ASBESTOS STOCK IN RETURN

MISS BALDWIN NOT SATISFIED WITH SECURITIES DEAL.

Wants Contract With G. W. Meacham Rescinded. Gave Up Securities Worth $19,000. American Finance and Securities, Qualey and Corbett in Case.

An action has been brought by Miss Lulu M. Baldwin to rescind a contract made between herself and George W. Meacham, by which she turned over to him stocks and bonds valued at about $19,720 and received for them other stocks among which were ten shares of the Magnesia Asbestos Company, in which Harvey Wiley Corbett and John A. Qualey interested Mrs. William T. Bull. Meacham said last night he knew Mrs. Ellen Dunlop Hopkins, friend of Qualey and Corbett, and also had signed a circular letter prepared for him by Qualey and Corbett praising Magnesia Asbestos.

Miss Baldwin, who is described as the daughter of a well known gunmaker and lives at 259 West Ninety-second street, says that Meacham, who buys and sells stocks, got from her eight bonds of the Providence Security Company, guaranteed by the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad Company, worth then about $6,720; two bonds of the Lackawanna Steel Company, worth about $2,000; fifty shares of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, worth about $6,800 and four bonds of the United States Steel Corporation, worth about $4,000, and that the securities were sold in open market and about $19,720 was realized upon them.

Miss Baldwin says she got in exchange for the other stocks five 6 per cent bonds of the American Finance and Securities Company, valuation $5,000, with a bonus of fifty shares of the capital stock of the company, five 6 per cent. bonds of the New Jersey Steel Company with the same bonus; sixty shares preferred stock of the Steel Company with a bonus of thirty shares of the common stock; ten shares preferred stock of the Magnesia Asbestos Company, valuation $970, with a bonus of ten shares of common; four bonds of the Lupton Gas-Electric Company, valuation $1,680; one bond of the Guanajuato Reduction and Mines Company, valuation, $820 with a bonus of five shares of common stock.

Miss Baldwin in her affidavits attached to the summons in the case says that the American Finance and Securities Company was represented to her to be solvent, with assets of $7,159,435. She also says that on July 12 of this year she discovered that the Magnesia Asbestos Company had never paid any dividends. She says, on information and belief, that the company was "a bubble corporation, conceived in fraud, having acquired merely a nominal equity in a dilapidated factory at Newark," which was mortgaged for its full value. She says further that the Finance and Securities Company did not have $7,000,000 assets and that its so-called bonds amounting to $1,250,000 were "cleverly devised and craftily drawn instruments, having coupons simulating those commonly found on bonds."

She says also that the American Finance and Securities Company was in 1908, 1909 and 1910 the fiscal agent for the New Jersey Steel Company and that Meacham was "the executive special so-called" of the Finance and Securities Company.

On August 11 Justice Hendrick in the Supreme Court ordered an examination of such defendants in the case as could be served, the examination to be held on last Monday. A postponement was secured and the examination is still in the future. Justice Hendrick ordered service of the notice of examination on the American Finance and Securities Company, Edward E. Kurtz, president, Charles E. Ellis, secretary, Clement A. Griscom, Jr., George D. Bouton, its vice-president, and Leon O. Bailly, all directors. The papers also say that Bouton, Kurtz and Bailly are all directors of the New Jersey Steel Company and that the Magnesia Asbestos Company is to answer through John A. Qualey, its president, and Mr. Corbett, its secretary and treasurer. Meacham, the Countess Gaston d'Archot and John Doe and Richard Roe, "whose two names are unknown to the plaintiff, being the parties beneficially interested through the defendant George W. Meacham in a certain transaction had by said Meacham with the plaintiff, whose identity the said Meacham conceals," also are defendants.

John F. McIntyre, who is counsel for Qualey and Corbett in Mrs. Bull's case, appeared for the Magnesia Asbestos Company in this proceeding. Mr. Meacham was represented by Ehrich & Wheeler of 2 Rector street. The American Finance and Securities Company and the New Jersey Steel Company were represented by Charles T. Town of Town & Spellman, 115 Broadway.

At the office of Charles T. Town yesterday it was said that a statement would be forthcoming probably on next Monday.

Mr. Kurtz and Mr. Griscom both said yesterday they didn't know anything about the suit or about Meacham. Mr. Griscom said his company was perfectly solvent.

Meacham said he had sold twenty shares of Magnesia Asbestos stock to the Countess D'Archot. He said he visited the Newark factory and thought it was all right. It wasn't running the day he was there and a workman told him, he said, it was because a boiler was out of order.

NEW QUALEY INDICTMENT.

He and Partner Corbett Now Accused by Man Who Paid in $3,000.

The Grand Jury yesterday filed in Judge O'Sullivan's part of General Sessions two more indictments charging larceny in the first degree against John A. Qualey and Harvey Wiley Corbett, who are already under indictment in the case of Mrs. Mary Nevins Bull. The new indictments are based upon the complaint of Leo Kresser, who says his $3,000 went the way of Mrs. Bull's $35,000.

Kresser said he was to get a $50 a week job as chief engineer of the Magnesia Asbestos plant at Newark, N. J., on August 15, 1909, on condition that he invest $5,000. He raised $3,000, paying $1,000 on July 28, 1909, and $2,000 on August 10. Kresser says he got $50 a week for three weeks out of his own money, and finding that he had no work to do was afraid to put in the remaining $2,000. He sued for the $150, he said, and accepted $1,600 in settlement.

Late yesterday afternoon Qualey and Lawyer McIntyre got into Judge O'Sullivan's chambers after running the blockade of a process server who wanted to summon Qualey in an order for contempt in supplementary proceedings in the City Court. The proceedings in which Qualey failed to appear concern a judgment for $480 obtained by a photographer for pictures of the promoter, his family and the Newark plant. The process server also had executions against Qualey's yacht Golden Rod.

This little matter of personal service kept Qualey in the Judge's chambers even after a surety company had pledged itself for $15,000 for his release. Judge O'Sullivan came to the rescue when it was called to his attention. "He told the process man that his siege was inconsistent with the dignity of the place. The Court suggested that Qualey would be in court on Monday and that then service could be had. Then the embargo was raised.

Corbett was admitted to $5,000 bail, a surety company going security. (More bail will be required in the Kresser cases on Monday.

Gustav B. Janson, who said he was manager of the Newark plant of the Stone Age Plaster Company, testified at a hearing before Special Master William R. Piper in Newark yesterday and said that the machinery of the concern was worth from $55,000 to $65,000. The hearing was on exceptions to the recent foreclosure sale of the plant to Clarence P. Browning of New York, holder of the second mortgage, who bought it for $28,000. By an order made by Vice-Chancellor Walker the objectors to the sale, John A. Qualey and Harvey W. Corbett, got five days to produce evidence that the price paid by Browning was inadequate.

Janson was questioned in detail by Chauncey H. Beasley, counsel for the Stone Age Company, about the value of the plant and machinery, and confessed in most instances to having no very exact knowledge of such values. He asserted that the plant had turned out plaster which has been sold, and to produce magnesia, he said, only $700 and about three days work was required. In reply to a question Janson said that even if it is not used for the production of magnesia the plant would serve as a leather factory or "a carpenter shop."

Under cross-examination Janson said he was a travelling salesman for a church supply house and for a wholesale grocery house before going to work for the Stone Age concern.

George A. Hill of 156 South Tenth street, testifying as an expert on real estate, said the property is worth from $165,000 to $185,000.

APPEAL TO GOV. HUGHES.

Christian Endeavorers Ask Him to Bar Fight Pictures From State Armory.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 26.—The efforts of the local Christian Endeavor societies to prevent the exhibition of Johnson-Jeffries fight pictures next week in the State armory under the auspices of the four militia companies of Rochester have been directed toward Gov. Hughes. Mayor Edgerton expressed himself from the start in sympathy with the movement to suppress the pictures, but he confessed himself beaten this morning. Corporation Counsel Webb gave an opinion that there was no way for the local authorities to stop the display under any State law or municipal ordinance. Mayor Edgerton recently sent a message urging the Common Council to enact a city ordinance forbidding the exhibition of any prizefight pictures, but the Council took no action and will not meet again before the proposed display.

To-night the officers of the Rochester local union and the Monroe County Union of Christian Endeavor sent a petition to Gov. Hughes asking that he exercise his authority as commander in chief of the State military companies to forbid the exhibition of the fight pictures in a State armory and under the auspices of the Rochester guardsmen. They ask the Governor to fix a date for a hearing and they have engaged an attorney to argue their case in Albany as soon as they receive a reply from Gov. Hughes.

The captains of the military companies persist in their determination to stand sponsor for the picture display, having arranged a benefit for their company funds whereby they figure that they can raise $1,500 to pay the expenses of the military men to the Toronto Exposition next month. They say that if the Christian Endeavor societies can raise $1,500 for them by subscription to pay the expenses of the trip they will abandon the benefit exhibition. Otherwise, they say, they will go ahead with it. In view of the failure of Mayor Edgarton to find any way to stop them they are sanguine to-night that the show can be given. Interference by Gov. Hughes is the last resort of the Christian Endeavorers and they will make a hard fight to persuade the Governor to order the pictures barred from the State armory.

CRAZY MAN SHOOTS UP TRAIN.

Pullman Porter Killed and Passenger Fatally Wounded.

SALINA, Kan., Aug. 26.—Dr. H. H. Temple of Kansas City is fatally injured and J. Young, a Pullman porter on the Union Pacific passenger train No. 11, which arrived at Kansas City at 9 o'clock this morning, is dead at Manhattan as a result of the work of Harry Pugh, a crazy man, whose home is at Niagara Falls, N. Y.

Both were shot by Pugh last night as the train was approaching Ellis. Dr. Temple, who was coming home from his vacation in Colorado with his wife and daughter, is at Ellsworth in a hospital, where his death is expected. Two bullets pierced him through the abdomen.

Pugh took the train at Brockton, Col., last night and after sleeping for a couple of hours left his berth and began to yell "They are after me" and commenced shooting at random. Dr. Temple left his berth and was shot twice before he could escape. Young, the porter, was in the front of the car in the smoking room, and going to the door to ascertain the cause of the trouble was shot once, the ball passing through his abdomen. He died at Manhattan at 11 o'clock to-day.

Pugh was knocked senseless by a brakeman. He was still unconscious when he was taken from the train at Ellis, and after being restored he was placed in jail. When the porter fell Pugh directed his attack on a woman, who had left her berth in the excitement, but she was protected by Conductor Evans, who had charge of the train. It is said one bullet passed between Evans and the woman passenger, piercing a part of the clothing of each, but neither was injured. Just how many shots were fired by the lunatic is not known, but the front end of the Pullman car had a dozen holes in the woodwork, and the glass in the windows was shattered and three of four of the mirrors were shot to pieces.

HARRIS HAMMOND DENIES.

Use of His Father's and His Name in Machine Gun Case Is Unwarranted.

Harris Hammond, son of John Hays Hammond, who was named with his father in the suit brought by William R. Rose in connection with the sale of stock of the Auto Machine Gun Company, came back to the city yesterday to say that the promoter, Henry Clay Russell Wade, and others who were selling stock in the concern had no authority to use his father's name.

Mr. Hammond said: "John Hays Hammond is in no way connected with the Auto Machine Gun Company or with the individuals concerned in it, and the use of his name was entirely unwarranted.

"I was personally connected with the firm to the extent that through the solicitation of Arthur M. Rose I agreed to advance $2,000 or $3,000 for experimental purposes, receiving in return therefor stock in the company. As to the methods used by the so-called promoters in selling their stock I have absolutely no knowledge and I do not know the person who filed the suit.

"The use of either Mr. Hammond's name or my own in this matter is entirely unwarranted and was apparently an attempt by an unscrupulous person or persons to make capital out of our name."

Coroners to Leave Criminal Courts Building.

The Board of Coroners for Manhattan will move from its present quarters in the Criminal Courts Building within a few weeks. The Sinking Fund Commission at a meeting held yesterday empowered the Comptroller to lease for the use of the Coroners three floors in a privately owned building at 74 Lafayette street. This building is just across the street from the rear entrance of the Criminal Courts Building. The rental will be $5,200 a year.

CLOAK STRIKE CALLED OFF

COMPROMISE HAS BEEN INDORSED BY BOTH SIDES.

Workers' Committee Has Accepted Agreement, but Those Whom They Represent Are Against Clause Waiving Open Shop—May Be Peace Again on Monday.

The strike of the cloakmakers, which has lasted for more than seven weeks, may be called off on Monday, a compromise agreement having been indorsed by the strike committee. The executive committee of the Cloak, Suit and Skirt Manufacturers Protective Association also has ratified the agreement.

If the strikers return to work under this agreement many thousands of them, judging from their reception of it yesterday, will have to experience a change of heart. One of the provisions of the agreement is the waiving of the demand for a closed shop.

Meetings were held in many halls yesterday to ratify the agreement, but when it was read the meetings broke up in confusion on hearing that the closed shop demand was waived. The cutters, of whom 4,500 are on strike, ratified the agreement unanimously at a meeting in Webster Hall, Eleventh street, near Third avenue, but at the halls where the cloakmakers met it was received with disapproval because of the waiving of the closed shop demand. No action was taken regarding it, the speakers in one instance being thrown from the platform and fleeing to escape a beating.

Alexander Bloch, chairman of the settlement committee of the striking cloakmakers said that the strike committee had power to settle and the strike would be called off when certain preliminaries were arranged. Bloch said the agreement was looked on by the strikers as a victory as it contained many concessions on the part of the manufacturers.

The following are the features of the agreement: A neutral committee shall settle the question of wages and hours after hearing from both workers and employers. Both sides are to agree to abide by the decision of the committee. It is assumed by the manufacturers that wages will be raised and hours shortened. Shops shall be light, clean and airy, according to standards established by a joint agreement. As to recognition of the union the union waives its demand for a closed shop, but the manufacturers agree to maintain a proportion of at least two union employees to one non-union employee.

Non-union workers now employed shall not be discharged, but the employers will use their best efforts to make them join the union. Each manufacturer agrees to have in his shop fully recognized a delegate chosen by the union, to whom all shop complaints shall be referred for reference to the union.

The largest meeting yesterday was at the Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth street. Treasurer John B. Lennon of the American Federation of Labor, Delegate Mitchell of Cloakmakers Local No. 9 and several others appeared on the platform as speakers, but when one of them read the agreement and came to the part where the closed shop demand is waived he could get no further.

A crowd surged to the platform and yanked down the speakers who were with Lennon and Mitchell. They fled. Chairman Goldberg telephoned to Beethoven Hall in Fifth street, where there were a number of cloakmakers, and when the speakers came the strikers threw them out and the meeting broke up.

Like scenes there were at other halls. Among the other places where meetings were held were: Casino Hall, 85 East Fourth street; Astoria Assembly Rooms, 62 East Fourth street; Hennington Hall, 109 Second street; Fulton Hall, Second street and Avenue B, and Lenox Hall, Second street near Avenue C.

Louis Marshall, who with Julius Henry Cohen, lawyer for the manufacturers, and Meyer London, counsel for the strikers, brought about the drafting of the agreement, said he had no statement to make until he receives the agreement signed by both sides. He was in hope of receiving it signed to-day.

BIG GRAFT HEARING BEGINS.

Illinois Central and State Start Prosecution of Former Officials.

CHICAGO, Aug. 26.—The trial of the Illinois Central Railroad $1,500,000 graft case was started to-day when the preliminary examination of Frank B. Harriman, former general manager; John N. Taylor, former general storekeeper, and Charles L. Ewing, former general superintendent of the railroad, was opened before Municipal Judge Mancha Bruggemeyer.

The alliance of the State, which is prosecuting, and the Illinois Central, assisting, opened proceedings with a heavy blow by calling to the witness stand a man whose identity as a witness had been kept secret until the opening of the case and whose testimony on the stand connected the names of the three defendants with the late Ira G. Rawn, formerly vice-president of the Illinois Central; J. E. Buker, former assistant superintendent of machinery, and William Renshaw, former superintendent of machinery with the Ostermann Manufacturing Company.

The witness was Theophile Reuther, a locomotive engineer on the road, who was a partner of Henry C. Ostermann in the organization of the company. Reuther testified that all the officials mentioned had been presented with stock in the Ostermann company "because of what they had done to help it," and that Taylor had been a director of the company, taking the place after Reuther himself had been forced from it.

Attorney Tyrell for the defence moved for a bill of particulars and to quash the case, and was overruled. Then Attorney Frank R. Reid, also of the defence, asked for a change of venue. This was denied and Attorney Reid called defendant Ewing, his client, before the bar to swear he believed the Court was prejudiced to him. Judge Bruggemeyer ruled that the defence should file an affidavit to that effect. The other defendants expressed a like desire and all were given until Monday to file their affidavits.

Earl G. Cowgill, private secretary of President J. T. Harahan of the Illinois Central, was the first witness.

His testimony was of a general nature, consisting mostly of telling what positions the defendants had held and the manner in which the railroad "farmed out" cars for repairs.

New Office for William J. Meyers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Announcement was made to-day of the appointment of William J. Meyers of Albany, N. Y., as a statistician in the offices of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Mr. Meyers is at present employed by the Public Service Commission at Albany. He went with that body two years ago, having been named on the recommendation of Commissioner Martin J. Decker. Mr. Meyers is expected to report in Washington on September 1.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The torpedo boats Mars and Flusser and the tug Patapsco have arrived at Norfolk. The tug Patuxent has sailed from Boston for the Southern drill grounds, the gunboat Wolverine from Bay City for Port Huron, the collier Brutus from Portsmouth for Hampton Roads and the cruisers Tennessee, Montana and North Carolina from Rockland for Portland.

M'GUIRE EXONERATED.

Burke Committee Finds Nothing to Connect Him With McMurray Contracts.

GUTHRIE, Okla., Aug. 26.—When the House investigating committee concluded its hearings here to-day the three members present immediately issued a letter to Congressman Bird McGuire of the First Oklahoma district completely exonerating him and declaring that "there was no evidence whatever to sustain any charge or suggestion that you (McGuire) had or have any interest whatever in the so-called McMurray contracts, or in any other contracts."

When Senator Gore made his charge in the Senate he declared that a member of the House and a member of the Senate were interested in the contracts, according to the man alleged to have offered him the bribe. His subsequent statement left no doubt that McGuire was the House member referred to.

Congressman McGuire asked that the rules of the House be suspended and that an investigating committee be named. Before leaving Sulphur the committee issued a statement exonerating Vice-President Sherman and Senator Charles Curtiss. Action was not taken with reference to Congressman McGuire as hearings were still to be held in McGuire's district.

Congressman Saunders left for his home in Virginia from Sulphur and Congressman Stephens of Texas was compelled to leave Pawhuska last night. For that reason the committee sent McGuire a letter instead of taking official action. The letter follows:

"PAWHUSKA, Okla., Aug. 26, 1910.

"*The Hon. B. S. McGuire, Pawnee, Okla.:*

"MY DEAR MCGUIRE: Having been informed that you were being assailed politically because your name was used in connection with the McMurray contracts, I wish to say that after having heard all testimony before the committee that I have no hesitancy in stating that there is no evidence whatever to sustain any charge or suggestion that you had or have any interest whatever in the so-called McMurray contracts or any other Indian contracts.

"Mr. Campbell and Mr. Miller, both members of the committee, concur fully with me in this opinion. I regret that the other members of the committee are not here in order that we might take official action.

"I write you this believing that it will be an injustice to you if no statement is made before the next meeting of the committee, which will probably not be until November.

"Yours, very truly,

"CHARLES H. BURKE, Chairman."

WAGON DRIVERS DIAMONDS.

Three Thousand Dollars Worth Said to Have Been Found in Kelley's Room.

After arresting James F. Kelley in Newark early yesterday on suspicion of robbing the grocery store of Aaron Ward & Sons at 951 Broad street, that city, Detectives Tuite and Horter recovered about $500 worth of goods and about $3,000 worth of diamonds in his room at 358 Hunterdon street. Kelley, who is said to have been a sparring partner of Tommy Burns, the fighter, at one time, is locked up at police headquarters. The detectives are trying to locate the owner of the gems.

According to the detectives there was enough stuff in Kelley's room to start a small size grocery store. There was a trunk full of whiskey, wine, cigarettes, cigars and tobacco and a dozen boxes of all kinds of goods from a needle or a shoelace to a bag of flour. There were a dozen packages of 50 cent cigarettes and 150 packages of 25 cent cigarettes and about 100 empty champagne and whiskey bottles in a corner of the room.

In a small cigar box the detectives found a diamond brooch containing seventeen diamonds, a horseshoe pin containing fifteen small diamonds, a gold bracelet containing eight diamonds and two diamond rings.

Edward T. Ward complained to the police that goods were being taken from the store and Capt. Carroll assigned Detectives Tuite and Horter to the case. Kelley had been calling at the Ward store delivering bread for the Williams Bread Company for the last six years. Six months ago he started to work for the Mangels & Schmidt Company and as usual called at the store at 6 o'clock each morning.

Kelley's real name is said to be Protupsky.

TROLLEY ROBBERS CAUGHT.

Men Who Held Up Cars Had Told a Woman of Their Plans.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 26.—Detectives Brown, Powell and Mullery to-day arrested George Burritt and Thomas McGrourty of Ashley on suspicion of being the highwaymen who held up two street cars here on Monday night and robbed the passengers and crews.

Later Burritt confessed, implicating McGrourty. He told where the stolen watches and jewelry were hid and they were recovered.

The clue was given by a woman of the tenderloin to whom the men had shown the masks they wore and some of their loot, and the arrests would have been made sooner but that McGrourty, a brakeman on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, was on the road at work. He was arrested when he alighted from his train at Ashley to-day.

Burritt, who saw the detectives when they approached him, fled and although shot at three times escaped to the mountains. Later he was caught.

PAYMASTER'S SAFE STOLEN.

It Contained $6,493, but Two Days Earlier Had $80,000 in It.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—A reward of $500 was to-day offered by the War Department, on the authority of the Comptroller of the Treasury, for the arrest of thieves who stole a paymaster's safe containing $6,493 at Camp E. S. Otis in Wyoming. Capt. W. T. Wilder, an army paymaster, on August 9 turned the safe over to the care of a guard of the Ninth Cavalry (colored), consisting of a sergeant, a corporal, a musician and three privates. The next day when Wilder returned the safe had disappeared.

A thorough search, the arrest of the guard and an investigation by a board of officers followed, but without solving the mystery of the disappearance of the safe. Had the robbery occurred two days earlier the Government would have lost $80,000.

Army and Navy Orders.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—These army orders were issued to-day:

First Lieut. Quinn Gray, Coast Artillery, from 170th to 169th Company.

Second Lieut. Edgar B. Colladay, Coast Artillery, to Thirty-fifth Company and Fort Monroe not later than September 15 for course of instruction.

Second Lieut. William L. Patterson, Eighteenth Infantry, from treatment at general hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., to his station.

These navy orders were issued:

Lieutenant Commander A. C. McMeehan, retired, from hydrographic office, Norfolk, to home.

Lieutenant Commander H. T. Baker, to the Asiatic station.

Lieut. L. M. Stewart, to Puget Sound yard.

Paymaster G. Brown, Jr., from accounting officer, Puget Sound yard, and continue other duty.

Ensign H. M. Colby and Assistant Surgeon F. P. Huff, from the Charleston to the New York.

Capt. B. W. Sibley, U. S. Marines, from marine officer Asiatic fleet and continue other duties on the Charleston.

Surgeon G. B. Wilson, to fleet surgeon, Asiatic fleet.

Midshipmen F. C. Bowerfind, J. W. Deem and L. L. Townsend, Jr., from the New York to the Rainbow.

Ensign J. B. Howell, from command of the Adder to Naval Academy.

How dear to the heart are these half Saturdays!

We're off at 12—but 'till then, see us or 'phone us—we'll fix you up in no time with all that's needed for the week-end.

Clothing, furnishings, hats and shoes.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at Warren St. at 13th St. at 34th St.

PINCHOT ACCUSES SENATORS

SAYS THEY ARE PARTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR FOREST FIRES.

He Names Senators Heyburn and Carter and Representative Mondell—Says They Have Been Fighting on the Side of the Fires Against General Welfare.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—Gifford Pinchot, the deposed chief forester, started West to-day and he left behind a statement that is bound to stir up a good deal of feeling among Republicans who opposed the extension of the forest service during the Roosevelt Administration.

"Men in Congress, like Heyburn, Carter and Mondell, who make light of the efforts of the forest service to prepare itself to prevent such a catastrophe as this have in effect been fighting on the side of the fires against the general welfare," declared Mr. Pinchot.

This stinger was made part of a statement in which Mr. Pinchot took occasion to praise the work of the men of the forest service in their efforts to stamp out the flames which are devastating a dozen or more national forest reserves.

Senator Heyburn of Idaho, whose home town, Wallace, suffered severe loss; Senator Carter of Montana and Representative Frank Mondell of Wyoming, chairman of the House Committee on Public Lands, are the lawmakers whom Mr. Pinchot assailed. It may be taken for granted that all of them will make replies.

Senator Heyburn, who recently distinguished himself in a Western town by objecting to an orchestra playing "Dixie," on the ground that it was not a fit selection for a Republican meeting, was for years a bitter critic of Mr. Pinchot's policy of administering the forest service. His speeches on the subject bordered on the sensational, and frequently precipitated lively debates between the opponents and proponents of Mr. Pinchot. Senator Carter and Representative Mondell are listed by Mr. Pinchot as enemies of conservation.

Mr. Pinchot's statement in which he praised the forest workers and denounced Messrs. Heyburn, Carter and Mondell follows:

"I am proud of the splendid work the men of the forest service have been doing against the Western forest fires. Many of them have given their lives to protect the homes of settlers and the forests on which the prosperity of the Western people depends. To my mind their conduct is beyond all praise.

"Forest fires are preventable. It is a good thing for us to remember at this time that nearly or quite all of the loss, suffering and death these fires have caused is wholly unnecessary. A fire in the forest is the same kind of thing as a fire in the city. There is only one way to fight either. The fire department of every city is organized with the prime idea of getting to the fire when it is young. So with forest fires. The time to conquer them is before they grow strong. If a forest is equipped with roads, trails, telephone lines and a reasonable number of men for patrol there is no more likelihood that great fires will be able to get started than there is that great conflagrations like the Chicago fire will get started in a city with a modern fire department. Under rare circumstances they may, but the chances are against it.

"The forest service has done wonders with its handful of devoted men. It has put out every year many thousands of small fires, any one of which under favorable conditions might have developed into a conflagration which 10,000 men could not stop. This year because of the great drought, the worst in much of the West for more than twenty years, there were too many fires and too few rangers.

"The lesson from these forest fires is perfectly clear. When a city suffers from a great fire it does not retrench in its fire department, but strengthens it. That is what the nation must do on the national forests. The men in Congress, like Heyburn, Carter and Mondell, who have made light of the efforts of the forest service to prepare itself to prevent just such a calamity as this, have in effect been fighting on the side of the fires against the general welfare. If even a small fraction of the loss from the present fires had been expended in additional patrol and preventive equipment some or perhaps nearly all of the loss could have been avoided. I believe our people will take this lesson to heart and insist that the settlers and their wives and children, the lumbermen and the miners and the $2,000,000,000 worth of national property in the national forests shall be adequately protected."

CHARGED WITH FORGERY.

Man Under Arrest Says He Is Capt. Tillman and a Victim of Circumstances.

EAU CLAIRE, Wis., Aug. 26.—A man who says he is Benjamin J. Tillman, a captain in the Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, was arrested here last night on a charge of forgery made against him at Madison, Wis., where he was taken to-day.

The prisoner, who says that he is innocent, claims to be a nephew of United States Senator Tillman. The prisoner was in the uniform of a captain when he was arrested. He had four other uniforms in his baggage. He said that he was on his way to Fort Snelling. He declares that he is the victim of circumstances.

Inquiry at the United States army headquarters building in St. Paul elicited the information that Benjamin J. Tillman is captain of Company G of the Twenty-seventh United States Infantry, Fort Sheridan, near Chicago. The officer, so it was stated at the office, is believed to be a son of the South Carolina Senator.

Fugitive Drug Clerk Found.

Ira B. Cantor the drug clerk accused of putting carbolic acid in a prescription that killed one-year-old Dennis Shea of 231 East Ninety-sixth street, was arrested yesterday afternoon. He ran away when told that his mistake had resulted fatally.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:20. Matinee To-day 2:15. THE FUNNIEST THING IN N. Y. IS EVERY MINUTE OF A. E. MATTHEWS in Love Among The Lions

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evg. 8:20. Mat. To-day. A Labor Day. THE LAUGH FEAST To-day at 2:15. To-night at 8:15. THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES

KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. LAST NIGHT AT THIS THEATRE. NEXT MONDAY NEW YORK THEATRE (The Fantastical Musical Comedy). THE ARCADIANS NEXT MONDAY SEATS NOW OUR MISS GIBBS

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee To-day 2:15. THE GREATEST NOVELTY IN N. Y. IS THE WONDERS OF THE ARABIAN NIGHTS in The Brass Bottle

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Evg. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. THE YEAR'S DRAMATIC SENSATION THE SPENDTHRIFT With EDMUND BREESE.

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S CLOBE B'way & 46th St. Evg. 8:15. Mat. Sat. & Labor Day at 2:15. BESSIE McCOY A 100 others in "THE ECHO." IMPERIAL RUSSIAN DANCERS.

JARDIN DE PARIS Atop N. Y. Theatre. Evgs. 8:15. Smok'g Refreshments. Table Chairs $1. LAST 2 WEEKS F. ZIEGFELD Jr.'s New Revue FOLLIES OF 1910 Staged by Julian Mitchell

NEW AMSTERDAM Theatre. Guaranteed Cool and Comfortable. Evgs. 8:15. Last Matinee To-day 2:15. Frederic Thompson presents GIRLIES LAST TIME TO-NIGHT With Joseph Cawthorn & Maude Raymond. NEXT TUES. AUG. 30. Seats Selling Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz in "MADAME SHERRY"

GAIETY B'WAY AND 46TH STS. MAT. WED. & SAT. 2:15. FORTUNE HUNTER WITH JOHN BARRYMORE

LIBERTY OPENS NEXT TUES. Theatre W. 42 St. SEATS SELLING THE COUNTRY BOY

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. only 2:15. NEXT MONDAY THE ARCADIANS Seats NOW.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:30. Matinee To-day 2:30. BABY MINE By Margaret Mayo.

Broadway Th., 41 & B'y. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. LEW FIELDS THE SUMMER WIDOWERS IRENE FRANKLIN

Hackett, 42 St. W. B'y. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. CLARA LIPMAN in THE MARRIAGE OF A STAR.

CASINO, B'y & 39th. Ev. 8:15. Mat. To-day. EDDIE FOY UP and DOWN BROADWAY EMMA CARUS

Lew Fields' Herald Sqr., B'way & 38th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day. MARIE DRESSLER in Tillie's Nightmare.

LYRIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. To-day 2:15. LOUIS MANN in THE CHEATER

NAZIMOVA'S 39th St. & B'y. Seats Now. 39TH STREET THEATRE. Monday, Aug. 29. MISS PATSY With GERTRUDE QUINLAN.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. 2ND YEAR H. B. WARNER IN Alias JIMMY VALENTINE

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed. 2:15. Wed. Mat. 50c. $1.50. Special Matinee Labor Day. SEVEN DAYS

ACADEMY OF MUSIC Phone 701 Stuyve. LAST WEEK CORSE PAYTON CO. in THE SPORTING DUCHESS MATINEE DAILY, 10 20 & 30c. NEXT WEEK NEW ACADEMY CO. in THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME. PRICES

City Theatre 124 14th St. Eve & To-day Mat. 25-50. 75 $1.00. Wed. Mat. 25 to 75c. THE GIRL FROM RECTOR'S Original Broadway Production. Next Week (seats now) "GIRLIES."

REPUBLIC 42d St. DAVID BELASCO, Mgr. Eve. 8:15. To-day & Wed. Mat. 2:15. NO DOUBT OF ITS SUCCESS.—Telegram. Extra Mat. Labor Day. BOBBY BURNIT

AMERICAN 42d St., nr. B'way. JULIAN ELTINGE, Phila. Jack O'Brien, Cleopatra En Masque. DAILY MAT. 25c. Harry & Irving Cooper, others.

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. B'way at 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. Barney Bernard & Lee Harrison. Dr. Herman. Elizabeth Brice & Chas. King. Bird Millman & Co.

HAMMERSTEIN'S ROOF Victor Moore, Maid of Mystery, Morton & Moore, Al Kaufman, 10th and Daily Matinee.

ALHAMBRA Carnival of Roses, Morton & Moore. The Mat. Daily, 25c. Bandit, Avery & Hart.

Columbia Burlesque. Daily Mats. (Except Sat.) B'way & 47th. 15c to 50c. Eve. & Sat. Mat. 25 to $1. Smoking.

Glenn H. Curtiss presents J. C. MARS, EUGENE ELY, J. A. D. McCURDY, AUGUSTUS POST in various interesting and exciting Aeroplane Contests AT Sheepshead Bay Race Track. Friday, Aug. 26. Saturday, Aug. 27. Sunday, Aug. 28. 4:2 P. M. GENERAL ADMISSION, 50c.

NORTH BEACH FREE FIREWORKS TUES. & THURS. Boats East 90th and 134th Streets. Direct Trolley via Queensboro Bridge. GRAND CARNIVAL, SEPT. 8, 9, 10.

MANHATTAN BEACH PAIN'S FIREWORKS TO-NIGHT

DREAMLAND Original Jefferies-Johnson Moving Pictures. Take Iron Steamboats.

THAT'S THE BRIGHTON BRIGHTON BEACH. CARRIE DEMAR, The Bathing Girls, Seldom's Living Art Studies, Hoey & Lee, Gordon & Marks, others.

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SUMMER RESORTS.

PENNSYLVANIA.

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Norway Will Not Put Ban on Our Boneless Meats.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 26.—The State Department received word to-day that Norway will not put the ban on boneless meats shipped from the United States to that country in the hope of checking the substitution of horseflesh for cattle beef. Norway, according to the State Department, is convinced that the meat shipped into the country from the United States is bona fide cow meat and that the horse meat comes from elsewhere.

SUMMER RESORTS

PENNSYLVANIA.

Delaware Water Gap

THE IDEAL HOTEL AT WHICH TO SPEND THE AUTUMN SEASON. THE KITTATINNY. The leading hotel at Delaware Water Gap. Beautiful illustrated booklet on application, containing views, auto maps, etc., mailing free. Special September and October rates. G. FRANK GROW.

NEW YORK.

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