

TARIFF BILL ABOUT READY

SENATE ADOPTS INCOME TAX RESOLUTION NEM. CON.

The Administrative Features of the Bill Practically Cleared Up and It May Be Passed This Week—Minor Amendments to Be Introduced To-day.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—The consideration of the tariff bill in committee of the whole was practically completed in the Senate to-day. At the end of the day's session Senator Aldrich announced that a few minor amendments would be reported from the Finance Committee tomorrow morning, and when these were disposed of the bill would be laid before the Senate proper. There is an excellent prospect that the measure will be passed by the Senate before the end of the week.

Remarkable progress was made by the Senate in considering the bill to-day. The administrative features, which many knowing ones predicted would require a week of debate, were cleared up with the exception of some comparatively trifling details.

Some modifications were made in the administrative features to-day before they were adopted. The clauses for the authorization of a customs court were changed materially; salaries proposed were reduced. As the result of an onslaught led by Senator Rayner of Maryland a modification was made in the provision to prevent the affidavit of a collector of customs, accepted as presumptive evidence of fraud in civil claims against the Government, from being used to convict a claimant in a criminal action. This change was regarded as necessary to prevent any question being raised as to the constitutionality of the act.

The bill was amended with the provision that it should not impair the existing reciprocity treaty with Cuba and also in such a way as to authorize the President to terminate existing trade agreements with foreign countries on ten days notice and to permit citizens of Maine and Minnesota to export timber for manufacture and to import it free of duty.

Senator Rayner made a legal argument against the administrative feature of the bill. He objected particularly to Section 6, which provides that "any person who shall knowingly make any false statement in the declaration provided for in the preceding section or failing to declare the value of imports, shall be punished by fine and imprisonment." Taking this feature with the proviso of Section 7, which declares that in any case where the appraised value of merchandise exceeds the declared value at the entry by more than 50 per cent, the entry should be presumed to be fraudulent, and "in any legal proceeding that may result from such seizure the undervaluation as shown by the appraisal shall be presumptive evidence of fraud and the burden of proof shall be on the claimant to rebut the same." Mr. Rayner held that it was clearly a case of adjudging a defendant guilty of a crime punishable by imprisonment on the ex parte affidavit of a Collector of Customs by putting upon him the burden of proof of his innocence.

In the course of a colloquy with Senator Aldrich the chairman of the Finance Committee declared that he (Mr. Aldrich) was not a lawyer and this seemed to afford Senator Rayner a cue.

"The Senator need not make that admission," said Mr. Rayner. "This bill shows that he is not a lawyer."

After the laughter provoked by the remark, in which Senator Aldrich joined, Senator Rayner explained that while the chairman of the Finance Committee was not a lawyer every other Republican member of the committee was a lawyer and presumed to know the legal effect of the language that had been used.

Mr. Rayner appeared to take special delight in goading Mr. Aldrich because the chairman of the committee had admitted he was not a lawyer. Every time Mr. Aldrich sought to rebut the same, Mr. Rayner would wave him aside with a suggestion that the debate under way was a profound legal argument and that a layman like Mr. Aldrich could not be expected to understand it. Once he said to Mr. Aldrich:

"If you want competent lawyers ask the Senator from New York, Mr. Root. It won't cost you anything to consult him here in the Senate."

Even Mr. Root appeared to enjoy this suggestive reference to some of the big fees attributed to him.

Senator Root, commenting on Mr. Rayner's speech, declared that it had been the safest and sanest Fourth of July he had ever experienced and he congratulated Mr. Rayner on his patriotic remarks. He said that the Senator from Maryland had "turned the session into a holiday, a legal holiday," by his pointed references to Senator Aldrich's qualifications in the law.

After Mr. Rayner had concluded his protechnical display the Senate got down to serious work and disposed of the administrative features of the bill.

Among the important modifications in the drawback provision was one extending a drawback on importation of cotton ties to be used for baling cotton for export.

The Senate to-day by a unanimous vote—seventy-seven Senators voting—adopted the resolution of Senator Brown of Nebraska submitting to the Legislatures of the States for ratification a proposed amendment to the Constitution authorizing the imposition of a tax without regard to apportionment.

Before the resolution was adopted the Senate by a vote of 46 to 30 rejected an amendment offered by Senator Bailey of Texas, providing that the ratification should be by "conventions" in the several States instead of by the State Legislatures. The Democratic Senators all voted for Mr. Bailey's amendment and the following Republicans: Borah, Bristow, Clapp, Cummins, Jones and La Follette.

Mr. Bailey had offered another amendment, extending the authority to permit the laying of a "graduated" tax. In view of the adverse vote on his "convention" amendment, Mr. Bailey withdrew the graduated tax amendment, saying that he realized it would be voted down through "blind political policy" and the act of the

Senate in voting it down would afford the Supreme Court an opportunity for holding that the Senate had declared its intent to be in opposition to a graduated tax.

Senator Bristow offered an amendment to Mr. Brown's resolution authorizing the election of Senators by popular vote. Mr. Aldrich made the point of order against it and it was sustained. Mr. Bristow renewed his amendment in the form of a substitute, and when it was again declared out of order appealed from the decision of the Vice-President, but his appeal was not sustained.

An amendment by Senator McLaughlin of Mississippi striking out of the amendment and out of the Constitution the words "direct tax," thus making the constitutional limitation apply only to capitalization taxes, was rejected without a call of the roll.

Notice was given by Senator Scott of West Virginia that a further effort would be made to incorporate in the tariff bill a provision imposing a duty on oil. Such an amendment was defeated a week or so ago when offered by Senator Penrose of Pennsylvania. The subject came up for discussion to-day as a result of some observations made by Senator Culberson of Texas. Senator Culberson wanted to know if any change had been made in the statute in the application of the drawback principle to tinplate used by the Standard Oil Company, and Senator Aldrich, in charge of the bill, replied in the negative.

Mr. Culberson then made some remarks to the effect that Standard Oil drew from the Treasury approximately \$1,000,000 a year in drawbacks, and took occasion to say some uncomplimentary things about the organization.

Senator Scott then took the floor. He deplored the agitation in Congress against Standard Oil. As he viewed it a spirit of hatred seemed to pervade the chamber against that company. The result had been that oil had been placed on the free list much to the disadvantage of independent workers in opposition to the Standard.

Just before the adjournment of the Senate to-day, Senator Aldrich of Rhode Island made an announcement relative to future legislation by Congress to which deep significance was attached. The tariff bill as passed by the House contained an authorization for an additional issuance of bonds on account of the Panama Canal and this provision Mr. Aldrich said would be stricken from the measure by the Committee on Finance.

As chairman of the Monetary Commission he said that that body would in all probability make a report to Congress at its next session. This report will recommend important changes in the currency and financial system of the United States. For that reason, Mr. Aldrich said, it would be impolitic for Congress to make any provision at this time relative to bond issues or authorize any other legislation affecting the currency of the country.

Senator Aldrich expects that the tariff bill will be reported from the committee of the whole to the Senate to-morrow. The prediction is made that the bill will be in conference by Thursday, and certainly by Monday at the latest.

KILLED BY BALLOON FALL.

Aeronaut Cuts Loose at 300 Feet and Parachute Fails to Open.

PORTLAND, Me., July 5.—Before 10,000 persons who had assembled on the eastern promenade of the city this afternoon James Corcoran, aged 25, a professional aeronaut of Lowell, Mass., fell 300 feet to the ground and was so badly injured that he died fifteen minutes later on the way to the hospital.

The accident was caused by a confusion in signals. Before Corcoran went up it was agreed that when he had risen 1,000 feet a shot should be fired so that he could free his parachute and that a series of shots would notify him that there was trouble with his balloon.

Some irresponsible person fired several shots when Corcoran was only 300 feet up. Apparently thinking that something was wrong with the gas bag, he freed the parachute. The drop was too short and the parachute didn't have time to spread.

KILLED BY RACING AUTO.

Spectator Tries to Cross Track and Is Hit at Full Speed.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 5.—A spectator was killed and a driver injured at the automobile race meet on Emeryville racetrack, near this city, this afternoon.

A victim was C. G. Stafford, former Mayor of Eureka. Stafford in endeavoring to cross the track during a race ran directly in front of a runaway driven by M. E. Smith, but was impossible for Silva to avoid Stafford and he struck him almost at full speed. Death was instantaneous. The man's ribs were driven into his back and his bowels have been torn out. The driver, who was driving at a speed of 40 miles an hour, was not injured.

MELODRAMATIC SUICIDE.

Couple Calmly Float to Death Over Dam Despite Warnings.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., July 5.—There was a melodramatic double suicide of an unknown couple in the St. Joseph River to-day. A man and a woman, the latter handsomely dressed in lavender, drifted calmly with the current toward the dam, heedless of warnings.

The man stood up just before the boat overturned, but made no effort to steer out of danger.

The woman appeared to contemplate death with as little emotion as the man. The boat sank and the bodies have not been recovered. They are thought to be strangers to South Bend.

Joe Starzenstade of this city was also a victim of the St. Joseph to-day, drowning when a rowboat upset with him.

YOUNG OARSMAN DROWNED.

Eight Oared Shell Swamped in Race on Charles River.

BOSTON, July 5.—Edward Morley, who rowed No. 3 in the eight oared crew of the St. Alphonsus Athletic Association, was drowned in the Charles River this afternoon when the boat swamped.

Young Morley was unable to swim and shouted for aid. The big power boat Oriole went to Morley and cut the shell in two. The Oriole's master threw a line to Morley, then turned about to rescue another who shouted for aid, thinking that Morley was safe on the line. Three others were rescued and when they went to look for Morley it was found that he had drowned.

FIRE AT NASSAU TRUST CO.

FLOORS OVER BANK'S OFFICES BURNED OUT.

Blaze Threatened the Bank and the Imperial Restaurant—Janitor of the Building Found Dead After His Family Had Been Rescued by Firemen.

A fire that started late last night on the second floor of the building that houses the Nassau Trust Company, at Fulton street and Red Hook Lane, Brooklyn, spread rapidly to the upper floors and burst through the roof, threatening the Imperial restaurant next door, as well as the trust company offices below. The fire had its origin in a sample shoe room above the trust company's offices.

The building is a five story one of stone and stands in an angle formed by the wings of the restaurant building. The four upper floors were used for offices and these were entirely gutted almost before the firemen got to work. A second alarm brought additional firemen, but by that time the flames had eaten through the roof.

Theodore Birkes, the janitor, with his wife and a young child, were caught in their rooms on the top floor. They made their way down to the third floor but found the stairway below on fire and were forced to retreat. Policemen from the Adams street station tried to force their way into the building but were beaten back, and for a moment it looked bad for the imprisoned family on the third floor. Truck Company 88 reached the building just as the janitor and his family were preparing to retreat to the fourth floor. The crew ran up an extension ladder and carried Mrs. Birkes and the child to the street.

After the fire had been brought under control a search was made for Birkes. The police had reported that he was taken out at the same time that his wife and child were rescued. Mrs. Birkes could not remember having seen her husband after he had led her to the window from which she was taken by the firemen.

The Imperial restaurant has entrances both on Red Hook Lane and Fulton street and the burning building occupies the big stream that runs through the restaurant and such patrons as were there at midnight were driven out. Some of the hose was leaky and considerable water found its way into the lower floors of the place.

Andrew T. Sullivan, president of the trust company, was at his home in Far Rockaway when he was told of the fire. He left at once to see what could be done toward rescuing important books and papers.

Delay in getting the high pressure at work gave the fire a great start, but when the big stream came they made quick work of the blaze. The fire was under control shortly before 1 o'clock this morning and all danger to the bank and restaurant was at an end. A concrete ceiling between the bank and the floor above kept the water from reaching the ground floor, and it was said that beyond a possible small leakage there would be no damage to the bank itself.

The damage was estimated at from \$25,000 to as high as \$100,000, the wide margin being due to a question as to how much the flames had warped the steel beams of which the building's framework is made.

After the firemen were able to make a search of the building the body of the janitor was found near the elevator on the top floor. Evidently after helping his family to the windows he had been overcome by the smoke.

The trust company's total deposits in March last was more than \$6,000,000, and the concern carries some \$600,000 in currency and specie on the premises.

WOMEN THREATEN THE KING.

If They Can't See Aquith by Thursday Suffragettes Will Move on Edward.

LONDON, July 5.—A deputation from the Women's Freedom League, the most recent militant suffragette organization, has been waiting outside the St. Stephen's entrance to the House of Commons since 8 o'clock last night to see Prime Minister Asquith. The members say they intend to wait there until Thursday morning, when if they have not succeeded in their mission they will go to Buckingham Palace and demand an audience of the King.

The deputation is replaced every three hours by fresh members and relays will be supplied in this way until something has been accomplished. The Premier had led the House before the women arrived last evening and he did not return.

The members of this women's organization have hitherto been quiet and have not drawn any crowds. They have been through the usual routine of demanding to see Mr. Asquith, whose previously prepared written refusal to receive them has been presented to their committee and declined. They contend that two acts of Charles II. confer the right to personally present their grievances to the Sovereign.

JOHN D. BEATS PARSON.

Old Man Takes a Fall Out of New Cleveland Pastor on Golf Course.

CLEVELAND, July 5.—Pushed from shot to shot on a bicycle by a caddy, John D. Rockefeller to-day defeated his pastor, the Rev. W. W. Bustard, formerly of Boston, over the golf links at Forest Hill. Mr. Rockefeller made the course in fifty-one strokes. Mr. Bustard in fifty-five, and W. C. Rudd, brother-in-law of Mr. Rockefeller, in sixty-one.

Mr. Rockefeller was merry and joked both his opponents throughout the match. He had a good chance too, for they perceived their way behind him over the course while he sat smiling, dry and cool on his bicycle.

After the match Mr. Bustard, Mr. Rudd, and Mrs. Bustard, who accompanied the new pastor, remained for luncheon at Forest Hill. Then they were Mr. Rockefeller's guest on an automobile ride to Elyria, Ohio, and return.

TO BELIEVE INDIGESTION accompanied by nausea, flatulency, sick headache or acid stomach take Horford's Acid Phosphate.—Ad.

BRITAIN HAS GREAT SHIP.

Night Flyer a Reality and All Her Own—Has Flown 500 Miles.

LONDON, July 5.—The Daily News, which has been one of the chief ridiculers of the mysterious night flying airship which alternately scared and amused England a couple of weeks ago, now prints a story asserting that it was a real and great vessel which, if it has accomplished all the inventor says it has removed all fear of England falling behind in the race for aerial supremacy.

The News says the mysterious vessel is now housed in a huge shed, which is big enough to hold three ordinary airships in a private park, about an hour's ride by auto from London.

The owner and inventor of the mysterious vessel is Dr. M. H. Boyd, who has spent \$100,000 in money and eight years time in experimenting with dirigible balloons. He began the trials of the present vessel on March 9 and made his first long voyage on May 9. It was on May 15 that the mysterious flyer was reported from Belfast, and according to Dr. Boyd it was not an imaginary vessel but his airship.

"That night," he says, "we flew across the Irish Channel on a line which about ninety miles from shore to shore. It was a continuous flight at an average speed of fifty-two miles an hour."

The doctor says he has also made a trip of 350 miles with only one descent. Dr. Boyd describes his dirigible as being oval shaped, divided into three bags, the works being placed between them. It has wings like an aeroplane on each side. There is no suspended car. The ship is only 120 feet long. The motors are 300-horse-power.

Dr. Boyd has submitted his invention to the War Office, which will send officers to see him fly when certain alterations have been made in the vessel. These include its lengthening to 300 feet and the increasing of the horse-power to 500.

The Daily News describes Dr. Boyd as a man well known in the aeronautical world, especially in France, where he has experimented successfully with aeroplanes. He is the managing director of a firm of motor engineers.

TRAVELERS CABLE 300 FEET UP.

Bridge Painter Gives Pittsburg a Thrill at Big Flag Dedication.

PITTSBURG, July 5.—Michael Munro, a bridge painter, to-day gave to 20,000 people in Pittsburg a thrill not down on the regular Fourth of July programme. When the big new city flag, 180 by 90 feet, the largest in the world, could not be formally unfurled and dedicated at noon because a rope had broken, Munro crept along the two inch steel cable from a seventeenth story window of the Frick Building to the tower of the court house, about 150 feet distant, and at least 300 feet from the street below.

Hundreds fled from the crowd and many were knocked down and hurt while scores of persons fainted at the sight of the man so high in the air.

Munro had put the needed rope about his shoulders and without asking the advice of any one connected with the flag unfurling slipped out of the window and hand over hand went across the chasm. Once, when about half way across, his strength seemed leaving him, but he hooked a leg and an arm over the cable and rested for a few seconds, then proceeded on his way hand over hand to the end.

Mayor Magee became sick when he saw Munro dangling in the air and had to be taken away.

FRENCH BISHOPS PROSECUTED.

Six Defendants on Charges Connected With Church and State Separation.

PARIS, July 5.—Within the last three months six Roman Catholic prelates have been prosecuted for various offences against the State which were indirectly connected with the enforcement of the law of associations.

The Bishops of Quimper and Montauban were prosecuted for impeding the liberty of bidding at sales of confiscated church property, but both were acquitted. The Bishop of Cahors was found guilty of the charge of denouncing anti-religious education and fined \$5.

The Cardinal Archbishop of Bordeaux is now under prosecution for declaring that unjust laws should not be obeyed. The Archbishop of Auch is being prosecuted on the same charge for which the Bishop of Cahors was condemned to pay a fine of \$5, and the Bishop of Bayonne was summoned to court to-day to answer a charge of threatening to excommunicate municipal councilors, members of benevolent committees and similar officials who seek to obtain the attribution of church property. For this offence the Bayonne prelate was fined \$100.

MORE ARRESTS IN HONOLULU.

Japanese Leaders Accused of Imprisoning Plantation Strike Breakers.

HONOLULU, July 5.—Two more leaders of the Japanese plantation strikers were arrested to-day for imprisoning strike breakers. Investigation by the police showed that Japanese strikers had all the neighborhood about their quarters picketed.

F. Sumada, a laborer on the Waopahu plantation, who is working part of the land on shares, alleges that he was captured while endeavoring to get me to help him and he believes the strikers would have killed him had he not obtained the help of the police.

FIRES AND PANIC AT MESSINA.

Series of Earthquake Shocks Accompanied by Subterranean Rumbblings.

MESSINA, July 5.—A fire which broke out in the ruins after a series of earthquake shocks yesterday was soon subdued, but it made a fresh start to-day. The quakes of yesterday were succeeded by shocks at 2:25 and 2:45 o'clock this morning. These were pretty severe. They were accompanied by loud subterranean rumbblings, which caused a panic among the inhabitants of the city.

DEWEY'S "BUTS CUYER" CHAMPAGNE. NEW YORK. S. O. S. 250 P. M. Three hours' trip fare. The most instructive and enjoyable trip to the East Coast. See Dewey's Autos from Flatiron Bldg. (5th av.) hourly.—Ad.

SWIFT TIDE DROWNS THREE.

FATHER GOES AFTER CHILD AND FRIEND FOLLOWS THEM.

Overboard from a Motor Boat Anchored in the Rockaway Inlet Tideway—Wives of the Men See Them Swept Away from the Boat and Drowned.

Charles N. Doudera of 635 Delamere place, Brooklyn, and Louis J. Edling of 380A Pulaski street, in the Williamsburg section jumped overboard from a launch in Jamaica Bay yesterday afternoon in an attempt to rescue Doudera's seven-year-old son Elmo, who had fallen into the water, and they were drowned with the boy.

Doudera was a well to do painter and decorator with an office at 8 Court street. He and Edling were members of the Jamaica Bay and the Canarsie yacht clubs and had recently bought the Idle Hour, a speedy power boat about thirty feet long. Yesterday the two men with their wives and Doudera's two sons, 7 and 9 years old, went for a day's cruise about the bay. Late in the afternoon they anchored at the entrance of Rockaway Inlet and began to fish. The water tide rushes through the inlet with such force that it occasionally bites a large piece out of Barron Island.

The depth of water made it necessary for the men to let out all of their anchor line, and even then the boat was dragged until the anchor caught firmly. They had not been fishing long when Elmo Doudera leaned too far out over the boat's side and fell in. His father, after a frantic effort to get up the anchor, plunged over after the drowning boy. He reached his son, but was unable to fight his way back against the tide that was running into the inlet and soon became exhausted by his efforts to get back to the launch.

Edling, who had meanwhile been tugging at the anchor line, saw that his friend was sinking and he plunged in, leaving the two women and the nine-year-old boy alone in the boat. Edling was caught by a cross current of the tide and swept to one side and far beyond the place where Doudera and his son were still struggling. He too found it impossible to make headway against the tide, and the women in the boat could do nothing to aid the nearly exhausted swimmers. The men and the boy were still in sight of the women when the water closed over them.

Capt. James McAsey, with his steamer the Frank, heard the screams of the women and ran down to the launch. He cruised about for a half hour trying to find the bodies, but could get no sight of them. The steamer towed the launch to Canarsie. Mrs. Doudera and Mrs. Edling were cared for at Harbor Squad C's station and were finally prevailed upon to go home in charge of friends. The police launch put out to the scene of the drowning and began a search for the bodies, but when darkness came on none of them had been recovered.

KING'S PICTURES FOR NEW YORK.

London "Times" Says Works Owned by Leopold of Belgium Are Coming Here.

LONDON, July 5.—According to the Paris correspondent of the Times J. Pierpont Morgan has bought through Kleinberger, the Paris collector, some pictures in King Leopold's collection, including Fra Angelico's "Virgin and Child," and a pair of delightful little pictures which are ascribed to Fra Hans, but which were more likely painted by his brother Dirk, depicting a boy and girl playing cards and two girls playing with a kitten. No matter who painted them, the pictures were bought on their own merits.

In addition to these pictures from King Leopold's collection Mr. Morgan bought from Kleinberger, it is said, two important works ascribed to Pesellino but not believed to have been by a greater artist. They tell the story of the Golden Fleece. Both are destined for the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

HELENA DE KAY, ACTRESS.

Society Amateur to Make Her Professional Debut at the New Globe.

Among other recent recruits to the stage from New York society is Miss Helena V. de Kay, the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles de Kay of 413 West Twenty-third street. Miss de Kay's mother has frequently appeared in amateur theatricals and was noted for her talent and beauty. Her daughter also has acted in amateur performances. Miss de Kay is in "The Land of Heart's Desire," in which she appeared at the Berkeley Lyceum at the performance of the Snarks, an amateur organization composed of young society women.

Miss de Kay is to appear at the Globe Theatre, the little house in West Sixty-third street adjoining the New Theatre. It is to be managed by Butler Davenport, who was also responsible for the erection of the playhouse. It will be opened early next fall.

BULLET FROM THE AIR.

Flattens Against the Skull of a Little Girl at Play.

While playing with some girl friends yesterday afternoon in the back yard of her home at 42 West Nineteenth street Ella Keeler, 6 years old, fell to the ground. She was picked up unconscious and from a cut on the top of her head it was supposed that she had cut herself in falling. At the New York Hospital the surgeons reported that she had a "lacerated scalp wound and a possible fracture of the skull."

Some time afterward her father, a steamer, returning home was told by the child's playmates that a shot had been heard just as she fell. Keeler told this story to the police and it was reported to the hospital. The doctors probed the wound and found a bullet flattened against the skull. The bullet was easily removed and Ella is expected to recover. The police could get no clue as to where the shot had come from. They think the bullet was a spent one that had been fired up in the air.

TREN TO BURN OBSERVATORY.

Caretaker of Harvard's Colorado Plant Then Kills Himself.

COLORADO SPRINGS, July 5.—Lewis W. Warriner, caretaker of Harvard University's electrical stellar photography plant, committed suicide early this morning by shooting himself through the heart. He was 40 years old and despondent from ill health.

Warriner poured ten gallons of coal oil on the bedding, piano, bookcases and other contents of the building and set fire to it. Prof. Loud and Attorney Frank Baker, who were in the second story, where the camera is located, were attracted by the fire and tried to extinguish it when Warriner took his life in an adjoining room.

The building is a substantial structure located on Nob Hill, a suburb, and could not be reached by the city fire department. Fortunately, however, the building was saved together with thousands of dollars worth of electrical apparatus.

BINGING CAR ON 435 P. M. TRAIN.

To Philadelphia week days by Pennsylvania Railroad. Two hour train.—Ad.

MORO OUTLAWS WIPED OUT.

Americans Lose One Killed and 24 Wounded, Including Three Officers.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MANILA, July 6.—Jikiri, the Moro bandit, and his gang made a final stand against the American forces in inaccessible caves near Patian in Jolo. The entire gang was killed in the same manner as the Mount Dajo cleanup some time ago by Capt. Byram's two troops of the Sixth Cavalry, cooperating with navy gunboats under command of Lieutenant-Commander Signor.

The American losses were Private McConnell killed and twenty privates of the Sixth, one sailor and Lieut. Miller Kennedy and Wilson wounded.

Capt. Byram in his report commends Lieut. Miller's gallantry and Col. Hoyt commends Capt. Byram's strategy. This practically ends outlawry in the province of Jolo.

DIRECTOIRE BATHING DRESS.

Plans and Specifications for the Parisienne at the Seaside.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, July 5.—Smart French women will adopt the Directoire style in their bathing dresses at the coming seaside season, so as to preserve the slender, elongated shape that this style of gown gives them ashore.

They will wear corsets made of stiff cloth with flexible ribs instead of whalebones, the corsets being kept in place by suspenders over the shoulders. A tight fitting collette is an indispensable feature of the costume, a close cut princess gown covering all.

The outfit is completed by stockings and high laced shoes matching the color of the dress.

PERSIAN REBEL DEFIANT.

Nationalist Leader Demands Immediate Withdrawal of Russian Troops.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. TEBERAN, July 5.—The British and Russian representatives here to-day met Sipahdar Je, the leader of the Nationalists, who is understood to have demanded that the Russian troops quit Persia and that a new and more liberal Ministry be formed.

He asked for a reply before noon of Tuesday.

The British and Russian Legations will reply that they cannot undertake to communicate his demands to the Shah.

These representatives warned Sipahdar Je yesterday that a further advance of the rebels on Teheran would result in foreign intervention.

Sipahdar Je also demanded that himself and Sar-dar-Asad, the leader of the Bahktari tribesmen, be allowed to enter Teheran with an armed escort of 150 men each and that they be allowed to remain there until they were satisfied with the working of the constitutional regime. He made several other demands.

The streets of Teheran are deserted and great unrest prevails. The Prime Minister is seriously ill and cannot transact Government business.

CARNEGIE SENDS \$25,000.

Second Instalment of His Gift for a Home for Central American Court.

WASHINGTON, July 5.—Andrew Carnegie has sent to Secretary of State Knox for transmission to the Costa Rican Government the sum of \$25,000 for the construction of a home for the Central American Court of Justice at Cartagina, Costa Rica. This is the second instalment of a gift of \$100,000 which Mr. Carnegie contributed toward the construction of the building. The remainder will be furnished by the Government of Costa Rica. Construction work was begun several months ago.

The court was established as a result of the Central American peace conference, held in Washington last winter, to prevent wars and revolutions in Central America by the creation of a court which should have jurisdiction over all controversies between the Central American republics.

AUTO FLEES AFTER ACCIDENT.

Hits a Girl in The Bronx and Runs Away All the Faster.