

TABLET TO PENN UNVEILED

MUCH UNOAKLIKE POMP AND PRAISE OF WAR.

Chief of the table at Ceremony in All Saints Church, Harking Banquet in Banquet Halls With Synchronizing Lunch in Philadelphia Arbitration

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—The bronze tablet in memory of William Penn was unveiled today at the Church of All Saints, 1000 North 11th Street, where the great orator was baptized. Col. Robert M. Thompson, president of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, who presided, gave an address in which he referred to the opportunity of the time for unveiling a memorial to the peace-maker of the United States and Great Britain who were approaching each other more closely than ever in amity and peace.

Mr. Thompson, the Lord Mayor of London, Lady Strong, the niece of the Chamberlain and ex-Lord Mayor Sir Joseph Dunsford, a descendant of William Penn, all in their sable trimmed coats and chains of office, with mace and civic sword borne before them, were present. They were flanked by a delegation of Boy Scouts, Commander Simpson, the Naval Attaché, was the only representative of the American Embassy in attendance at the ceremony. Admiral Lord Charles Beresford and Col. Thompson received the guests, among whom were Lord Ranfurly, Thomas Penn Caskelly, Col. Dugald Stewart Cause and Alexander W. Fox, all descendants of William Penn; James M. Beck and R. T. Davies of New York and Benjamin Thaw and J. T. Shepard of Scranton, Pa.

The halls of the Duke of Sutherland's Stafford House, one of the most sumptuous mansions in Europe, gave an incongruous setting to the dinner in the evening in honor of the simple virtues of William Penn. Col. Robert M. Thompson, president of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, who presided at the dinner, wore upon his chest the Japanese order of the Rising Sun and the star of the order upon the left side of his waistcoat. They completely outshone the decorations worn by Viscount Kitchener, Lord Charles Beresford, Sir Hedworth Lambton and other distinguished Britishers present.

Some of the speeches were of a nature to disturb Penn in his grave. There was a nominal glorification of arbitration between the United States and Great Britain, but it drifted into a declaration for the necessity of maintaining armaments in order to be the arbiters of peace. Col. Thompson repeated the address he made in the afternoon at the unveiling of the tablet to Penn. He was followed by Vice-Admiral Sir Hedworth Lambton, in a feeling humor got off the epigram: "The efficiency of our navy has been the ruination of our officers."

Speaking of early conditions in America, he said that the French and English occasionally had periods of peace, with the result that they were both spoiled by the Indians. "If we went on talking peace and money went on talking, the same thing would happen again. 'There is too much peace talk,' said the speaker, "it is womanish."

Sir Hedworth concluded by saying that it was foolish to think that merely talking peace was going to make the Continental countries fall into line. Rear Admiral Chadwick followed with a speech on similar lines, glorifying force as the best insurer of peace. Lord Kitchener spoke again, his text being the words of the United States and Great Britain. "Incidentally," he mentioned that Australia had started a military academy on the lines of the one at West Point.

James M. Beck brought the meeting back to the sense of the occasion as well as Penn's great dream of pacification, adding that the arbitration treaty was not worth the parchment upon which it was written unless it was backed by a pacific disposition to carry out its provisions.

The Duke's dining hall echoed to the clinking of a message from a synchronizing lunch in Philadelphia.

Among the guests were Curtis Guild, United States Ambassador to Russia; Rear Admiral Capps, Commander Edward Simpson, naval attaché to Ambassador Reid; Henry Phillips, G. F. Baer, Baron Desborough, Sir Laurence Alma-Tadema, Ambassador and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid and the party after dinner.

PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—Former Gov. Pennypacker, president of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; Mayor Reymann and John Bell, State Attorney-General, representing Gov. Tener, were guests of honor this afternoon at Col. Robert M. Thompson, president of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, at a William Penn memorial luncheon at the Bellevue-Stratford.

The luncheon was held simultaneously with the international banquet in honor of Penn in Stafford House, London, the home of the Duke of Sutherland. Other guests were Judge Robert Helston, Dr. Pennypacker, a descendant of Penn; S. H. P. Pell of New York; Arthur L. Hatch, a trustee representing the University of Pennsylvania; Dr. Gregory H. Rose, secretary of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania; Edgar M. Church, Jr., of the Historical Society.

Direct radio communication was established between tables here and in London and messages and speeches were exchanged. Secretary of State Knox, former and former Senator William C. Clegg, vice-president of the Pennsylvania Society of New York, though unable to attend the luncheon, sent telegrams to the London diners the answers of which were received at the Bellevue-Stratford here.

AMERICA'S TREATY WITH BRITAIN. Table Paper Proposes to Set Off Russia Against the U. S.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PHILADELPHIA, July 13.—The newspapers here today took up the suggestion of the London Times that the Anglo-Japanese alliance should be revised in order to bring it into harmony with the proposed arbitration treaty between the United States and Great Britain. The London Times says it is welcome to the suggestion for the purpose of the alliance with Great Britain was to secure the maintenance of the integrity of China and the independence of Persia in the Far East. It says, however, that it would support the suggestion only as regards combination against other England or Japan.

METTERNICH A SWINDLER.

Nephew of German Ambassador to London on Trial.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, July 13.—Berlin is interested and amused over the trial of the young Count Metternich, a nephew of Count Wolff-Metternich, the German Ambassador at London, on the charge of cheating his creditors and living extravagantly on an allowance of \$7 a month from his angry father. The Count's defense is that he had every prospect of marrying Gertrude Westheim, the daughter of the millionaire owner of one of Berlin's big stores.

The mother of the girl, however, denied that there was any idea of the Count's marriage to her daughter, who is in love with a German officer, and broke off her acquaintance with the young Count on learning that he had borrowed money from a hotel waiter in order to pay for cakes which the family wanted at a tea party.

The Count has been in jail for nine months awaiting trial for card swindles at various Continental capitals under the leadership of Baron Korff-Koning, alias Rudolph Stralman, who is well known in the United States.

W. S. RODIE DIES IN PARIS. Was a Governor of the Manhattan Club Worked for Judge Parker.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, July 13.—William S. Rodie, one of the governors of the Manhattan Club, New York, and who was active in managing the campaign of Judge Parker when the latter ran for President, died here yesterday of nephritis.

He returned from Royan les Bains a week ago. The body will be taken to New York for burial.

William S. Rodie, chairman of the executive committee of the State Democratic committee, was born in Cold Spring and spent much of his younger days in Ulster county, beginning his working life as a telegraph operator and then getting a place as clerk in a coal office finally becoming sales agent and one of the active heads of the Delaware and Hudson coal company. In Ulster county he became acquainted with Judge Alton B. Parker. When Judge Parker was nominated for the Presidency in 1904 he sought out Mr. Rodie, who had moved to New York, as his campaign manager.

Mr. Rodie went through the records of his party in the State and put them on a card index basis so that an idea of the value of each party worker could be gained. He revolted when William J. Conners gained control of the State organization, but returned as chairman of the executive committee at the request of W. H. Field, which when the latter became State chairman.

Mr. Rodie was a director of the Coal and Iron National Bank and a member of the board of governors of the Manhattan Club.

STIMSON AT PANAMA. Secretary of War the Guest of Col. Goethals at Cuba.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PANAMA, July 13.—Secretary of War Stimson and Mrs. Stimson arrived at Colon today about noon on board the steamship Santa Marta, accompanied by Major-General Leonard Wood. The party left shortly afterward on a special train for Cuba, where it will have its headquarters as the guests of Col. Goethals.

Goethals and members of the Canal Commission and Gov. Obaldia on behalf of the Panama Government, met the Stimson party and tendered them a cordial welcome.

Minister Dawson arrived this morning on board the North Carolina from Venezuela and left at noon for New York on the Almirante.

THE POPE THINKS OF THE POOR. Reduces Holy Days of Obligation and Fasting Requirements.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. ROME, July 13.—The Pope, in view of the increased cost of living, has issued an encyclical to reduce the number of holy days of obligation and fast days. The Pope has decided to abolish the obligation to fast on the days of St. Joseph and St. John the Baptist and Corpus Christi, which heretofore have been solemnized on the nearest Sunday.

Catholics must continue to attend mass on Sundays, Christmas, New Year's, Twelfth day, Ascension day, Assumption day, All Saints day, and the feasts of the Immaculate Conception and of St. Peter and St. Paul. If any such feast shall fall on a fasting day the Pope dispenses with the obligation of fasting.

GOGORZA-EMMES CEREMONY. Singers Wed Again in Paris Church—Honey-moon in Switzerland.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, July 13.—The religious marriage ceremony between Emma Emmes and Emilio de Gogorza was performed this morning at the Church of St. Pierre.

WALES SOLEMNLY INVESTED

ANCIENT CEREMONY REVISED AT CARNARVON CASTLE.

Great Enthusiasm Among the People Gorgeous Pageantry and Patriotic Song—Prince Pledges Fidelity to His Duties—Fine Picture in Fine Frame.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CARNARVON, Wales, July 13.—The quaint ceremony of the investiture of King George's eldest son as Prince of Wales took place at Carnarvon Castle today. The weather was considered favorable, although it was intensely hot. A crowd of visitors, many of whom were from Manchester, Liverpool and adjoining cities and towns, began pouring in early this morning, and by 9 o'clock the narrow streets of the old Welsh capital were thronged with thousands of people who were eagerly watching for the first sign of the royal processions.

At the grand old castle built by Edward I, nobles of the principality and locality and many from London assembled to greet the royal guests. A finer setting for the day's solemn ceremonial could not be conceived than the ancient fortress with its five great towers and the weather-worn battlements on which stood trumpeters awaiting the coming of King George and Queen Mary and the Prince of Wales.

Rehearsal in a courtyard directly behind the dais was the renowned Welsh choir, 1,000 strong, in the quaint national dress of Mother Hubbard hoods adorned with the leek, Red Riding Hood cloaks and dainty short skirts of different colors. In the center of the outer bailey was a royal dais covered with a grass green carpet. Overhead was a canopy of green and white canvas. Tapestry of green and gold, which were the prevailing colors, decked the thrones of the King and Queen.

The first procession to enter the great court was that of the Prince of Wales. As it left the Eagle Tower six bars of the national anthem were played, followed by a verse of "God Bless the Prince of Wales." When the Prince arrived at the foot of the staircase leading to the platform opposite the Chamberlain's Tower the massed choir sang one verse of "God Save the King" in English, and "God Bless the Prince of Wales" in Welsh.

The Prince then entered the Chamberlain's Tower, which was guarded by Sir Herbert Williams-Wynn and Sir Martyn Lloyd, bearing respectively the standards of the Welsh dragon and the white wolf-hound, there to await the arrival of the King.

The King and Queen arrived at the castle half an hour after the Prince. Having taken their seats on the thrones of the dais, his Majesty commanded the Earl Marshal, the Duke of Norfolk, to direct the King of Arms to summon the Prince of Wales to his presence, whereupon Garter, accompanied by the lords who bore the regalia, proceeded to the Prince's pavilion. The Prince's procession was then formed, the lords bearing the regalia walking immediately before the Prince.

As the procession approached the dais Garter, with due ceremony delivered the letters patent to the Lord Great Chamberlain, who presented them to the King. The King in turn handed them to the Home Secretary. In the meantime the Prince had reached the dais and passing between the lords bearing the regalia he made three separate obeisances before kneeling upon a cushion in front of the King.

Winston Churchill as Home Secretary then read out the letters patent. The Prince then knelt to do homage for the principality of Wales and the earldom of Wales.

The King then raised the Prince from his kneeling posture and saluted him on either cheek. The Prince then proceeded to a chair on the right hand of the King's throne and a short religious service followed, beginning with the hymn "O God, Our Help in Ages Past." After the benediction had been pronounced and the first verse of the national anthem sung the King and Queen, with the Prince of Wales walking between them, proceeded first to the Queen's Gate, when their presence was heralded by a fanfare sounded by trumpeters stationed on the battlements above the gate. Here the King made the first presentation of the Prince to the people assembled outside. Those at once burst into the moving strains of "The Land of Our Fathers," the national song of Wales, into the singing of which the Welshman pours all the passion of the Celtic character.

The King, Queen and Prince then returned to the dais, where in their absence a procession has been formed. Concluded by this and followed by their suites, they next proceeded to the King's Gate. Their appearance was again heralded by a fanfare of trumpets, and again advancing with the Queen and the Prince to the gate the King presented his son to the people without. Rejoicing the procession they moved on until they reached the platform facing the lower bailey of the castle, where the

TWO KILLED IN AUTO CRASH

MRS. BURNETT'S CAR STRUCK BY A CONSTRUCTION MOTOR.

The Dead Are Her Secretary, Frank T. Jordan, and Miss Edith Johnstone—Miss Mildred Johnstone May Die of Injuries—Two Children Badly Hurt.

Frank T. Jordan, a brother-in-law and the secretary of Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett, the author, and Miss Edith Johnstone, a sister of Gilbert Johnstone, secretary of the United States Printing Company at 11 West 116th Street, were killed yesterday morning in a collision between Mrs. Burnett's automobile, in which they were riding, and a heavy construction car on a trolley line at the junction of Pandemon Road and Middle Neck road, between Port Washington and Roslyn, L. I. Miss Mildred Johnstone, another sister of Gilbert Johnstone, was so severely injured that she is hardly expected to recover. The physicians fear that her spine is broken. Of the two other persons in the automobile Louise Johnstone, a six-year-old niece of Gilbert Johnstone and a daughter of Samuel T. Johnstone of Baltimore, had her left arm broken, and her sister, Hope Johnstone, aged 14, had her right leg broken.

The accident occurred at 10:30 o'clock, while the party was on its way from Plandome, where both Mrs. Burnett and Mr. Johnstone have their homes, to Port Washington. Mr. Jordan and his wife, a sister of Mrs. Burnett, lived with the author. The Johnstones are near neighbors and close friends. Samuel T. Johnstone, a Baltimore dry goods merchant, brought his two children up to spend several weeks with their uncle and aunt a week ago and returned home last Tuesday.

Mrs. Burnett had planned to go with the automobile party yesterday morning, but was kept at home by other affairs. As the party started off in Mrs. Burnett's 30-horse-power machine Mr. Jordan was driving, and Miss Edith Johnstone, the elder of the two sisters, was a year old, and had her right leg broken.

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POLITICAL RIOT IN LIMA.

Government Agents Start Trouble at Opening of Congress.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LIMA, Peru, July 13.—The preliminary sessions of the Congress were opened this afternoon by Miro Quesada, the President of the Chamber of Deputies.

The Government had not sent a guard to keep order and a group of secret police when the Deputies were retiring provoked trouble by a series of "vivas" for the Government and shouts of death for the Congress.

Over 300 revolver shots were fired and two bystanders were killed and several wounded. Fortunately none of the Deputies was hurt, but Quesada's hat was smashed by a stone. The public are indignant.

LAMPERT & HOLT IN COMBINE. Royal Mail at the Head of 140 Ship Service to South America.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, July 13.—Following the recent amalgamation of the Pacific Steam Navigation and the Royal Mail Steamship companies a new arrangement has been concluded bringing in the Lampert & Holt Line. This establishes a cooperation of about 140 ships in the South American trade.

The Lampert & Holt Line is not purchased by the former combination but is working in cooperation. The Lampert becomes a limited company of which Sir Owen Phillips, chairman of the Royal Mail, and Baron Pirrie are to be members of the directing board.

APPEAL WENT WRONG. Sentence of French Public Document Thief Increased on Review.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, July 13.—The courts today announced their decision in the matter of the appeal of the convicted Foreign Office clerk, Rene Rouet, and others who sold Government documents. Rouet's sentence of two years in prison was increased to three and the two year sentence of Maitrot was confirmed.

The minor clerk, whose sentence of three months was reduced to one month. The original sentences were imposed June 2.

ATLANTIC POOL CONTINUED. Steamship Conference Reach No New Deal, but Prolong the Old One.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, July 13.—The shipping conference that has been going on here all this week ended its sessions to-day and will not meet again for the present. The representatives of the lines failed to frame a new pool or rate agreement, but renewed the modus vivendi of the old pooling arrangements, which will be maintained until October 31.

In the meantime a committee will discuss points disputed by the Germans and other lines. It is hoped that when the conference meets again in October it will be able to come to a lasting agreement.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Information which has come to the Department of Justice concerning the conference of the North Atlantic steamship companies, which is in progress in London, indicates that there will not be a renewal of the pooling agreements for the control of the immigrant traffic business to the United States. The conference is being held for the purpose of determining whether these pooling agreements shall be continued.

The Department of Justice has pending in the courts a suit to break up this control of the immigrant business.

The Government's suit seeks an injunction against the companies forming the steamship trust to prevent them from engaging in traffic from American ports because of alleged illegal control of the immigrant traffic. It was brought under the Sherman anti-trust law and the question was presented to whether in cases where the States courts had jurisdiction in cases where the agreements were made between foreign companies in other countries.

The Government contended that so long as these agreements resulted in a violation of the anti-trust laws in the commerce of this country the United States courts had jurisdiction. This suit was to have been pushed as quickly as possible if the agreements between the companies were persisted in.

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Saks Sale of Men's Summer Clothes

continues today and tomorrow

Formerly 28.00, 30.00, 33.00, 35.00, 38.00 & 40.00

at 22.00

Whist the unusual price of 22.00 is undoubtedly the chief factor in the continued large attendance at this sale, it would seem that the terrific heat has had a tendency to augment rather than diminish that attendance. The urgent need of the lightest weight clothes, the general preference for Saks direct tailoring, and this unusual attraction in price, have combined to make the present sale the most notable yet held.

Moreover, despite the depletion of quantities, the sizes and fabrics are still intact in range. Thus, every man is assured of what he wants, whether his fancy runs to worsteds, flannels, fancy serges or velour finished cassimeres, and no matter what his longitude and latitude may happen to be.

Three garment models, half or quarter lined, and made to retain their lines in spite of their loose-fitting qualities. At 22.00, we regard these suits as a new high-water mark in values.

Sale of Men's Silk Half Hose value 1.00 today and Saturday 59c

The better to appreciate what fine hose value this is at 59c, let us first tell you how good a value it would be at a dollar.

No better half hose has ever been offered at a dollar. It is as good a dollar half hose as you can buy anywhere, Saks included. Made of heavy, rich, lustrous silk, soft to the feet and durable in quality, with lisle double sole and spliced heel and toe.

If, therefore, it is such excellent value for a dollar, how immeasurably better a value it is at this special price of 59c. Black, tan, grey, navy blue, royal blue, helio, Burgundy, purple and green. All sizes, including yours.

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

WAR IN SIX STATES OF MEXICO. MADERISTAS DEFEATED BY FEDERALISTS IN PUEBLA.

Loss 150 Killed and 80 Wounded—City Decorates for Madero All the Same Trouble in Guadalajara, Jalisco, Oaxaca, San Luis Potosi and Chiapas.

MEXICO CITY, July 13.—Latest reports from Puebla say that in a fight last night the Maderistas lost 150 killed and eighty seriously wounded, while the Federalists suffered a loss of twelve killed and twenty wounded. The fighting ceased at 7 o'clock this morning, but more trouble is feared, as the Maderistas announce that 1,000 Maderista soldiers from the States of Morelos and Guerrero have been summoned to their assistance and they will renew the battle.

Madero arrived at Puebla at 10 o'clock this morning. It is believed that his presence will have a calming influence, but the situation continues critical. In spite of the battle Puebla is gayly decorated in honor of Madero and most of the populace left off making an inspection of the battlefield in order to join in the welcome to him.

Despatches from Guadalajara say that trouble is anticipated there on account of the political differences of several divisions of the Maderista party. A meeting was held last night to choose a provisional Governor. It broke up in a row, and during the fighting in the streets

afterward several persons were injured. The State of Jalisco is at present without a Governor or Legislature, as the provisional Governor, Allende, appointed several weeks ago by Madero, after discharging the Legislature resigned in order to become a candidate at the fall elections.

The entire force of the Mexican railway shops at Orizaba, numbering 500 men, struck to-day because fifty men were discharged on account of lack of work. The strikers declare that they will not return to work unless their companions are restored to their jobs. As all the road's repair shops are at Orizaba it is feared that the strike will seriously cripple the road unless an agreement be arrived at soon.

MONTEREY, Mexico, July 13.—Fighting between armed bands belonging to two different political factions has been in progress in the Goethal district of Oaxaca for several days and more than twenty persons have been killed and a large number wounded. Non-combatants are fleeing from that section.

The rioting in San Miguel Allende, State of San Luis Potosi, has been quelled by a force of Federal troops that was sent to that place for the purpose. The election for Governor of that State will take place next Sunday and intense excitement exists among the rival factions. The situation in the State of Chiapas is still acute. The armed force of 2,000 men that was in San Cristobal has not disbanded, but has moved out of the way of the Government troops sent there to restore order.

Thousands of Careworn Mothers and Sick Babies

Tenement District MUST GET RELIEF FROM

The Stifling Heat This Summer

Two thousand personal and written appeals for fresh air relief have been received up to date.

The average is over 50 families a day.

Our waiting list is growing daily.

Won't You Help Them?

Here are a few possibilities:

\$2.50 will send a suffering baby

\$5.00 will send a worn-out mother and child

\$10.00 will send a family

\$100.00 will send to mothers and 30 children

To Sea Breeze, Coney Island, For One Week

How many will you help to a breath of fresh air?

Send contribution to R. S. Minturn, Treas., Room 211, 105 East 22nd Street, N. Y. C. Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.

R. FULTON CUTTING, President.

Half-Yearly Sale of 15,000 High Grade Shirts

PLAIN NEGLIGEE AND PLEATED BOSOMS, SOFT AND STIFF FRENCH TURN-OVER AND STRAIGHT CUFFS, WITH OR WITHOUT ATTACHED OR DETACHED COLLARS.

Formerly \$1.50 & \$1.75

Reduced to \$1.10

Formerly \$2.50 & \$3.00

Reduced to \$1.85

Formerly \$2.00

Reduced to \$1.35

Formerly \$3.00 & \$3.50

Reduced to \$2.35

It is the Big Event which punctuates the year but twice. Big, because it involves fifteen thousand high-grade shirts fashioned of every conceivable fabric woven at home and abroad and the product of my own factory. Big, because the price revisions are extremely generous and general, instead of being confined to merely a certain class or style of garment.

And to answer any contention that might be offered, let me say this: Should at any time a garment of mine be other than entirely satisfactory, before or after you have worn it, return the garment and I shall refund the purchase price without quibble and with an apology.

The Fabrics (Anderson's Scotch Madras, White English Madras, Chambrays, Russian Corded Madras, Silk-and-Madras, French and English Flannels.

The Big Event in the collar industry is the advent of the new *Flax* DICTUM and for three good reasons: It seems high, it is low and offers