less than 100 shares not to active openings when bids and offers are simultaneous.

The foregoing rule shall not apply to the act of a member who by reason of his neglect to execute an order is compelled to take or to supply on his own account the securities named in the order; in such case the member is not acting as a broker and shall not charge a commission.

A member acting as a broker is permitted to report to his principal a transaction as made with himself only when he has orders both to buy and to sell and not to give up, and then he must add to his name on the report "on order," or words to that effect.

The third and most important of the rules corrects that abuse of which complaint has been loudest and defence the weakest. It relates to the business of the specialist, the broker who executes orders in and often makes a market for various stocks, particularly those in which trading is not at all active. There are at least two specialists in every stock on the list. Few Stock Exchange houses have more than two floors members and they cannot, of course, execute personally all the orders for their firms. They cannot be in two places at once and must turn over part of their business to other brokers. In inactive stocks ordinarily the orders are turned over to specialists who are around the particular posts throughout the session and are thus able to catch every bid and offer that is made.

Up to the present there has been no law to prevent the specialist from buying a little stock for his own account when he got an order from somebody else to buy some. The specialist could buy it for his own account and then sell it a higher price to his customer or to the customer of the other broker. Also two specialists between them could swap big blocks of stock back and forth and entirely ignore the broker or customer who has something real to buy or sell. They could keep up the daily quotations of a stock without actual transactions in it.

There is a bill in the Legislature at Albany making it a crime for a broker to conduct transactions for his own account such as those above noted. Very likely it was this bill that finally aroused the governors to action. At any rate the bill has been unreservedly approved by most of the impartial and well informed financial critics and has been strongly indorsed by conservative members of the exchange. The text of the resolution is as follows:

That any member of the exchange who while acting as broker either as a specialist or otherwise shall buy or sell directly or indirectly for his own account, for account of a partner or for any account in which he has an interest, the securities, the order for the purchase or sale of which has been accepted by him for execution, shall be deemed guilty of conduct or proceeding inconsistent with just and equitable principles of trade and shall be subject to the penalties provided in Article XVII, section 6 of the constitution.

The penalty prescribed by that section may be expulsion. Violation of the provisions of the new rule, though not at all common, has been a matter against which brokers other than unscrupulous specialists have long protested. These brokers are quite certain to report every violation of the rule. Only a very few of the specialists have acted in violation of it and those few are probably well known and will be closely watched.

The new rules met the approval of those brokers who were interviewed in regard to them after the close of the market yesterday. The only criticism was that they should have been enacted before, in which event the exchange might have been spared the notoriety of the Hocking scandal, the defalcation in a Massachusetts bank and other unsavory episodes. It was everywhere agreed that the rules are so drawn as to make such happenings much less likely in the future, to protect the customers of the Stock Exchange houses and to insure the honest broker against loss.

The governors took no action on the Hocking scandal yesterday, but they are not through with it by any means. They are scrutinizing the testimony in bankruptcy proceedings with the greatest care and are prepared to take drastic action in case the testimony discloses the need of it. Particularly are they interested in testimony of Stock Exchange members or affecting them which does not comport with the testimony before the governors when they made their investigation.

THE TRUSTEES IN BANKRUPTCY

Mr. John C. Van Cleaf, Vice-President National Park Bank; Mr. Uzal H. McCarter, President Fidelity Trust Company of Newark, and Mr. August Oppenheimer of Oppenheimer Bros. & Veith have ordered sold the stock of Chester Billings & Son to Bruhl Bros. & Henius

The Bankrupt Stock of
CHESTER BILLINGS & SON

Formerly Randel, Baremore & Billings, New York's Oldest Jewelers

One and a Half Million Dollars of Rare Gems and Precious Jewelry

At 1-3 Less Than Chester Billings & Son's Prices

This is unquestionably the greatest authentic sale of jewelry both in magnitude and real value known in the history of the city.

The offering consists of an immense collection of magnificent Pearl and Diamond Necklaces, Collars, Brooches, Pendants and a host of other pieces, set with Diamonds, Pearls, Emeralds, Sapphires, Rubies and other precious stones of unusually fine quality, at **two-thirds** the prices asked for the identical pieces in the same store less than a month ago.

In addition there is a great assortment of Gold and Silver pieces, Bronzes and Watches—practically everything of thoroughly dependable quality that one can conceive—and all articles are offered at the uniform reduced price of **one-third.**

Thinking people will naturally want to know why such unusual values are being advertised. The facts follow: In February Chester Billings & Son, after a half century's successful career, failed; the Trustees in Bankruptcy decided to dispose of the stock in order that settlements might be made with the creditors and with those banking establishments that held the very flower of the concern's precious pieces as collateral for loans, and accordingly it was ordered sold to Bruhl Bros. & Henius, wholesale merchants in precious gems. Now it is being offered to the public at the price-sacrifice which forced selling compels.

In view of the foregoing, if there is anything in the way of very exclusive or decidedly inexpensive jewelry of high character that you require for immediate or later use you really owe it to yourself to inspect this stock. And you should do so, now, as near immediately as possible, while the exhibit is complete and the range of things to choose from is at its greatest.

33⅓% Less Than Billings Prices

In 60 days the stock must be sold and the store vacated.

Billings Court
Opposite the Waldorf.

Thirty-fourth Street
and 5th Avenue.

TRIAL HALTED BY DEATH.

Stephen J. O'Hare Died the Day Before Case Against Him Was Called.

Stephen J. O'Hare, a former Assistant District Attorney and law partner of Municipal Justice Thomas P. Dineen, died of asthma at his home, 441 East 123d street, on Tuesday night after a month's illness. He was to have been arraigned before Magistrate Barlow in the Jefferson Market police court yesterday on a charge of grand larceny. When the case was called Mark Alter, who had been O'Hare's attorney, informed the Magistrate that O'Hare was dead and the case was dismissed.

O'Hare was arrested on March 21 on the complaint of Adolph Kozlovsky, a blacksmith of 189 Third avenue, who said that he had paid O'Hare $50 on account of $150, for which sum, it was alleged, O'Hare had told him he could procure the dismissal of Kozlovsky's wife from the workhouse, to which she had been committed by Magistrate Herbert. It was stated that O'Hare had said that he knew the Magistrate and would be able to "fix it." The woman was not released, and Kozlovsky alleged in his complaint that when he tried to get his $50 back O'Hare kept putting him off.

When the case came before Magistrate Herbert he became extremely interested in the part about the woman's dismissal being "fixed" with him and held O'Hare in $500 bail and said he meant to get to the bottom of the matter. He said that he had heard of lawyers getting fees from clients on similar promises, but had never had a case of the kind himself.

Stephen J. O'Hare was born in New York in 1857. He attended St. Francis Xavier College and later was graduated from the Columbia Law School. He was in the Assembly for four terms from the old Fourteenth Tammany district, where he was associated with John J. Kelly. Later he was a Deputy Assistant District Attorney under De Lancey Nicoll, and Assistant District Attorney under John R. Fellowes, resigning after William M. K. Olcott came in. After that he was associated with Municipal Justice Dineen and had practised in criminal and police courts. He leaves a widow and one son.

NINE JURORS FOR CLAUSEN.

The Twelve Could Not Agree. Evans Will Ask for Another Trial.

The jury before Supreme Court Justice Page that heard the suit of William T. Evans against William Clausen to recover $5,280 he paid for two pictures alleged to be bogus Honer Martins reported yesterday morning that it could not agree. The jury went out at 10 o'clock on Tuesday and decided at 12:20 o'clock that night an agreement was hopeless. The jurors were all the time 9 to 3 in favor of Clausen.

Frank R. Lawrence, counsel for Mr. Evans, said after the report was received:

"All Mr. Evans desired in the trial of this suit was to get at the truth of the matter and to have the verdict of a jury. His motives were of the highest and the disagreement of the jury is unfortunate. We will ask for another trial so that the truth may be reached."

Mr. Evans gave out this statement yesterday afternoon:

"My only object has been to develop the truth rather than to recover damages. A verdict in my favor if rendered would have had very little money value, much less than the expense of trying the case. The case will be brought to trial again and additional evidence will be offered. The date of the trial will be decided upon the return of Judge Hatch from the South, where he has been summoned by the illness of a member of his family."

LEGISLATION AT ALBANY.

New Bills Put In—Brackett Would Have Senate Meet Earlier.

ALBANY, March 30.—Senator Brackett introduced a resolution in the Senate today providing that hereafter the Senate meet at 10 o'clock on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday of each week with a view of facilitating an early adjournment.

Senator Brackett said that the Legislature would be able to adjourn by May 1 if the Senate met early each day and paid strict attention to business. Majority Leader Cobb thought that just as much work would be accomplished if the Senate met at 11 o'clock as at 10 o'clock, for a while at least, and at his suggestion the resolution was referred to the Rules Committee.

Senator Newcomb introduced a bill authorizing the Board of Assessors of New York city to determine and allow the amount of damages sustained by the owners of real property on any street in the borough of Manhattan by reason of the change of grade of such street to meet the grade of Riverside Drive extension or by reason of the construction of lateral driveways to connect the grade of such street with the grade of the extension. Such damages are to be allowed only in cases where buildings have been erected on the property prior to the change of grade or the construction of the lateral driveways. Interest is to be allowed from the date of such change in grade. The Comptroller is required to pay the amounts allowed by the Board of Assessors.

The Assembly Judiciary Committee agreed to report without any recommendation the Murray proposed constitutional amendment to have the Legislature approve the Taft Federal income tax proposition, with the understanding that the resolution should be discussed on the floor.

Assemblyman Ward's short ballot bill had a narrow escape from being amended to death when it came up on the order of final passage. It was recommitted to the Assembly Judiciary Committee for a hearing on Wednesday next.

Over a vote of 67 to 45 the Goldberg bill, giving Municipal Court Justices in New York additional powers, including power to punish for contempt, was recommitted to the Codes Committee.

Assemblyman Oliver fought hard against the bill. He said the judges in New York, of both parties, were partisan politicians who should not have the power to send persons to prison for contempt.

Assemblyman Wilkes of Tioga has the Callan motor vehicle bill recommitted to the Internal Affairs Committee for another hearing on Tuesday next. Some of the automobile interests want to know something about the batch of amendments made to the bill.

Assemblyman Coffey of Westchester succeeded in having the vote reconsidered on his bill permitting Mount Vernon to tap the New York city water conduits. The bill was recently defeated. There was a long debate on the bill, nearly all the New York members opposing it, but it finally passed.

Bound for Washington to Save Tottenville.

A committee, said to represent more than seven-eighths of the residents of Tottenville, Staten Island, left Jersey City last night for Washington, where it will ask the Post Office Department to rescind a recent order changing the name of Tottenville to Bentley Manor. The committee carries a petition signed by 1,165 persons.

West Side Y. M. C. A. Now the Largest.

The West Side Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association sent out word yesterday that it had reached the 5,000 mark in membership, making it the largest branch in the world and placing it well ahead of the next largest branch, the Central Y. M. C. A. of Chicago.

Correct Dress for Men

ALFRED BENJAMIN & Co's Tailor-made clothes

Clothes and haberdashery only—the best qualities in both departments and at prices that are often lower than those charged for similar qualities elsewhere.

Phœnix Sox with the *old guarantee* but at a *new price*—3 pairs for 75c.

A change in price that brings *the best* guaranteed hose down to the cost of the cheapest.

George G. Benjamin
Broadway Cor. 26th St.

OLD MAN QUICK WITH KNIFE.

Wounded Three Men in Row Over Cards One May Die.

Three men were stabbed in a saloon at 183 Brook avenue, The Bronx, last night by seventy-year-old Thomas McCarthey of 459 East 136th street, who escaped.

McCarthey invited Patrick Seeley of 446 East 137th street and John Collins of 520 East 137th street to play cards with him in the back room of the saloon, which is run by William Monahan. The old man had been drinking rather heavily and presently accused Seeley of cheating and struck him in the face. Seeley not wishing to strike back pushed McCarthey away and the latter fell off his chair. He got up with a sheath knife in his hand an stabbed Seeley below the heart.

Collins and Monahan tried to take the knife away, but McCarthey stabbed them both in the hands and ran out of the saloon. At the Lincoln Hospital, where Seeley was taken, it was said last night that the man's condition was serious. The other two were only slightly hurt. The police are looking for McCarthey, who did not return to his home last night.

McCarthey was arrested late last night as he returned to his home. He was locked up in the Alexander avenue police station charged with felonious assault.

COLLAPSES AFTER ARREST.

Bad Check Charge Too Much for Astor Guest Who Says He's Army Officer.

Stephen Reynolds White, who said he was formerly a Captain in the Forty-seventh United States Infantry, was arrested yesterday at the Astor House, where he lived, on a charge of larceny. He was arraigned in the Tombs police court upon a short affidavit made by Detective Hooker charging that White got $15 from Gilbert Hennesey, a saloon keeper at 183 William street, on a bad check.

White was introduced to Hennesey by Stafford Krone of 826 Park avenue, Hoboken, and the check, which was signed by White, was cashed upon Krone's recommendation. It was returned by the bank marked "No account."

White collapsed in court and he was sent to the Hudson street hospital suffering from heart trouble. His arraignment was postponed. Krone was arrested in court and held in $500 bail for examination on April 1.

The police say that White is a nephew of Gen. Brooke. There is no Capt. White on the retired list of the Army Register.

Child Killed by Fall From Window.

Five-year-old Charlotte Ostrow went to the second story window of the apartments at 54 Lenox avenue, where she lived, and opened the window to look out on her way to bed last night. She slipped and fell, landing at the bottom of the air shaft. She was dead when a doctor arrived from the Harlem Hospital.

TO NAME ALLDS'S SUCCESSOR

GOV. HUGHES CALLS A SPECIAL ELECTION ON APRIL 28.

Senator Conger Does Not Propose to Resign, at Least Until He Has Had an Opportunity to Defend His Action Before the Senate Judiciary Committee.

ALBANY, March 30.—Gov. Hughes lost no time in calling a special election to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Senator Jotham P. Allds, who quit the Senate just before forty Senators upheld the Conger charges against him yesterday. Gov. Hughes designated April 28 as the date for the election in Allds's district, the Thirty-seventh, which comprises Chenango, Otsego and Madison counties.

Ralph W. Thomas, professor of oratory at Colgate University in Madison county, is to succeed Allds as Senator. Madison county is for Prof. Thomas, and Judge Arnold and Assemblyman Stephen C. Clark of Otsego county said to-night that county would be for Prof. Thomas's nomination, as they consider him an ideal candidate both in personality and capacity as well as integrity. Prof. Thomas was connected with the State Board of Regents for a number of years and is a member of the State Board of Charities. He is a brother-in-law of Representative George E. Southwick of Albany.

Chenango county probably will fall in line for Prof. Thomas, although Nelson P. Bonney, who was ousted from the Republican chairmanship of Chenango by Allds and who has fought the former State Senator for years, is mentioned as a candidate. But Bonney would have no chance against Prof. Thomas, as Bonney has accepted a Democratic nomination for the Assembly in Chenango county twice. The county conventions in Otsego and Madison will be held on April 9 to select delegates to attend the Senatorial convention to be held in Norwich on April 12.

There is talk of a State appropriation of $25,000 to pay counsel in the Allds trial, half to go to each side. The stenographers' fees will amount to about $25,000.

This was a day of relief in the Capitol and everybody appeared anxious to forget Allds. The former Senator's private secretary was alone in Allds's committee room packing up the effects and getting ready to ship them home. Senators passed back and forth, but none dropped in to say a kindly word to the secretary.

Senator Benn Conger was around the Capitol early in the day. He first wanted to make it plain that he did not intend to resign, at least until after he had a chance to discuss the resolution offered by Senator Cobb and referred to the Senate Judiciary Committee proposing an investigation of his actions. He succeeded in having the committee stave off action on this resolution for the time being, and when the question came up before the committee this afternoon it was decided to give Conger a chance on Tuesday next at 10 A. M. to explain his position.

Senator Conger is of the opinion that he has performed a public service in exposing Allds. When Lewis E. Carr of Allds's counsel heard to-day that Senator Conger was around explaining to Senators that it would be unfair to scalp him after he had started the great purification wave in the Legislature Mr. Carr said ironically: "Yes, they ought to give him a loving cup."

The Hughes Senators who first heard Conger charge Allds with bribery insisted that Senator Conger should not be expelled from the Senate. Many of the other Senators felt that Conger had practically confessed to an intimate connection with the raising and distribution of corruption funds and that he ought to go over the bay with Allds. The Hughes Senators tried to hold Conger up as a public benefactor and demanded to know what he benefited any by his attitude toward Allds. He had done a public service, the Hughes Senators argued, and he ought to be praised instead of being excoriated by the Senate. This is the particular point Senator Conger will argue before the Judiciary Committee on Friday next.

"To punish Conger," said Senator Newcomb, "in view of his disclosures, which have resulted in inestimable benefit to the State, would be unwise from the point of view of public policy. This principle is fully recognized in provisions of the State Constitution and the penal law relating to persons disclosing bribery. Further investigation of legislative corruption must be had. To serve notice by expelling Conger that any one making disclosures would instantly be delivered into hostile hands to be destroyed would close the mouths of necessary witnesses and defeat the ends of justice."

Some of the Senators believed that Senator Conger really intended to resign later and that he had in mind two points when he succeeded in having the Judiciary Committee defer action on the Cobb resolution to-day. He knew if his resignation did not occur until after April 1 the Governor could not call a special election to fill his place, as the time for filing vacancies in a regular session expires on April 1. The Allds resignation just got in under the wire. By Tuesday next also he could give the Senate assurance that he intended to resign and would demand the right to get out gracefully and without the need of any action being taken on the Cobb resolution. Senator Conger feels that in fairness to him the Senate ought to give him time to be heard and also the courtesy of deciding whether he ought to have a chance to resign or be investigated. It is believed that he will naturally accept the alternative to resign, as few of his friends believe that an investigation could result in anything but his expulsion. Senator Conger sent a note to Chairman Davis of the Judiciary Committee to-day explaining that he would talk this matter over with Judge Van Wyck and Mr. Osborne in New York to-morrow and be prepared to submit something definite to the committee if he could have the chance. For this reason the committee granted Conger's request.

LEADER COBB'S PROMISES.

Will Do All in His Power to Eradicate Corruption in the Legislature.

AMSTERDAM, N. Y., March 30.—Promising to do all in his power to eradicate corrupt practices in the Legislature and other branches of the public service, Senator George W. Cobb of Watertown, the newly elected Republican leader of the State Senate, in an address to-night at the Masonic banquet of the Montgomery district, declared that the Legislature fully recognizes the awakened public sentiment which exists upon this question.

"In so far as any dishonest or corrupt practices exist in our Legislature or other branches of public service," he said, "I propose to do all in my power to eradicate them. There shall be no effort upon my part, neither do I believe there will be upon the part of other members of the Legislature, to shield or conceal those who have been faithless to any trust placed in their hands. In this time of excitement great care and caution should be exercised, however, to proceed along sane lines and do those things which shall result in the greatest good to the greatest number. In so far as it is necessary to delve into the past to purify the present political atmosphere I have no hesitancy in proceeding.

"You need have no fear that men with sinister motives will control my action or the action of any considerable number of the members of the Legislature. As I have said on other occasions, I am under no obligations except to my conscience, to my constituent, and to the people of the State. I may err in judgment, but the people can rest assured if mistakes are made that I have acted with the best light that was before me and with an honest effort to accomplish what I believed was for the general good."

Bond Premiums $648,310

"How We Are Regarded at Home"

1909 New York State Fidelity and Surety Premiums as Reported to the Insurance Department by the Five "Giant" Surety Companies.

National Surety Company	$648,310
Company writing next largest amount of business	634,367
Company writing next largest amount of business	620,042
Company writing next largest amount of business	471,460
Company writing next largest amount of business	178,752

NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY, of New York

HOME OFFICE: 115 BROADWAY

Telephone: 7870 Cortlandt

"The Leading Surety Company of America"

Capital and Surplus Over One Million Seven Hundred-Fifty Thousand Dollars.

THE WHITE SLAVE TRAFFIC.

Hearing on the Whitney Bills, Which Impose Severe Penalties.

ALBANY, March 30.—The white slave traffic would be checked, it is believed, if the Legislature passes the Whitney bills, drafted by the State Law and Order League, which make the procuring or retaining of women and girls and the keeping of disorderly houses a felony. The former are to be punishable by imprisonment of not less than three years and not more than ten years and a fine of not exceeding $5,000. The penalty for the keeping of a disorderly house is imprisonment from one to ten years and a fine of not more than $1,000.

There was a hearing on the bills to-day before the Assembly Codes Committee, and George W. West of Saratoga, president of the league, asserted that each year 65,000 daughters of American homes and 15,000 alien girls are the prey of procurers in the white slave traffic.

"The cadets of the white slave trust," said the Rev. O. B. Miller of the reform bureau of New York city, "representing themselves as book agents and often as artists, enter small villages and seek introductions with the prettiest girls they can find. Then under promise of marriage or of getting them lucrative positions in the city they entice them from their homes. When they arrive in the city they are made prisoners in houses of ill fame and ruined."

Others who favored the bills were Mrs. Ella A. Boole, president of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union; Miss Rose Allen, chairman of the National Vigilance League, and C. P. Sanders of Schenectady, representing the Independent Order of Good Templars.

The committee decided to report the bills favorably.

AGAINST WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Assembly Judiciary Committee, 5 to 8, Refuses to Report the Hill Bill.

ALBANY, March 30.—The Assembly Judiciary Committee by a decisive vote today turned down the Hill-Toombs proposition to let women vote. The few members on the committee friendly disposed toward the measure say that another attempt will be made to get the measure out or a motion will be made to discharge the committee from further consideration of it. Chairman Phillips, while seriously opposed to the idea of allowing women to vote, says he will not stand in the way of having the proposed amendment discussed openly in the Assembly.

The vote on the proposition before the committee was as follows: To report it favorably—Assemblymen Howard of Tioga, Greenwood of Wayne, Chanler of Dutchess, Sullivan of Chautauqua and Wilkie of Erie. Those opposed were Chairman Jesse Phillips of Allegany, C. W. Phillips of Monroe, Walters of Onondaga, F. L. Young of Westchester, Hinman of Albany, Goldberg and Ward of New York and M. A. O'Neil of Kings.

Vote to Accept Harriman Park Gift.

ALBANY, March 30.—Assemblyman Chanler cast the only negative vote in the Assembly to-day against the Merritt bill carrying out Gov. Hughes's recommendations to accept the gifts of park lands by Mrs. Harriman and others and abandon the Bear Mountain site. The bill passed after brief arguments against it, the former Lieutenant-Governor again differing with his Democratic associates on the proposition.

Canadian Society Incorporated.

ALBANY, March 30.—The Canadian Society of New York, formed to promote social intercourse among Canadians, filed incorporation papers with the Secretary of State to-day. The society will also provide relief for Canadians in need of assistance. Among the directors are James Douglas of Spuyten Duyvil, Wolfert Nelson and William S. Champ of New York and Alfred A. Watts of Plainfield, N. J.

Woman Patient a Suicide at Bellevue.

Mrs. Estelle Wohlaetin, 42 years old, of 388 East Third street, who was taken to Bellevue Hospital on March 24 suffering with chronic gastritis, committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a window on the third floor.

Elegance is the first characteristic of Tobey Handmade Furniture. It is an elegance not only of line, proportion and finish, but also of the beauty of richly grained rare woods and of the nicety of exquisite hand workmanship.

Tobey Handmade Furniture is sold in New York only at this store. We invite you to see it.

Correspondence concerning the furnishing and decoration of the home invited

The Tobey Furniture Company

11 West Thirty-second Street

(*Near Fifth Avenue*)

MARRIED.

HADDEN—EMMET.—On Wednesday, March 30, at St. James's Church, by the Rev. Endicott Peabody, D. D., assisted by the Rev. Leighton Parks, D. D., and the Right Rev. F. Courtney, D. D., Laura, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry C. Emmet, to Harold Farquhar Hadden, Jr.

JONES—ROSE.—On Wednesday evening, March 30, at Elizabeth, N. J., by the Rev. Dr. Henry Lubeck, Clara Adèle, daughter of Mr. Joshua Rose, to Sydney Franklin Jones.

VON SALTZA—HARDENBERGH.—On Wednesday, March 30, 1910, at 106 Central Park West, by the Rev. Irving D. Wilder, Katharine Warren, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Warren Hardenbergh, to Philip Wenceslaus von Saltza.

DIED.

BARKALOW.—On Tuesday, March 29, 1910, at Paterson, N. J., John Swartwout, husband of Esther F. Barkalow, in his 75th year.

Funeral services on Thursday, March 31, at his late residence, 275 East 18th st., at 2:15 P. M. and from the Church of the Redeemer, Broadway and Graham av., Paterson, at 3 P. M. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery.

DIED.

CHRISTIE.—On Tuesday, March 29, Robert Christie, Jr., beloved husband of Ella Chiney Christie.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 144 West 93d st., on Thursday evening, March 31, at 8 o'clock.

CONKLIN.—On March 30, 1910, at Haverstraw, N. Y., James Clark Conklin, in the 76th year of his age. Funeral services at his late residence, Haverstraw, N. Y., Saturday, April 2, 1910, at half past 2 P. M.

CULLEN.—Ruth White, beloved wife of William C. Cullen.

Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (CAMPBELL BLDG.), Saturday, 2 o'clock.

JOSEPH.—On March 15, 1910, at Nice, France, Samuel Joseph.

Funeral from Temple Emanu-El, corner 43d st. and 5th av., Thursday, March 31, at 9:30 A. M.

LE BOUTILLIER.—On March 29, 1910, in her 85th year, Margaret, widow of Thomas Le Boutillier and daughter of the late Margaret Guttton and John Gallier.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at her residence, 30 East 35th st., on Friday morning, April 1, at half past 10 o'clock.

U. S. EMERGENCY CURRENCY.

Mr. Cannon Would Have Sub-Treasuries Issue It Against Clearing House Paper.

Vice-President James G. Cannon of the Fourth National Bank had some suggestions as to emergency currency to offer to the Finance Forum last night at the West Side Y. M. C. A. He said:

"In order to provide for this emergency currency which is so greatly needed at times, I would have the Clearing House in each of the Sub-Treasury cities, viz., Baltimore, Boston, Chicago, Cincinnati, New Orleans, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis and San Francisco, incorporated, recognized by law and prepared to do business with the United States Government. I would have a United States emergency currency printed in large quantities and held under proper safeguards at each of these Sub-Treasuries. I would permit the Treasurer of the United States, upon proper application to receive Clearing House loan certificates of the associated banks in any of these cities as collateral security, and advance 50 per cent. of the amount of such certificates deposited, in emergency circulation, to such association. Such circulation should bear 6 per cent. interest so that it would be retired at once when no longer required. This circulation would thus cost the banks 12 per cent., as they would be obliged to pay 6 per cent. on the full face value of the loan certificates deposited with the Sub-Treasuries as collateral for the issuance of this kind of currency. The Clearing Houses in these Sub-Treasury cities could make rules and regulations for apportioning this currency among their members. I would have this United States emergency currency retired by the deposit of lawful money with the Treasurer of the United States, just as national bank circulation is now retired. Experience has shown that this can be readily done, because after every panic through which this country has passed there has been a great reaction and money has become extremely easy. There would therefore be no difficulty in the banks securing the funds necessary to redeem this currency."

Threaten Tugboat Strike To-day.

Officers of the Masters and Pilots Association reported last evening that if a demand for the eight hour workday for pilots on railroad towboats in the harbor and on the North and East rivers is not granted by the railroad companies by noon to-day there will be a tieup of these boats. They said an ultimatum had been sent to the companies after a long series of conferences. The pilots cannot go on a general strike without warning without running the risk of forfeiting their licenses, but they say they will resign if the demands are refused.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Good cloth, good tailoring, good style and good fit; these four essentials typify all the clothing we make for Men and Boys.

Our cloths are put through a most rigid test for quality and strength.

Our tailoring is carefully maintained throughout all parts of our garments. The parts you don't see receive the same care given those you do see.

Our style is a composite of the best to be found both here and abroad.

Our fit is a revelation to many men accustomed to high-grade custom-clothes.

Spring Suits.....$18 to $40
Spring Overcoats, $16 to $42

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

DIED.

FAIRCHILD.—On March 29, Frances E. Fairchild. Body lying at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BLDG.).

MARTIN.—On March 30, Huperto Martin. Funeral services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (CAMPBELL BLDG.) Time later.

NEWTON.—On March 28, Horace B. Newton. Body lying at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BLDG.).

PAINTER.—On March 28, 1910, at Miami, Fla., George Blair Painter, in the 45d year of his age.

Notice of funeral later.

RAINEY.—On March 29, Thomas Rainey, in the 86th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence, 349 Lexington av., on Thursday, March 31, at 10 A. M.

SMITH.—On March 30, 1910, at Montclair, N. J., Charles Sprague Smith, in his 57th year.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

TURNER.—On March 29, Hannah E. Turner. Services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d st. (CAMPBELL BLDG.), Thursday, 11 o'clock.

TURTIN.—On March 27, 1910, Ernest Turtin. Services at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241-243 West 23d st. (CAMPBELL BLDG.). Time later.

VAN CORTLANDT.—On March 29, 1910, at the Engineers Club, 32 West 40th st., New York city, Edward Newenham, son of Augustus and the late Charlotte Amelia Van Cortlandt, in the 46th year of his age.

Funeral services at Christ Church, Pelham, N. Y., on Thursday, March 31, 1910, at 11 A. M. Carriages in waiting at Pelham (N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.) on arrival of the 10:26 A. M. train from Grand Central Depot.

WEIR.—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of THE HOME INSURANCE COMPANY, held Wednesday, March 30, 1910, the following minutes and resolution were adopted:

By the death of Levi C. Weir, who died on Monday, March 28, 1910, in the sixty-eighth year of his age, this corporation has to record the loss of one of its most valued members.

Mr. Weir was elected a director of this company in April, 1902, since which time he had taken an active interest in the promotion of its welfare. In April, 1903, Mr. Weir was elected a member of the Committee on Claims and Losses, serving until April, 1904, when his activities were transferred to the Finance Committee, on which committee he served with eminent ability. His keen discernment, sound judgment, loyalty and prudence rendered him an exceedingly valuable and safe adviser, and of especial benefit to the company.

He was a man of strict integrity—dependable and with his uniform courtesy and geniality made friends of all who knew him and they will, with us, mourn his loss. His continual cheerfulness and intense earnestness, even under health impaired, served to lift the burden of daily care and dispel discouragement, and his impressive personality will be sadly missed by those who knew him best.

Resolved, That this testimonial of our regard and esteem be incorporated in the minutes of this meeting, and a copy thereof, properly engrossed, with an expression of our sincere sympathy in this time of their bereavement, be sent to the family of our deceased friend.

C. L. TYNER,
Secretary.

WILLS.—Suddenly, on Tuesday morning, March 29, James Wills, in the 65th year of his age.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 302 West 101st st., on Thursday evening, March 31, at 8 o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 W. 23d St. Chapels. Ambulance service. Tel. 1234 Chelsea.