

QUEENS IN THE SPOTLIGHT

OLD GRAFT TRIALS ON TO-MORROW AND NEW ONES COMING.

Reason for Governor's Action in the Weitz-Glaser Case. Statement by District Attorney De Witt. Answer to Complaints as to His Proceedings.

ALBANY, April 16.—It was stated today that a misleading impression had been created last night by the announcement of the action of Gov. Hughes in designating Attorney-General O'Malley to supersede the District Attorney of Queens county in the prosecution of indictments against John Weitz and George L. Glaser, which were found on February 1, 1908.

These cases, it is stated to-day, have no connection with the present investigation being made into graft charges in Queens borough, in which application was made to the Governor on Tuesday for the designation of a special deputy Attorney-General to have charge of the work before the Grand Jury in place of District Attorney De Witt.

The Governor has not yet announced his decision on this application. In case of the designation made by Gov. Hughes yesterday the indictments grow out of the investigation of the purchases of land for Kissena Park, and the designation of the Attorney-General to prosecute Weitz and Glaser was made necessary because of a former designation of the Attorney-General to prosecute the Kissena Park matter had expired.

Deputy Attorney-General Jacob Frank will have charge of the trials, which according to present arrangements will come up before Justice Maddox in the Flushing Supreme Court to-morrow morning. It is thought that the publicity given to the case and the present excitement over the graft hunt in Queens it is anticipated that difficulty may be experienced in obtaining a jury, and an extra panel of 150 jurors will attend at the opening of the court. Despite the fact that both the Weitz and Glaser indictments for some reason have not been allowed to hang for more than a year, residents of Queens have by no means lost interest in the case and the trial is looked forward to with unusual interest.

Should the trial be held in Queens or the Grand Jury be taken from the borough investigating graft and of adjournment of the Supreme Court in another part of the borough. It is understood that by a graft case made by a former Grand Jury.

District Attorney Frederick G. De Witt of Queens county yesterday issued a typewritten statement in which he reviewed his connection with the graft hunt from its inception up to the present time. He said that when in March last the Commissioner of Accounts Frederick B. De Witt was appointed to the position of District Attorney of Queens he, De Witt, approved Justice Maddox at the opening of the March term of the Supreme Court of all the facts in his possession and a consultation with Commissioner Foadick followed. It was deemed that a grand jury investigation into the graft matter would tend to complicate affairs and hamper and delay the work of the Commissioner. Justice Maddox was thereupon apprised of the result of the conference and he approved the plan.

While Justice Maddox was sitting in Queens county, the statement says, he was kept informed of the progress made by the Commissioner of Accounts. The March Grand Jury were also informed of the investigation that was under way during that period and no one appeared before the Grand Jury.

When the present Grand Jury was charged at the beginning of the present month by Judge Fort J. Humphrey in the Queens County Court he had been apprised of the investigation under way by the Commissioner of Accounts in connection with the District Attorney in his charge he told the jury that important matters might develop later which would necessitate their being recalled before the court for an additional charge. Mr. De Witt's statement goes on:

In reference to the charges now on file with the Governor in which it is alleged that I have refused and objected to having these charges presented to the Grand Jury and that I am alleged to have refused to permit the persons presenting those charges, namely Charles Pope Caldwell, Dr. William Matthews and A. E. Keating, to appear before the Grand Jury, it is only necessary to say that I never appeared in connection with his name appeared in the public press in connection with this affair, and I never saw him until the morning of April 15, when he appeared before the Grand Jury in evidence to a subpoena issued by me. He never prior thereto to my knowledge tried to appear before the Grand Jury as a witness and only came then in obedience to a subpoena.

Mr. Matthews, another of this self-constituted committee of purges, claims to have met me previously in a social way. I have no recollection of such honor. The first time I would have seen him was when he appeared at the Court House April 11, when he first appeared before the Grand Jury. He was not as yet appeared before the Grand Jury in answer to a subpoena issued by me. At that time he has been in my knowledge and I presented to me or to any Grand Jury of this county any evidence for their consideration.

A. E. Keating, the third member of this committee, has never sought to present evidence of any kind to any Grand Jury, nor has he ever informed me of any evidence in his possession. He has not as yet appeared before the Grand Jury, but he will do so as soon as one of the subpoenas served can locate and serve him with a subpoena.

It is further stated that the charges filed with the Governor by these three persons are based upon hearsay and rumor only and that in no instance are they asserted upon the knowledge of any one of the committee, nor are they substantiated by the affidavits of their informants.

In conclusion the District Attorney states that it would be well when charges of this kind are made to inquire into the character and reputation of those who constitute themselves champions of the people and learn what the motives are that prompt the making of wholesale charges. By way of explaining this last paragraph it is charged in Queens that through President Grosser is an active driver Grosser out of office and through the Aldermen of Queens through the election of some one more favorable to a certain political clique and one more outside both the payroll and graft.

GRAND JURY ARRESTED.

John R. Schreyer charged with filing fraudulent Pension Papers. He is charged with filing a pension claim agent in the city, was arrested on a charge of aiding in filing fraudulent pension papers in a claim for \$1,000, money by Caroline Hamilton, a woman who lived at 177 West 10th Street, before United States Commissioner Morris and waiving examination in \$1,000 bail.

Dr. A. V. Young, a young notary public, was indicted yesterday for signing the pension claim in the case without having witnessed the signature of the beneficiary. He is charged with signing as a tool by the beneficiary.

Handelman Sails for Europe.

James Handelman, pastor of the Catholic Church of St. Barbara, will sail for Europe yesterday. He is expected to be in Rome for a few days and will be in the audience by the Pope and later will make a visit to Oberammergau. He will return to New York on the 17th inst.

KILLED IN SOUTHERN STATES.

Woodland, Ga., Wrecked by a Tornado and Heavy Loss of Life Followed.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 16.—Western Georgia was swept by tornadoes this afternoon, according to meagre reports reaching Atlanta to-night. The chief damage seems to have been done at Woodland, a town of 800 inhabitants on the Atlanta, Birmingham and Atlantic Railroad about fifty miles west of Atlanta. The tornado arrived about 4 o'clock in the afternoon and swept away every house, store and tree in its limits. Several persons are reported dead and there are many injured.

On receipt of the news the railroad hurried a relief train to Woodland carrying physicians, nurses and supplies. No definite news can be obtained until the return of the relief train, as the storm prostrated all the wires. The storm crossed into Georgia from Alabama, where great damage was done at several places.

NEW ORLEANS, April 16.—A storm that finally blew out to sea to-night has done damage in five Southern States estimated at \$2,000,000 to crops and other property and left a trail of dead and wounded in its path. As yet it is impossible to compile the exact number of dead. From the Terrebonne coast of Louisiana there came stories to-night that there has been a heavy life loss, while places in the interior of Mississippi tell of casualties in country districts now inaccessible because of interrupted wire service.

While the greater part of damage has been done to growing crops yet scores of buildings and business houses have been unroofed or demolished in Mississippi, Louisiana, Alabama, Arkansas, Tennessee, Mississippi, Missouri, five persons were killed by the collapse of a store. Bradley and Chapel, in the same district, report four deaths by lightning.

In southern and central Alabama there was much damage to property. At Greenville and Bruton residences and business houses were unroofed. Eight negroes were killed by lightning while under a tree.

Reports of life loss from the Terrebonne coast of Louisiana, where 300 deaths were caused by last September's storm, have not been verified and it will be early to-morrow before communication can be established with that territory.

The storm was peculiar in formation. Beginning early on Friday morning it swept over Tennessee, Mississippi and Arkansas. Its trail was lost for several hours last night, but at midnight it descended on middle Mississippi and taking two courses bisected through to the southwest and southwest and out to the Gulf to-day.

BRANDON WINS.

P. S. Commission Refuses to Consent to Abandonment of Railroad Station.

ALBANY, April 16.—The Public Service Commission Second District has refused its consent to the abandonment of the station of the New York and Ottawa Railway at Brandon, Franklin county.

Brandon twenty years ago was a village of considerable size, having probably about 1,200 inhabitants. It now consists of a few houses occupied by four families, and a total population of between twenty and twenty-five. The nearest railroad station to the north of Brandon is Madawaska, four miles distant, and to the south, Bay Pond three miles distant. There is no connection by highway between Brandon and Madawaska and the station at Bay Pond can be reached only by a private road leading across premises owned by William Rockefeller. At the entrance to this private road there is a sign posted saying "Private road, no admittance." It further appears that William Rockefeller has obtained an injunction against Oliver Lamont, one of the residents of Brandon, forbidding him to go over the Rockefeller property, which, of course, includes his private road.

The commission, in an opinion written by Chairman Stevens, says that so far as the people of Brandon are concerned the discontinuance of a flag station at this point would occasion them very serious inconvenience, and they have a right to the facilities of this railroad as from time to time they may desire. If there were a desire to drive out these people from their homes, it would be necessary to devise a more efficacious plan to that end than to discontinue their station. If the station were discontinued they would be compelled to resort to Bay Pond and at Bay Pond they cannot obtain any access to the station except over the private road of Mr. Rockefeller. It is not thought to be good public policy that people desiring to travel on a railroad station should be obliged to travel over a private road, especially when that road bridges with notices forbidding travel over it. The commission is willing to allow this private road to be used at the present time for access to the station, but no figure in the matter, and the public should not be deceived by any man's favor in obtaining access to a public facility.

WOLTER ON TRIAL TO-MORROW.

Wheeler Murder Case to Be Heard Rapidly After Jury Box Is Filled.

The trial of Albert Wolter, charged with the murder of Ruth Wheeler, begins to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock before Judge Warren W. Foster in General Sessions. Assistant District Attorney Frank Moss will have charge of the case in behalf of the people. Wolter will be represented by Wallace D. Scott.

Since the girl's body was exhumed last week the District Attorney's office has had the bones examined by Prof. Huntington of the College of Physicians and Surgeons. Bones taken from the body and compared with parts of bones found in the fireplace at Wolter's house, where the body is believed to have been burned, show beyond a doubt in the expert's mind that they were from the same frame. It is believed that the trial will not last many days.

Truckmen's Fatal Fight.

George Lithaas, a truckman at Coney Island, resented the coming of George Martina, a boss truckman from Manhattan, who threatened to take away some of Lithaas's business. Yesterday afternoon, according to Lithaas, he started to fight Martina and Martina didn't have anything to defend himself with but a truckman's hook. Lithaas was killed. Martina, who lived at 47 Monroe street, Manhattan, was locked up in the Coney Island station charged with homicide. The police also held Martina's friend, George W. Perkins, a friend of Martina, as a witness.

Hide Trial Delayed by Operation.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 16.—Because Dr. George T. Fryman, one of the essential witnesses for the State in the Hyde trial, was operated on this morning for appendicitis the case was continued till Monday. At that time it will be determined whether or not a further continuance will be taken.

Bishop O'Connor Going to Rome.

Bishop John J. O'Connor of the Catholic diocese of Newark will sail next Tuesday for Europe on his every five year trip to Rome to visit the Pope. During his absence Mr. John A. Sheppard, Vicar-General and rector of St. Michael's Cathedral Church of Jersey City, will look after the affairs of the diocese.

ARRESTED THE BRONX CORONER.

LIEUT. TIM SAYS SCHWANNECKE BULLIED A WOMAN.

Widow, Said the Prisoner—Ran From Police Station and Had to Be Chased. Captain Let Him Resume Investigation of an Electrician's Murder.

It takes a Coroner to arrest the Sheriff, but any old cop can arrest a Coroner. It is not, however, considered good form in the official set, so Schwannecke of the Bronx was a prisoner only three-quarters of an hour early yesterday morning in the Alexander avenue police station. There was a rumper in that old fashioned station house.

The Hon. Albert F. Schwannecke, who admits that he has a temper when folks ruffle him, was called to investigate a murder case about 1:30 o'clock A. M. A little Italian boy, Tony Anardo, the son of Giuseppe, who lives at 253 East 130th street, went home with his face smeared with axle grease and got spanked because of his dirty face. He told his father that Johnny Fallon, the son of Robert Fallon, an electrician who lived at the same address, had rubbed grease on his face. Giuseppe with his brother Tony left the house in a rage.

Robert Fallon came home from work and found a man waiting for him. There was a quarrel in which Fallon was blamed for his son's prank. The quarrel rose high and Tony Anardo, according to the police, drew a knife and stabbed Fallon to the heart. The electrician died in Lincoln Hospital half an hour after he was taken there. The Anardos disappeared from the time.

The Alexander avenue police arrested Giuseppe Anardo and his wife and took them to the station house to get their story of the murder. That was about 1:30 o'clock yesterday morning. Coroner Schwannecke appeared at the station house in a few minutes and said that he would take charge of the case. Capt. Mike McNaughton was on duty at the time and Lieut. Tim McAuliffe was in charge. He turned the Italians over to Schwannecke and went back to his blotter.

Presently he heard a row in the captain's room, where Schwannecke was examining the prisoners. McAuliffe listened a while and finally got into the room. He saw Anardo's shrieks and the Coroner's loud shouts.

"You couldn't hear yourself think," said McAuliffe afterward. He called the doorman, who knows a little Italian, and asked him what was making all the trouble. "The Coroner's man because the woman won't explain how the stabbing occurred," said the doorman. "She can't speak any English, and Schwannecke doesn't seem to know any Italian."

McAuliffe threw open the door of the captain's room. "This'll have to stop right here," he said. "I won't have a woman with a ball at her breast browbeaten that way. What's more, you are making too much noise. Coroner, you are making too much noise." McAuliffe says that Coroner Schwannecke turned on him and damned him for an impertinent fool, ordering him out of the room. Coroner Schwannecke says he did nothing of the kind and that he was making a disturbance because he was not explaining how the stabbing occurred.

At any rate, there was a spat between lieutenant and Coroner, which led McAuliffe to order Schwannecke out of the station house. The Coroner refused to budge and the men laid hands on each other for a tussle.

"He tried to push me," said Lieut. Tim. "He was a Coroner was a bigger man than any cop who ever paddled a pavement." McAuliffe went back to his desk after some more casual language on both sides and ordered Charles Barthelme to arrest Schwannecke for disorderly conduct. Barthelme caught Schwannecke by the arm and started to lead him to the police station. Schwannecke spoke emphatically for Schwannecke. Mike McNaughton snuffed at both.

"I don't think there is any necessity for arresting the Coroner," said he. "I won't entertain these charges. Now, you men shake hands. That's the nice thing to do."

The Coroner wasn't feeling in a hand-shaking humor and McAuliffe was not feeling very amiable himself. So he took the Coroner back to the examination of the Italian pair.

"I had evidence," said the Coroner yesterday, "that the woman gave a knife to the man who killed Fallon. I was trying to get an admission from her when the lieutenant burst in. I'm going to prefer charges against him with the Police Commissioner. Nobody has right to interfere with a Coroner in the pursuit of his duty."

COURTNEY BACK TO MATTEAWAN.

Justice Tompkins, After Hearing, Dismisses the Writ of Habeas Corpus. Nyack, April 16.—James Courtney was brought before Supreme Court Justice A. S. Tompkins again to-day from the Matteawan insane asylum on a writ of habeas corpus for a rehearing as to his mental condition. Courtney was dismissed from Matteawan about three weeks ago by Justice Tompkins and sent to New York city to be tried for murder on the writ and sent to Matteawan without the knowledge of Justice Tompkins. Courtney was afterward remanded to Matteawan and a rehearing was ordered.

To-day Dr. William Mahon, superintendent of the Manhattan State Hospital at Ward's Island, testified that Courtney was constitutionally insane with crime tendencies, so that in his opinion it was not safe for the public for him to be at large. Justice Tompkins dismissed the writ and sent Courtney back to the Matteawan asylum.

PROTEST FROM RIVERDALE.

Against Removing a Ferris Wheel and Carrousel Near Van O'Connell. Residents of Riverdale are seeking to prevent the operation of a Ferris wheel and a carrousel at Van O'Connell's on Cortlandt Park at the upper terminus of the subway. They have united in a petition to Mayor Gaynor, requesting him to revoke the license for this purpose recently given to James Thom. A year ago a license was refused to Thom but this year he renewed his efforts and on April 5 got permission to operate his attractions at that point.

Among those signing the petition are George W. Perkins, Edmund D. Randolph, Justice Leonard A. Giegerich, Darwin P. Kingsley, Elias M. Johnson, Edward Delahanty, Henry R. Smith, John W. Douglas and Cleveland H. Dodge, all of whom have homes in Riverdale. In their petition they assert that not only was no public hearing held but that the residents of the neighborhood did not even know that a new application had been made by Thom for a license.

TIPS FROM BOSTON'S MAYOR.

If He Were Boss Here He'd Raise Valuations and Hire the Greatest Engineers.

Mayor John F. Fitzgerald of Boston, who is in New York for a brief visit accompanied by a large delegation of real estate men from Boston, made a real tour through the greater city yesterday afternoon for hints and comparisons which may apply to his own city.

They travelled on all the subways, visited the Bush Terminal and the Hudson Terminal and took a little automobile tour through The Bronx, where the Mayor was very much impressed by the zoo. He says they have a nucleus in Boston to establish a zoo; \$5,000,000 was left for the purpose by the late George Parkman in 1870 and with the usual contributions and appropriations they will begin very soon. The Mayor was glad to see that so many children were present at the zoo and that they were the children in public places and parks in Boston, and he believed that the establishment of a zoo would bring them out.

Mayor Fitzgerald issued an official invitation yesterday to the whole of New York city to get into the habit of week ending in Boston. He said the swiftness of the growth in New York and the spreading of the habit of week ending in New York were so astounding that New Yorkers would soon be ready to do their business here and live in Boston. The trains will soon be making the distance shorter enough. He didn't say, however, that Boston might become one of New York's best suburbs; he would not go quite that far.

He was very much interested in the Bush Terminal, but he thinks New York ought to have a free port where raw material could be landed, manufactured on American premises and reshipped without ever coming into contact with our customs service. He says they are making every effort for a free port in Boston and he thinks it will come in a reasonably short time.

The Bostonian Mayor thinks we are undervalued. "You don't appreciate the value of the city here and the growing population here. He said it was serious enough in Boston, but we're nothing but a village compared to you." He scored the present and the future of the city government the like of which the world has never seen. He said that the city of New York, he said, "I would hire at any price a corps of from five to ten of the greatest engineers in the world, and I'd see to it that they were here and chew on the problem a while."

He said that our subway system was much more extensive and much faster than Boston's, but that they could handle their crowds better.

Last night the Mayor went to the Hippodrome and to-day the party will return to Boston.

LELAND STANFORD RECOVERING.

The University Just Getting Over the Effects of the Earthquake.

Charles G. Lathrop, whose sister was the late Mrs. Leland Stanford, and who is treasurer and general manager of the Leland Stanford, Jr. University, said yesterday at the Gotham that that institution was only beginning to recover from the effects of the earthquake of 1906.

"It will cost \$2,500,000 to repair the damage," said Mr. Lathrop. "The principal of the trust fund cannot be touched for that purpose, so that each year we have had to set aside a sum from the income. The effects of the earthquake itself were more severe in Palo Alto and thereabouts than in San Francisco. At Stanford we have the library, the boys' gymnasium and the memorial chapel were practically destroyed and the second story of the museum was taken off. The steel work for the new buildings has now arrived and the work will go on as fast as possible."

Outside of that the university is extremely prosperous. We have averaged 1,500 students for several years. It is much harder to pass the entrance examinations there now, as the requirements are quite as rigid as those of Harvard and Yale. Only 500 women are allowed to be enrolled, and the number is always up to the limit. We are getting a good number of women, but it is no tuition fee, but students from outside of California pay a registration fee of \$10 each term. You see the object of the university is to give the best of all the advantages of higher education. In the dormitories the rent charged is only \$6 a month, and the inn is operated about \$10 a month. The dining hall, heard being about \$15 a month. In the girls' dormitory there is room for only 110, so that the majority of female students reside in Palo Alto."

KILLED ON SAILING DAY.

Car Hits a Homeing Family, Crushing a Child, Hurling the Mother.

Anton Morazek, having worked for several years in the coal district near Pittsburg and saved money, decided to take his wife and two children on a trip to the old country. The family came to New York and engaged passage on the Salsander, which sailed yesterday for Russia.

Yesterday morning Morazek, with his wife, Susan, his son, John, 18 months old, and his daughter, Anna, 4 years old, attempted to cross Eleventh avenue at Nineteenth street on the way to the pier. Anna was slightly in the lead when a trolley car along and struck her, killing instantly. The mother, who was carrying the other child, was also struck, but she escaped with a broken arm and the baby untouched, scrambled under the tender for Anna's body, but the car had to be jacked up before it could be extracted.

The Morazeks didn't sail. They would not leave behind the body of Anna. Michael Wolf of 24 De Voe street, Brooklyn, a green hand, was running the car when the direction of Patrick Kelly of 421 East Nineteenth street, who is experienced. The car was moving at a fair rate of speed. Kelly and Wolf were taken to Magistrate Herrera's court at Jefferson Market court and remanded to the Coroner.

A Teacher Expelling Abusers of Girls. Francesco Beneducci, a sailor, of 32 Monroe street, was held in \$2,000 bail by the direction of Patrick Kelly of 421 East Nineteenth street, who is experienced. The car was moving at a fair rate of speed. Kelly and Wolf were taken to Magistrate Herrera's court at Jefferson Market court and remanded to the Coroner.

Police Capt. Gardner Retires. Police Captain John F. Gardner, who was in command of the Newtown station, was retired at his own request on Friday night on a surgeon's certificate of disability. He will receive as a pension half of his former salary, or \$1,375 a year. He became a policeman on January 5, 1887, a sergeant on May 11, 1889; a lieutenant on October 8, 1890; and a captain on November 12, 1902. Before entering the police force he was a street car conductor. His father is a retired captain of the city of New York. He was a member of the Adams street station. Capt. Gardner lives at 272 Bainbridge street, Brooklyn.



The Telephone Lightens the Labor of Moving

The first thing to do if you contemplate moving is to arrange for Telephone Service. Moving is a disagreeable task. There are numberless matters, both important and trivial, to be arranged. Telephone Service is of the greatest assistance in attending to all these affairs.

- By Telephone arrangements can be made with the real estate agent, the decorators, the packers, and the moving van or storage company.
By Telephone the carpenter, the plumber, the locksmith, the glazier, can be summoned if needed.
By Telephone gas and electricity can be ordered discontinued at the old location and turned on at the new.
By Telephone the labor of moving is lightened in a thousand different ways.

By the way, have you arranged for a Telephone at your new location? New York Telephone Company. Every Bell Telephone is a Friend in Need.

OLIVER ISKIN ONE OF THEM.

Thirty Automobile Speeders Arrested in New York Yesterday. Thirty automobile drivers were arrested in Greater New York between midnight and midnight yesterday for speeding. Among them were Oliver Iskin of 745 Fifth avenue, who was going at the rate of 32 miles an hour in Flushing, and Melville B. Fuller of Mount Kisco, who was travelling through the same neighborhood at 31 miles an hour.

These prisoners were driving their own cars. Among the chauffeurs arrested were Nels Handert of Far Rockaway, who drives for F. Sulzberger of 1751 Broadway. He was going thirty-four miles an hour on the Merrick road. Richard Martin of 115 West Eighty-third street, who is employed by I. F. Straus of 41 West Seventy-fifth street, was arrested at Central Park West and Eighty-third street. William Cooper of 120 East Seventy-fifth street, driver for J. Clarence Davies, the real estate man, of 14 East Eighty-first street, was arrested on Willis avenue. The Bronx's Leo E. Wilkins of 44 Amsterdam avenue, who drives for E. A. New of 120 Broadway, was arrested on Jerome avenue.

Nassau Hospital Election.

HEMPSTADT, L. I., April 16.—At the annual meeting of the Nassau Hospital Association to-day the following officers were elected: Edwin C. Willets, president; William M. Baldwin, vice-president; Hiram B. Smith, second vice-president; Dr. James B. Cooley, secretary; Thomas W. Cresswell, treasurer. The new directors for the next three years are Mrs. W. C. Adams, Mrs. William M. Baldwin, Mrs. Sydney Dillon Ripley, Mrs. D. D. H. W. W. Hartness, Charles H. Southard, Miss Atala W. Thayer, Mrs. S. J. Underhill and Mrs. Charles Stowell; for two years, Mrs. V. G. Peters, Mrs. L. J. Stanton and Mrs. H. Van Henselwerck Kentucky.

Will of James T. Woodward.

The will of James T. Woodward leaves all his personal property, his summer home at Newport and the residue of the estate to his nephew, William Woodward, vice-president of the Hanover National Bank. There is also a specific bequest to William Woodward of \$25,000 and \$25,000 more to distribute according to the provisions of a certain letter. Other bequests are \$10,000 each to Sarah A. Woodward, widow of the testator's brother, and \$10,000 to the wife of William Woodward. Charitable bequests are \$10,000 to St. Thomas' Protestant Episcopal Church, \$7,500 to St. Luke's Hospital and \$10,000 to New York Hospital.

Isaac's Label Suit Falls.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court sustained yesterday the demurrer in a suit for \$25,000 for label brought by Samuel Stone as treasurer of the Cloth Examiners and Spongers' Union of Greater New York against the Textile Examiners and Shrinkers' Employers Association. The suit was based on a letter written by the employers' association to the Central Federated Union complaining that the plaintiff union was doing too up to its elbows in Alamogordo. One of the defendant's employees had been blacklisted at the instance of members of the plaintiff union.

Feast for Hungry French Families.

The directors of the French Benevolent Society have collected among themselves a fund to purchase 150 baskets of provisions for the needy of the French colony. Each basket will contain provisions sufficient for a family of six persons. The suit was based on a letter written by the employers' association to the Central Federated Union complaining that the plaintiff union was doing too up to its elbows in Alamogordo. One of the defendant's employees had been blacklisted at the instance of members of the plaintiff union.

Judge Wayne Dies Suddenly.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 16.—Judge James Wayne, one of the best known lawyers and politicians in California, died suddenly to-day at his home in Alamogordo. He contains a fund of information. McKinley selected Wayne to manage his campaign in California. He was a member of McKinley's regiment in the civil war. Judge Wayne lost a large fortune in various irrigation projects, which failed for a time but are now successful.

'They're all big' Fishing in Maine. And they can fight, too! It makes your blood tingle. Your fingers twitch. It's glorious! Fishing in Maine. No part of the country offers the sportsman better pleasure. This year fishing for trout, land-locked salmon, bass, etc., is better than ever and there is plenty for all. The Maine Woods are calling, and a season of exciting sport awaits you. Distributors of Bait (the only bait of its kind) and our Fish and Game Book sent upon receipt of a two-cent stamp. They contain a fund of information and new wrinkles for the sportsman. Address "Game Div.," Fourth Station, Boston. C. M. BURT, Gen. Post. Agt.