TO REJECT KINGS' PRESENTS

DECORATIONS A LOT OF AMERICANS MAY NOT WEAR.

If Senate Committee Plan Is Carried Out Secretary Meyer, Gen. Bingham, Ambassador Hill and Dr. Wiley Will Be Among the Disappointed Officials.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—If recommendations made by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations are adopted by Congress no American official in the future will be allowed to accept a foreign title and decorations may be accepted only in very rare cases for highly meritorious and extraordinary acts. Little presents intended as souvenirs and marks of courtesy may be accepted in certain instances, while such trifling gifts as photographs may be received by almost anybody in the Government service.

These rules were laid down by the committee in passing on some 200-odd decorations and gifts that are now in the possession of the State Department. The committee recommends that regulations be adopted by Congress for guidance in future cases. The decorations and gifts now in the hands of the State Department were conferred upon officials of this country by foreign Governments. The Constitution of the United States forbids the acceptance of these favors without the consent of Congress. These requests for authority have been accumulating since 1906. The Senate committee has passed favorably on only thirty of them and it looks now as if the State Department would have about 170 decorations and gifts on its hands that it won't know what to do with.

The action of the Senate committee as reported by Senator Root attracted a good deal of attention at the capital to-day and there was a lot of curiosity to ascertain what gifts had been allowed under the new rules.

Among the number recommended favorably by the committee are Rear Admiral Charles Sperry, who was in charge of the American battleship fleet that made the trip around the world and who received a silver flower bowl as a token of appreciation from the Emperor of Japan; Capt. Dorr B. Tozier, who received a sword from the King of England for assistance rendered in the search for H. M. S. Condor along the west coast of Vancouver Islands, and Capt. B. H. McCalla, who received a sword from the Emperor of Germany after the Pekin campaign.

Among those who will be disappointed if the recommendations of the committee are carried out is Secretary of the Navy George Von L. Meyer, who was decorated with the Order of the Rising Sun of the first class by the Emperor of Japan in recognition of his services as American Ambassador at St. Petersburg, and Dr. David J. Hill, the American Ambassador to Germany, upon whom was conferred the decoration of the Grand Cordon of the Order of Orange Nassau by the Queen of the Netherlands.

Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, pure food specialist and chief of the bureau of chemistry, will have to struggle along without his decoration of the Ordre du Mérité Agricole, which he received from the French Government in recognition of services at the Paris Exposition.

Gen. Theodore A. Bingham, former Police Commissioner of New York, won't be able to wear the Order of the Legation of Honor which was conferred on him by France in connection with the unveiling of the Rochambeau monument, and even John Barrett, director of the International Bureau of American Republics, has lost out. The Chinese Government conferred the Order of the Double Dragon upon him when he was American Minister to Colombia. In the case of Mr. Barrett, however, it will not be a very great hardship, as he got a big medal from Venezuela just the other day and he was able to accept that one.

Huntington Wilson, Assistant Secretary of State, will have to be content with viewing his order of the Rising Sun of the third class in the State Department safe. Mr. Wilson got this order in recognition of his services as secretary of the legation at Tokio when Japan was at war with Russia.

Others who have been rejected by the Senate committee are: George P. Skinner, who received the decoration of the Star of Ethiopia from the King of Abyssinia for negotiating a commercial treaty with that country; Richmond Pearson, former American Minister to Greece, upon whom was conferred a diamond snuff box by the Shah of Persia as a mark of his regard; Rear Admiral C. H. Davis, who received a silver cup and salver and a silver punch bowl and cups from the Governments of Great Britain and Russia for service as a member of the Doggers Bank Commission; Commander Richard T. Mulligan of the navy, who received a silver cup from the President of Guatemala as a souvenir of the peace conference among representatives of Guatemala, Salvador and Honduras on board the U. S. S. Marblehead, of which Capt. Mulligan was commander.

The report of the Foreign Relations Committee submitted by Senator Root says:

"The habit of general and indiscriminate consideration by Congress upon applications for authority to accept these gifts would tend practically to nullify the constitutional provision, which is based upon the apprehension, not without foundation, that our officers may be affected in the performance of their duties by the desire to receive such recognition from other Governments. It is not suitable that we should permit our officers to receive courtesies which we do not reciprocate by extending similar courtesies to the officers of other Governments."

LONDON STRONG FOR PEARY.

Congress's Demand for Proofs Won't Hurt His Reception Abroad.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 10.—The doubts expressed before the Committee of Naval Affairs of the American House of Representatives regarding Commander Peary's north pole achievement have caused much surprise among geographers and explorers here. They are likely to emphasize rather than to detract from Peary's reception when he arrives in London.

Not only is the American Geographical Society's acceptance of Peary's observations regarded as sufficient but his own record and character are held to furnish satisfactory guarantees. Popular interest in Peary's visit here is shown by the fact that applications for seats for his lecture at Albert Hall already exceed those made for the lecturers of Nansen, Scott and Shackleton.

The hall will not accommodate nearly all those who will want to attend.

Lieut. Shackleton, the Antarctic explorer, said he could not doubt Peary's claim for a moment.

GREAT JEW BAITER DEAD.

Dr. Lueger, Once Mayor of Vienna, Was a Rabid Anti-Semite.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VIENNA, March 10.—Dr. Carl Lueger, the anti-Semite leader and Burgomaster of Vienna, died this morning. He was 66 years old.

Dr. Lueger was a graduate of the Vienna University and practised law up to the time of his election as Mayor of Vienna in 1895. In 1885 he was elected to the lower Austrian house as a representative of his party. When he was elected Mayor of Vienna confirmation of the result was opposed by the Administration, and it was only after a long contest that he was legally declared elected.

Lueger was much hated by the Social Democratic party in Austria, which considered him its greatest enemy. He made a number of rabid addresses against the Jews. In one of these, in 1905, he warned the Jews of Vienna to behave with great circumspection or they would meet the same fate as that which at that time was being accorded to their brothers in Russia. In another address he advised the Christians of Vienna to boycott all Jews. These speeches caused much excitement and at one time it was thought Dr. Lueger would have to resign his office. He had not been heard of to any great extent for the last few years.

When the lower house met this afternoon the President arose and with deep emotion pronounced a eulogy on Dr. Lueger. He referred to the late Burgomaster's high character as a statesman, a man of the people and a defender of justice and true Christianity.

The members stood while the President delivered his address and at its conclusion the House adjourned as a sign of mourning.

It may safely be said that no death except that of the Emperor could affect the Viennese as much as Dr. Lueger's. He was the most conspicuous figure in the Austrian capital, and he enjoyed immense popularity. He was the idol of the smaller shopkeepers, as he used his influence to prevent the establishment of great stores, especially when foreign capital was engaged.

The day of his funeral, Monday, will see an imposing testimony of the esteem in which he was held. Business will be suspended, the schools will be closed and nearly the whole garrison will line the streets for the funeral procession.

The Emperor and the heir apparent will attend a memorial service in the Cathedral. This alone is an indication of the extent of the growth of Dr. Lueger's influence and power since the days when he was regarded as a mere violent agitator and the Emporer twice refused to confirm his election to the Mayoralty.

T. R. IN KHARTUM MARCH 14.

He and Mrs. Roosevelt Due to Get There on That Day.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

KHARTUM, March 10.—Col. Roosevelt is now bound for this place on the steamer which is expected to arrive on March 14 the same day that Mrs. Roosevelt is to get here. Mr. and Mrs. Roosevelt will stay here until March 17 and will then proceed northward. Slatin Pasha, Inspector-General of the Sudan, accompanying them as guide.

They will visit the Omdurman battlefield, Gordon College and the American Mission, where Col. Roosevelt probably will make a speech.

He will be the guest of honor at a dinner to be given by the officials in Khartum on March 16.

SPECULATING ABOUT PATTEN.

Cotton Men Abroad Think He's Doing Business, but They're Not Sure.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LIVERPOOL, March 10.—The visit of Mr. Patten, the American speculator, is keeping cotton men keenly interested and curious. Nobody can learn that he is speculating, but everybody believes that he has his eye on cotton and is feeling the pulse of the commercial markets of Lancashire.

He was not seen at the Cotton Exchange to-day, but he visited other places. He will go to Manchester to-morrow.

He has given two or three interviews of a general character, especially defending the ethics of his operations in the United States, but he says nothing that concerns vitally those interested in the cotton market.

The Weather.

March 11.—The centre of the Southwestern disturbance moved yesterday to the coast of Texas and its influence spread northeastward, causing showers and thunderstorms in the eastern part of the State and in the lower Mississippi and the Tennessee Valley. Showers or snow flurries also occurred at some points in the middle Atlantic States. A depression central over Assiniboia was attended by only cloudy conditions.

It was colder in the St. Lawrence Valley, New England and the middle Atlantic States and from the middle Mississippi Valley west to the Pacific coast and over all the southwest. In the south Atlantic and east Gulf States it was warmer, and it was much warmer in the Northwest. It was below zero at northern points in the Lake regions.

In this city the day was cloudy and cooler, wind, light to fresh northeast to southeast, average humidity, 58 per cent.; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.28; 3 P. M., 30.22.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table:

	1910.	1909.		1910.	1909.
9 A. M.	35°	42°	6 P. M.	35°	60°
12 M.	35°	50°	9 P. M.	35°	46°
3 P. M.	35°	56°	12 Mid.	34°	43°

Highest temperature, 37°, at 1:15 P. M.

WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TO-MORROW.

For eastern New York, fair in the interior and clearing on the coast to-day; partly cloudy and warmer to-morrow; moderate variable winds.

For New England, partly cloudy, with possibly snow on the south coast to-day; partly cloudy and warmer to-morrow; light to moderate variable winds.

For eastern Pennsylvania, clearing and warmer to-day; partly cloudy and warmer to-morrow; light to moderate variable winds.

For the District of Columbia, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland, rain or snow in the early morning, followed by fair and warmer to-day; fair and warmer to-morrow; light to moderate northeasterly winds, becoming variable.

For western New York, fair to-day, with rising temperature; unsettled to-night and to-morrow; light to moderate variable winds.

For western Pennsylvania, fair and rising temperature to-day; partly cloudy to-morrow; light variable winds.

SELF-DENIAL.

"Have been in reduced circumstances since the panic. I enclose $5.00 secured for you through self-denial."

This letter came all the way from Utah.

We have been compelled to spend this winter for relief of distress in New York, **$20,000 more than we received.**

Gifts large or small will be gratefully acknowledged.

H. S. MONTBURN, Treas.,
Room 225, No. 160 East 22d St.
N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.
R. FULTON CUTTING, Pres.

SEARCH FOR MISS BLOODGOOD

HOUNDS TRAIL GIRL IN NIGHT-DRESS TO R. R. STATION.

There All Trace of Her Is Lost—Last Seen Going Toward Lake Carasaljo, but It Has Been Drained and Reveals Nothing—Similarity Missing Once Before.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., March 10.—The police and private detectives, with the aid of bloodhounds, are trying to get some trace of Miss Helen Bloodgood, 20 years old, who early yesterday morning jumped from the second story of her home on Madison avenue, disappeared, and has not been heard of since then.

Miss Bloodgood is a sufferer from nervousness. The family came here several weeks ago and William Bloodgood of New York city, her father, rented the house of Leslie R. Fort for the spring months. Several trained nurses were engaged to take care of the young woman.

On Tuesday night Mr. and Mrs. Bloodgood went to New York, leaving several friends of the family and the trained nurses in care of the home here and the young woman. At about 6 o'clock in the morning Miss Bloodgood overpowered her attendant and jumped from a second story window, clad only in her night-dress and felt slippers, and before any alarm could be given to the police she disappeared.

All day yesterday and to-day the entire country for miles around has been scoured by bloodhounds and detectives, as well as by a large force of volunteers, but the girl has not been found. The water was drawn from Lake Carasaljo to-day on the supposition that she might have drowned herself there.

Bloodhounds traced Miss Bloodgood to the Maxim station on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, but there all trace was lost. As she had no money it is not probable that she boarded a train, even if she had obtained clothing from some farmer's family as she passed through the country.

Miss Bloodgood ten years ago, when in a similar condition, wandered away from her home. She was returned after some days.

A large reward has been offered by Mr. Bloodgood for the return of Miss Bloodgood or for information that will aid in tracing her. Descriptions of the young woman have been sent to the police of other towns and have been distributed in nearby places. It is set forth that she will probably say if questioned that she was driven away from home by her father, as that is one of her delusions.

In the hope of benefiting Miss Bloodgood's health the family moved from New York to Lakewood about a month ago and took rooms in the Seton Inn. About a week later they rented the Fort cottage. The family consisted of the father, mother and Miss Bloodgood. Two nurses were kept constantly in the house.

Miss Bloodgood seemed to have spent a quiet night on Tuesday, and when she insisted upon getting up at about 6 o'clock yesterday morning the young woman nurse thought nothing strange of it. Suddenly the invalid rushed at the nurse, and a short sharp fight occurred until Miss Bloodgood overpowered the nurse, knocked her down and leaped from the bedroom window to the ground and made off toward the lake. That was the last seen of her, as far as the searchers have been able to learn.

Trainmen who have been questioned say that no person resembling the missing young woman boarded their trains or rode with them.

KAISER'S EXCURSION LEAVES.

All Germans on Excursion Trip, but Prof. Moore and Wheeler Were Asked.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, March 10.—The Kaiser transhipped to-day from the battleship Deutschland to the North German Lloyd liner Kaiser Wilhelm II., on which he received at Bremerhaven his guests, numbering nearly a hundred, for a three days cruise in the North Sea.

The Admirals who accompanied him to Heligoland still remain his guests. The others include six Generals, three members of the Cabinet and practically all the captains of German industry and finance and a number of the leaders of science, art and literature.

The only foreigners invited were Profs. Moore and Wheeler, both of whom were unable to accept. The cruise is therefore purely a German function and it is much discussed here.

It seems to be taken for granted that the trip is not intended purely for pleasure but to give opportunity for an uninterrupted discussion of important matters affecting the Fatherland among the leaders of German weltpolitik.

FAIRBANKS AND WESLEYANS.

Ex-Vice-President and His Wife Entertained in London.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 10.—Sir Robert Perks, the leading Wesleyan layman of the Methodist Church in Great Britain, gave a luncheon to-day in honor of Charles Warren Fairbanks, the former Vice-President of the United States, and his wife. More than a hundred Methodist clergymen and laymen were present. The luncheon was at the Hotel Metropolite.

The speeches were mainly semi-religious, and the topic of general conversation was in regard to the cooperation of the American and English branches of Methodism with a view to promoting the concord and progress of both nations.

Mr. Fairbanks in his speech said that the United States was indebted to England for many things, most of all for Methodism.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairbanks and Sir Robert Perks will sail for New York on the Mauretania on March 12.

King Albert to Pay Back Some Congo Money.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BRUSSELS, March 10.—Out of $10,000,000 which Parliament put at the disposition of the late King Leopold when the Congo Independent State was annexed by Belgium, King Albert, the present sovereign, will give $200,000 for a campaign against the sleeping sickness, $100,000 to build bridges in the Belgian Congo and $100,000 for a pension fund for civil servants of the Congo State.

Canadian Ship Launched at Wallsend.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 10.—The Grand Trunk Line steamship Prince George was launched at Wallsend this afternoon. She was named by a daughter of the president of the company. The Prince George is a sister ship to the Prince Rupert, which was launched from the same yard last December. She is of 2,850 tons and will have a speed of from 17 to 18 knots.

Ambassador Bacon's First Reception.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, March 10.—Ambassador Bacon gave his first official reception to-night. It was attended by all the diplomats, ex-President Loubet, M. Pichon, Minister of Foreign Affairs, many Senators, Deputies, Government officials, Generals, Admirals, Consul-General Mason and his wife and other Consuls.

AMERICAN WOMAN'S PLAY.

Josephine Preston Peabody Wins Prize Offered by Shakespeare Theatre Governor.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, March 10.—Josephine Preston Peabody (Mrs. Lionel S. Marks), the American author and poet, has won the prize of $1,500 offered in July, 1909, by one of the governors of the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre at Stratford-on-Avon for a play to be produced there this year.

Since the competition was announced 315 plays have been submitted and the reading committee had a busy time separating the wheat from the chaff. The final sifting left two plays which the committee viewed as having equal merit, and these were sent to the Duke of Argyll for his determining judgment.

One was a four act play entitled "The Piper," by Mrs. Marks, and to it the Duke gave the prize. It deals in a new way with the familiar legend of the Pied Piper of Hamelin. It will be presented on May 5 by F. R. Benson's company during the Shakespeare festival at Stratford. Benson probably will play *The Piper*. Marion Terry will create an important part.

In accordance with the conditions of the competition the prize will be presented publicly to the authoress on the stage immediately after the first performance.

Josephine Preston Peabody was an instructor in English literature in Wellesley College a few years ago. She has written much verse for magazines and has had a great deal published in collections. She was born in this city, a daughter of the late Charles Kilham Peabody. Her education was begun in the Girls Latin School, Boston, and continued at Radcliffe. She married in 1906 Lionel S. Marks, professor of mechanical engineering at Harvard. Her home is in Cambridge, Mass.

MORE OF THE COUNTESS'S ARTS.

Prilukoff Gave Over to Her an Insurance Policy Meant for His Wife.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

VENICE, March 10.—The Komarowski murder trial was continued to-day. In the course of his continued evidence Attorney Prilukoff, one of the defendants, said that Countess Tarnowski, who is accused of complicity in the murder of Count Komarowski, induced him to transfer to her an insurance policy he had taken out for the benefit of his wife. He detailed how he had been for four or five months in Moscow with Countess Tarnowski, spending on the average 4,000 rubles monthly which she knew he had stolen.

He repeated the admission he made to the police when he was arrested that he had undertaken to kill Count Komarowski at the instigation of the Countess, but that Dr. Naumoff, another of the defendants, was eventually substituted by the Countess as the executioner.

Gabriele d'Annunzio is attending every session of the court. He is full of admiration of Countess Tarnowski's beauty, and says: "She is a sublime actress, and an ideal heroine for a tragedy."

Only One Man for Argentine Presidency.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

BUENOS AYRES, March 10.—The Presidential election will take place next Sunday. Señor Udaondo has retired from his candidacy and Dr. Roque Saens Pena will be elected without opposition.

CORNELL STUDENTS ON TRIAL.

Three Athletes Charged With Assault and Disorderly Conduct.

ITHACA, March 10.—The dingy little court in which justice is administered in this city was crowded to the doors this afternoon when the case of the People vs. Sam Williams, Paul Williams and Clarence Pope, three prominent Cornell students and athletes, was called. They were charged with assault and disorderly conduct. Paul Williams, who comes from Salt Lake City, is captain of the Cornell baseball team; Sam Williams, his brother, rowed bow oar in the varsity were of 1908 and Clarence Pope of East Orange is a football man and one of the heroes of the disastrous Chi Psi fraternity house fire of three years ago. On account of their standing in the university the case attracted great curiosity.

The university was represented in the court room by Dean Albert W. Smith of Sibley College, also president of the athletic council; Prof. W. W. Rowlee, a member of the student conduct committee and secretary of the faculty; W. W. Hammond and others. Dean Smith was one of the witnesses for the defence, testifying as to the good character of the students. It is expected that other witnesses will be called from the faculty.

Policemen Marshall and Halm, who swore out the warrants against the men, did not press the charge of assault in the third degree and that was dismissed, but the men were placed on trial for disorderly conduct. Both policemen swore that the men had refused to leave Zinck's Café when ordered, it being after closing time; that a fight had ensued, that Marshall had been choked by the Williams boys and that one of them had pleasantly remarked: "Choke him!"

W. B. CUTTING, JR., DEAD.

Had Resigned From Diplomatic Service—His Wife and Child With Him.

William Bayard Cutting, Jr., elder son of William Bayard Cutting, died yesterday at Assouan, Egypt, in his thirty-second year. Death was caused by pneumonia, after an illness of ten days. With him at Assouan were his wife, Lady Sybil Cutting, and their young daughter Iris.

Mr. Cutting had not been in robust health. After his graduation from Harvard in 1900 he went to London as secretary to Ambassador Choate. Later he was made deputy consul at Milan, and recently he was appointed secretary of legation at Tangier, Morocco. He resigned this latter post before entering upon its duties on account of his health. Mr. Cutting had agreed to deliver a series of lectures at Harvard next year on English colonial government and was in Assouan collecting data for these lectures.

Mr. Cutting's mother was Olivia Murray. He was born in New York. At Harvard he played football and polo, and was known also as an oarsman, a golf expert and a long distance swimmer. He was graduated summa cum laude. While secretary to Ambassador Choate he was married, on April 30, 1901, to Lady Sybil Marjorie Cuffe, second daughter of the present Earl of Desart. That fall the couple came to America, and later returned to Europe, where Mr. Cutting resumed his diplomatic career.

After the Messina earthquake Mr. Cutting was sent to Messina by Ambassador Lloyd C. Griscom as special agent to take charge of the American share in the relief work.

Mr. Cutting's father and mother, a brother, Bronson M. Cutting, and a sister, Olivia Cutting, survive him.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Emma A. Schumann, wife of Hugo Schumann, president of the Germania Fire Insurance Company, died of heart failure on Wednesday at her home, 1668 Albemarle road, Flatbush, in her sixty-sixth year. She was interested in many charities, including the German Home at Gravesend Beach. Besides her husband she is survived by a son and two daughters.

Quiet elegance and luxurious comfort in wearing apparel are features usually associated with "luxurious" prices. If you are unfamiliar with our accomplishment in the field of ready-for-service garments, no more auspicious moment than a new season's opening could be offered to acquaint yourself with the high standard and modest cost of our productions.

The new and distinctive Saks models in

Spring Suits & Topcoats for Men

$15 to $45, ready for service

Not everywhere will you find Spring materials in such ample variety or chosen with such deference to good taste. And nowhere else will you find the exquisite finish which so unmistakably stamps the work of our tailormen.

Coats for Spring show narrower shoulders. The graceful, soft-rolling lapel supersedes the flat effect and there is a decided tendency to form-tracing rather than the full, loose back. Trousers are slightly narrower about the hips.

In none of our models are the changes "sudden"—each departure from last season's styles being tempered with moderation.

Broadway **Saks & Company** 34th Street

LILLIS DEFENDS MRS. CUDAHY

INJUSTICE HAS BEEN DONE TO A PURE WOMAN, HE SAYS.

Denies That Assault Upon Himself Has Resulted as Most People Supposed—Will Carry Only One Scar From Knife—No Stage for Mrs. Cudahy.

KANSAS CITY, March 10.—Jere S. Lillis, president of the Western Exchange Bank, who was slashed by Jack Cudahy last Saturday night, received a reporter at St. Mary's Hospital this afternoon.

Though there are several cuts on Mr. Lillis's face in all probability he will have but one scar. This will be on the left cheek and neck, where the dull butcher knife wielded by Cudahy made a ragged, ugly cut.

This scar the banker will carry to his grave.

The cut just above the left cheekbone is healing nicely. Of course there will be scars on the legs and hands, but only one small mark on the left side of the chin will be visible.

Mr. Lillis when he leaves the hospital to-morrow will be able to walk unaided. To-day he was feeling as well as ever with the exception of a little lameness caused by the knife cuts on his legs.

He will have sustained no permanent injuries of any nature from his experience. With the exception of a few scars he will have recovered completely.

Mr. Lillis didn't talk much. It was not so much his reticence as the contusion on his lower lip, which is still very painful whenever he opens his mouth.

"It has just been brought to my attention recently what everybody is saying about the way I've been carved up," said he, with a faint grin on his battered countenance. "Isn't it funny what ridiculous stories get around about a thing of this sort? People just hear a story, believe it, and that's all there is to it." He looked up and smiled quizzically.

"Did you ever have two big men sneak upon you and take you unawares?" he asked. "Well, if you never had that experience you won't know how to appreciate the beating I got. They came upon me from behind. Evidently they were in their stocking feet. Mrs. Cudahy and I were sitting on the divan chatting about some commonplace subject when all of a sudden I heard an oath and the next thing I knew the big searchlight lantern got me just over the nose.

"A great injustice has been done a pure woman. I am not saying anything about myself. I am a man and can stand for it, but——"

"I think you've talked about enough for to-day," said Dr. Ayres, interrupting.

Although she has had theatrical offers showered upon her by the score, Mrs. Jack Cudahy is not going upon the stage. One offer which she refused to-day was from James T. Powers, who wired Mrs. Cudahy to name her own terms for a place in the "Hello People" chorus.

"Now, wouldn't I look pretty saying, 'Hello, people, people, hello,' and giving my hand a silly wave?" said Mrs. Cudahy this afternoon, and she laughed heartily.

"Really, though," she added, "if it were not for my children I would go on the stage. But not in low musical comedy or anything like that. The stage has always appealed to me. Not the glamour of the footlights or the plaudits of the audiences, but the life and the people.

"I'm no silly stagestruck girl. I have been around enough to see some of the hardships and annoyances actresses have to endure. But it's the kind of people you find on the stage, the true blue good fellowship you find among the members of the profession, that appeals to me.

"But much as such an artistic life appeals to me, I will not go on the stage, though it seems like every vaudeville manager in the country has made me a target for a telegram. I have had offers from half a dozen large cities. But I will accept none of them; not one. I must devote my life to my children."

JOB GRAFTER CONVICTED.

He Hired Railroad Laborers, Had Them Fired, and Hired More.

According to Herman Robinson, Commissioner of Licenses, an Italian who was convicted in Special Sessions yesterday of conducting an employment agency without a license is one of several men in a conspiracy to defraud laborers seeking employment.

The convicted man is Biasi Peluso, who had a fruit stand at 85 Park street. Gennaro Orefice of 9 Mulberry street testified that on October 6 last he and five other Italians gave Peluso $50 apiece for a job with the Pennsylvania Railroad on Pier 4, North River. They kept their jobs until March 2, when they were discharged, according to Orefice, to make places for others.

Commissioner Robinson said Peluso's method was to collect Italian laborers in Mulberry street and take them to a barroom, where they were introduced to a man who guaranteed to furnish them with employment for a year for sums ranging from $25 to $75. Many were put to work on piers of the New York Central and other railroads, but were discharged soon afterward to make room for new batches of men.

The Commissioner said that this practice has increased recently and that many complaints have reached the license office. He added that the railroads were cooperating with him to stamp out this sort of graft.

Peluso was remanded for sentence.

DOWNED BY MOUNTAINEERS.

Their Old Organization Relieves Somerset County of Two Grafters.

SOMERVILLE, N. J., March 10.—Horace Codington, a well known lawyer of Somerset county, after a bitter fight was convicted in the Somerset Court here to-day of illegally obtaining money from the treasury of Warren township while acting as counsel and clerk of that municipality. Codington's conviction is the result of the activities of an odd organization of mountaineers known as the Circle on the Square. Horace Codington and his brother Joel, who was treasurer of Warren township, conspired to appropriate the funds of that municipality to their use, and the township became bankrupt as the result of their pull on the treasury. The Circle on the Square, through twenty-five of its members, applied to Justice Charles W. Parker of the New Jersey Supreme Court for an order to investigate Warren township affairs. Justice Parker appointed Hugh K. Gaston a special Supreme Court commissioner to carry on the investigation. As the result of this investigation the Codingtons, who were backed by strong political influences, were indicted in the Somerset Court only after one Grand Jury had refused to act in the matter and Justice Parker had taken measures to compel a second Grand Jury to find indictments.

Joel Codington gave up the fight and pleaded non vult to the charge of misappropriating the funds of the township and his sentence is now pending. Horace fought it out in court. The Circle on the Square became a mighty factor in the prosecution.

The evidence showed that Joel Codington had made a practice of signing checks as township treasurer, payable to Horace Codington, and that the latter had these checks cashed at the local banks and appropriated the money to his own use.

The Codingtons are likely to be sentenced to-morrow. Members of the Circle on the Square, wearing big red badges, appeared on the streets here after the conviction.

RECOVERS HER STOLEN HORSE.

Mrs. Sallon of Flushing Finds It in Wurtzboro, Sullivan County.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., March 10.—As a sequel to the disclosures made by New York and Paterson officers when they arrested three men at Paterson on February 10, charging them with being horse thieves, Mrs. Isabelle Sallon of Flushing, L. I., came to this city to-day and in company with Detective Grant Watson went to Wurtzboro, Sullivan county, and identified a valuable horse that was stolen from her barn at Flushing on July 18, 1909.

The horse was in possession of J. N. Stanton, a market man of Wurtzboro, who purchased it three days ago from R. D. Mapes, a liveryman of this city. Liveryman Mapes had purchased the animal from a man residing near Raven, Sullivan county, and suspected nothing wrong, as he had been buying horses of this man for three years. No arrests have yet been made, but the authorities believe that the recovery of Mrs. Sallon's horse will lead to the breaking up of another branch of the same gang of horse thieves that has been operating on Long Island and which had headquarters at Paterson and at Centerville Station, Sullivan county.

Legal Aid Society's Brooklyn Branch.

The Brooklyn branch of the Legal Aid Society, which was closed last spring because of lack of financial support, was reopened yesterday in room 203 of the Eagle Building. Russel Leary is the attorney in charge. In the two years of the branch's activity in Brooklyn it handled about 4,000 cases. The society gives legal assistance to persons who are unable to pay for it.

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DEPUTY SHERIFF HARRIMAN.

He Has a Few Fast Autos and Nags That He Could Use in Chasing Crooks.

WHITE PLAINS, March 10.—Oliver Harriman, who up here is president of the Westchester County Horse Show, to-day filed his oath of office and appointment as a deputy sheriff of Westchester county by Sheriff Henry Scharp.

Mr. Harriman's country place is at Purchase, on the outskirts of White Plains. He is one of the staff of deputies who do not need jobs that Sheriff Scharp has appointed to be useful in case of riots or strikes or in running down bands of horse thieves. Mr. Harriman has a few fast automobiles and a number of fleet horses which he will use in case the Sheriff has need of him to make fast time.

Some of the other deputies are Paul Gibert Thébaud, Richard Harding Davis, George Fordyce Leith, Abert C. Bostwick and J. Campbell Thomson.

GLIMPSE OF ESCAPED CONVICT?

Lifer Prisoner Devoe Supposed to Have Been Seen Near Ardsley.

ARDSLEY, March 10.—S. J. Smith of Greenburg was passing Stephen La Furgy's house a mile northeast of this village early this morning when he saw creeping along behind a clump of bushes a man dressed in a striped gray suit and carrying a small white bundle in his left hand. The man saw him and ran away. Smith picked up a torn strip of paper on which was the line: "How to escape prison life."

It is believed that the man was Alexander Devoe, the lifer prisoner who escaped from Sing Sing prison with another convict yesterday morning. A close watch is being kept over this locality by the local police, aqueduct squads and officers from Sing Sing.

Pinchot to Speak at New Idea Dinner.

Gifford Pinchot, the deposed Government forester, has accepted an invitation to speak at the annual New Idea dollar dinner at Grand View Hall, Jersey City, on Tuesday evening next. Other speakers may include Representatives Victor Murdock of Kansas and Miles Poindexter of the State of Washington.

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IN ADDITION, THERE IS AN ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT OF SILK PLUSH MOTOR ROBES; MOTOR CAPS, GLOVES, VEILS AND GOGGLES; HAMPERS AND THERMOS CASES OF WICKER AND LEATHER; FITTED CASES AND BAGS; EMERGENCY CASES, LEATHER POUCHES, PILLOWS, BRASS CLOCKS AND AUTOMOBILE FLOWER HOLDERS.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.