

PLACE HUPPUGH WILL TAKE

ASSED TO SUCCEED JOHN N. CARLISLE ON P. S. COMMISSION.

Tammany Men Think That the Senatorship is Going to Gerard Who Missed the Governorship—Gaynor's Intimates Say Keep Your Eyes on Shepard.

Senator-elect Dix and Mr. Dix dined at the Hotel Manhattan last evening. Mr. Huppugh has been asked to succeed John N. Carlisle of Watertown on the upstate Civil Service Commission.

George W. Batten of Lockport, Democratic State committee man for the Forty-seventh Senate district, comprising Niagara and Orleans counties, and other intimates of Charles F. Murphy were at the Knickerbocker Hotel.

Mr. Murphy while continuing to refuse to express publicly a preference for United States Senator is constantly with Supreme Court Justice Gerard.

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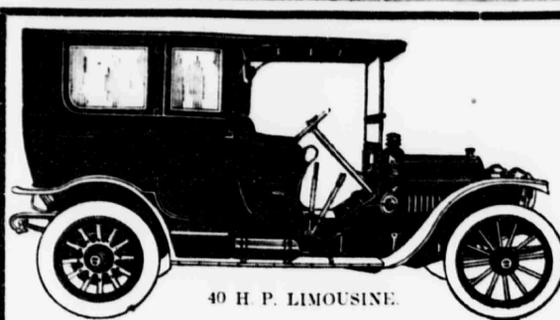
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40 H. P. LIMOUSINE.

ALCO Town Cars Now Here

Silence and elegance, with that balanced proportion of size and power and weight peculiar to the ALCO product.

Early deliveries on touring cars and trucks. A stock touring ALCO, by winning The Vanderbilt Cup two years in succession, gave the greatest demonstration of efficiency and endurance ever known.

American Locomotive Company logo and address: BROADWAY & 82D ST., NEW YORK. Home of The Vanderbilt Cup.

J. ROGERS MAXWELL DEAD.

Long Head of New Jersey Central A Stroke of Apoplexy.

John Rogers Maxwell, a director in many railroad and industrial corporations, died of apoplexy last night at his home, 78 Eighth avenue, Brooklyn.

Mr. Maxwell was 61 years old. He married Maria L. Washburn, daughter of the late Horatio W. Washburn of West Bridgewater, Mass.

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HARD TASK FOR ARMY OF DIAZ

MEXICAN REBELS WANT FIGHT—TROOPS FEAR AMBUSH.

Uprising South of Capital Put Down, but Yaqui Indians Take the Warpath—Regular Officers and Soldiers Desert—Texas Town Fears Attack.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 11.—The rebels still hold Guerrero. Information received today from a traveller from the north is to the effect that Gen. Navarro will encounter much difficulty in taking the place.

The Government issued a statement yesterday that no battle has been fought. So far the Government troops have met with only insignificant opposition on their march.

It is not expected that the rebels will stand and fight. A private despatch says that the troops are proceeding slowly, fearing an ambush.

The country near Chihuahua city is desert land and near Guerrero it is mountainous and thinly settled.

Reports concerning the treatment of Americans in the disturbed district are conflicting. The Government asserts that the rebels are robbing and burning property indiscriminately.

The outbreaks near Puebla and in other parts of the country to the south have subsided. Much depends on the expected battle in the north.

The Government is doing its utmost to mean much toward the spread of disaffection. Should the Diaz troops win, the trouble will degenerate into a task of hunting down bandits.

It is impossible to learn the number of men supporting Madero. They are variously estimated at from 1,000 to 10,000.

It is said that many Americans are fighting with Madero. Many American and Mexican families are leaving the northern district for the United States and Mexico.

Aside from the north the conditions in the republic are much as usual. To judge from conditions in the capital it is hard to believe that a revolution is in progress.

The greatest effect of the trouble has been the searing away of American and other foreign capital.

Several big deals for mines and tracts of land have been called off until the Government definitely subdues the north.

The report that a young son of Minister Creel had been captured by the rebels, who were holding him for ransom, is denied by Señor Creel.

Amador Gonzalez, who headed the unofficial peace commission sent by merchants of Chihuahua to treat with the rebels, arrived in Mexico city yesterday.

He said in an interview that the commission had been unable to deal with the rebels, who did not care to speak about surrender.

He believed the whole district was in arms. He spoke with several of the rebel leaders, but it was impossible to get them together to consider in a body propositions to lay down their arms.

The leader suggested that the Government should send an expedition to range a conference. Señor Gonzalez added that he was unable to give any estimate of the number of rebels, but they are very strong in the affected district.

United Cigar Stores lie

all along the path over which Santa Claus takes his joyous way.

No gift so welcome as a box of cigars—the favorite brand of the man it's for. We never showed finer assortments than are displayed this season.

UNITED CIGAR STORES logo and address: 100 N. 5th St., New York.

town last night, mysteriously marched away for some reason. They were numerous enough to take the town as it has no soldiers, but they rode off up the river early this morning.

The telegraph wire of the Mexican Government between Juarez, opposite El Paso and Ojinaga has been cut.

MEXICAN EDITORS JAILED. Convicted of Libelling Management of Government Railway Hospital.

MONTREY, Mexico, Dec. 11.—In the criminal court here Ricardo Arenales, director, and Owaldo Sanchez, editor of El Expediente, a newspaper, were found guilty of publishing libelous articles against the management of the hospital of the National Railways of Mexico in Monterrey.

Arenales was sentenced to two years and eight months imprisonment and a fine of \$750 and Sanchez to eleven months imprisonment and a fine of \$500.

WHOLE PROVINCES FLOODED. Enormous Damage in Spain—Some Loss of Life and Great Suffering.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, Dec. 11.—The severe storm which set in throughout Spain three days ago continues with little or no abatement in its violence.

The greater part of the province of Toledo is inundated and the damage there is immense. The River Tagus is out of its banks and trains everywhere in the province have been delayed or prevented entirely from running.

At Seville the River Guadalquivir has risen to an unparalleled height. Three persons have been drowned in that city. The municipal officials are doing everything possible to minimize the damage and to aid the people who have been driven from their homes by the rising waters.

The River Genil, thirty miles from Cordova, has overflowed and completely inundated the fields along its banks. The damage here is very great.

The provinces of Asturias and Galicia, in northwestern Spain, have been cut off from all communication by the violence of the storm. Telegraph and telephone lines are down in all directions, the railways are flooded, in some instances long stretches of track having been washed out, and the country roads in all directions are impassable.

The Guadalquivir River is twenty-eight feet above its normal height, and the country along both its banks resembles an inland sea. A dozen small towns between Seville and Bonanza have been engulfed.

The River Douro registers twenty-one feet over flood. At Zamora the people have been driven out of their homes and are taking refuge in the cellars of the churches and on the roofs of their houses.

NO LOAN FOR EL MOKRI. Spanish Newspaper Denies a Batch of Rumors About Moroccan Indemnity.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, Dec. 11.—The Imperial denies a report that Mulai Hafid, Sultan of Morocco, has refused to ratify the treaty providing for the payment by Morocco of an indemnity to Spain to meet the expense of the recent war with the Moroccan tribesmen at Melilla.

The paper likewise denies that El Mokri, the Sultan's representative, negotiated with France a loan to meet the indemnity.

CLUB RABBI WISE CONTEMNS

FOR EXCLUDING WORTHY JEWS AND LEAVING UNWORTHY IN.

Such as "The Vulgar Wrecker of a Life Insurance Company and a Dishonored Teacher of a University"—Some Further Remarks on Pseudo-Conversions.

In the course of his address at Carnegie Hall yesterday morning on "The Ethics of Conversion" Dr. Stephen S. Weiss said:

That a law in America become a Christian unless he be irresistibly impelled by religious conviction is to join the number of one's oppressors. We have no desire to retain or detain those who wish to escape.

The allegiance of the faterling is not worth having. "Blessed be God, who hath delivered us," but our own joy in deliverance does not affect the moral of the case and does not lessen by one jot or tittle the iniquity of those who basely and cruelly withdraw themselves from high and ancient fellowship because it means burdens, obligations, responsibilities.

Strange and harsh as these words may sound, I am much more contemptuous of the church that is willing to accept converts on the basis of insincerity than of the individual weak and pusillanimous enough to seek to be accepted upon such terms.

It is passing strange that much of the objection to the union meetings of the synagogue, the Unitarian and Universalist churches comes from those who spend much of their lives trying to meet on any plane—whether of social equality or social inequality—with non-Jews. Jews who have so little of self-reliance that they are willing to be accepted in non-Jewish societies upon any terms dictated by those associations with whom they expect.

On the other hand my appeal to-day is to Christendom, not to the Christianity of those who wish to be Christians at all, not to the Christianity of some other European lands, which is not Christianity, but to the Christianity of enlightened, liberalized America to ask the leaders of the American Christian churches whether they wish to have any Jewish men and women become Christians not as an act of faith or of life but merely to satisfy their own paltry social ambitions, merely that they may come into closer contact with those beings of social position and opportunity who do not closely fraternize with Jews.

At the same time attention should be called to the narrowness and prejudice of companies of men which deny to Jews the right of admission into certain circles because they are Jews and for no other reason. If some groups which have nothing but money choose to exclude Jews from their inner circles unless the Jews pay heavily for the privilege, as some are willing to do, that is their own business, and I, for my part, rejoice at the stoutness and pity the shulins. But when a company of non-purporting to other than the fellow-shulins, literature, science, art and religion virtually exclude Jews from membership in that club, and that they do so on the basis of their own prejudice, and that all they stand for or purport to stand for is a neutralized and doled by their acts.

If, for example, one finds that in a New York club with a membership of one thousand and more there are not more than half a dozen Jews, and that virtually all of these have taken themselves out of the Jewish fellowship, when one finds respectable names on that roll, and I use the term "respectable" deliberately and advisedly, and am ready to give the names and challenge the test of the courts in making mention of them, the name of a vulgar wrecker of a life insurance company, the name of a dishonored teacher of a university, and on the other hand, failing to find the names of certain Jews, in every way entitled not merely to gain admission to that club but worthy to be asked to lend the honor of their names and the dignity of their achievements to that club, then I say that club ought to be held in contempt, a contempt exceeded only by that of a club that ever decent self-respecting Jew ought to feel ashamed to be held in contempt, the number of a club which on principle, save for limited exceptions, shuts out Jews from its membership.

The Cutaway Frock Coat has its own special function. Essentially a dressy garment, the cutaway is not given its due share of appreciation, merely because enough men do not consider its appropriateness for many semi-formal occasions.

In England the cutaway is popular as a "walking" coat, as well as for afternoon social functions; so, too, is it regarded on this side of the water by men who heed the niceties of dress.

Equally proper is the cutaway for business wear when fashioned of fancy materials. For semi-formal dress it is made of rough or smooth black or oxford cloths.

Our Cutaway coats and waistcoats and Cutaway suits are created by our own designers and craftsmen, beautifully modeled, are distinctive in appearance and elegantly finished.

Of rough or smooth worsteds, in various novelty patterns. Of black or oxford cloths, with flat braid or stitched edges.

Saks & Company

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Safe and Profitable "Temporary Investment"

If you have money awaiting permanent investment, a good plan is to deposit it with this Company and obtain a Certificate of Deposit, payable after so many months. Such "time certificates" bear a higher rate of interest than we can pay on deposits subject to demand. They produce income every day, from issue to redemption.

All deposits are safeguarded by large resources, banking experience, conservative management and a Directorate of unusual strength.

Confer with our officers in regard to your banking or trust business.

Trustee for Personal Trusts

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FIFTH AVENUE & 36TH STREET, NEW YORK

Given the same high-grade materials used in a Steinway, any piano builder could construct a piano; but it would not be a Steinway.

Steinway skill, experience, ability, can alone produce a piano of Steinway merit.

As an example of Steinway value, see and hear the Steinway Miniature Grand. Ebonized case, \$800.

Pianos of all makes taken in exchange. Time payments if desired. Also pianos for rent.

Steinway Hall is always open to visitors. Easily reached. Subway express station at the door.

STEINWAY & SONS, Steinway Hall, 107-109 E. 14th St., New York.

MRS. SHELDON DEAD.

Explorer and Author of Many Books Passes Away in London.

LONDON, Dec. 11.—Mrs. M. French Sheldon, fellow of the Royal Geographical Society, is dead. She was born in the United States, being a daughter of the late Col. Joseph French, U. S. A., and Dr. Elizabeth French, physician, philanthropist, author and lecturer.

She married Eli Lemon Sheldon, an English Quaker on his father's side, and French and German on her mother's.

Mrs. Sheldon was an explorer, author of many books and the translator of many more, and a playwright. She lectured in the United States and Europe on her personally conducted expeditions to Africa in 1891 and on science, ethics and symbolism. She studied medicine and was licensed as a doctor. She was a pupil of Cleopatra as a sculptor.

She made three journeys around the world, making historical and ethnological research. She owned and conducted the publishing house of Saxton & Co. for many years and was constantly engaged in editorial work. The French Government placed an edition of her translation of "Salammbo" in Flaubert's tomb at Rouen.

Mrs. William A. Courson died yesterday at the Whittany, Morristown, N. J., after having been staying with her daughter, Miss Courson, Mrs. W. A. Courson, widow of the late William A. Courson, a New York lawyer.

Mrs. Courson lived at her home, Edgewater, N. J., until she came into Morristown to spend the winter. Besides Miss Courson, Mrs. Courson leaves three other daughters, Mrs. Howard P. Lewis of London, England; Mrs. Edward P. Thompson of New York; and Mrs. Herbert B. Robson of Chicago, and also two sons, Alfred Courson of Maryland and William A. Courson of Georgia.

Samuel McBurney, secretary and treasurer of the Hudson River Railway Company, died on Saturday night at his home, 7 Kensington street, New York City, in his seventeenth year, of a disease of the heart, being detained by defective duty at Washington. He was a third grade seaman. He leaves a wife and one daughter.

Col. William N. Gray, a well known resident of the Fifth New York Regiment in the Civil War, died yesterday. He was 82 years old and is survived by his wife, two sons and two daughters.

ROBERT R. WHERRY A SUICIDE

Former New Yorker Despondent Because of Ill Health.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Dec. 11.—With a hole from a rifle bullet in his head, the body of Robert Ralph Wherry, said to be highly connected in New York, was found tonight at the foot of the M. I. Wilson trail at Sierra Madre, where he had shot himself when convinced he would never recover his health.

Wherry was a graduate of Princeton and of the New York Law School. He was 37 years old. He was a son of Dr. George Wherry of Brooklyn, who for a number of years was a missionary at Peking, China. He leaves two brothers in Brooklyn and a sister in Paris, France. His wife and two children live at Sierra Madre.

Wherry came from the East four weeks ago and purchased one of the finest houses in Sierra Madre. He was ill all the time of his residence there and that fact so pressed on him that his mind became affected.

STRIKES RUINING SPAIN.

Driving the People to Emigrate—Government to Pass New Laws.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, Dec. 11.—The situation arising from the alarming increase in the emigration from Spain has caused the Minister of the Interior to prepare a bill for presentation to the Cortes adjusting such emigration to the necessities of the country in a manner different from any ever adopted by any nation.

It is said that the emigration is causing great distress, especially in Andalusia, where the officials declare that many persons are being forced to leave the country by the increasing number of strikes.

Towing Lined Schooner to New York

RINGSTON, Jamaica, Dec. 11.—The tug Luckenbach started today for New York, having in tow the schooner Thomas S. Dennison, which put into this port after having been damaged on a voyage from Porto Rico to New York.

GALLAGHER MAY BE INSANE.

Major Gaynor's Assailant Gives Erratic Answers to Doctors' Questions.

He said and probably the last examination by alienists for the state of James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor, took place yesterday afternoon at the Hudson county jail in Jersey city.

The physicians subjected the prisoner to mental and physical tests for over two hours. The alienists were Dr. William J. Aron of Hoboken, Dr. John D. McGill of Jersey city, Dr. George H. Sexsmith of Rahway and Dr. Frank Cotton of Trenton.

In addition to the alienists, the following were present: Dr. John J. Reilly of 50 West 14th street, New York, an expert in the defense; Lawyer Alexander J. Conner of Jersey city; Gallagher's counsel and prosecutor of Pleas Pierce Parnell.

The doctors took turns in asking Gallagher questions, and Dr. Reilly at the close of the quizzing.

"Did you steal your watch would it kill him?" asked Dr. McGill. "I don't know," replied Gallagher. "If it was a good watch, it is a good watch."

The doctors asked the man several questions for the purpose of learning whether he was sane. He answered them in a way that they received with a good deal of interest. He said that he was sane and that he was sane and that he was sane.

PROF. HUCHARD DIES IN PARIS.

Leading French Doctor Was an Authority on the Heart and Nerves.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, Dec. 11.—Prof. Henri Huchard died today.

Dr. Henri Huchard was one of the most distinguished physicians of France. As a writer on diseases of the nerves and heart he was widely known. He was an