ENGLAND RAGES AT LIBERALS

ASQUITH'S LICENSING BILL DISPLEASES EVERYBODY.

Threat to Raise Price of Beer Scares Politicians—Woman Suffragists Angry Over Empty Victory—Social Doings—Launch Dinner in Yacht Funnel.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Feb. 29.—If Americans took one-tenth of the interest in the proceedings of Congress that the English people show in the present session of Parliament there would be distinct profit to the national gayety as well as to national dialectics. The English atmosphere has been quite murky with strong language for the last few days, and not all of it comes from masculine lips.

There is the Licensing bill, which threatens the workingman and his beer. Then there is the Woman Suffrage bill, which was buried under the cynical aspect of victory. All in all the country has been set by the ears and there is sad need of a good satirist who might restore the national temper by mixing these children up.

Neither of these dreadful measures is in any immediate danger of becoming the law of the land, although the introduction of one caused a shrinkage in value of $160,000,000 in brewery shares on the Stock Exchange and the vote on the other caused the militant suffragettes to declare a bitterer war than ever on the Liberal party and all its works.

Really it is a fine thing to be living just now in a country whose domestic politics supply plenty of the food which human nature craves for satisfaction of all its emotions. Take that predatory measure which Balfour calls a Licensing bill. The brewing industry pays the Government about $190,000,000 annually in taxes, which represents two and one-half times its own profits. There are something less than one hundred thousand liquor saloons in Great Britain, and the Government proposes to close 32,000 of them within fourteen years.

Now it happens that in this country a liquor license has become a sort of vested interest in the premises that it applies to, and English ethics regard the cancellation of a license without compensation as a frightful injustice. So the Government proposes to pay the 32,000 license holders who are to be deprived of their livelihood at the expense of those who retain licenses.

This project is denounced by the liquor trade and by such Unionists as Balfour as confiscatory, and it is met by violent threats to put up the price of beer. The British workman would resent this more strenuously than the Unionist proposal to raise the price of bread by putting a tariff on flour. Hence these tears, or rather this storm of vituperation that rages about the heads of the unfortunate statesmen who compose the British Government.

Then, too, the West End has its grievance in the feature of the bill which permits policemen to invade the sacred precincts of the Carlton or Athenæum Club to see if any drunken members be on the premises. Of course the bill has no chance of passing the Lords in its present shape and it will be considerably modified before it can get through the Commons. The measure is in fact only another brave attempt of the Government to make some show of redeeming another of its embarrassing pre-election promises.

The woman suffrage bill is in another category. The Government distinctly disavows it and refuses to make it part of its programme. It is a private measure and, being highly contentious, stands no chance of enactment at the present session. Although a large majority of the members of the House of Commons are individually pledged to support it, its fate is sealed by its reference to the committee of the whole house instead of to a standing committee. The suffragettes know this. Hence their rage over yesterday's empty victory. It is not the first time the House of Commons has voted in favor of woman suffrage, and yesterday's division brings votes for women no nearer.

The satirical tone of most of the speeches yesterday hardly testifies to the wisdom of the militant agitation of the last few months. The strongest serious point urged against the bill was the lack of proof that the franchise is really desired by the women of England. There was only one bit of direct evidence bearing on this feature. An enterprising newspaper recently took a poll of Sheffield on this subject, with the result that a large majority voted adversely.

It has been demonstrated this week that Great Britain is decisively in earnest in her determination to enforce genuine reform in the Congo Free State. Sir Edward Grey's announcement in the House of Commons fixing a date in May when Belgium must take definite and satisfactory action is in the nature of an ultimatum, and it may be assumed that England will then intervene, alone if necessary, but preferably with the cooperation of the United States and, it is hoped, of one or two other signatories to the treaty.

Lord Cromer, the British Agent and Consul-General in Egypt for a number of years, who is a man of moderate speech, used language in the debate in the House of Lords the other night in describing the situation which was stronger than anything that has been heard in Parliament for a long time. This passage from his speech was particularly noticed:

"I have seen something and heard more of maladministration in backward States in the hands of despotic and irresponsible rulers; but I assert without hesitation that never in my experience have I seen or heard of misrule comparable to the abuses that have grown up in the Congo State. There has been a cynical disregard of the native races and merciless exploitation of the country in the interests of foreigners for which, I believe, a parallel cannot be found in the history of modern times."

There have been some signs of resentment in Belgium against the strong line taken by the British authorities, but public opinion there emphatically favors genuine Belgian sovereignty over the Congo. The problem for the Belgian Government is an extremely difficult one, for it has to deal with an obstinate, half imbecile King who is no longer capable of the functions of statesmanship. It is not by any means clear, therefore, what form the developments will take.

The cry is naturally raised that England's intentions are a hypocritical excuse for the annexation of a valuable colony. It will be necessary, of course, for Great Britain to furnish the most substantial guarantees of her disinterestedness. There is no doubt, however, that she is prepared to do this.

It is interesting in this connection to note the fact that there are still 50,000 British troops in South Africa. Gen. Botha, the old Boer leader, now Prime Minister of the Transvaal, asked the Government last year to remove a large part of the troops there because there was no longer any danger of trouble. The home authorities informed the Premier that it was desirable to keep them there for the present in case they should be needed during a settlement of the Congo question.

The *Journal of Tobacco* announces that cigars have been made of tobacco grown in Regent's Park in the years 1906 and 1907 for the last international tobacco exhibition. The paper adds that they are smokable, although a certain measure of patriotism and London pride is required in order to get used to their aroma and taste.

The Nawab of Hyderabad, who is said to be impressed with the idea that he is the reincarnation of Esu or Jesus, landed at Liverpool last night. The reports in regard to his religious delusions preceded him and there were scores of reporters at the landing stage seeking interviews. They were unable to get at the Nawab and the doctors in attendance appear to be anxious to discredit the stories sent from America. The reporters describe the Nawab as walking to a London train with stately step, dressed in European clothes and showing no signs of bodily weakness. But he had an air of abstraction which was suggestive of mental trouble. Dr. Chamarette, who was in charge of the Nawab, said the party would remain in London for two or three months. Specialists in this city will be consulted in regard to the young man's condition and it is expected that at the end of that time he will be able to go home in first class condition.

The famous Cruelty Ball, which has long been a feature of society before Lent, will take place next week. Two Americans, Lady Strafford and the Duchess of Marlborough, are on the committee, which is called the P. C. C. Royalty always gives its patronage to this smart and select function.

Lady Strafford's dance for her daughter, Miss Colgate, served to introduce several American débutantes. Mrs. Ernest Cunard and Mrs. Ritchie, Lady Bradbourne and Mme. Daniguez, all of whom are popular American hostesses, gave dinners before the dance and afterward took the guests with them. It was voted the gayest dance of the season.

Mrs. Potter Palmer's short stay at Hampden House disappointed her friends. She is now at Biarritz.

Mrs. Ridgley Carter will open her house for a series of receptions immediately on her arrival.

The Countess of Suffolk, one of the Leiter girls of Chicago, who came to London for several weeks, has gone back to her country place, which she prefers and where her American enterprise and money have done much for the tenantry.

The papers here have devoted considerable attention to every available bit of news concerning the Countess Széchényi, formerly Miss Gladys Vanderbilt, since her arrival, but she and the Count have managed to escape much publicity while in the city.

Among the Americans presented at court last night were Mrs. Miller Graham of California and Mrs. Sherman, and Miss Peck of California. The latter only learned that she was to be presented two days ago, which made her preparations very hurried.

The Rev. Dr. Lewis of Whitechapel has made a protest against bioscope entertainments in that part of London. He says they all deal with incidents in the lives of criminals and are bad for the morals of young people who frequent the theatre.

A novel party will be given by Commodore Morton F. Plant of New York when his yacht Iolanda is launched at Leith. It will be a very festive occasion. The guests will be entertained at luncheon in the funnel of the yacht, which is so commodious that when it is lying on its side a hundred people standing can easily get inside.

The royal yacht Osborne is now on the market, and strong hopes are expressed that a rich American purchaser will appear.

JAPAN WANTS APOLOGY.

Also Indemnity for Seizure by China of Ship Carrying Arms for Rebels.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

TOKIO, Feb. 29.—Japan has demanded that China apologize and pay an indemnity for the seizure of the Japanese steamship Tatsu at Macao by Chinese customs officers, but the Foreign Office says that no ultimatum has been sent to China. It also says that the despatch of the cruiser Idzumo to Hongkong is not intended as a threat. It is certain, however, that Japan will resort to force unless her demands shall be conceded within a reasonable time.

The Portuguese Minister at Pekin supports the Japanese contention, Macao being a Portuguese port and the rifles and ammunition on board the Tatsu having been regularly consigned to a Portuguese merchant at Macao. China wishes to submit the matter to a mixed court.

The Tatsu was seized by the Chinese authorities on February 7 while anchored in Chinese waters off Macao. She was taken to Canton by a cruiser and three Chinese gunboats. She carried several cases of rifles and thousands of rounds of ammunition. This cargo, it is reported, was destined for Chinese revolutionists, but it was consigned to a Portuguese merchant.

Macao is a seaport town of the Portuguese in China, on the island of Macao, at the entrance of the Canton River.

Because the arms and ammunition were supposedly intended for revolutionists the Chinese Government felt justified in the seizure.

THIRD BOMB IN TEHERAN.

Explodes in Unfrequented Street—Official Version of Attack on Shah.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

TEHERAN, Feb. 29.—A bomb exploded to-day in a street that is usually deserted, but the explosion killed two chance passersby.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Gen. Morteza Khan, the Persian Minister, received a cablegram this morning from his Government confirming the press account of the attack upon the Shah. The despatch says that the Shah, accompanied by his escort, was in an automobile on his way from the city palace to his country place.

Two bombs were thrown under the machine in which the Shah was seated. One of them exploded, killing two men and wounding eight others. The Shah was unhurt and returned to his city palace.

The Weather.

There was snow yesterday in eastern Pennsylvania, central and western New York and northern New England. In other Atlantic States the weather was fair and the temperatures moderating in all but New England, where it was colder.

In this city the day was fair and warmer; wind, brisk westerly; average humidity, 69 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.15; 3 P. M., 30.16.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

	1908.	1907.		1908.	1907.
9 A. M.	22°	—°	6 P. M.	31°	—°
12 M.	27°	—°	9 P. M.	28°	—°
3 P. M.	31°	—°	12 Mid.	25°	—°

Lowest temperature, 18°, at 6 A. M.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW

For eastern New York, increasing cloudiness and slightly warmer to-day; rain or snow at night and to-morrow; fresh north to northeast winds.

For New England, fair to-day; warmer with snow to-morrow in northern and rain or snow in southern portion; fresh northwest to northeast winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, increasing cloudiness and warmer to-day, snow in northern and rain or snow in southern portion by night; rain or snow to-morrow; light to fresh northeast to east winds.

For New Jersey and Delaware, rain or snow to-day or to-night and probably to-morrow; light to fresh northeast to east winds.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, unsettled weather to-day and to-morrow, with occasional rain or snow; light northeast to east winds.

For western New York, snow to-day or to-night and warmer; snow to-morrow.

U. S. FLEET SAILS FROM CALLAO

MEXICO MAKES MAGDALENA BAY A PORT OF ENTRY.

Thousands Cheer Vessels as They Leave Peruvian Port Saluting Its Forts—Admiral Evans Better—Business Movement Toward Scene of Next Stay.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LIMA, Peru, Feb. 29.—The American battleship fleet sailed from Callao on the last leg of its great run for Magdalena Bay at 10:45 o'clock this morning.

Ten thousand enthusiastic spectators cheered the ships as they sailed away in a northwesterly direction. There was a beautiful panorama as the fleet of great ships sailed out of the harbor and saluted the Government forts.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 29.—Rear Admiral Evans sent a cable despatch to the Navy Department to-day announcing the departure of the battleship fleet from Callao, Peru, for Magdalena Bay, Mexico. The fleet is one day behind its original schedule.

After target practice at Magdalena Bay the ships will proceed to San Francisco.

Magdalena Bay, Mexico, where the battleship fleet will engage in target practice, will be made a port of entry by the Mexican Government in commemoration of the visit of the fleet. Consul-General A. L. M. Gottschalk has sent a report to the State Department which says:

"The Mexican Government in view of the decided movement which is taking place commercially toward Magdalena Bay because of the expected coming of the American battleship fleet to that point and its stay there at target practice has decided to make of the bay for an indefinite period a regular Mexican port of entry. This will do away with the necessity which has hitherto existed of merchant vessels with cargoes for Magdalena Bay clearing from American ports for Ensenada and being obliged to transport their cargoes from the latter point to Magdalena Bay as "coastwise cargoes," it having first been required, of course, that the cargoes in question be entered at the Ensedena custom house and the duties thereon paid at that port.

"After February 15 Magdalena Bay will be a Mexican port of entry under the charge of a skilled and experienced Mexican custom house officer specially selected by the Mexican Treasury Department for that service. His title will be Administrator of the Magdalena Bay Custom House, and he will be accompanied by a specially selected staff which will include a competent official speaking the English language fluently.

"The new collector (administrator) will be Señor D. Rafael Castro Montano, who will probably also exercise the function of captain of the port. The bay has been declared a port of entry for an indefinite period, although it is understood that the step is taken in direct view of the commercial movement which the coming of the battleship fleet will inaugurate. Already a number of persons have written this office concerning the possibilities of trading at Magdalena Bay during the stay of the American fleet and a number of Mexican houses are sending salesmen there with cigars and supplies of all sorts."

Mrs. Robley D. Evans, wife of Rear Admiral Evans, received the following cablegram from Admiral Evans to-day: "Improving steadily. Rumors to contrary untrue."

RUSSIA IN BAD PLIGHT.

Industry Shrinking and Taxes Going Up—People Can't Buy Cereals.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 29.—A committee of representatives of the trades and industry of Russia has issued a statistical report on the industrial activity of the empire for the last ten years which throws a gloomy light upon the present economic conditions.

Up to the year 1900 the coal production and the output of cast iron progressed. Both have fallen off sincethen. The export of cereals fell during 1898 to 1900, when the coal and iron industries were prosperous, but rose as soon as the industrial crisis appeared. There was a great decrease in the volume of all freight by rail and river at this time.

Between 1901 and 1905 industrial companies with a capital of over $85,000,000 went into liquidation and others with a capital of nearly $25,000,000 made arrangements with their creditors. The average rate of dividend paid by most undertakings in recent years has been lower than the State bank rate of discount. Direct and indirect taxation has risen 20 per cent., to 19s. 2d., or $4.79 per head. The amount raised by this taxation in 1897 was $501,283,655 and in 1907 $713,577,125.

PORTUGUESE ELECTIONS.

Members of New Parliament to Be Chosen April 4 Next.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LISBON, Feb. 29.—Official decrees are published appointing April 4 as the date for the election of delegates to Parliament.

April 29 is named as the date for the assembling of that body.

POSTUM.

OLD SURGEON

Found Coffee Caused Hands to Tremble.

The surgeon's duties require clear judgment and a steady hand. A slip or an unnecessary incision may do irreparable damage to the patient.

When he found that coffee drinking caused his hands to tremble, an Ills. surgeon conscientiously gave it up and this is his story:

"For years I was a coffee drinker until my nervous system was nearly broken down, my hands trembled so I could hardly write and insomnia tortured me at night.

"Besides, how could I safely perform operations with unsteady hands, using knives and instruments of precision? When I saw plainly the bad effects of coffee, I decided to stop it, and three years ago I prepared some Postum, of which I had received a sample.

"The first cupful surprised me. It was mild, soothing, delicious. At this time I gave some Postum to a friend who was in a similar condition to mine, from the use of coffee.

"A few days after, I met him and he was full of praise for Postum declaring he would never return to coffee but stick to Postum. We then ordered a full supply and within a short time my nervousness and consequent trembling, as well as insomnia disappeared, blood circulation became normal, no dizziness nor heat flushes.

"My friend became a Postum enthusiast, his whole family using it exclusively.

"It would be the fault of the one who brewed the Postum, if it did not taste good when served.

"The best food may be spoiled if not properly made. Postum should be boiled according to directions on the pkg. Then it is all right, anyone can rely on it. It ought to become the national drink." "There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

50 H. P. **Rainier** 50 H. P.

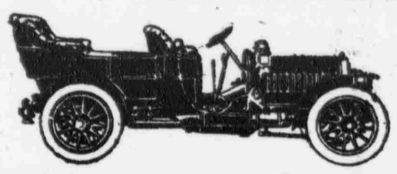
"The Pullman of Motor Cars"

Built at the new perfectly equipped Rainier Factory, Saginaw, Michigan, which produces only Rainier fifties.

Simplified make-and-break ignition; no small springs or delicate parts, but uniformly and absolutely reliable. Drop frame; 36 inch wheels; extra long and wide flat springs; rear platform suspension; selective type transmission with ball bearings; multiple disc clutch; 119 inch wheel base; nickel steel throughout.

In a word, "The Pullman of Motor Cars" which has never had a rival in beauty, roominess, strength, simplicity and economy of operation, is a Better Car Than Ever.

Get the 1908 Rainier Book.



Broadway and 56th St. New York.

Factory: Saginaw, Michigan.

KOCH ON CARNEGIE GIFT.

Immeasurably Grateful, but More Money is Needed—Doings of Berlin.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, Feb. 29.—Prof. Koch says that while he immeasurably appreciates the great hearted gift of Andrew Carnegie to the Koch endowment he cherishes the hope that it will not stand alone but will be the forerunner of many others. The professor admits that this may seem a rather grasping view, but he is unable to regard the gift as most of the newspapers do, as one made by America to Germany, or at least to a German scientist. He thinks he interprets Mr. Carnegie's motives more truly by supposing that the gift was made in the interests of science and humanity apart from any sympathy he may feel for the German nation.

Prof Koch explains that the gift does not operate in his interest directly since the Koch endowment is not meant to aid his personal researches but the researches of other scientists to be chosen by him. All he has had to do with the endowment is to give it his name, "because," as he says, "I by chance discovered the tubercular bacillus."

An amateur minstrel troupe from the American colony in Berlin say they had the time of their lives at Dresden on Tuesday, where they gave a special performance at the Vereinhaus under the auspices of the King of Saxony, Consul-General Gaffney and other notables. The visit had been the talk of Dresden for weeks and the result was an overflowing house and there was a fine surplus over all expenses. It was discovered at the last moment that the cake for the cakewalk had been forgotten, but a substitute was bought in time. The success of the affair was so great that an offer has reached the troupe from Paris for a performance there.

The Kaiser, although he manifested the greatest admiration for English paintings, at the recent exhibition in Berlin, had little idea of the value placed upon them by the owners. While he was expatiating to Prof. Kampff on the beauties of the famous "Blue Boy" the professor said: "Sire, this picture is insured for 1,200,000 marks."

"Donnerswetter!" ejaculated the Kaiser. "A picture like that ought to have an armed guard," and the "Blue Boy" has had an armed guard all the while it has been on view.

Secretary of State Whalen Loses Watch at Fair Up State.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—Secretary of State Whalen went to the fair at Cosmovilla last evening and saw a gypsy fortune teller from Troy who told him among other things that he would have a great "surprise soon." He did. A few minutes later he missed his watch, a gift from his mother. Some pickpocket evidently overheard the gypsy and was anxious to make good her prediction.

DOG WITH DIAMOND EARRINGS.

Professional Beauty Startles Paris—Robbing Conductor Caught.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Feb. 29.—One of the best known professional beauties of Paris succeeded in creating a sensation on the Boulevard Haussman yesterday by means of a tiny poodle. This was not due to the dog's collar, which was ornamented with a score of golden coins, nor to the fur coat with a pocket from which a small lace handkerchief protruded, nor to the india rubber shoes that he wore, but to the two pairs of diamond earrings which glittered one at the top and the other at the end of his ears.

Travellers who frequent Monte Carlo and the south of France will rejoice to hear that a recent question in the British Parliament, although Prime Minister Grey in reply said he could not make representations regarding the internal policing of other countries, has had an immediate effect. The French authorities have organized a special police brigade which has already made two arrests, both of railway train conductors. One of these, who was in charge of a train on the way to Nice, was found in possession of a bunch of skeleton keys. He confessed to robbing baggage for the past year.

BLACK HANDER EXTRADITED.

Accused of Being One of a Gang That Tries to Extort Money by Threats and Violence.

ALBANY, Feb. 29.—Gov. Hughes to-day sanctioned the extradition to Pennsylvania of Sam Carvo, against whom three indictments have been found in Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, charging conspiracy.

It is alleged that Carvo, who is under arrest in Buffalo with some eight or ten others, entered into a scheme to extort money from various persons by means of threats and violence. It is charged that in one instance they carried their threats into execution by shooting and seriously wounding Joseph Sunseri of Pittsburg because he refused to comply with their demands. It is also charged that they tried to destroy by dynamite a business house in Pittsburg and that three of the alleged conspirators wrecked a house in Baltimore after the owner had received threatening letters and refused to comply with the requests of the conspirators.

CHURCH IN DANGER FROM SEWER.

Cavein Makes It Necessary to Shore Up Approach to Brooklyn Edifice.

The safety of the new church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus and Mary in Degraw near Hicks street, Brooklyn, has been threatened by a recent cavein of the Gowanus Canal flushing tunnel, which runs in front of the church.

The stoop has fallen away and pumps have had to be kept working constantly to prevent the flooding of the basement. The Building Department had men at work yesterday shoring up the front approach, and it was said there would be no interruption to the services to-day.

"CAMMEYER" STAMPED ON A SHOE MEANS STANDARD OF MERIT.

Advance Spring Styles Of Footwear for Women High and Low Cut Smartest Fashion Shapes

The finest examples of superior shoe materials and superior shoe construction. Most perfect fit and the utmost elegance of form.

Prices $3.50 and 5.00

The grace of the arched insteps, the artistic toe and heel shapes add to the charm and distinction of these shoes.

They are the advanced ideas and styles which meet the preference of fashionable women.

In Patent Leather with Matt Calf tops, also with Cloth tops, and Tan Russian Calf Button and Lace. Low Shoes in all materials.

These shoes are the highest expression of up-to-the-hour of shoe models.

Stockings in our Stocking Department of Silk, Lisle Thread or Cotton to blend, match or contrast as desired.

ALFRED J. CAMMEYER, 6th Ave., Cor. 20th St.

Saks & Company

Herald Square

The First Important Sale of Spring Waists for Women

Involving 2,000 Waists in entirely new designs—both fancy and tailored effects—

At Remarkably Low Prices.

Persian Lawn Waists—A fine tailored model, entire front of half-inch pleats; pleated back; tucked cuffs and laundered collar; open front, long sleeves, or of French lawn yoke, front and back of pin tucks; sleeve, collar and cuffs prettily tucked; open back, three-quarter sleeves. 98c

Madrasse Waists—cleverly tailored models; entire front of one-inch side pleats; pleated back; linen collar. $1.98

Waists of French batiste; two effective models—one with clusters of French tucks and colored embroidery in a variety of dainty colorings; collar of embroidery and lace. The other has front designed of fine embroidery, lace insertion and pin tucks; new tab cuffs of lace and embroidery. $1.98

Tailored Linen Waists; three smart models—front of tucks and side pleats; another of half-inch tucks, and others of wide side pleats; laundered collars and cuffs. $2.98

Colored Blouses of mercerized voile in dainty colored stripes, with tucked front and pleated detachable jabot, edged with lace. Colors—violet and white, green and white, tan and white, black and white, blue and white or pink and white. $4.95

Lingerie Blouses of white batiste, with entire front of Cluny and Val. insertions and Swiss embroidery and lace edge; lace trimmed sleeve; collar and cuffs of lace. $5.50

Furs as an Investment

Conditions, especially those affecting the fur trade at this moment, present buying advantages that are so far removed from normal as to make this

A Remarkably Opportune Time

to purchase fur garments for future use. While our assortment is not large, there are many exceptionally attractive pieces yet to be had—principally in

RUSSIAN AND HUDSON BAY SABLES, MINK, POINTED, BLUE OR WHITE FOX, ERMINE AND CHINCHILLA

Also a good selection of the less costly furs, including karakul, squirrel and black Russian pony skin. Among the fur coats are a number of imported models as well as our own standard designs.

The Final Reductions On These Are One-Third to One-Half.

All garments purchased during this sale will be stored without charge until next winter. A deposit of one-third the amount of purchase will be accepted, when so desired, the balance to be paid when the garment is delivered.

A Special Offering for Monday

Black Russian Pony Skin long Coats, lined with gray satin. All sizes. $48.75

New Models in Corsets for Spring

Presenting the latest achievements of the best corsetieres of Europe and America—each model designed expressly to conform with the requirements of the Spring styles in dress.

Madame Binner Corsets, $7.00 to $22.50

Plastique Corsets, an imported corset—of plain or fancy batiste or white coutil, $4.90 to $22.50

La Premiere Corsets, a superb domestic corset made of choicest imported materials, $3.00 to $13.50

A complete variety of Brassieres, and Corset accessories. All Corsets fitted by expert corsetieres, free of charge.

For Monday and Tuesday

Sale of Veilings

Tuxedo or mesh Veilings, plain or chenille dotted; in black, brown, navy or magpie. Value 35c the yd., at 19c

Chiffon Cloth Veils, 1½ yds. long. Value $1.50. At 98c

Chiffon Veils, 1½ yds. long. Value $1.25. At 85c

For Monday and Tuesday

The First Important Special Sale of Norfolk Suits for Boys

Sizes 7 to 17 years. Value $9.00 $5.90

The new two and three button double breasted Spring models, in new Spring shades of cheviot mixtures and blue serge, with two pairs of Knickerbockers.

ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS. | ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS.

The Fifth Avenue Art Galleries

"SILO BUILDING,"

546 Fifth Avenue (45th St.).

Mr. James P. Silo, Auctioneer.

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Benjamin Benguiat

Exhibition and Sale

March 14th to 28th.