SALE OF RARE AMERICANA

THE HEDDEN COLLECTION SOON TO COME UNDER THE HAMMER.

Many Little Known Engraved Portraits of Washington and Franklin—Autographs of Revolutionary Heroes and a Number of Early Views of New York.

The Edwin Babcock Holden collection of engravings, principally Americana, described by experts as the most important of its kind that has ever been offered for sale, is to come under the hammer.

The catalogue will enumerate nearly 3,000 items, including an unrivalled collection of engraved portraits of George Washington.

Mr. Baker, writing in 1880, spoke of the Elvis Dexter collection as being the most important in point of numbers and value of any he had examined. That collection was purchased many years ago by Mr. Holden, and with that nucleus formed by a professional print seller with a long business career, Mr. Holden built up his collection by private purchases and large selections from the three great collections that have come upon the market.

Mr. Holden, although a comparatively young man at the time of his death, had begun collecting at so early a period that prints which are to-day well nigh unobtainable could then be obtained by any one with the requisite knowledge and taste. Mr. Holden was a graduate of Columbia College and a president of the Grolier Club.

His collection of engraved portraits of Benjamin Franklin is superior to any known. Mr. Holden was one of the earliest collectors to interest himself methodically in engraved views of New York city. In point of value his collection of these is the second in importance of his treasures. It includes almost all the well known and sought for varities and contains a very large number of unique items of early date and great importance.

In addition to the engraved views, maps and plans, there is also a collection of deeds and documents relating to the history of the city from Colonial times. His collection of autographs is almost exclusively Revolutionary - American. Washington, Franklin, Adams, Jefferson, Hamilton and others are represented. One of the most important items is a book from Washington's library, with his bookplate and a characteristic uncropped autograph. The Broadsides include both the Lexington and the Bunker Hill.

Mr. Holden's interest in Americana prompted him to devote unusual care and time to the works of the early American engraver; and his collection includes not only the "cornerstone," Revere's Boston Massacre, in very fine condition, but the rarer engraving by Milliken, and other important Reveres, among them three copies of Epes Sargent's bookplate.

His collection of the engraved work of Asher B. Durand challenges comparison with the collection of the engraver himself in the Lenox Library. Doolittle, Maverick, Norman, Pelham and other important names are represented. There are also some specimens of early American lithography, and collections of caricatures, mainly bearing on early American history; maps and views of American cities.

There are also works of celebrated engravers of all ages, Dürer, Rembrandt, Van Ostade, Buhot, Picquet, Faithorne, Hollar, Marshall, Gaucher, Grateloup, Savart, Choffard, St. Aubin, Le Beau, Morghen, Sharp, Strange, Goltzius, Van Dyke and others. The most important single name in the modern school of engravings is Gaillard.

The second part of the catalogue will include original paintings and miniatures of Washington and Franklin, as well as their portraits in pottery, on snuff boxes, medals, statuettes and ivory; also specimens of Staffordshire blue with New York city and other American views, historic pieces of china, usually with authentications and documentary evidence and from important sources; specimens of early American pottery, including examples of the Bennington lions; colored salt glaze, early soft pottery Staffordshire figures, tortoise shell and agate ware and Lowestaft.

Among the personal mementos are swords and telescopes of distinguished men. There is a miniature of Washington by Charles Wilson Peale and a plate bearing the insignia of the Society of the Cincinnati presented to Washington in 1787.

OHIO TELEPHONE WAR.

Independents to Cut Rates—State Control to Replace Merger Bill.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, March 5.—The United States Telephone directors authorized to-day the new president, Frank A. Devis of Columbus, to alter rates at his will to get business. This is taken as a declaration of a rate war.

In the Common Pleas Court here this afternoon were filed the answers of J. P. Morgan, Henry A. Everett, F. H. Goff and seven other defendants in the suit by stockholders to restrain transfer of the stocks of the United States and Cuyahoga to the Morgan house. A general denial of charges that the transfer meant a transfer to the Bell interests was made by all.

Representative Elson, author of the telephone merger bill, will withdraw it on Monday, substituting a bill giving the State control of telephone companies and authorizing the State Railroad Commission to compel interchange of service where desirable.

FIND LOOT AT FORT ADAMS.

Soldier Suspected of Robbing the Newport Home of A. H. Olmstead.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 5.—The Newport police searched the attic of the quarters of Fourth Company, Coast Artillery, at Fort Adams to-day and unearthed several hundred dollars worth of silverware, watches and a jewelled sword. These articles, it is alleged, were taken from the summer home of Albert H. Olmstead of New York in January last. The summer home of Guam M. Hutton of Baltimore was robbed about the same time. Last Thursday Private John A. Dillon of Fourth Company was arrested on a technical charge of malicious mischief. He pleaded not guilty and is held pending a further hearing.

Bills Signed by the Governor.

ALBANY, March 5.—Gov. Hughes has signed the following bills:

[illegible] Young's, providing that town [illegible] in towns with a population of [illegible] and upward shall receive for their [illegible] when actually employed $3 a day [illegible] to exceed sixty days in any one [illegible]

[illegible], appropriating $18,000 for [illegible] Commissioner of Agriculture to [illegible] accounts of Sheriffs and their [illegible] of different counties for expenses [illegible] prior to March 15 last in enforcing [illegible] of quarantine established [illegible] Department of Agriculture for the [illegible] of the foot and mouth disease [illegible] stock coming into this State from [illegible]

[illegible] providing that suc[illegible] to the commissioners in charge [illegible] Buffalo municipal tuberculosis hospital be appointed by the Mayor.

Uber Brodie Falls With His Biplane.

[illegible] Tex., March 5.—Otto Brodie, [illegible] aviator, fell with his Curtiss [illegible] at a height of thirty or forty feet [illegible] State Fair Grounds this evening. [illegible] biplane was ruined. Brodie was [illegible] but no bones were broken.

FRENCH LICK GAMBLING.

Witness Says Money From Casino Was Carried to Tom Taggart's Hotel.

PAOLI, Ind., March 5.—In the suit to annul the charter of the hotel operated by National Committeeman Tom Taggart at French Lick the State offered to-day depositions, many of which showed the character of the gambling carried on in the French Lick Casino.

James H. Manion, paymaster of the National Malleable Castings Company of Indianapolis, visited French Lick Hotel on June 13, 1908. He saw about twenty slot machines in operation on the lower floor of the casino and saw a great many men, women and children there.

"Oh, I should say there were children there of 10 or 12 years of age and up," says the deposition. Manion saw money won and lost on these slot machines. He testified that the first time he visited the second floor of the casino a negro at the door gave him a ticket, but after that the negro knew him and no ticket was offered.

Mr. Manion deposed that he saw a young man named Ritter, employed about tables in the casino, open the slot machines, take out the money and carry it to the office of the hotel in a sack. This money was handed over the counter to the clerk.

The purpose of this testimony was to show that employees of the hotel company received and took care of money from the gambling house and that there was a connection between the gambling house and the hotel company, the contention of the State being that the company leased the premises for gambling purposes.

Mr. Manion was requested to go to French Lick and get the facts concerning gambling as the result of a conference in the Attorney-General's office, at which Gov. Hanly was present. He was allowed $10 to cover his expenses and transportation, and drew from the State about $110, plus the transportation.

A contractor named Lutz testified that the value of the casino building without the ground was $17,000. The cash books show that from September 3, 1901, to August 1, 1905, which is three years, ten months and twenty days, Brown paid a total rental of $46,285. The rent from September 3, 1901, to February 28, 1902, was $100 a month. From February 28, 1902, to August 1, 1905, the rental was $1,250 a month. The State contends that it was because of the gambling privileges given Brown that he was charged so much rental.

PROBING SUBSIDY SCANDAL.

Steenerson Submits Letters to Show That Members Have Been Intimidated.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Representative Steenerson of Minnesota, author of the resolution charging that improper methods have been adopted to force the passage of a subsidy bill by Congress, to-day appeared before the sub-committee of the House Committee on the Judiciary, to which the matter was assigned for hearing. Mr. Steenerson introduced a lot of letters intended to show that members had been intimidated and that campaigns had been inaugurated in various districts to defeat members who opposed or withheld their support from subsidy legislation.

Mr. Steenerson was prepared to submit to the sub-committee a list of men he desired to be subpœnaed as witnesses to testify as to the facts. He was informed by Chairman Stirling that the sub-committee had no power to subpœna witnesses and that if he desired witnesses to appear he must produce them. It is the purpose of Mr. Steenerson to summon Representatives Küstermann and Lenroot of Wisconsin, both of whom, he declares, have evidence tending to show that the Merchant Marine League threatened with defeat those who opposed the ship subsidy bill.

Representative Humphrey of Washington, author of the ship subsidy bill now on the House calendar, was present at the hearing. He interrogated Mr. Steenerson at some length.

Another meeting of the sub-committee, at which Mr. Steenerson and his witnesses will appear, will be held either Monday or Tuesday.

MRS. GRAFT'S STORY OF ROBBERY

Matter of Fact Bank People Don't Think It Is All True.

A story possessed of all the simple outlines and stirring content of melodrama was told to the folks at Brooklyn police headquarters the other day and last night they thought they knew all about it. A woman told the story. Two detectives assigned to get clues got none. The story led them right back to where it started from. The source was Mrs. Minnie Graft, wife of John Graft of 1782 Madison street, which is considered a part of Brooklyn though it is actually in Queens county.

Mrs. Graft, whose husband keeps a cigar store in Manhattan and says he knows nothing except what his wife has told him, went to the Brooklyn police on Friday. She related that on February 23 while she was walking at Myrtle avenue and Broadway, Brooklyn, a man and a woman she'd never seen before stopped her on the street. They bandied no words, but threw her into a nearby cab. When she got her wits back she found the man's hand over her mouth. They drove her to a room somewhere and took her bankbook, showing deposits totalling $2,000 in the German Savings Bank, Manhattan. After two hours the man and woman returned, handed her the bankbook showing $500 withdrawn and let her go. After relating this story, unembellished with details, to the startled police, Mrs. Graft said she wanted something done about it.

The two detectives who were put to work naturally went to the German Savings Bank. At the bank they said they were sure Mrs. Graft had withdrawn the money herself. They were just as sure that they knew Mrs. Graft when they saw her. They suggested that perhaps she had forgotten the circumstance.

That is all. The detectives say they have cherchezed la femme.

G. P. CRONK WANTS DIVORCE.

Believed That Elks' Former Ruler Would Like to Remarry His First Wife.

OMAHA, Neb., March 5.—George P. Cronk of Omaha, former Grand Exalted Ruler of the Elks, filed suit for divorce from his wife, Mrs. Cora Patterson Cronk, this afternoon. Mrs. Cronk was divorced from Patterson, the Richmond, Va., tobacco man, in Omaha in 1905. Cronk married her after his own wife divorced him.

It is believed here that as soon as Cronk gets his divorce he will remarry the first Mrs. Cronk.

In the petition filed to-day Cronk charges his wife with entertaining in his home in his absence "a number of parties, both male and female, of bad reputation." There is a charge of his wife threatening to kill him with a revolver. She is also charged with attempting to have him barred from the Elks because of cruelty to his family.

The first Mrs. Cronk lives now in California.

New Bishop of Winona.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 5.—Archbishop Ireland received from Rome this morning confirmation of the nomination of the Rev. Patrick Richard Heffron, rector of St. Paul Seminary, as the new Bishop of the diocese of Winona. Bishop Heffron was born in New York city in 1869. He came West when a young man.

EAT PEARY'S ARCTIC BREAD

23-YEAR-OLD SPECIMENS ON CANADIAN CAMP'S TABLE.

Also Bear Steaks, Age Unspecified—Green and Pink Polar Snow—Explorer Described as the Greatest Sportsman on Earth—Wreath and Medal for Him.

The real color of Arctic snow at the pole was settled last night by Albert Operti, who signs his paintings "Arctic Historical Painter, Member Peary Expeditions 1896-1897." According to the big picture by Mr. Operti of Commander Peary wearing his winter clothes shown at the Hotel Astor last night when the Canadian Camp and associate clubs dined the discoverer, the color of snow around the north pole is Nile green in some spots and pink in others. But at no place was there evidence of purple snow.

About 450 diners, many of them women, represented the Canadian Camp and the sixty or more "cooperative sportsmen's clubs" under whose auspices the dinner was given. Some of the twenty-five-year-old "bread" that Commander Peary had dug out of a cache at Etah was served, and the menu wound up with "Greely coffee, made from beans taken from the cache established by Lieut. Greely at Fort Conger in 1881."

The Camden, N. Y., Fish and Game Protective Association so far forgot its protection proclivities as to supply the diners with enough bear steak to go around. The age of the bear was not given, but it was perfectly good bear.

Dr. G. Lenox Curtis presided and before introducing the Rev. Dr. Edward Judson as toastmaster Dr. Curtis insisted upon asking for a toast to "His Majesty the King of England, Henry VIII." Loyal Canadians insisted that the King's name is really Edward and the correction was made.

Mrs. Peary occupied a box draped with American and Canadian flags. Capt. Jack Crawford, "poet scout" and late chief of scouts of the United States Army, was lined up with Commander Peary and others at the guest table were the Rev. Dr. Robert S. MacArthur, Andrew F. Johnson, Dr. C. B. Parker, H. E. Wilson, Dr. Robert T. Morris, who canoed to Hudson Bay; John E. Webber, Dr. Alphonso A. Hopkins, Herbert L. Bridgman, Charles R. Skinner, Cy Warner, John Emery McLean, the Hon. James S. Whipple, Forest, Fish and Game Commissioner of New York; the Hon. Gilbert Pierson, Game Commissioner of North Carolina, and Dr. H. T. Galpin.

Mr. Pierson was especially enthusiastic in his speech over the way Mr. Roosevelt has worked to save the game still left in the world, and Mr. Pierson added emphatically that he gave this praise "as a Southerner and a Democrat."

The toastmaster said that they had gathered "to honor the greatest sportsman our old earth has ever produced."

"We have no long winded speakers here to-night," prefaced the toastmaster to great applause, "even though we have started in with two ministers." [Laughter.]

The Rev. Dr. MacArthur called attention to the biblical fact that as soon as the great Nimrod arose along came countless other Nimrods to rob the only Nimrod of his glory.

"Nimrods sprang up everywhere," continued the speaker. "But they all disappeared soon and left only one Nimrod, the original Nimrod, and the others went down to oblivion. [Laughter and applause.] I believe Commander Peary has been accused of displaying some irritation on a recent occasion. But please remember that the Bible teaches us that there is a time for 'righteous wrath.'" [Laughter.]

Capt. Jack Crawford talked briefly and recited some verses he had written for the occasion. The Hon. James S. Whipple spoke of forestry work in New York State and Alphonso A. Hopkins read some more original verses, "The Call of the North."

At the end of this speechmaking the lights were lowered and Commander Peary gave an account of his trip to the pole, the talk being illustrated by stereopticon pictures flashed on a big screen. During the dinner the explorer was presented with a bronze wreath and medal by his hosts.

GLAD TO BE ARRESTED.

Driver Had Bowled Over a Little Girl and a Crowd Was After Him.

After bowling over two-year-old Emma Tierano yesterday afternoon George Miller, a driver for the Edison Company, had to lash his horse through a crowd of Italians and a crossfire of bricks and miscellaneous missiles. He took refuge in the company's stables at 14 Rockwell place, Brooklyn, and was a very happy man when the police reserves arrived from the Adams street station. The lieutenant in charge said he never had seen a man so glad to be arrested.

Travelling pretty rapidly Miller's rig swerved into Hudson avenue and the hub of one of the wheels brushed little Emma off her feet. She was playing in front of her home, at 295 Hudson avenue, and the mother sounded the call to arms. Immediately Italians began to swarm out of the houses. They didn't wait to find out that the child was scarcely hurt, and Miller decided that that was no place for him. He whacked one man who was making a grab for his horse's head, ducked a cobble and sent his horse charging out of the crowd in a race for the stables. The mob followed and Patrolman Hagedorn sent in a call for the reserves. Then he followed the crowd. He was butting a way through when the reserves arrived.

Miller was found barricaded in the stable.

MITCHEL CALLS IT HOLDUP.

He Could Have Investigating Staff if Tammany Could Name It.

Last evening the Acorn City Forum of the Acorn Social Club of the Young Men's Hebrew Association heard from John Purroy Mitchel, president of the Board of Aldermen, about an investigation scheme of his which he proposed to the Board of Estimate. He proposed a committee authorized by law to be composed of one chief examiner, two examiners and a stenographer, its sole business to be municipal investigation. The Board of Estimate seconded his scheme, but when it got to the Board of Aldermen they referred it to a committee and the committee killed it. He continued: "I could have that staff if I would promise the leaders of Tammany Hall that they could name the committee."

He said that he would not of course assent to such an arrangement, but he added that if he didn't get his committee in the course of a couple of weeks "I will step down from my office get up on the floor of the Board of Aldermen and tell the people of the city of New York what kind of a holdup game they are up against." Mr. Mitchel thought that there were enough public spirited men in the community to subscribe money enough to pay for that committee.

Husband's Ashes on Aztec Remains.

OAXACA, Mexico, March 5.—Mrs. Reu Campbell of Chicago, who travelled all the way to the Aztec ruins of Mitla near here to comply with the request of her husband, who died a few months ago, that she scatter his ashes over the ancient piles of stones, completed her mission to-day. She carried the ashes in a covered urn and climbing to the top of the ruins, threw them high in the air. Mrs. Campbell married a few months ago and it was on a honeymoon visit to Mitla that he made the request of his wife.

MEMORIAL TO R. W. GILDER.

Plan to Erect One in Mulberry Bend Park Playground.

A plan to erect a memorial to the late Richard Watson Gilder, the poet, in Mulberry Bend Park is under consideration by Park Commissioner Stover and some of the friends of the poet. The site selected for the memorial is considered especially appropriate because Mr. Gilder was greatly interested in establishing small parks and playgrounds in the city and was one of the committee that induced the city authorities to create a park at Mulberry Bend, where the population was congested. President John Finley of the College of the City of New York and Jacob Riis called on Commissioner Stover at the Arsenal yesterday and had a talk with him about the matter.

Several days ago a delegation representing the Italian residents about the park visited Commissioner Stover and asked him to establish an athletic field and a playground in Mulberry Bend Park for the children of the neighborhood. The Commissioner thought the suggestion was a good one and told his visitors that he would set about carrying it out so that the children could enjoy themselves there this summer.

President Finley and Mr. Riis expressed the opinion that the athletic field and a playground for small children would be the best kind of a memorial for the dead poet who took such an active interest in such things. It was decided to name it the Richard Watson Gilder Playground.

It is also intended to erect a Richard Watson Gilder gate leading into the playground.

BIG BILL OF BROOME.

Tells His Fellow Countrymen New York's a Fine Place.

Street Cleaning Commissioner Big Bill Edwards was the toastmaster at the second annual dinner of the Broome County Association held at the Hotel Astor last night. Others on the list of speakers were Job E. Hedges, John J. Irvington, Mayor of Binghamton; State Commissioner of Health Dr. Eugene H. Porter and Edwin R. Weeks of Binghamton, who entertained the company with some original verses and impersonations.

The souvenirs were little whisk brooms. A student of the eternal fitness of things remarked that the occasion seemed to demand little models of the brooms used by "white wings" and suggested waiters in white uniforms. A native of the south of Ireland said he wasn't a professional Southerner and refused to rise when the orchestra played "Dixie" but deplored the lack of "The Wearing of the Green." Otherwise everybody was happy.

Big Bill, who hails from Lyall, so that Columbia county can't claim him, said: "It's a great thing to be a citizen of New York, where intelligent men are giving their best to better things, and also a great thing to come from the country. There are Southern, Northern and county societies but they don't think any more of their alma mater than we do here. Great things can be done when the word 'loyalty' rings true. At college it used to be said of any man that the college had done more for him than he could do for it. We are loyal to-night in honor of those who sacrificed for us that we might get started in the city."

It was also said that Big Bill was the author of some of the songs the diners sang.

Job Hedges said: "I am a great believer in those up-State propositions. A New York man is brighter than a country man who first comes here, but he hasn't enough perspective. The country man who comes here has the nerve to be and knows how to be natural, and that is why he succeeds. We have a dearth of men who know how to be natural. Sometimes we don't stop to think that our Heavenly Father started before us, and when we face Him later, as some of us may, we'll be sorry that we didn't have a sense of humor while here. I'd rather have written on my tombstone 'He Did His Best' than 'Nearer, My God, To Thee.' I'd rather know the man who has only $2 and gives away $1 to a friend in need than a man who has to hire another to give away his surplus."

Among those present were Dr. Eugene H. Porter, Rollin S. Woodruff, the Rev. Nacy M. Waters, Lewis O. Hoag, Charles Lundberg, Capt. A. P. Lundin, Benjamin F. Hamilton, L. W. Reynolds, John M. Hyde, Capt. George Cochran Broome, G. Tracy Rogers and Edward M. Tierney.

CROSSED SEA ON HIS NERVE.

Lusitania Provided Three Meals a Day and Was Glad to Get Off With That.

Harry E. Gregg of Belmont, Ohio, shipped aboard a trolley car in San Francisco two years ago as motorman, and wearying of the job decided to learn the art of navigating floating things, first stowing away in his rugged hull a large cargo of California wine, or something of that sort. When he awoke he was aboard a British square rigger bound for Australia. He left her and shipped in another British vessel to South America.

Finally he found himself in London with a feeling that he had had enough of the sea. He went from London to Liverpool, and finding the Lusitania in dock walked aboard, mingling with the immigrants. He was discovered when she was three days out and taken before Capt. Charles. The young man said:

"I am an American citizen. I admit that I am a stowaway. Do your worst."

Capt. Charles answered in substance:

"You have a beautiful nerve, and the worst I can do for you under the circumstances is to give you three square meals a day, and please do me the honor of reporting for them on time."

Young Mr. Gregg arrived yesterday and was permitted to land, a privilege that all Americans have at American ports, whether or not they may be stowaways.

DIAZ RECEIVES WILSON.

Elaborate Ceremony to Welcome New U. S. Ambassador to Mexico.

MEXICO CITY, Mexico, March 5.—President Diaz received Henry Lane Wilson, who succeeds David E. Thompson as United States Ambassador to Mexico, at the National Palace at noon to-day. The new Ambassador, accompanied by his secretaries, James G. Bailey, Thomas E. Dabney and G. Andres Moriarity, Jr., and the military attaché, Capt. Giraud Sturtevant, was escorted by a squad of cavalry to the palace, at the doors of which the party passed between a double file of army officials in full uniform.

Mr. Wilson was presented to President Diaz by Capt. Alfredo Barron. President Diaz expressed his and the nation's regard for the United States. Ambassador Wilson was presented to the members of the Mexican Cabinet, after which his party was escorted to the American Embassy. The ceremony was watched by a great number of the public.

As the American Government has the only embassy here Mr. Wilson will be dean of the Diplomatic Corps.

Pneumatic Service Co. Increases Capital.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 5.—The American Pneumatic Service Company of Boston, a Delaware corporation which has many Government contracts for pneumatic tubes, held a special meeting here to-day and increased the capitalization from $17,000,000 to $20,000,000. This was done by the creation of 60,000 shares of first preferred stock, at a par value of $50. The stock will bear cumulative interest at the rate of 7 per cent. The additional capital will be used in the development of the concern.

PANELS EAT UP QUANTITY

Ozomulsion Bottle Looks Smallest, but—Just Measure for Yourself.

Line up a bottle of Ozomulsion with a row of "emulsions," each selling at a dollar—and Ozomulsion looks to be the smallest value in the line.

Now lay all the bottles flat, front downward, and place a stick or a foot-rule across them.

The stick actually touches the Ozomulsion bottle only.

Not one of the other bottles rises so far above the table.

On the back and sides of each of the others the greenish glass is sunk in three deep panels.

Maybe they are pretty, *but the prettiness is at the buyer's expense.*

THE PANELS EAT UP QUANTITY.

Not merely has the Ozomulsion bottle no panels, but *its sides curve outward*, making more room for the strength-bestowing emulsion of the gold medal Norwegian cod liver oil within, as deep bay windows make more room for light and sun in the house.

It is a chunky, broad-shouldered, honest bottle, differing from the hollowed-out "emulsions" as a stocky, deep-chested man from his tall, skinny and bony neighbor, who, by the way, would look better and feel better if he took Ozomulsion.

Small as it looks in the line, a dollar bottle of Ozomulsion holds a plump 16 ounces, while the panelled dollar bottles contain about 14 ounces.

IF IN DOUBT, MAKE THE TEST YOURSELF.

Any drug store proprietor or manager will do it for you.

Ask him.

Rich In Cod Liver Oil

OZO MULSION

No Other Emulsion Has the Quality

Best for Pneumonia, Grip, Sore Chest and Weak Lungs

Other Distinguishing Features of Ozomulsion are its CURATIVE qualities and Pleasant Taste, which all Other Emulsions lack. All Druggists, Amber glass bottles, Containing Over 16 oz. and 8 oz. each.

Trial Bottle Free by Mail.

That those who are seeking health may experience the life-giving properties of this exclusive medicinal food emulsion—as well as know its superiority in being most palatable and easy to take—a generous 3 oz. bottle will be sent by mail to those who send addresses by post-card or letter to Ozomulsion, 547 Pearl st., New York.

No other emulsion has the quantity in a bottle. Good for bronchitis, catarrh, coughs, colds and all lung troubles. Children love it.

TERRORIZED PASSENGERS.

Four Men Arrested After Tampering With Emergency Brake.

Four men boarded a Myrtle avenue elevated train at the Manhattan end of the Brooklyn Bridge late last evening and terrorized the passengers all the way to the Broadway station.

After various acts of ruffianism the men, who were drunk, started pulling the emergency brake when the train was near the Sumner avenue station and the heavily loaded five cars were nearly derailed by the resulting jerky motion. The motorman whistled for the police as the train approached the Broadway station. Reserves from the Hamburg and Vernon avenue police stations answered and the men were locked up.

They gave their names as Michael Hintz, 23 years old, a mechanic, living at 578 Grove street; Jacob Pinn, 58 years old, a sailmaker of 149 Third place, Union Course; John W. Hackett, 58 years old, of 47 Franklin place, Union Course, and Henry Frit, 27 years old, of 274 Himrod street.

The prisoners were charged with disorderly conduct, but a more serious charge will probably be made when they appear in the Manhattan avenue police court to-day.

BUILDERS OFFER BONDS.

Say They Will Bind Themselves to Finish Work Despite Union Strikes.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., March 5.—The Master Builders Association of Montclair, in view of the manifesto of the local building trades unions that on and after May 1 no union man will be permitted to work on a job where a non-union man is employed has announced that it will furnish bonds to guarantee the completion of any job that any of its members undertake after that date.

The association claims to represent every trade required in the construction of a building and says it can furnish the necessary mechanics to finish any job where the union men go on strike because of the employment of non-union men.

The local union men assert that the Master Builders Association does not represent a majority of the builders of Montclair and that practically 95 per cent. of the contractors will agree to the terms they have asked for the coming year.

$12,000,000 IN SILK STUCK.

Railroads Fear Robbers Will Get at Trains Blocked in Montana.

ST. PAUL, Minn., March 5.—Silk trains carrying $12,000,000 in Asiatic silks consigned to New York importers are lost somewhere in the Bitter Root Mountains, beyond Missoula, Mon. Eight armed special agents of the St. Paul and Great Northern roads left Missoula to-day to search for them.

It is feared that men of bad reputation who left Seattle on Thursday have in mind plundering these trains, which have been blockaded by snowslides in the mountains for six days.

As these shipments of silk are heavily insured both against time and actual loss at enormous percentage the insuring companies are making desperate efforts to ascertain their condition.

No Extra Charge for It

Advertisements for THE SUN and THE EVENING SUN may be left at any American District Messenger office in the city.

Oak and Walnut For the Library

A CERTAIN dignity and gravity accordant with its literary associations seem to be demanded in the furnishing of the Library.

Nor are these qualities incompatible with the ease and comfort which should belong to a room so often set aside for the intimate reception of his friends by the head of the household.

Our new Gallery, in which we have gathered together some interesting Replica-Reproductions of the fine Oak and Walnut furniture of the Tudor, Stuart and William and Mary periods, affords an unequalled opportunity for the judicious selection of Library furniture of precisely the character indicated.

The Grand Rapids Furniture Company
INCORPORATED

34 and 36 West 32d Street,

Between Fifth Ave. & Broadway,

New York.

ARREST CLAUDE THARDO.

This Time Lamé Actor's Wife Charges Abandonment.

William Claude Davidson, an actor, known on the stage as Claude Thardo when he was with the Spooner stock company in Brooklyn, was a prisoner in the West Side police court yesterday. His wife, Catherine Davidson, who lives with her mother at 228 Union street, Brooklyn, charged him with abandonment. Magistrate Krotel held him in $1,000 bail for examination this morning.

Davidson was appearing last week at the Plaza Music Hall under the name of Caine in the sketch team Caine and Odom. His wife discovered it and had him arrested on a warrant.

Louis Speigel, counsel for Mrs. Davidson, told Magistrate Krotel that when he went to Davidson's apartment on the top floor of 727 Lexington avenue yesterday morning to serve the warrant he discovered that Miss Odom was also occupying the apartment. Magistrate Krotel adjourned the case till this morning.

CAUSE OF MISS CLERK'S DEATH.

Traces of an Attempted Operation Which Blood Poisoning Followed.

Dr. John H. Larkin of the College of Physicians and Surgeons sent to Coroner Hellenstein yesterday a report of his examination in the case of Lucille Clerk, the young woman who died from undetermined causes at the Hotel Grenoble on February 18. A microscopic analysis developed the fact that death was due to blood poisoning. The conditions indicated that an operation had been attempted for which the cause had originated something more than two months before the young woman died.

As soon as the result of the examination was known Capt. Arthur Carey was communicated with. He had been engaged in an investigation of the case since a few days after Dr. Frank A. Oastler and Dr. W. A. Rastedo, who attended Miss Clerk at the time of death, reported the case to the Coroner.

Miss Clerk came here from London four months ago with Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Frye, who went on to Los Angeles before her death. She had lived in Calcutta with her mother and brother, who is an officer in the British Army. Her father, an army surgeon, died several years ago.

TOO MANY GONZALES COPPERS.

Bins Are Overflowed and Inpour Is to Be Shut Off.

It was announced at the headquarters of the Gonzales Fund Association in Hoboken last night that the contribution of 10,000 coppers with which it is proposed to pay Mayor George Gonzales's $100 fine for contempt of court has overflowed.

The collection boxes that were placed in many Hoboken stores will be called in on Tuesday night and the coppers will be banked.

If the Mayor is successful in his appeal to the Supreme Court and County Judge Blair's decision is upset the money will be given to charitable institutions.

CAMDEN BANK TELLER JAILED.

$60,000 Shortage in Philadelphia Branch—High Liver Confesses.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Thomas A. Larson of Haddonfield, N. J., was arraigned before Magistrate Beaton in the city hall to-day and held under $10,000 bail for trial accused of embezzling a large sum of money from the Market street branch of the First National Bank of Camden, where he was receiving teller. The bank officials give the shortage as $5,000 and upward. It is believed it will reach nearly $60,000.

Larson, it is said, has made a complete confession and is willing to stand trial. He surrendered himself to the police last night. Directors of the bank declare that the stability of the bank is not affected.

Larson, who is a good looking man about 29 years old, was married several years ago to a daughter of J. Frederick Newton, formerly in the City Treasurer's office at Camden. He built a beautiful home in Haddonfield, which he later left to live in a suite in the Hamilton Court, Thirty-ninth and Chestnut streets, in this city.

The police say he has been living beyond his income and has been driving motor cars. They say his alleged stealings cover seven years and that though his salary was not more than $1,000 he lived on a scale of $10,000 a year.

To Joseph C. Shay, a city hall detective, Larson said to-day that the fear of arrest had been disturbing him for weeks past. He knew yesterday that the officers of the bank had evidence of his wrongdoing.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Announcement was made at the office of the Comptroller of the Currency to-day that National Bank Examiner Frank L. Norris had reported the discovery of a defalcation of $60,000 in the individual deposits in the Philadelphia branch of the First National Bank of Camden.

MILK COMMITTEE

Thinks the Traffic Should Be Brought Under State Control.

The New York milk committee at a meeting yesterday recommended that steps be taken to secure an improvement in the milk supply, an adequate milk standard, competent country inspectors, correct labelling and improved selling conditions. The city was urged to buy for its institutions only milk that is known to be safe and clean. More infant milk supply depots are also recommended.

The legislative committee advised that the laws for handling and transporting milk be examined with a view to bringing the milk traffic under State control; that it be ascertained who is watering the milk; that milk be sold only from wagons and in dairy stores and not in grocery or delicatessen shops, and that the question of a fair distribution of profits be looked into.

The chairman of the New York milk committee is Stephen S. Williams, the secretary W. C. Phillips. Among the other members are Stephen Francisco, Charles E. North and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman.