they obtained such money.

The indictment alleges further that whenever the State Superintendent of Banks required a report on the condition of the companies they were in charge of for the purpose of covering up and concealing the excessive loans.

It is also alleged that the Jenkinses fraudulently and unlawfully conspired to operate and manage the affairs and business of the trust companies that when loans were made to the said companies as collateral they withdrew and took from the companies such shares and substituted in their place other shares.

The indictment alleges that the defendants obtained from the Williamsburg Trust Company a sum of \$125,000 and from the Jenkins Trust Company loans aggregating \$250,000.

The indictment for perjury against John G. Jenkins, the father, charged that on August 8, 1906, while he was president of the Williamsburg Trust Company, he signed and swore to a report made to the State Banking Department in which he stated that there was no loan indirectly made to him in any amount. The indictment says that Charles E. Reuter, an employee in the P. J. & J. Jenkins, Jr., Company, who owned the Williamsburg Trust \$271,000, which had been borrowed indirectly for Jenkins.

The indictment for perjury against John G., Jr., alleges that on August 22, 1906, he reported in an oath that no person or firm owned the Jenkins Trust Company, directly or indirectly, more than 40 per cent. of the bank's capital and surplus. The capital and surplus at that time was \$500,000, and the brokerage firm of P. J. & J. G. Jenkins, Jr., had indirect loans aggregating \$250,000.

The perjury case against Frank Jenkins is based on a report made by him to the State Banking Department on June 4, 1907. The indictment alleges that he made the statement that the only person who owned the Williamsburg Trust Company, of which he was then president, to his father was one of \$45,000. At that time, it is alleged, his father had a loan of \$125,000 through Charles E. Reuter, who is connected with the brokerage firm.

Here is the presentment handed down by the Grand Jury:

In the course of our investigations into crimes committed in banks and trust companies in this county we have found that the several boards of directors of these institutions are composed of men who act as directors in commercial and financial circles and whose names have properly inspired confidence in depositors and have attracted business to the institutions.

We have found that most of these directors have regarded their position as a mere formality; that many of them seldom attend the meetings of the board, and when they do attend such meetings they discharge their duties in a perfunctory manner, showing little regard for the safety and security of the funds of the depositors. Their powers and duties as directors in many instances are unattended and attention to some attending member of the board, and the board simply ratifies his acts without thorough investigation or objection. These careless methods on the part of the directors have given opportunity for crime, fraud and gross mismanagement.

We therefore take this opportunity to criticize the inattentive manner in which such directors have customarily discharged their duties, and we recommend that the banking laws of the State be revised and amended so that they will in greater detail, and as specifically as may be, define the duties and obligations of directors, both as regards the stockholder and the depositor in all banks and trust companies, and it also appears to us that these obligations and duties, having been clearly fixed by the statute, should be made a penal offense for any director or directors to willfully disregard the same.

The Grand Jury will continue its investigation into the affairs of the Borough Bank, the Brooklyn Bank and the International Trust Company, but no further indictments will be filed before next week.

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BOROUGH BANKS MOVE.

Directors Get Order in Attempt to Keep Court Action in Kings County.

Counsel for the Borough Bank of Brooklyn obtained from Justice Walter Smith of the Supreme Court in Elmira on Tuesday an order directing the Attorney-General to show cause why the hearing on the motion to make the receivership for that institution permanent should not be held before the Supreme Court in Kings county instead of before Justice Betts in Kingston. The hearing before Justice Betts was scheduled for this morning, but it will have to be adjourned, inasmuch as the order to show cause was served on the Attorney-General yesterday.

The order also returns before Justice Cress in Albany this morning. The Attorney-General did not say yesterday whether or not he will oppose the application. Justice Betts appointed the receivers of the Borough Bank as well as the receivers of all the other suspended banks and trust companies, with the exception of the Knickerbocker. The directors of the Borough Bank have announced that they will ask for an adjournment of thirty days on the permanent receivership hearing. They say that by that time they will be able to resume Justice Betts granted them an adjournment of about two weeks when the hearing came up first in Albany.

Counsel for the Borough Bank also obtained from Justice Cress in Brooklyn yesterday an order directing the Attorney-General and the receivers of the bank to show cause before Justice Betts in Kingston today why any of the following depositors in the bank should not be appointed as temporary receivers in place of the present incumbents or permanent receivers: Charles B. Metz, Comptroller; Charles B. Hermans, vice-president; the directors of the bank, including John H. O'Rourke, a builder in South Brooklyn.

The order also directs the Attorney-General and the receivers to show cause why Paul G. McGowan, a partner in the bank, should not be appointed as a receiver. Mr. McGowan has offered to serve as a receiver, but Justice Cress is understood that the same is true of the four candidates for receivers. Clarence J. Shearn was appointed to the present temporary receivers.

Counsel for the Brooklyn Bank and for the International Trust Company will appear before Justice Betts in Kingston today. It is understood that counsel for the former institution will not oppose the making of the receivership permanent, but will ask that C. M. Higgins, chairman of the depositors' committee, be appointed permanent receiver instead of Bryn Haszard, the temporary receiver. The International Trust Company directors are said to be satisfied with the way Godwin Brown, the temporary receiver, has been conducting the affairs of that institution.

Among the loans that have been turned up by the receivers in the Borough Bank is one made on a deed for 155 barrels of whiskey. A marginal note opposite the entry of the loan says: "Five barrels missing."

Whitcomb, counsel for the Borough Bank last night gave a statement which explained in detail the value of certain notes amounting to \$147,895.73 in a suit which he said, "Clarence J. Shearn, counsel for the Borough Bank receivers, has designated as 'suspicious,' questionable or thought to be 'rotten.' As this list may also be attached to the newspaper for publication and give to the depositors and the public the notion that the act of designating is a condemnation of the part of a citizen justifies such infringement upon his natural rights is an act of malice in character," continued Justice Burr.

"To sustain a mere rule of the Police Department under such circumstances is to confer upon the police department not only executive, but legislative and judicial powers. The time has not yet come when the entire sovereignty of the people of this city should be placed in the hands of a single department of the city government whose acts are not only unlawful but criminal in character. It is the duty of the Police Department to enforce the law, and to see that their attention is called to the character of them. It is made the duty of the Police Department under the Charter to prevent crime, and it remains to be seen whether the present pretense of doing that they shall persistently commit crime."

Although the application was denied, the matter will not have to pay the cost. Lawyer Littleton announced several days ago that he would bring suits for damages against the police and possibly criminal actions.

POISON AFTER A QUARREL. Young Wife Despairs After Husband Leaves Her and Their Baby. Mrs. Bertha Riaby, the seventeen-year-old wife of Charles Riaby, and her infant son, Herbert, were taken from a boarding house at 58 Sands street, Brooklyn, to the Seney Hospital yesterday suffering from iodine poisoning. She said that the poison was administered to her by her husband after a quarrel, the husband going to another boarding house in the neighborhood. She was after the failure to effect a reconciliation on Monday night that the young wife took the poison.

D. A. R. Chapter for Staten Island. Mrs. Mary Green of West New Brighton, Staten Island, was named as president of the National Society of the Daughters of the American Revolution for a new chapter that is to be organized in that borough. The first meeting will be held in the club rooms in St. George this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Mrs. Francis W. Roberts and Mrs. William Cummings Story, regents of the Manhattan chapter, will address the meeting.

THE WEATHER. The storm which caused rain the middle Atlantic and New England coasts on Tuesday was central over Maine yesterday morning, and snow was falling in the lower Lake region, western Pennsylvania, New York and New England. There was snow also at one or two places in the upper Lakes and in the Ohio Valley.

In the upper Lake region and over all the Mississippi Valley the pressure was high, but westward it was falling as the southwestward advance of a disturbance center in the morning north of Montana. Rain or snow was falling in Utah, Idaho, Montana and Washington. Between Rocky Mountain and the Mississippi River the weather was generally fair.

It was much colder east of the Mississippi River, except in northern New England, where the weather extended along to the Atlantic coast and south to northern Mississippi.

In this city the day was partly cloudy; colder, with fresh to brisk westerly breeze, visibility, 61 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 29.80; 3 P. M., 29.69.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the attached table:

5 A. M.	50°	10 A. M.	50°	1 P. M.	50°	4 P. M.	50°	7 P. M.	50°	10 P. M.	50°
8 A. M.	37°	11 A. M.	33°	2 P. M.	31°	5 P. M.	31°	8 P. M.	31°	11 P. M.	31°
12 M.	37°	3 P. M.	33°	6 P. M.	31°	9 P. M.	31°	12 M.	31°	3 A. M.	31°
3 P. M.	37°	6 P. M.	33°	9 P. M.	31°	12 M.	31°	3 A. M.	31°	6 A. M.	31°

HIGHEST TEMPERATURE, 47°; AT 12:30 A. M., 21°.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW. For eastern New York, fair to-day and to-morrow, except snow in northern portion to-day; fresh westerly winds.

New England, fair to-day except snow in northern Maine; fair to-morrow; fresh westerly winds.

For the District of Columbia, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, fair to-day and to-morrow; diminishing northerly winds.

For western New York and western Pennsylvania, snow to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; fresh northerly winds.

CONVICTS ONLY IN GALLERY

POLICE MAY NOT TAKE PICTURES BEFORE A CONVICTION.

So Rules Justice Burr in Case of William Gow, Who Sues to Make Department Destroy His Photo and Measurements—Suits Lie as a Result of Decision.

Justice Burr in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, handed down a decision yesterday holding that the Police Department has no right to photograph and to measure a prisoner against his will before conviction. In the case of William Gow, the indicted Borough Bank director, which was the one before the court, Justice Burr held that the acts of the police were not only lawful but criminal in character and that every person concerned in the photographing and measuring of Gow is liable both to a civil suit for damages and to prosecution for assault.

Justice Burr's decision, if sustained, means that the Police Department's rogues' gallery will go out of existence except for pictures of convicted criminals. Mr. Gow was taken by the Brooklyn police after he had surrendered himself to the District Attorney. His counsel, Martin W. Littleton, who counseled the police of having kidnapped Gow, applied to Justice Burr for the writ of mandamus directing the Police Commissioner, Acting Captain Kuhne of the Brooklyn detective bureau and others to bring the Gow pictures and measurements into court and to destroy them.

Justice Burr denied the application on technical grounds. The relation he held, he mistook his remedy. A writ of mandamus lies only to compel one to do what ought to be done in the discharge of a public duty and not to undo what has been done improperly. The Justice pointed out that Mr. Gow's relief lay in a civil suit or in criminal prosecutions.

The Police Department, in "muzzing" prisoners charged with criminal offenses, has relied on two provisions of the Charter of the city and an amendment to the Penal Code adopted at the last session of the Legislature. One section of the Charter provides that it is the duty of the police especially to preserve the public peace, to prevent crime and to detect and to arrest offenders. The other says that the Police Commissioner must make such rules, orders and regulations as may be reasonably necessary to effect a prompt and efficient exercise of all powers conferred upon him by law.

Justice Burr found nothing in either of these provisions that authorized such action on the part of the police. In regard to the power of the Commissioner to make rules for the department, he referred to the second provision. Justice Burr said that the exercise of any such extreme police power as is here contended for is contrary to the spirit of Anglo-Saxon liberty.

The amendment to the Charter cited by the Police Department's counsel is the one which gives an acquitted person the right to demand the return of all pictures that were taken in the course of the criminal action against him. The police have contended that by inference, at least, the Legislature had recognized the right of the department to photograph prisoners, and that the liberty of a citizen shall be infringed in the manner above referred to belongs solely to the Legislature, inasmuch as the police determine what pictures are taken, with reference to the cases of persons convicted of crime should have been intended by vague and indefinite provisions to affect the sacred right of personal liberty to be entirely innocent of any crime.

More custom or practice is not sufficient, in the opinion of Justice Burr, to justify the acts of the police.

The officers of the Police Department are purely executive and administrative officers. The act of photographing prisoners and the liberty of a citizen shall be infringed in the manner above referred to belongs solely to the Legislature, inasmuch as the police determine what pictures are taken, with reference to the cases of persons convicted of crime should have been intended by vague and indefinite provisions to affect the sacred right of personal liberty to be entirely innocent of any crime.

PRIME OF SCOTLAND DEAD. Bishop Wilkinson Suddenly Stricken at Church Council Meeting. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. EDINBURGH, Dec. 11.—The Right Rev. George Howard Wilkinson, Bishop of St. Andrews and Primate of the Scottish Episcopal Church, had just finished a speech before representatives attending upon the council of the church to-day when he fell back dead.

The full title of Dr. Wilkinson was Bishop of St. Andrews, Dunkeld and Dunblane. He had held the bishopric since 1888 and had been the head of the Scottish Episcopal Church since 1904. He was 74 years old. He was educated in English schools and at Oxford University. He became curate of Kensington in 1857 and thereafter, till he became Bishop of Truro in 1883, held various ecclesiastical positions in England. He was the author of many widely read religious works.

HARD FIGHTING IN CHINA. Rural Troops Take Streets of Insurgents in Yunchow. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. HONGKONG, Dec. 11.—The imperial troops have recaptured the strongholds taken by the Yunchow insurgents after two days and two nights of sanguinary fighting. The losses were heavy on both sides.

Marching from Yunchow, in the province of Yunnan, into the province of Kwang-Si, a few days ago the rebels captured three strongholds between Lungchow and Langson.

BASEBALL AT BERMUDA. Team From the Cruiser Albatross Beaten by Local Talent. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. HAMILTON, Bermuda, Dec. 11.—A baseball team composed of players from the Princess and Hamilton hotels and the local nine played to-day against a team from the American training ship Albatross. The latter were completely outclassed, the local team winning by a score of 20 to 1. The crowd to witness the game, which was a large one, was very enthusiastic.

ARREST MORMON PROSELYTERS. Switzerland Likely to Expel Missionaries Who Preach to Women. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. GENEVA, Dec. 11.—A party of missionaries from Utah have been arrested at Chur, Switzerland, on the charge of proselyting on a propaganda of Mormonism among young Swiss women. They will probably be expelled from the country.

CUBAN STRIKE NEARLY OVER. Railroad Managers Say Men Will Be Back by End of Week. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, Dec. 11.—The railroad managers say that the strike of their employees will be over at the end of the week. A number of strikers on the Western Railroad applied to-day for reinstatement.

MERCHANT ACCUSED OF FORGERY. Accusing Witness Dies in the Tomb—Death to Be Investigated. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. NEW YORK, Dec. 11.—A merchant of 143 Montgomery street, Jersey City, was arrested yesterday by Detectives Flood and Bayens of the District Attorney's office on a charge of forgery made by Mrs. Emma Frances Hushion, who said she was his wife. He was arraigned before Magistrate Butler in the police court and fined \$1,000 for examination to-morrow morning.

When Mrs. Hushion went to the District Attorney's office she was accompanied by Mrs. Olive Matheson of 179 St. Ann's avenue, who said she had been employed by Probat as a typewriter. Mrs. Hushion told the District Attorney, Krotel that Probat had forged her name to two checks for \$75. Mrs. Matheson said that she had seen Probat trace Mrs. Hushion's signature on the checks and told him that he would get into trouble. He replied, Mrs. Matheson said, that he had done it before and never had anything happened to him.

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DEAD KING'S WIDOW EXHAUSTED.

Dowager Queen Sophia of Sweden Watched for Days by Oscar's Bedside.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. STOCKHOLM, Dec. 11.—The strength of Dowager Queen Sophia is exhausted in consequence of the strain she underwent during the illness of her late husband, King Oscar. For several days before his death she left his bedside for only a few hours. Queen Sophia was 71 years old last July. She was married to King Oscar on June 6, 1857.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 11.—The State Department received a cablegram to-day from Minister Graves at Stockholm saying that the funeral of King Oscar was held on December 10. Germany, Austria-Hungary and other European countries will be represented by members of their royal families.

PICTURE GALLERY LOOTED.

\$100,000 Worth of Works of Art Taken From Amsterdam to THE SUN.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Dec. 11.—Last night robbers effected an entrance to the Musée de Picardie at Amiens by way of the roof and stole five pictures valued at \$60,000. After the recent exposure of the methods employed to rob museums and churches, the Musée de Picardie was equipped with electric bell burglar alarms, which the robbers avoided by entering through the roof.

The stolen pictures are Vanlog's "Hercules and Omphale," Fragonard's "Girl Putting on her Garters," Fragonard's "The Sons of Henri IV. and Sully Visiting Gabrielle d'Estrees" and two Bouchers, "Amours" and "A Young Child."

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The directors of the Beaver National Bank at Beaver and Pearl streets met yesterday afternoon and decided to liquidate. A meeting of the stockholders to ratify the action of the directors was called for January 4.

Mayor Wilshire has been acting president of the bank since George M. Coffin, the president, became ill of nervous prostration just before the financial troubles broke and had to go to California for his health. Mr. Wilshire said last night that the directors feared that it was hopeless competing with the larger banks, and as there was enough money to pay all the depositors it was thought best to go out of business.

According to the bank's statement made in response to the Comptroller's call for statements on December 3 it had \$100,000 in cash and \$100,000 in deposits. At that time one of the bank officials said, "We are going to quit business just as soon as the Lord will let us."

The bank started only last April, with \$200,000 capital and \$60,000 surplus, the stock being then worth \$130 a share. At a sale in the Beaver Auction Rooms yesterday the stock sold for \$50. The bank was organized by George M. Coffin, a former Deputy Comptroller of the Currency, who was vice-president of the Phoenix National Bank. The other officers of the Beaver National Bank were Samuel H. Vandergrift and T. J. Welsh, vice-presidents, and J. V. Leavelle, cashier. When the bank started the directors were Martin W. Littleton, George M. Coffin, John B. Fasset, Thomas A. H. Hay, George Mercer, Jr., Thomas E. Murphy, Augustus S. Sloan, S. H. Vandergrift, Earl Vogel and T. P. Welsh.

Mr. Wilshire became highly interested in the bank during the summer, and although he was not a director was chosen acting president when Mr. Coffin became ill.

When Hopkins comes up to be sentenced for a petty theft. George W. Hopkins, who was a clerk for Spangenberg & McLean, bookbinders at 25 Cliff street, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Crain of General Sessions to not more than four years and seven months in Sing Sing. The only charge against Hopkins was that he stole a check for \$56, but Assistant District Attorney Garvan presented affidavits to show that Hopkins was engaged in many crooked transactions. From a woman named Sarah J. Murdoch of Bound Brook, N. J., he got several hundred dollars, pretending that he was engaged in an enterprise with Charles M. Schwab, Mr. Spangenberg made affidavit that Hopkins's brother had told him that the prisoner had cheated his mother out of \$2,500 and had deserted his wife and child in Connecticut and run off with another woman.

Naval Surgeon Stokes Ordered Home. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. SAN JUAN, P. R., Dec. 11.—Naval Surgeon C. F. Stokes sailed for New York to-day on the steamer Philadelphia, having been transferred to Washington. It is reported that he will receive an assignment to duty with Rear Admiral Evans's fleet.

Marie Dressler Has Bronchitis. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 11.—Marie Dressler, the American actress, is suffering from an attack of acute bronchitis.

Coppee Suffers From Cancer. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Dec. 11.—The condition of François Coppee, the French writer, does not improve. It is stated that he is suffering from cancer of the tongue.

TRUST COMPANY RESERVES

GOV. HUGHES'S COMMISSION RECOMMENDS STATE BANKS WHICH KEEP 15 PER CENT. IN CASH IN THEIR OWN VAULTS.

It is expected that the commission appointed by Gov. Hughes to recommend changes in the banking and trust company laws will make its report Friday or Saturday of this week. The draft of the report is understood to be completed, but it will not be given out in full until its formal submission to the Governor. The members of the commission refused to outline its substance, but from other sources it became known yesterday that the commission has decided not to recommend either of the trust company plans under discussion last week, which contemplated a 25 per cent. reserve.

Generally, it was said, the commission will recommend that the trust companies transact business under the same regulations as State banks. Both trust companies and State banks are now required to maintain reserves of 15 per cent., but there is the important difference that State banks are required to keep the reserve in cash in their own vaults. Trust companies on the other hand, must keep only 5 per cent. in cash in their own vaults, 5 per cent. in other depositories approved by the State Banking Department and 5 per cent. in bonds approved by the State Banking Department.

One of the arguments in favor of the change is that the 5 per cent. cash is the only reserve required of trust companies, since under the law it is possible for a trust company to deposit the 5 per cent. reserve in a national bank under an agreement that the bank deposit an equal amount in the trust company. The recommendation will prevent such an interchange of deposits.

The commission has requested suggestions from bankers and trust company officials all over the State. A circular letter has been sent out, but has not been made public for the reason that the commission desired the views of practical financiers alone and wanted to be as little bothered as possible by visionaries. The members, in other words, did not care to be pestered in the same way as was Dumont Clarke, chairman of the finance committee of the Chamber of Commerce, who was driven to resign last week by the vast amount of visionary suggestions he received.

The commissioners have individually spent much time interviewing financiers connected with interests of the kind in which they were respectively best informed. Their report will contain no minute details, it was said, but will consist almost entirely in general recommendations.

BEAVER NATIONAL TO QUIT.

Will Pay off its Depositors and Get Out of Business.

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Evening Dress Suits..... \$28 to \$65
TUXEDO SUITS..... \$25 to \$85
EVENING OVERCOATS..... \$15 to \$50
FUR-LINED OVERCOATS..... \$75 to \$150
EVENING WAISTCOATS—Largest assortment ever offered by a single establishment. Exclusive materials and models. \$3 to \$15

Herald Saks & Company Square

The Imperial Persian Commissioner's Auction Sale of ORIENTAL RUGS AND CARPETS

AT 264 FIFTH AVE., COR. 29TH ST., AT 2:30 P. M. H. H. TOPAKYAN Imperial Persian Commissioner

Retiring from Business

Will sell this day at 2:30 P. M. and each following day for the balance of this week, until the Magnificent Collection of ANTIQUE, ODD and BEAUTIFUL masterpieces is sold, including a number of small pieces suitable for any room or office. The entire lot must be sold regardless of its value, affording an opportunity of purchasing a Christmas gift for half of cost of importation.