CITY BUDGET IS $163,049,480

APPARENT INCREASE IS SIX AND A HALF MILLIONS.

But There Are Some New Items, and the Net Increase Is Put at 2.66 Per Cent. —Jacob H. Schiff Would Cut It Down —But McGowan Would Increase It.

The budget for next year, as tentatively made up, was made public yesterday. Its total is $163,049,480, as compared with this year's budget of $156,545,148, an increase of $6,504,332.

The appropriations asked for by the heads of the departments were $179,560,150, so that the original estimates have been cut $16,510,670. An analysis of the figures of the new budget shows that about $4,150,000 is for extra items for this year, which have not hitherto been provided for. These consist of a sum of $2,821,932 for the maintenance of the Dock Department, which under the new law must be included in the budget and not deducted from the department's revenues; $225,000 for the maintenance of the new water supply in Richmond, $85,000 for the maintenance of the Manhattan Bridge for part of the next year, and $1,000,000 in addition to the amount already appropriated to cover the deficiency in the collection of taxes. The actual increase therefore in the administrative cost of the city's government for 1901 works out at about $2,905,000. This increase is calculated by the Comptroller to be 2.66 per cent. over the administrative cost for this year. The following table gives the itemized figures of the city's budget:

	Recommended Allowances for 1910.	Increases.
Mayoralty	$135,400	$34,500
Aldermen and City Clerk	261,405	1,000
Finance Department	1,555,190	58,850
Interest city debt	32,178,780	2,507,660
Redemption city debt	7,104,329	*5,815,104
Instalments payable 1910	7,100,314	528,931
Law Department	843,410	*6,550
Bridges	881,241	90,432
Docks and Ferries	2,881,932	2,821,932
Pavement House	853,402	20,382
Water Supply	6,945,826	435,246
Public Charities	2,675,832	168,828
Bellevue	1,128,409	23,655
Correction	1,271,351	*72,208
Health	2,747,723	262,863
Police	15,110,797	440,129
City Record	1,351,450	*10,100
Elections Board	1,056,750	39,920
Street Cleaning	7,531,562	113,065
Fire	8,153,542	113,978
Parks	3,350,914	31,849
Education	28,571,535	1,101,195
City College	598,959	14,148
Normal College	386,279	13,280
Brooklyn Training School	59,290	*710
Accounts	219,389	*9,321
Licenses	53,830	430
Coroners	162,915	3,215
Civil Service	151,036	*1,364
Assessors	44,500	
Examining Plumbers	6,124	*155
Taxes	495,640	22,740
Board of Estimate	153,820	*1,180
Census Board	24,350	24,350
Armory Board	111,350	1,700
Libraries	1,165,758	64,490
City Court	234,000	2,000
Magistrates, First Div	235,800	8,000
Magistrates, Second Div	242,700	11,400
Charitable Institutions	4,724,252	*56,598
Rents	1,030,655	117,312
Miscellaneous	390,226	3,840
Municipal Courts	903,100	53,550
Special Sessions, First Div	94,030	4,080
Children's Court, First Div	16,190	790
Special Sessions, Second Div	70,500	4,600
Children's Court, Second Div	12,800	
President, Manhattan	2,607,608	28,205
President, The Bronx	1,225,466	*65,062
President, Brooklyn	2,374,158	38,114
President, Queens	1,549,708	22,431
President, Richmond	789,549	15,479
Totals	$153,586,536	$9,253,783

*Decreases.

This is a recapitulation of the entire budget and shows the county appropriations:

	Allowance 1910.	Increase.	Decrease.
New York city	$153,586,535	$9,253,783	$4,036,752
New York co.	3,251,541	138,167	19,212
Kings	1,662,475	67,211	32,906
Queens	356,045	57,811	1,385
Richmond	113,062	10,437	524
Deficiency	4,000,000	1,077,552	
	$163,049,480	$10,585,363	$4,081,251

At a public hearing yesterday by the Board of Estimate on the tentative budget Jacob H. Schiff asked for an opportunity to study the budget before it was adopted.

"It must and it will be possible," he said, "to do justice to every reasonable demand and to make full appropriations for educational, hospital, tuberculosis and tenement reform purposes if waste in other directions is made impossible."

Mr. Schiff said that the city paid too much for its materials and labor and added:

"The people of this city believe that only good and no harm need come from expecting the city to live next year within $150,000,000, because you gentlemen in your published statements convinced us not only that savings are possible but that you yourselves know where the city can begin immediately to save. We ask you to take this step and not to leave it to your successors, whoever they may be."

It was decided to hold another hearing to-day, and at this meeting President McGowan of the Board of Aldermen will propose an amendment to the tentative budget calling for the equalizing of the pay of the school teachers. This would mean an addition of about $3,000,000 to the budget.

The Board of Estimate at its regular meeting on Friday will finally pass on the budget, and there is not much doubt that the tentative budget will be adopted without alterations of any importance. It will then go to the Aldermen, who must pass on it within twenty days. The Aldermen have the power to reduce but not to increase appropriations.

FURLONG INDICTED.

Brooklyn Magistrate Must Stand Trial on Bribery Charges.

Magistrate Henry J. Furlong of Brooklyn was yesterday indicted by the Grand Jury as a result of an investigation of the charges of improper conduct on the bench, which have been pending for several months.

Justice Crane of the Supreme Court, sitting as a Magistrate, some weeks ago took testimony on the charge that Magistrate Furlong had agreed to accept bribes in return for judicial favors and referred the matter to the Grand Jury. Since then there had been rumors that Magistrate Furlong was willing to resign from the bench in case the charges against him were dropped. He continued, however, to preside in the Gates avenue court and was on the bench yesterday morning when a messenger came from the District Attorney's office and notified him of his indictment. He was much overcome by the news and hurriedly giving a written order to his probation officer remarked: "This is my last official act as a Magistrate until I am cleared of the charge against me."

Magistrate Furlong almost collapsed as he descended from the bench and went to his chamber and had Dr. Peterson of 1161 Bushwick avenue, his family physician, summoned. Dr. Peterson hurried to the court in his automobile and remained with Magistrate Furlong nearly an hour. Then Furlong went off with the doctor.

The indictment was a great surprise to Furlong, as he appeared before the Grand Jury ten days ago and, as he supposed, convinced them that there was no foundation for the charges against him. He will be in the County Court to-morrow morning to plead to the indictment.

Magistrate Hylan will look after the business in the Gates avenue court until the charges against Furlong are disposed of.

No Improvement in Injured Midshipman.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 27.—Midshipman Earl D. Wilson, a vertebra of whose neck was broken in a football game, was decidedly worse this morning and for a time his condition was very grave. He rallied some during the day. Among other unfavorable symptoms, Wilson suffered with a bad attack of hiccoughs, which annoyed him greatly. It was stated by the attending surgeons that there has been no hopeful indication.

JUSTICE PECKHAM'S FUNERAL.

All the Members of the Supreme Court Attend Except Justice Moody.

ALBANY, Oct. 27.—The late United States Supreme Court Justice Rufus W. Peckham was laid at rest in the Rural Cemetery here this afternoon. The body was brought to Albany on a special train from the family summer home in the Helderberg Mountains, and was met at the station by the local pallbearers, Justice Edward D. White representing the Supreme Court. The services were in St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal Church. The honorary pallbearers, headed by the marshal and clerk of the United States Supreme Court, led the funeral procession, and were the immediate escort of Mrs. Peckham, Mrs. Henry A. Peckham, a daughter-in-law, accompanied by Parker Corning, and the more distant of the relatives.

The Rev. W. W. Battershall, the rector of the church, officiated, assisted by the Right Rev. Alexander H. Vinton, Bishop of Western Massachusetts, a cousin of Mrs. Peckham. The coffin was smothered in a blanket of roses and there were numerous floral tributes despite the desire of the Peckham family for simple and unostentatious arrangements. The honorary pallbearers were Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller of the United States Supreme Court and Associate Justices John M. Harlan, David J. Brewer, Edward D. White, Joseph McKenna, Oliver Wendell Holmes and William R. Day; former Chief Judges of State Court of Appeals Alton B. Parker and Charles Andrews; Chief Judge Edgar M. Cullen of the State Court of Appeals, and Judges Edward T. Bartlett and John Clinton Gray of the same court; former United States Circuit Judge William J. Wallace, and former Attorney-General Simon W. Rosendale, Dudley Olcott, Charles E. Patterson, Albert Hessberg and James D. Wasson of Albany.

Gov. and Mrs. Hughes, David B. Hill and the leading Judges and Justices of the State also attended the services at the church, as well as the members of the bar and the dead jurist's many Albany friends.

Chief Justice Fuller, in commenting upon Justice Peckham's death, said:

"I am in the condition of mind that John Bright was when he rose in the House of Commons to speak in reference to the death of Mr. Cobden. He exclaimed: 'I never knew how much I loved him until I lost him.' Then he sat down."

MRS. JAMES H. HACKETT DEAD.

Widow of an Actor and Mother and Mentor of an Actor.

Mrs. James Henry Hackett, who died yesterday at her home, 262 West Ninety-fourth street, was the widow of the famous comedian of the same name and mother of James K. Hackett. Mrs. Hackett was the second wife of James H. Hackett who was born in 1800 and was 69 years old when the present Hackett was born. J. H. Hackett died in 1871.

Mrs. Hackett's devotion to her son has long been noted in the theatre. In a period of nine years she missed only eight of James K. Hackett's performances. She attended both matinees and evening representations as long as she was strong enough, travelled with him and devoted all her time to his interests. She was a familiar figure at all his performances in New York, sitting inconspicuously toward the rear of the house and leading in the applause that followed the fall of the curtain.

Mrs. Hackett whose name was Clara Cynthia Morton, was born seventy-five years ago at Wolfe's Island, St. Lawrence county. From her the younger Hackett inherited his tall, slim figure and regular features. She had never been on the professional stage before her marriage to Mr. Hackett nor did she appear otherwise than as an amateur anywhere until 1874. The panic of the preceding year had so seriously depleted her resources that she decided to undertake a professional career in order to assure her son an eduction.

She acted at the Academy of Music in "Macbeth" and "Leah, the Forsaken" for one week. She found the strain too great for her health, however, and made no further attempt to continue as an actress. She had, of course, seen much of the theatre and had learned much of it from her husband. This knowledge she imparted to her son, who is said to have received his first instruction in the actor's art from her.

Mr. Hackett is on his way from Chicago to attend the funeral, which will be held privately in Jamaica, L. I. this morning.

ANDREW B. PADDOCK DEAD.

For Thirty-one Years Connected With the Business Office of "The Sun."

Andrew Billings Paddock, for many years connected with the business office of THE SUN and a stepson of Isaac W. England, formerly THE SUN's publisher died yesterday at his summer home, Rock Ledge, Chappaqua, of septicæmia, after an illness of three weeks.

Mr. Paddock was 51 years old. He was born in Remsen, Oneida county, and was educated in a private school at Tarrytown. He became connected with THE SUN when he was 14 years old and remained with this paper for thirty-one years, leaving it as business manager. He then became secretary and treasurer of the National Roller Company, at 307 Pearl street, and remained in that capacity until his death.

Mr. Paddock was twice married. His first wife was Cornelia Haviland, a daughter of Stephen Haviland of Brooklyn, a wholesale hardware merchant. On the death of his first wife he married her sister, Gertrude Haviland. He is survived by his second wife and by three children. Of these Edward Hopkins Paddock and Gertrude Haviland Paddock, wife of E. R. Thomas of Charleston, S. C., were children of the first wife. By his second wife there was one son, Andrew Billings Paddock, Jr. There also is a half-brother, Isaac W. England of Passaic. Mr. Paddock's mother is also living in that city.

The funeral will be held from the Church of St. Mary the Virgin at Chappaqua on Friday on the arrival of the train leaving New York at 11:10. The interment will be at Chappaqua and will be private.

JOHN R. VAN WORMER DEAD.

Once Roscoe Conkling's Secretary—Manager of Lincoln Safe Deposit Co.

John Rufus Van Wormer died suddenly of apoplexy yesterday. He was born in Adams, Jefferson county, in 1849, and attended the local military academy. Colgate University conferred upon him the honorary degree of master of arts in later years. Mr. Van Wormer became a telegraph operator when 14 years of age and was with the Western Union Telegraph Company until 1877. He became private secretary to George B. Sloan, Speaker of the Assembly, and there attracted the attention of Roscoe Conkling, whom he served in a similar capacity. He was once clerk of the United States Senate Committee on Commerce and was secretary to Gen. Thomas L. James when the latter was Postmaster here. Later he was chief clerk of the Post Office Department at Washington under Gen. James, with whom he became associated subsequently in business. Mr. Van Wormer was vice-president and general manager of the Lincoln Safe Deposit and Warehouse Company and the Brooklyn Warehouse and Storage Company. He was one of the leading members of the New York Athletic Club and had been its president for several years. He was a member of many other clubs and societies.

Cholera Outbreak in Antwerp.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—Henry Lane Wilson, the American Minister at Brussels, reported to the State Department to-day that eight cases of cholera have been discovered near Antwerp. Six of these cases were fatal.

NO CASE AGAINST DR. WOOD

WOMAN'S CHARGE OF ASSAULT FALLS THROUGH.

Jury Refused to Believe Her Testimony and Acquitted Him—He Will Now Prosecute the Husband and Brother Who Made the Attack on Him.

Dr. J. Walter Wood, a prominent physician of Staten Island, was placed on trial in the Supreme Court at Richmond yesterday on a charge of having criminally assaulted Mrs. Annie Decamera, wife of Frank Decamera, a printer, when she went to him for treatment on August 3 last.

Mrs. Decamera and her husband were then living in Brooklyn, but she had been visiting her mother, who lives at Port Richmond. Mrs. Decamera did not feel well on August 3 and she went to the office of Dr. Wood, who was her mother's physician, for advice. Two days later she was again taken ill in Brooklyn and her husband advised her to pay another visit to Dr. Wood. Then, it is alleged, she broke down and told her husband a story of assault. He went to Port Richmond and had a consultation with Mrs. Decamera's brother, William F. Lawson, a clerk of Port Richmond. As a result of their talk Dr. Wood was asked over the telephone to come at once to the Lawson home. When he reached there the physician was attacked by Decamera and Lawson and so badly beaten that he was confined to his house for some days afterward. His assailants were arrested and are now under indictment for assault in the second degree.

It was late in the afternoon before a jury was secured. When the box was filled District Attorney Evins made his opening address and Mrs. Annie Decamera, the complainant, was called as the first witness. She told of the alleged assault and testified that after she had put on her hat and coat she started to go out of the house when the defendant slipped a prescription into her purse. She did not tell her husband about the alleged assault until the next day.

Frank Decamere, husband of the complainant, testified that his wife appeared to be in a nervous condition when she returned to her home in Brooklyn on August 2, but she did not say anything about the alleged assault until August 5.

Mrs. Annie Lawson, mother of the complainant, testified that when her daughter returned to her home after visiting the doctor she seemed nervous and excited, but said nothing at that time of having been assaulted.

Dr. Wood, on the stand in his own defence, admitted that the woman visited his office as she said she did, but he denied any improperaction or word on his part.

Mrs. Anna Boyle, cook at Dr. Wood's home, testified that on the day and at the hour of the alleged assault she was continuously in the house and any outcry or disturbance in the office would have been heard from her, and she heard nothing.

William Hedrick, the doctor's driver, testified that at the same hour he was eating his dinner in the house and heard no outcry.

The Court ruled out all evidence not direct and the case of the prosecution fell flat and after an hour and a half of deliberation the jury acquitted the defendant.

Dr. Wood will now demand that the indictments against his assailants be pressed and that they be punished for the assault upon him. He was congratulated on his acquittal by a number of other physicians who were in readiness to give testimony had they been called.

WIG MAKERS UNEASY.

An Expanded Union Will Try for Better Pay and Cleaner Work.

The Human Hair Workers Union, organized several weeks ago, decided yesterday to extend itself throughout the city with the purpose of demanding higher wages and better conditions of work after election. The wages range from $4 to $12 a week for men and to $10 a week for women.

According to Barnet Gottlieb, organizer of the union, the workers are not protected from the dust arising in handling the hair, which, he says, settles on the lungs and causes tuberculosis.

The demands will be for higher wages and the installation of blowers or other devices to reduce the risk. There are about 1,800 human hair workers in the city. Most of the hair comes from foreign countries, where peasant girls with an abundance of locks allow them to be clipped once a year for dealers.

WILLIAM H. PURDY DEAD.

He Had Been Manager of the Hotel Grosvenor for Four Years.

William H. Purdy, for four years manager of the Hotel Grosvenor, at 37 Fifth avenue, was found dead in bed there yesterday afternoon and in his pocket was found a package of some small white tablets the nature of which has not been discovered. The police report that there is nothing suspicious in the case. Coroner Shrady stated that he would perform an autopsy to determine the cause of death.

Late in the afternoon the matron of the hotel, Mrs. Richard, tried the manager's door and getting no reply to her knock unlocked it. Inside she found Mr. Purdy stretched on the bed fully dressed and unconscious. Purdy was dead when Dr. Thompson of the New York Hospital reached the hotel. Dr. Thompson told Coroner Shrady about the tablets found in the man's pocket.

OBITUARY.

James Lucas, aged 80, who was a guard at the old Capitol prison in Washington during the civil war and played an important part in the capture of J. Wilkes Booth, slayer of Abraham Lincoln, died in Lafayette, Ind., on Tuesday. On the night President Lincoln was assassinated Lucas was on duty. He was the leader of the posse that followed Booth. When the slayer of the President was killed and his body returned to Washington it was Lucas who was appointed to guard it. He watched the body in the prison and on a gunboat after the body had been removed from the prison under cover of darkness. Later he was on the staff of officers who held the court-martial over the remaining conspirators.

Edmund Hendricks, a veteran of the civil war and head of the firm of Hendricks Bros., dealers in copper and metals at 49 Cliff street, died yesterday at his residence, 10 East Forty-fourth street. Mr. Hendricks was born in New York and was in his seventy-fifth year. All his life he was engaged in the metal business and he built up the firm of Hendricks Bros. At the outbreak of the civil war he enlisted in the Seventh New York Regiment. Two brothers, Francis and Harmon W., and six sisters are living. Edmund Hendricks was a member of the Union, New York and Lotos clubs, of the Chamber of Commerce and of Lafayette Post, No. 140.

Medical Director Benjamin Harrison Kidder, U. S. N., retired, died at his summer home at Edgartown, Mass., Tuesday night, aged 73. He was retired from the service in January, 1898, and had since made his home in Malden. He was a native of Edgartown, and was appointed an Assistant Surgeon in the navy in 1861 and in 1865 became Passed Assistant Surgeon and attained the rank of Surgeon in 1868. He was made Medical Inspector in 1887 and Medical Director in 1893, and in 1906 got the rank of Rear Admiral on the retired list.

Theodore B. Gibbs, a member of the New Jersey Assembly and known as the "Father of the House," died yesterday at his home in Clementon, Camden county. Mr. Gibbs was born near Mount Holly in 1838. He served in the civil war in the Twenty-ninth Regiment of New Jersey Volunteers. He was appointed postmaster at White Horse, now Kirkwood, in 1866. Later he was Sheriff of Camden county and postmaster at Clementon. In 1892 he was elected to the Assembly and was reelected every year thereafter.

The Rev. Father Bernard Quinn, for nearly fifty years a priest of the Roman Catholic Church and for twenty years pastor of a church in Deerfield, a suburb of Utica, died at a hospital in that city yesterday of apoplexy. He lived for many years in Cincinnati and was ordained to the priesthood in Cleveland, where he served a number of pastorates. Father Quinn was 72 years old.

PIERCE M. WELCH DIES IN PARIS.

New Haven Bank President Succumbs to an Attack of Pneumonia.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, Oct. 27.—Pierce M. Welch, president of the First National Bank of New Haven, Conn., died sudenly at a hotel here to-day of pneumonia.

His wife and duaghter, who were with him, will take the body to America on board the steamship George Washington, which sails from Bremen next Tuesday.

NEW HAVEN, Oct 27.—Pierce Noble Welch, president of the First National Bank of New Haven, sailed for Europe last June in company with his wife and daughter, Cora, for a trip through Italy and Germany for his health. About four weeks ago he was taken with pleurisy, which developed into pneumonia. His son, Pierce N. Welch, Jr., and a daughter, Mrs. Henry S. Graves, wife of the director of the Yale Forestry School, sailed from New York last Saturday, having been summoned by their father.

Mr Welch was born in Plainville, Conn., June 27, 1841, and graduated from Yale in '62. He spent some months in Berlin attending lectures at the University, going from there to Heidelberg and coming back to this country in 1864. He then entered the banking business. In 1867 he engaged in the wholesale grocery business in New York, but in 1871 was chosen treasurer of the New Haven Rolling Mill Company, and he later became president.

In 1889 Mr. Welch's father died and he became heir to a large estate. He was chosen his father's successor in the presidency of the First National Bank in 1889, and in 1895, under Mr. Welch's direction the First National Bank building, the first eight-story building in New Haven, was erected.

He gave to Yale Welch Hall in memory of his father and he has been a generous contributor to many charities. Last year he contributed $25,000 to the local Y. M. C. A. He was one of the trustees of the Connecticut Baptist Convention and served as treasurer of the Yale Foreign Missionary Society and treasurer of the City Missions.

Mr. Welch is survived by his wife and five children. They are Mrs. John M. Gaines of Bronxville, N. Y., Mrs. Charles W. Gross of Hartford, Mrs. Henry S. Graves, Miss Cora Welch and Pierce N. Welch, Jr.

KILLS WIFE AND HIMSELF.

Woman Had Left Home With Baby Because of Abuse.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.—Mrs. Irving W. Fletcher, aged 18, wife of an electric car conductor, was shot and killed this afternoon by her husband, the police say, at 38 Batavia street in the Back Bay. The man then turned the weapon upon himself and sent a fatal bullet into his brain.

The tragedy took place at the head of the first flight of stairs in the big apartment house, The Fells, a short distance from Symphony Hall.

Last night Mrs. Fletcher called at the suite of Miss Diana Feinburne and asked for her protection. She said her husband had been beating and abusing her shamefully. At 11 o'clock Fletcher called at Miss Feinburne's apartment and demanded to be admitted. The door was locked in his face by Miss Feinburne. He then threw his weight against the door and broke it in. Miss Feinburne says that Fletcher punched and kicked her and then beat his wife. Finally he was pacified and induced to leave the apartment.

Miss Feinburne went to work this morning as usual, leaving Mrs. Fletcher and her baby. When Fletcher reached the house this afternoon at 2:45 he met a woman tenant who was just moving in. She was in the hall.

"Is Miss Feinburne in?" he asked.

"I do not know," said the woman.

Fletcher then in some way got his wife out into the hall and began firing. One of the tenants of the building heard the shots and ran down and called the police.

LOTS OF SAUCE FOR THE TURKEY

Cranberry Crop Reports Show 1,675,000 Bushels in Sight.

Crop reports from the cranberry fields show that there will be no possible excuse his year for any lack of sauce to go with the turkey. Massachusetts reports 269,107 bushels, a gain of 32 per cent. over last year's yield. New Jersey has 192,612 bushels in sight, 80 per cent. more than last season, and Long Island and Wisconsin report big crops. Nova Scotia has scarcely any bog fruit at all and may have to import. Rhode Island and Connecticut are also behind last season's record.

The total estimated crop for the entire cranberry field is 1,675,000 bushels.

TO STOP CONVICT MINING.

Texas Penitentiary Committee Finds Conditions of Employment Hazardous.

AUSTIN, Tex., Oct. 27.—The immediate cancellation of the contract which the State has for working convicts in coal mines at Calvert, Tex., is urged in resolutions adopted by the penitentiary committee to-day as follows:

Whereas a sub-committee of the penitentiary investigating committee, duly appointed by the chairman thereof, visited and inspected the coal mines near Calvert, Tex., in which are worked convicts of this State to the number of about 100; and

Whereas said committee made a thorough personal inspection of the condition existing in and about said mines and from their personal inspection and from testimony of officers in charge of said camps and convicts working in said mines they found the following conditions: That practically all the men in going to and from their daily work in the mines are forced to walk through mud and water, thereby wetting their feet, in which conditions they are forced to work during the day. They found that some of the men were required to work in water, mud and slush from shoe mouth to half leg deep and do their daily task mining seven tons of coal, which mud and water appears to affect in various ways the physical condition not only of the feet but of the entire physical person of the men thus subjected. They found that the convicts upon coming out of the mines at night were not furnished with dry shoes, necessitating their going with wet feet to the mine prison building and remaining in that condition until such time as they could remove their shoes after the supper meal. They found that the clothes worn in the mines during the day and changed at night were usually wet, and the committee was informed that in the winter time some were frozen and that the convicts put them on in that condition on the following morning, in which condition men were forced to pursue their labors. They found several under the age of 21 years, yet lacking the full development of manhood required to do the daily task of seven tons. They found from facts and from hospital records, kept under the direction of the camp physician, that their employment in said mines is very hazardous and very unhealthy; and

Whereas we believe that the State of Texas has no moral or legal right to force men convicted of violationof the law to labor under such conditions; therefore be it

Resolved, That we urge the Governor of the State of Texas, the Board of Penitentiary Commissioners and Superintendent of Penitentiaries to cancel the contract with the Southwestern Fuel and Manufacturing Company, to take effect not later than November 15, 1909, and sooner if possible.

Gaynor at 3 A. M.

The Night Workers' League has arranged to hold a mass meeting at 3 o'clock to-morrow morning at Hesse's Hall, corner of Frankfort and William streets. Herman Ridder will preside and Judge Gaynor, John F. Galvin, Joseph Haag and Deputy Comptroller McCooey have promised to attend the meeting and give short speeches.

SCANT HOPE FOR HESTIA MEN

TWO BOATS WITH DEAD SAILORS IN THEM PICKED UP.

Fisherman Thinks He Saw Lights of a Third Drifting to Sea—The Six Survivors Spent 24 Hours Lashed in the Rigging—Wreck Is Breaking Up.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 27.—There is a bare possibility that, in addition to the six men rescued from the wrecked steamship Hestia by the Grand Manan life savers, some of the others of the crew of the ill fated vessel may still be alive, but the hope is of the smallest. One of the Hestia's boats, containing the bodies of Chief Engineer Munn and two seamen, drifted ashore on a beach a short distance from Yarmouth, N. S., to-day. A second boat, in which was the body of Theodore Reid, a steerage passenger from Glasgow, was picked up floating at Salmon River, not far from Digby. All three bodies were taken to Yarmouth, where an inquest will be held.

The finding of these lifeboats practically dispels the hopes that some of the men who put off ffom the Hestia soon after she hit the rocks of Old Proprietor's Ledge may have been picked up by a passing vessel. The death roll now foots up to thirty-four or thirty-five. Because of the poor communication between here and Grand Manan Island it has been impossible to ascertain from the six survivors just how many lifeboats were lowered, but it is believed that only two left the Hestia, and that they are the ones cast up on the Nova Scotia shore to-day, just across the bay of Fundy from Grand Manan.

It was learned to-day over the one telegraph line from Grand Manan that the Hestia was wrecked at 1 o'clock Monday morning instead of the same hour Tuesday morning, and that the six men saved spent more than twenty-four hours lashed in the rigging. When the gale abated they slid down to the deck and made their way to the bridge of the vessel, where they managed to keep dry until the lifeboat came out.

The survivors were in such a weakened state that they were unable to tell a connected story and several of them, particularly Seaman Keene, are in a critical condition. The Hestia cannot be saved. To-day she was almost completely under water. Many cases of Scotch whiskey and quantities of other goods were picked up by fishermen, showing that she is going to pieces.

The captain of a fishing boat that reached Digby to-day says that on Monday morning near Proprietors ledge he thinks he saw the lights of the Hestias boat and he thought they were three in number. They were about eight miles southeast of the scene of the wreck and drifting rapidly to sea. This leaves the hope that one boat may still be afloat or its men may have been picked up by some ship.

WILL HEAR MRS. PANKHURST.

Greenwich Equal Franchise League Invites Her to Speak Nov. 10.

GREENWICH, Conn., Oct. 27.—It was announced to-day that the Greenwich Equal Franchise League here, composed largely of New York women who live here a part of the year and who claim residence here, had invited Mrs. Pankhurst to speak in the town hall here on the evening of November 10.

On the afternoon of that day a reception will be held in her honor at Rosemary Hall, whose head, Miss Ruutz Rees, is vice-president of the league.

It was only after long deliberation that Mrs. Pankhurst was asked to come here. There is a strong element in the league that feared that Mrs. Pankhurst's presence might cause a misunderstanding in the minds of the public. The question was argued during most of a two hour meeting and it was finally decided to leave the matter in the hands of the executive committee, consisting of Miss Adelaide B. Hyde, Mrs. R. N. Chapman, Mrs. Henry L. Cammann, Mrs. O. E. Parker, Mrs. Norman Talcott, Mrs. William Barrie Bracken, Miss Ruutz Rees and Miss Elizabeth Ely.

This committee went to hear Mrs. Pankhurst Monday evening.

CHARGE DISCRIMINATION.

Millinery Jobbers Association Complains of the Express Companies.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 27.—The Millinery Jobbers Association, made up of milliners of Illinois, Missouri, Nebraska, Indiana, Wisconsin, Oklahoma, Kentucky, Iowa, Texas and Colorado, to-day filed a complaint with the Interstate Commerce Commission against the American Express Company, the National Express Company, the United States Express Company, the Adams Express Company, the Wells Fargo Express Company, the Pacific Express Company and the Southern Express Company alleging that the companies in regulations which became effective on August 1 discriminate against members of the association on goods shipped by them.

The chief regulation complained against is one fixing a minimum weight on packages which will be carried at a certain rate. Under this minimum weight a much higher charge is made, and the complaint says that millinery, although bulky, is light in weight and the charge made by the express companies is excessive when contrasted with other merchandise transported by the companies of equal value

HUNTER KILLED IN A MINE.

Shot at Mountain Lion Caused Terrible Explosion and Cave-in.

VICTORIA, B. C., Oct. 21.—The funeral has just taken place here with full military honors of Corporal Ernest Briedjford, who lost his life while hunting near Pennys on the Fraser River under remarkable circumstances.

Briedjford and a companion named Jack Myrtal were after a mountain lion which took refuge in an abandoned mining tunnel. The hunters crawled in a short distance and catching a glint of the animal's eyes fired.

Instantly there was a terrific explosion and they were buried in a mass of rock, Briedjford being instantly killed and Myrtal seriously injured and crippled for life. The only theory advanced in explanation of the tragedy is that the bullet struck a forgotten blast of dynamite, which exploded.

Caught Between Cog Wheels.

Alexander Olehm, 19 years old, of 213 India street, Greenpoint, employed in the jute mills of the American Manufacturing Company at Noble and West streets, was oiling machinery yesterday when his coat caught in a cog wheel and he was drawn into a machine. His right arm was almost torn from its socket. He was taken to the Eastern District Hospital, where it was said that he will probably die.

Enduring Quality
and exquisite designs are assured in knives, forks, spoons and fancy serving pieces stamped
1847 ROGERS BROS.
Made in the heaviest triple plate, this ware has long been renowned as "Silver Plate that Wears"
Butter dishes, tea sets and trays, bowls, etc., are stamped
MERIDEN BRITA CO.
SOLD BY LEADING DEALERS

GETS $100,000 ALIMONY.

J. L. Stack's Ex-Wife Will Also Get a Summer Residence and an Automobile.

CHICAGO, Oct. 27.—Mrs. Della A. Stack got a divorce and $100,000 alimony from J. L. Stack, president of the Stack & Parker Advertising Agency, to-day.

Mrs. Stack had already got her alimony. It is understood that she will also get the family summer home and an automobile.

The divorce was granted on the ground of desertion. The couple were married September 29, 1886, at Fond du Lac, Wis., and separated three years ago. Stack did not contest the suit and was not represented in court.

FAILED TO PROVE BRIBERY.

Delaware Politician Acquitted of Offering to Buy Vote.

DOVER, Del., Oct. 27.—Joseph Broadway, a Republican political worker of Smyrna, was acquitted after a trial by judges here to-day. The State failed to show that Broadway had offered $15 to John Scott for his vote.

Scott in his evidence said that Attorney-General Gray had put him in jail and threatened to keep him there unless he told that Broadway had offered him $15 for his vote. The Attorney-General quickly sought to straighten out the jail threat matter. "Do you remember that when on examination in my private office in this building last February that you could not remember, and said you had forgotten about what Broadway said to you about paying for your voyte on election day, and that I then called Mr. Gilles to lock you up until you could remember something, until your mind and memory were clearer?" he asked.

The witness agreed that that was what took place.

The original conversation upon which the proceeding was based was:

Broadway—"Where are you going?"

Scott—"Going to the polls."

Broadway—"Are you going to vote the Republican ticket?"

Scott—"What do you suppose there is in it?"

Broadway—"I do not know, there may be $10 or $15, but I cannot say. I do not know what's in it."

The part of the conversation which William B. Magear swore he overheard was as follows:

"Don't do it, I'll see that you get as much as you did before, and may be more."

On cross-examination Scott contradicted himself, and because of this the Judges refused to convict Broadway.

A SNUB FOR BRYAN.

Shallenberger Refuses to Let Him Write Nebraska's Next Platform.

LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 27.—Gov. Shallenberger and William J. Bryan have had a tilt over who shall write the next Democratic State platform in Nebraska, and Shallenberger has not only refused to get out of the way of Mr. Bryan, but has said that since the number of votes cast for him exceeded those cast for Bryan in the last election it's up to Bryan to stand aside and let Shallenberger write the platform.

C. W. Bryan, brother of William J. Bryan, was the emissary between Bryan and Shallenberger. He is quoted as saying to Shallenberger that since his brother desires very much to make the run for Senator in Nebraska he also wants to write the platform of the party.

Shallenberger refused and announced that as a candidate for Governor he would write his own platform and Bryan could do as he pleased about the Senator business.

AN UNWRITTEN LAW PARDON.

Governor Says It Gives Pleasure to Free Man Who Killed Despoiler of Home.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 27.—Acting Governor Robertson to-day pardoned George L. Chandler, who killed W. P. Surratt in Arganta January 29. In granting the pardon Gov. Robertson made the following indorsement:

"I pardoned Chandler because the man he killed had invaded his home. The proof, as I understand it, showed that Surratt, the deceased, took advantage of his absence and under the guise of friendship ruined his home, disgraced his children and then openly boasted of it.

"The case presented in every detail the ruination of a happy family, and in my opinion the defendant ought to be pardoned so that he can take care of his little children, who are sadly in need of his attention.

"While I deprecate promiscuous homicide, yet when the cause which produces one is as intolerable as it was in this case, it certainly is a pleasure to me to issue a pardon."

Bill Edwards Dined by His Clerks.

The clerical force of the Department of Street Cleaning gave a dinner to Street Commissioner Edwards at Reisenweber's last night. Toastmaster John J. O'Brien proposed the health of the Commissioner and presented him with an engrossed set of resolutions. The presentation speech was made by Thomas F. Gorney, chief law clerk. The other guests were James J. Hogan, Julian F. Scott, Oliver J. Murphy, W. C. Booth, W. F. McCoombs and Brinton Buckwalter.

Little Girl Killed by Delivery Wagon.

Sarah Meisenberg, 6 years old, of 117 Clinton street, Hoboken, was run over and killed near her home yesterday afternoon by a newspaper delivery wagon driven by John O'Donnell, 22 years old, of 173½ Hutton street, Jersey City. The wagon struck the child as it was turning a corner, fracturing her skull. O'Donnell carried her in his arms to her home, where he was arrested.

MORE OF GEBHARDT'S RECORD

HAD BEEN IN SING SING FOR LOVE MAKING FOR MONEY.

Caught While Trying to Put Through Another Similar Job—Denies That He Killed Other Women as He Killed Anna Luther—Speedy Trial for Him.

ISLIP, L. I., Oct. 27.—Coroner Savage expects to conclude on Friday afternoon the inquest in the case of Mrs. Anna Luther-Mueller, whose skeleton was found in the woods near this place. Otto Meuller, alias Frederick Gebhardt, the cabinet maker, who confessed after he was arrested on Sunday that he killed Anna Luther, will be commited to the Suffolk county jail at Riverhead to await the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of murder.

District Attorney Furman says he will bring Mueller to trial at Riverhead as speedily as possible, as he believes it would be unfair to burden the county with the expense of a long drawn out trial. While Mueller is willing to plead guilty with a hope of getting a life sentence, it is doubtful if such a plea would be accepted by the court.

Gebhardt still persists that he disposed of no other woman as he did Anna Luther. He also denies that he married or knew Minnie Rosenau, who attended the inquest yesterday and identified Gebhardt as the Mueller who had married her in Russia fifteen years ago and deserted her after gaining possession of a fair dowry. Further identification of Gebhardt is to be made by the woman's brother, when the inquest is resumed on Friday. Coroner Savage thinks the identification real, but Gebhardt is of a common type and a mistake would be easy.

Annie Gebhardt, when she came here to testify yesterday before the Coroner brought clothing and clean linen for her husband. She seemed to sympath