

guided by the action of the Senate toward the end of Mr. Roosevelt's Administration in adopting a rule which rejected the return of bills sent to the Senate for passage by the head of any Government Department.

The President has construed this order of the Senate as authorizing the Senate to feel free to draft its own measures and therefore if either house wants to see the bills prepared it will have to apply for them of its own volition at 1600 Pennsylvania avenue. Senator Tillman once referred to a colleague who presented a measure drawn under Mr. Roosevelt's direction as a Spanish Senator who had tried this bill from the "White House," Mr. Taft apparently does not care to have any Spanish Senators on his staff.

In their conference with President Taft and Attorney-General Wickersham to-day the discussion was given up almost entirely to detailed suggestions of changes in the provisions of the Administration's interstate commerce bill. Several of these suggestions, some of them intended to make clearer the responsibilities fixed on the railroads and others merely verbal, were adopted by the President, who will make the necessary changes in the bill and his special message.

The Administration bill provides for the creation of a commission in which is to be vested exclusively the jurisdiction now possessed by the Circuit and the District Courts and the Circuit Courts of Appeals of the United States in regard to the enforcement or review of orders of the Interstate Commerce Commission. It is provided also that applications for injunctions to restrain the commission's orders shall be heard by this court, from which the only appeal will be to the Supreme Court of the United States, and then only in cases where a constitutional question is involved.

The railroad presidents offered objection to the creation of the commerce court on the ground that it would amount to the creation of a new court, and the Interstate Commerce Commission and thus compel the railroads to deal with two commissions instead of one. The President, however, insisted that this would not change the law with respect to the commerce court.

Arguments were advanced by the railroad men against the provision of the Administration bill forbidding interstate railroad companies to borrow money on promissory notes for a longer period than twelve months or to raise money through the issuance of stocks or bonds under conditions prescribed by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The railroad presidents insisted that this would prevent their companies from raising large sums of money, frequently necessary for new construction, and for other legitimate purposes, and they presented a number of additional reasons why in their opinion the bill should be eliminated from the bill. Nothing appeared, however, to indicate that the President intended to make any change in the provision.

Objection was made also to those features of the President's bill compelling competing carriers to unite in fixing a through rate and giving shippers the right to designate routes over which their shipments shall be carried. There were objections advanced to the provisions of the Administration measure giving to the Interstate Commerce Commission the right to postpone the date when a new rate or classification shall take effect and the right to suspend, modify or annul such rates in unusual circumstances, and by the commission as imposing undue burdens on the shippers.

Another feature of the bill which met opposition was the provision for the requiring the agent of a railroad company to inform a shipper the amount of a through rate even where competing lines served the same points. It was maintained that the shipper should ascertain this information for himself from the rate and classification sheets and not subject a railroad agent, many of whom are really ticket peddlars, to the task of making an error. While it was gathered that some verbal changes will be made to make these provisions clearer the understanding was that the modifications will not be material.

The text of President Taft's anti-trust message, which will be presented to Congress tomorrow, was telegraphically sent to the Printing Office this afternoon to have copies printed for distribution. An explained heretofore in Washington dispatches to the effect that the President's reasons for believing that amendments to the Sherman law are necessary, but that legislation supplementary to the Federal Incorporation Act of interstate corporations except railroads. A bill has been drawn by Attorney-General Wickersham embodying the ideas advocated by the President in his message.

The President will urge that Congress enact a law prescribing conditions under which corporations may be incorporated, certificates of incorporation from the Department of Commerce and Labor to do an interstate business. Such conditions as are prescribed by Congress, such as the filing of a certificate of incorporation, according to the Administration view, before a certificate of incorporation shall be granted.

After a study of judicial opinions on the subject, the President apparently has come to the conclusion that once a certificate of incorporation is granted by the Federal authority of Congress it cannot be revoked by the Executive, as it is property and also a contract, and to obtain its revocation the Government must proceed through suit instituted in the Federal courts.

**ARCHITECT AND ARTIST HELD.**  
Coroner's Physician Thinks Boy's Death Was Not Natural.  
Dr. Charles A. Wuest, a Coroner's physician of Brooklyn, made an autopsy yesterday on the body of the boy who was found dead on Sunday in the house of Emerson Colburn, an architect at 1655 Herkimer street, East New York. The physician said that the boy was suffocated to death and did not die of hemorrhage of the lungs as was supposed.

**DIES OF STARVATION.**  
Henry Men Gain the City Lodging House But Drop on the Floor.  
Two men, one about 50 years old the other 30, staggered into the municipal lodging house, Twenty-fifth street, near the East River, early last night and collapsed on the floor. Physicians worked over them, but the older man died. The younger was taken to Bellevue hospital, but died there with both seemed to be lack of food.

**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**  
The LAXATIVE BROMO QUINA Tablets. Druggists return 25c. Retail 50c. Each box 25c. -Adv.

**CHARLES OF LONDON**  
Fifth Ave., Cor. 28th St.  
Exhibition of Old-English Rooms  
Elizabethan, Jacobean, Georgian and Adams Periods  
LONDON—25, 27 & 29 BROOKS STREET

**KING LEOPOLD WAS MARRIED.**  
Belgian Prelates Announce Religious Ceremony With Countess Vaughan.  
Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.  
LONDON, Jan. 3.—A despatch from Brussels to Dailies' news agency says the religious marriage of the late King Leopold and the Countess Vaughan was announced from the pulpits of all the Roman Catholic churches throughout Belgium yesterday.

**MRS. COHEN HUNTS HUSBAND.**  
Asks Police to Help Find De Janon Girl's Friend.  
Mrs. Julia Cohen, wife of the waiter, Ferdinand Cohen, who disappeared from Philadelphia December 29 with Miss Roberta Blust de Janon, went to Police Headquarters yesterday and had a general alarm sent out for her missing husband. She came to New York Friday night and has been staying at the Astor House. She said her expenses had been paid by a New York paper.

She is a frail, small woman, weighing scarcely a hundred pounds. She trembled with weakness or excitement as she walked across the information bureau to Lieut. Sullivan's desk and clutched the desk for support as she told him her story.  
"For days," she said, "I have been searching the city for my husband. I am sure he is here. See," she pulled from her handbag a list of addresses, a number of them in the vicinity of Central Park West, "here is something he left behind. I have been to most of them, but could not get track of him. Now I want you to look for him."  
"Here are some letters," from Miss De Janon that I found under the bureau at home too.

The letters referred to meetings between the writer and Cohen. Several of them began, "Dearest Papa" or "Darling Fred," and were signed "Your loving daughter," Mrs. Cohen said.  
"He hopes my heart is weak and he left those behind thinking that when I found them the shock would kill me. I am almost ready to die now. I have written him, but he has not answered, but I must find him."

She slipped slowly to the floor in a faint, and Detective Lyons carried her to a bench. Dr. Palmer and Dr. Murray were called from the chief surgeon's office and brought her to.  
They said her heart was very weak and advised her to return to Philadelphia at once.  
"All right," she said, "but let me finish my business here first."  
She told Detective Lyons that Cohen was manager of a hotel in Cincinnati where she stopped after the death of her first husband, James Merchant, fourteen years ago. When he learned that she was about \$25,000 she said Cohen prevailed on her to marry him. He told her that he was a Spanish Jew and that his family was wealthy. They lived, he said, in Vienna. She had just learned he had squandered her money he had tried to bribe her to get a divorce. When he left her last week, she said, he drew out a check for \$25,000 and she took \$2 in her pocketbook. They were two months behind in their rent at the time. She must find him now or starve, she said, for she had had \$100 or \$22.50 an acre for 360 acres of land they owned near Houston, Texas, and she could not close the deal without getting his signature.

After she had seen the alarm posted, Mrs. Cohen left with Detective Lyons, who was to put her on the train for Philadelphia. She decided not to leave at once, however, and he left her at a newspaper office where she stopped to get a picture she had left there.  
PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 3.—The detectives searching for Miss De Janon and Cohen, the waiter, got no new clues to-day. All the lines they have been working on have come to naught.

**TO MEET MRS. SAGE'S \$300,000.**  
American Bible Society Thinks It Has Raised From \$420,000 to \$460,000.  
Mrs. Sage made a promise to the American Bible Society two years ago to give it \$500,000 if it raised a like sum by December 31, 1909. The society yesterday thought it had between \$420,000 and \$460,000.

One of the secretaries of the bible society said at the Bible House yesterday morning that the society had just received a gift of \$5,000. This is the largest gift since that of Miss Helen Gould on Friday last for \$25,000. A committee of the society is to meet at 3 o'clock to-day to count up all that has been received. It is hoped that the total may come within \$10,000 or \$50,000 of the required \$500,000, in which case the secretary said he and others hoped Mrs. Sage would give them a little more time in which to raise the remainder of the \$500,000 to meet the contingent gift of \$500,000 by Mrs. Sage.

**Murphy Back, Nothing to Say.**  
Charles F. Murphy came back from Atlantic City last night to attend a meeting of the Tammany Society. When asked for his opinion of the appointments made by Mayor Gaynor his answer was "Nothing to say."

*Correct Dress for Men*  
**ALFRED BENJAMIN & Co's Tailor-made clothes**

**STRONG VALUES in SUITS at \$25**  
Our early season values in \$25 Suits were so good that many styles remain in broken assortments only: to fill in gaps we've reduced 350 Suits that were \$28, \$30, \$32 & \$35 to \$25  
Blacks, blues and fancies; sizes to fit any man.

**TAMMANY HAS THE ALDERMEN**  
VOTE IS 42 TO 37 WHEN IT COMES TO A TEST.

No. 42 is John J. White, Elected Yesterday in Place of Little Tim—Mayor's Message Next Week—President Mitchell Suggests Work for the Board.  
Tammany, with the assistance of the Democrats of Brooklyn and Queens, has a majority of five in the new Board of Aldermen. The fusion members in the caucus they held last week in the Hotel Astor announced that they had 37 out of the 79 votes, but that they were confident of winning over to their side two Democratic Aldermen. They didn't win 'em.

The first test of strength between the two parties came yesterday when the new board met on a motion to declare vacant the seat of Little Tim Sullivan and to proceed to the election of his successor. Alderman Johnson, the new leader of the Republicans, objected on the ground that there was a question involved as to the right of the board to elect since the vacancy had not arisen after the board was constituted. The Tammany men showed that Little Tim before his death had qualified by filing his oath of office and held that the board should proceed just as the Charter provides in the case of an Alderman who has died in his term. This provision gives to the board the right to fill vacancies with the stipulation that the successor shall be of the same political faith as the member whom he follows.

The Tammany leader, Alderman Dowling, then proposed an ordinance, which was passed by a vote of 42 to 37. In the subsequent election Mr. White, who comes from the Third Assembly district and has been one of the chief lieutenants of the Sullivan, was nominated and elected by 41 votes to 37. In the subsequent election Mr. White voted with the Democrats, making it 42 to 37.

With this margin the Democrats re-elected P. J. Scully, City Clerk, for a further term of six years. Joseph Prendergast deputy city clerk and John T. Oakley chief clerk.  
The programme of the Democratic caucus was then carried out. Alderman Frank Bent of Brooklyn was elected vice chairman to succeed Little Tim Sullivan, while Frank Downing was made chairman of the Finance committee. Harry O'Brien was elected sergeant and the assistant sergeants named on the Democratic ticket were elected.

**NOW MAYBE COLLINS WILL GO.**  
Frothingham Coming Around To-Day to Run Highways Bureau.  
James G. Collins, who has been holding the fort in the Park Row Building declaring himself Superintendent of Highways, is likely to be run out to-day. Borough President McAneny has been advised by the Corporation Council that Collins's claims are no affair of his and he will to-day delegate Edgar Victor Frothingham, his Assistant Commissioner Public Works, to take charge of the bureau.

Collins says he is going to ask the Supreme Court to punish for contempt P. McAneny, George F. Scannell, who was Ahearn's last Superintendent of Highways; John V. McManus, the head clerk of the bureau, and John Cloughen, acting Borough President in the interregnum between Ahearn and McAneny. Collins and two of his trustees are clinging tightly to the superintendent's office on the top floor of the Park Row Building. The door is locked and chains are put on the door to get in you've got to know the private Collins key.

Collins and his lawyer, John W. McAneny, are seen by the Park Row Building to do about the preliminary mandamus Justice Davis of the Supreme Court signed last week, according to which Collins was to be obeyed as Superintendent of Highways. McAneny replied that the Corporation Council had appealed and that in the opinion of the city's lawyers the appeal constituted a stay.  
Collins said he would rely on him the writ of mandamus as granted by Justice Davis. Mr. Browne had done the same thing on New Year's eve, but he said he thought it was a mistake to get the writ after Mr. McAneny became Borough President.

**Mayor of White Plains for His Tenth Term.**  
WHITE PLAINS, Jan. 3.—For the tenth time John J. White, Secretary of the Western County Republican organization, was elected Mayor of White Plains to-night by the board of trustees by a vote of 7 to 3. The other Republicans appointed were Henry R. Barrett, corporation clerk; J. Lavery, village engineer; Charles C. Prigge, treasurer; Howard Fitzgerald, tax collector; Alfred Ralph, police justice; George T. Holmes, police commissioner; Dr. E. S. Service, health member of the board of health.

**Waldo Surveys Fire Headquarters.**  
Rhineland Waldo, the new Fire Commissioner, went to fire headquarters yesterday and was received there by Nicholas Hayes, his predecessor. The two talked about the work of the department. Waldo had been interested in the department for a long time and was very familiar at headquarters when Francis Lantry was Commissioner. He said yesterday that he would have to look over the ground before making his plans.

**BURN CLOTHES TO SIGNAL.**  
Crew of a Captized Bark Picked off Fish on the Ball.  
Six men of the home laden Italian bark Filippo Denegri, which tore out her bottom on a reef near St. George, Bermuda, in a gale last Tuesday night while trying to make the island to replenish her food supply arrived here yesterday by the Quebec Line steamship Bermuda. The Denegri was bound from Buenos Ayres for New York and was wrecked within 120 miles of Sandy Hook when she was driven below Hatteras by a succession of northwesterlies. She sprung a leak and as the crew were unable to get another skipper, Capt. Ferrari, decided to try to make St. George. After she hit the reef she filled and rolled over on her side and all hands perished on the spot, burning their clothing as a distress signal. They were taken off by life savers from St. George.

**BOMB FOR A BAKER.**  
Goes Off on Premises of Italian Who Wouldn't Give Blackmail.  
A bomb was exploded in the hallway on the ground floor of the house at 218 Chrystie street at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and considerable damage was done to the bakery of Giuseppe Gursion and the liquor store of Salvatore Nicolli. Several weeks ago Gursion got a letter demanding \$1,000. He paid no attention to it and a few days later got another, demanding \$2,000. This letter also was ignored and then came the bomb.

**SIC TRANSIT GLORIA GRAFFI.**  
A Thirsty Modern Latinist's Summing Up of New Conditions in Queens.

It looked like pay day in front of the Queens Borough Hall in Jackson avenue, Long Island City, yesterday morning, so anxious was the army of city employees to comply with the new regulations, which demand that every man shall be in the building and at his desk promptly at 9 o'clock. President Greaser has inaugurated a card system which, although not yet quite perfected, when in working order will keep strict account of the movements of every man drawing a salary. Despite the hardship they came from all points of the compass, and so many employees showed up in one department that there were not chairs enough to go around and scouts were sent out to requisition "bope rests" from less populous branches of the borough government. Getting behind his desk on time an epigrammatist of the hall tried to find a sentiment fitting the new rules, and he first tried:

"The way of the transgressor is hard."  
This looked a little queer, so he tried his hand again and evolved:

"The way of the transgressor is hard."  
He was still away from the mark of popular approval, so he finally hit off:

"The way of this damn Greaser is hard," and together with his compatriots he was on his way out to celebrate the happy thought when all of them were confronted with one of the men drawing a salary. "Little did I think when I consented to draw several thousand dollars a year from the city that I should be called upon to draw a few moments after the clock strikes this is hard? Excuse me while I add a few pungent remarks to that sentiment. I could extend my remarks," he continued after catching his breath, "but I would save the remainder until like human chattels of slavery days, we are branded with the time card of our servitude."  
Although his hearers didn't know what he meant they all agreed with what he said.

This new rule of compelling all employees to get around the city at the same time and remain there is but the first step in a comprehensive plan outlined by Borough President Greaser. The scheme is said to be favored by Comptroller Prendergast with a view to securing the passage of a law suspending the civil service laws for thirty days in order to afford a chance to clean the deadwood out of the city.

"Sic transit gloria graffi," said the scholarly clerk with the red nose as he quipped a four hours thirst at the nearness of a few moments after the clock in the Borough Hall pointed to the closing hour.  
**Commissioner Smith Had Resigned and His Secretary Retired With Him and the Payroll Had to Be Made Out—So the Landscape Architect Takes Hold.**  
The Park Department for Manhattan and Richmond was without an executive head for a part of yesterday. Commissioner Henry Smith sent his resignation to the Mayor and Secretary Francisli failed to appear. The Commissioner and the secretary said good-by to the employees in the Arsenal on Friday evening. The employees in the administration building appeared as usual yesterday morning, but there was no one there to give the collection of the oldest employee there that the department had without a head.

Along in the afternoon a telephone message from the Mayor's office was received at the Arsenal in Central Park asking how matters were going on. The situation was explained and in a short time word came that the Mayor had given the order for the resignation of the department's landscape architect, to be temporary Commissioner for Manhattan and Richmond. Mr. Parsons had held that post before, having been Park Commissioner for several months after the death of Mr. Pallas. In his former administration Commissioner Parsons instituted several reforms and brought about some improvements in Central Park. The temporary Commissioner is a Democrat, but is not active in politics.

Another order was received at the Arsenal from the Mayor's office that caused the park people to do some talking among themselves. The order was that Clinton H. Smith, whose office of assistant secretary was abolished by the Mayor, should be employed temporarily as assistant secretary again. Somebody has to make out the Park Board's payroll. The ex-assistant secretary came into the Arsenal first then to get some of his personal effects that he had left there last week. Mr. Parsons told him to take off his coat and get to work. Clinton H. said he was surprised, but he didn't look it. He took possession of the secretary's office as Mr. Parsons went to the Commissioner's office, and the pretty stenographers who had been present were very busy were soon really busy on official business.

**REGISHER'S RECORDS**  
Not to Be Handled in Future Except by His Clerks.  
Register Griffenham gave out this statement yesterday:  
For a number of years a practice has grown up in the Register's office which is illegal and under which the Register may be put to considerable loss. The practice referred to is that the papers filed in the Register's office have been handled by representatives of various interests for publication the next day or some other use, and the work has been done particularly after office hours when the Register's representatives or clerks have left the office for the day.  
There is no question that the use to which this information has been put is thoroughly legitimate in every way, but at the same time it has involved the possible loss or damage to these papers for which the Register is alone responsible.  
A full inquiry will be made as to all the phases of the matter in the next few days for the purpose of providing some arrangement which will give the information desired to the newspapers and others, but which at the same time will reserve the handling of all these documents to the clerks employed in the Register's office and the patience of the public is requested until the arrangement indicated can be provided.

**Justice Kapper on the Bench.**  
Justice Isaac M. Kapper took his seat yesterday behind the flowerbedecked desk in Part IV. of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn. He was surrounded by a throng of lawyers and personal friends. Briefs and judging addresses were made by former Judge George G. Reynolds, the pastor of the Brooklyn Bar, and David F. Manning, president of the Brooklyn Bar Association.

**A few Ledgers, Journals and Cash Books of our own make, best quality, slightly shop worn at half price**

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[SALE] [OPENS] THIS MORNING  
The Big Event in [Clothes Selling] Our Annual Clearance Sale of Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats  
11.75  
Formerly \$15.00, 16.00, 17.00, 18.00, 20.00.

There's a new page written in value giving every time it's our turn to hold our annual Sale of Winter Suits and Overcoats. This one should be written in capital letters throughout.

**WM. VOGEL & SON**  
Broadway at Houston Street  
Broadway at 44th Street

**CLINTON H. SMITH IS BACK**  
HELPING SAMUEL PARSONS, ACTING PARK COMMISSIONER.  
Commissioner Smith Had Resigned and His Secretary Retired With Him and the Payroll Had to Be Made Out—So the Landscape Architect Takes Hold.

**BARBER BACK AT DICK.**  
Matchmaker Says He is a Citizen of New York and Tells Why.  
AKRON, Ohio, Jan. 3.—G. G. Barber sent a reply to-day to Senator Dick, who refused to either accept or refuse the match manufacturer's challenge to debate the Senator's fitness to be returned to the United States Senate.  
Barber acknowledged that he is a citizen of New York State, but lays it to unjust laws in Ohio.  
"I was compelled by economical reasons," he says, "to leave the State of Ohio, my native State, where the larger part of my activities in life are centered, and one to which I will be pleased to return as a citizen when the laws of the State are in harmony with equal rights to all, which principle you, as Senator of the United States, should be an advocate of, instead of which your whole record has been one of special privilege to either yourself or some of your friends."  
"The viciousness of your action in driving me and many other good citizens of Ohio from the State by an inquisitorial law which you helped to promote is evidenced by the fact that it ensured to your personal interests and from which you have reaped many thousands of dollars of income. This law has been declared unconstitutional, and every man who paid sweat money under the same is entitled to recover from you at common law the cost of the money that went into your own pocket, if the cases are not outlawed."  
He charges Dick with calling Washington by telephone since the challenge was issued and learning from Senator Aldrich what Barber wrote about tariff schedules, and then asks Dick how he voted on the subject affecting the match tariff. "Did you vote just as Senator Aldrich told you to vote? Perhaps the reason I wrote Senator Aldrich rather than you was because I prefer to deal with the principal rather than the clerk, but when the clerk assumes to be a great man and wishes to stand pat on his job, I have a right to criticize him."  
Barber further charges Dick with being ignorant on many of the questions brought before the United States Senate. He denies that he ever formed a trust, and after defending corporations rightly conducted, he condemns Dick for having voted for the Hepburn bill which is only part of a scheme to establish in the United States a most perfect monopoly of the railroad business without sufficient safeguards to protect the general public.  
The letter closes with a reference to Dick having promoted the Belt Line Railroad at Cleveland and selling out to the Lake Shore.

**BENCH WELCOMES SNITKIN.**  
His Court Room Turned Into a Sewer of Horsehoes.  
When Justice Leonard A. Snitkin, newly elected, took his seat yesterday in Part II. of the Madison street Municipal Court the court room looked like a rose shoe of roses, the smallest being five feet high, and there were many other set pieces. The Citizens Democratic Club, of which Snitkin is a member, sent a floral party of scales four feet high. Justice Snitkin was welcomed by Justice Leon Sanders of the First District court. Present also were Justices Hoffman, Lauer, Boyhan, Hoyer and Marks and a score of lawyers.

**F. CHAUVENET'S**  
**Red Cap**  
THE RED SPARKLING BURQUANDY OF FRANCE  
Invigorates Permanently  
H. P. Finlay & Co., Ltd., New York.

**DIED.**  
DONNELLY.—On January 3, Joseph M. Donnelly, aged 31.  
Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 W. 23d st. (CAMPEL BLDG.), Wednesday afternoon, on Wednesday, January 5.  
LIDGERWOOD.—Suddenly on Saturday, January 1, 1910, at Morristown, N. J., John Hedger Lidgerwood, in the 80th year of his age.  
Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Redeemer, Morristown, N. J., on Tuesday, January 4, at 10:30 A. M. Train leaves New York 9 A. M. D. L. & W. R. R. Please omit flowers.  
LUDINGTON.—On Saturday, January 1, 1910, at 10:30 A. M., at his residence, 165th street, New York City, Charles Henry Ludington, in the 85th year of his age.  
Funeral services at the house at 230 P. M. on Tuesday, January 4, Interment at 1:15 P. M. on Wednesday, January 5.  
MACK.—On January 3, 1910, at his residence, 1575 Garfield place, Brooklyn, Joseph H. Mack. Funeral Wednesday morning at 9:30 o'clock, thence to St. Francis Xavier Church, Carroll st., and 6th av., where a solemn requiem mass will be offered. Interment Calvary Cemetery.  
MACKAY.—On December 31, at Tenally, N. J., Louise, infant daughter of Malcolm and Helen Raynor Mackay, from pneumonia. Funeral private. Brooklyn and Philadelphia papers please copy.  
MERRALL.—On Monday, January 3, 1910, at his residence, 5 West 91st st., William Beard Merrall, son of the late William J. and Mary Z. Merrall.  
Funeral services will be held at the residence of his brother, 129 West 72d st., on Thursday, January 6, at 12 o'clock. Interment at the convenience of the family.  
MORSE.—On January 3, Mary J. Morse, aged 38 years.  
Body lying at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 W. 23d st. (CAMPEL BLDG.).  
REED.—At Millford, Pa., on January 1, 1910, Dr. Edward Alden Reed, Capt. U. S. A., retired. Boston and Washington papers please copy.  
SHIPPY.—On Sunday evening, January 2, 1910, at his home, 605 Central Park West, Henry L. Shippy, in the 64th year of his age.  
Funeral services at the Church of the Transfiguration, 29th street, East 8th av., Wednesday morning, January 5, at 10:30 o'clock. Interment at Smith, Pa. Philadelphia papers please copy.  
SPALDING.—Speak, L. E., on January 3, 1910, Alfred M. Spalding, M. D.  
Notice of funeral hereafter.  
STUART.—On January 3, John, beloved husband of Jane Stuart, aged 60 years. Retired Parkman of the New York City Police Department.  
Funeral services at his late residence, 115 Seventh av., on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. Please omit flowers.  
WALSH.—On January 1, Bartholomew F. Walsh, aged 53.  
Funeral from THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 W. 23d st. (CAMPEL BLDG.), Tuesday afternoon.  
WHITNEY.—On January 3, 1910, at his residence, 55 St. Mark's av., Brooklyn, Evangeline E. Whitney.  
Funeral services at the New York Avenue M. E. Church, New York av., between Dean and Bergen sts., Wednesday evening, January 5, at 8 o'clock.  
WING.—On Saturday, January 1, John D. Wing, in the 98th year of his age.  
Funeral services will be held on Tuesday morning, January 4, at 10 o'clock, at his late residence, 16 West 4th st. Kindly omit flowers. London and Liverpool papers please copy.

**MICHELIN**  
First produced away back in 1895.  
Their acknowledged superiority is the logical result of largest manufacturing experience.

**TIRES**  
DIED.  
ADAMS.—On Sunday, January 2, 1910, at the residence of her son, Henry Clay Adams, 237 West 76th st., Theresa Vetch, wife of the late Samuel R. Adams, in the 91st year of her age. Funeral private.  
BATCHELOR.—On January 1, 1910, at his residence, 33 West 25th st., Charles Batchelor, beloved husband of Rosanna Batchelor, aged 64 years.  
Funeral services at his late residence on Tuesday, January 4, at 10 A. M. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.  
BENNETT.—On Sunday, January 2, 1910, George S. Bennett of Whitehorse, Pa.  
Funeral on Wednesday, January 5, at 11 A. M.  
COTTER.—On Monday, January 3, 1910, at 222 11th st., Brooklyn, James Cotter, Jr., youngest son of James Cotter, aged 19.  
Notice of funeral hereafter.  
DOANE.—On January 3, 1910, at Liberty, N. Y., Mary E., wife of Benjamin H. Doane.  
Funeral notice hereafter.

**UNDERTAKERS.**  
FRANK H. CAMPBELL, 241-243 W. 23d St. Gasch. Ambulance Service, Tel. 1234 Chelsea.