

BUILDING TO HOUSE SHOWS

ONE IS PLANNED TO SUCCEED MADISON SQUARE GARDEN.

Directors of Big Annual Exhibitions Will Meet Together This Afternoon on Ideas for a Structure the Plans for Which Are Already Under Way.

A new public exhibition building similar to the present Madison Square Garden will be erected shortly in this city to take the place of the Madison Square Garden, where for so many years the circus, horse show, automobile shows, sportsmen's show and other exhibitions have attracted thousands.

When the sale of the Madison Square Garden was finally announced the managers of the many shows that have filled the big amphitheatre were worried about their future. There has been some talk of a big building to outdo the London Olympia, but as yet nothing has come of that scheme.

The leases for the Garden for shows the coming winter were made with a clause allowing the Garden to cancel the lease on six months notice, and on September 5 the managers of the sportsmen's show, motor boat show, dog show and others received notices that their leases had been cancelled, as the work of demolishing the Garden would begin on February 4. The last show there will be the cement show and the band that plays "Home Sweet Home" on the night of February 4 will be the last to play in the Garden. Last year it was played at this show, but the noise of the rock breaking machinery drowned the music of his band and he left in a huff.

Steven M. Van Allen and W. J. Poth, interested in the Sportsmen's Show; David L. Van Nostrand, president of the First National Bank of Jamaica; Joseph Cassidy, ex-Borough President of Queens, and others have been busy planning for a new exhibition hall and their plans have progressed so far that this afternoon they met to tell them to the managers of the shows that have been in the Madison Square Garden. The scheme of the promoters is to get ideas from these managers about the new building and what they require for their different exhibitions. It is very probable too that at this meeting an association of show managers will be formed.

Those who have been invited to this meeting are:

- W. A. Klotte, motor boat show, 170 Whitton street, Jersey City; Henry R. Sutphen, motor boat show, 5 Nassau street; James T. Hyde, horse show, 18 East Twenty-third street; William Barnell, automobile show, 7 East Forty-second street; J. P. Beck, dog show, 72 West Adams street; Chicago, Edward Tipton, horse sale, Madison square tower; G. McClurg, land and irrigation show, 149 Broadway; A. L. Fierlein, business show, 130 Nassau street; A. M. Clainger, real estate show, 1 Madison square; Paul Pierce, national food show, 2 West Thirty-fourth street; J. H. V. Crawford, poultry show, Montclair, N. J.; M. L. Downs, automobile show, 7 East Forty-second street; C. H. Green, food show, 27 Broadway; E. Sudeford, dairy show, 151 Lake street; Chicago; Joseph T. McCaddon, Ringling Circus, 27 East Twenty-second street; John Ringling, Ringling Bros. Circus; Harry A. Cochrane, national household show, Fifth Avenue; United & Wickes, Southern exposition, 152 West Forty-sixth street; P. C. Conant, automobile show, Harriman Building, Fifth avenue; W. H. Robertson, promoter sporting events, 1 Beekman street; M. Eastwood, 46 West Fifty-eighth street; Mr. Lowry, Woodmen of the World, 1269 Broadway; James Mortimer, dog show, Hempstead street; J. L. D. Howells, poultry show, Mineola, L. I.; Major W. A. Turpin, director military equipment, 54 West Fifty-eighth street; Capt. Matthew Halpin, New York Athletic club, 58 West Fifty-ninth street; Robert L. Deaman, poultry show, Jericho, L. I.; Major J. H. Briggs, Old Guard, 222 West Fifty-third street; Frank McKee, Actors' Fund, 27 Broadway; E. J. Conway, Irish American Athletic games, 152 East Sixtieth street; Max Rabinoof, concerts, 145 West Forty-sixth street.

Some of these managers have written that they will be unable to attend because they are out of town, but they have made suggestions. Word has been received, however, from those interested in nearly all of the big shows and the meeting will be representative one.

The new building will be erected somewhere below Fifty-ninth street. Five stories are under consideration now. Four of these are west of Broadway, and the probability is that the one selected will provide an entrance on Broadway. The new arena is to be fully as large as the present Garden and it may be larger. Under the present law, however, such buildings must have an alleyway 10 feet wide all around the building for the fire escapes and this space will necessarily prevent the full extent of the land purchased being utilized for the building itself. The building is to be of steel construction with stone, brick and glass on the roof will be mostly of glass to give plenty of light.

Plans for this building are practically finished and nearly the whole space is to be occupied by the big amphitheatre, which perhaps one small hall in which lectures and auxiliary shows can be held. The promoters say they have the necessary funds for the purchase of the land and for the erection of the building, and other work has been started the building will be finished and ready for opening in a few months.

The meeting is to be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon in the office of the sportsmen's show, 339 Fifth avenue, and the plans will be exhibited and discussed then. R. Sutphen of the motor boat show is responsible for the meeting. In talking things over with the promoters he said he thought it would be a good thing to bring all the managers together to find out their views on a modern exhibition building and to try if possible to get one big building to suit all.

Jersey City Has a Very High Tide. There was a high tide last evening in Hudson river at the Erie Railroad terminal in Jersey City. The Hudson river discharged inland through a sewer pipe on the surface and flooded the street for a distance of 800 feet. The water was seven inches deep in some places and covered the sidewalks.

HUNT MURDERERS IN AERO.

René Simon Flies Over Corn Fields Looking for Fugitives.

WATERBURY, Ill., Sept. 19.—When René Simon arrived from Chicago this afternoon to make a flight at the Iroquois county fair his managers proposed that he take the aeroplane out to assist Sheriff James F. Ireland in the search for the murderers of Melville Bradrick of Crescent City. Simon assented and the search was begun. The three fugitives were believed to be hiding in cornfields north of this city. Bloodhounds had been unable to follow the trail. Three men answering the description of the slayers were seen southeast of St. Anne. Deputy Sheriff Wiley of Molineux organized a posse to hunt them.

"We will do anything we can to assist the Sheriff and his posse in the chase," said Charles Davis for the aviator. "I do not ought to be able to see any persons hiding in the fields."

Charles Bradrick, cousin of Melville, who was held all Monday afternoon by the fugitives, said the posses were within flying distance of him once. He recognized the voices of the searchers when he and his captors were hiding near a hedge. A telephone message from Crescent City reported that the posse had chased the bandits into a dense forest. It was believed that their capture was a question of only a few hours. There were 200 armed men in the posse. It was believed there would be a lynching if the men were caught.

CAN'T BOWL FOR THE CHURCH.

Methodist Pastor in Orange Gets His Team Out of the League.

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 19.—The prize team of the Church Bowling League of the Oranges, that of the Orange Methodist church, will not bowl this year because the new pastor of the church, the Rev. Dr. William A. Frye, does not like the idea of linking the name of the church with a bowling team. The pastor let his dislike be known to the captain of the team, J. Albert Hobbs, and to two other members. He also confided his attitude to the board of the church and the men's guild last night refused recognition to the team. To-day Hobbs withdrew from the league. He said that such a course was inevitable.

The pastor said to-day that he objected to having the team take the name of the church, though he insisted that he was not opposed to bowling. He refused to take the whole burden of the unpleasantness on himself because, he said, the official board of the church was of the same mind with him.

The teams now in the league are First Presbyterian of Orange; Central Presbyterian of Orange; Holy Trinity of West Orange, Calvary Methodist of East Orange, Bethel Presbyterian of East Orange, Munn Avenue Presbyterian of East Orange, First Congregational of East Orange, North Orange Baptist, Trinity Congregational of East Orange and First Baptist of East Orange.

PAT POWERS IS FINED.

Two Crowded Aisles Cost Fight Promoter \$100.

Two judgments amounting to \$100 were entered against Pat Powers as lessee and manager of the Madison Square Garden by Justice Sinnott in the Fourth District Municipal Court yesterday for permitting persons to sit and stand in aisles in the Garden at the Wells-Bronx fight last month. Capt. Doonick of the bureau of violations, representing the Fire Department, made the complaint, which stated that on the night of the fight he was present at the Garden and saw seven crowded in two aisles on the Twenty-sixth street side of the building. The application for the judgments was made by Corporation Counsel Watson.

Powers, upon whom a summons had been served, did not appear in court yesterday, nor was he represented by counsel.

DEMURRERS TO LIEUT. REED'S SUIT.

Wife of Capt. Eames Denies That Alleged Statements Were Damaging.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 19.—A demurrer in the slander suit brought by Walter L. Reed, First Lieutenant, United States Infantry, against Mrs. Margaret B. Eames has been filed in the Circuit Court. Mrs. Eames is the wife of Capt. Henry E. Eames, and Lieut. Reed, who has been stationed at Fort Benjamin Harrison, brought suit on July 15, alleging that Mrs. Eames had made slanderous statements about him.

It is contended in the demurrer that the Marion Circuit Court has no jurisdiction in the case, as the alleged slanderous statements were made on a reservation of the United States and that the United States courts only have jurisdiction. It is also averred in the demurrer that the complaint of the plaintiff does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action, and that what the defendant is alleged to have said is not slanderous even if she did say it.

NEW LLOYD LINER BIGGER

And Faster Than Her Sisters—Will Have an American Name.

Carl von Helldorf, general manager in America of the North German Lloyd line, who returned yesterday by the steamer Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, said he had seen the plans of the line's new steamship and that she would be completed two years hence and would be bigger than the George Washington, the biggest of the North German Lloyd fleet, but how much bigger he declined to say. She would also be faster than the Washington and would have an American name, to be divulged later.

THIEF TAKES A WINDOW DIVE

POLICE FIND \$6,000 WORTH OF ARTICLES IN HIS ROOM.

Young Burglar Had a Bank Account and Paid His Board Regularly—At Least Two Compliments Against Him—He Had No Time to Write Home Often.

Mrs. Florence Coyne returned from shopping yesterday afternoon to find a slim built young man rummaging about in the drawers of a bureau in the rear room of her apartment on the first floor of 241 State street, Brooklyn. The young man looked quite surprised when he saw Mrs. Coyne.

"I beg your pardon," he said with a bow. "You must really excuse me. I see I have made a mistake."

Mrs. Coyne agreed that he had made a mistake, but wasn't so clear about excusing him. She is a muscular woman and when they were in the middle of the discussion the argument became so heated that the young man dived head first through the bedroom window, which was open. He landed safely on a grass plot and was sealing the fence when Mrs. Catherine Madden, who also lives at 241 and who was hanging out the wash, heeded Mrs. Coyne's advice and grabbed him by the trousers leg. The burglar wriggled and pulled, but Mrs. Madden clung fast, and when Mrs. Coyne arrived they pulled him back into the yard.

BOMB IN A SCHOOLYARD.

They're Common (Gaspipe Kind) on East 100th Street—Neighbors Jaded.

A bomb made of a gaspipe filled with powder and plugged at both ends exploded in the playground of Public School 109, at 214 East 100th street last night. The windows in the rear of the school crashed out when the bang came and the cement in the schoolyard was torn up and hurled about.

The roar of the bomb caused lots of excitement. Folks on East 100th street are unusually nervous, for on Monday night a bomb made from the same materials went off in a vacant lot at 316 East 100th street near some tenements and several bombs of the same description have been found in that section within the last month.

The police in trying to figure out the reason for a bomb in a school playground think that some one frightened away the bomb carrier, whose destination according to the detectives was a tenement alongside the school.

AVIATOR FALLS TO DEATH.

Louis Rosebaum, Said to Have Lived in Mineola, Killed at Iowa Fair.

DEWITT, Ia., Sept. 19.—At the Clinton county fair here to-day Louis Rosebaum, an aviator, after flying successfully for twenty minutes, was dashed to earth 600 feet below before a crowd of 5,000 persons.

Rosebaum made a successful start and for fifteen minutes did stunts in the air. After he had reached a high altitude something happened and the engine did not appear to run as smoothly as it had before. Then with a puff of smoke the machine turned over.

Rosebaum was unseated and preceded the toppled machine to his death. The sight was terrifying to the spectators. Many turned their eyes away and women in the crowd fainted.

The machine landed in a nearby field. Rosebaum's home is said to have been at Mineola, L. I. He had made his headquarters at Chicago while exhibiting at the larger fairs of the Northwest during the past summer.

Friends have arranged to take the body to Chicago to-morrow. It will from there be taken to Mineola for interment. The dead aviator was 27 years old and leaves a family in Chicago or Mineola.

MCABE WINS EASILY.

Carries the Albany Democratic Primaries Overwhelmingly—Barnes Also Wins.

ALBANY, Sept. 19.—State Commissioner Patrick E. McCabe for a tenth time routed the forces of De-Cady Herriek, who carried the leadership of Robert E. Whelan, in the Democratic primaries to-day. McCabe will control the Democratic county convention by a vote of 173 to 31 and will control the Democratic city convention by a vote of 97 to 21.

The big fight against McCabe was made in the city of Albany, where McCabe carried fifteen out of the nineteen wards. At the last primary fight McCabe lost seven of the nineteen wards. This year he lost four wards. The opposition to the McCabe regular Democratic organization carried only the Sixth, Eleventh, Thirteenth and Eighteenth wards.

Everything passed off pleasantly in the Republican primaries and there was no opposition to the leadership of William Barnes, Jr.

HUSBAND HELD FOR MURDER.

Arrested After Hearing at Which Rival for Bride's Hand Was Accused.

AMERICUS, Ga., Sept. 19.—One hour after P. P. Kennedy, son of a prominent family, had been held without bail charged with the murder of Mrs. Etta Childers, the young woman's husband, was arrested on a warrant charging that he had caused the death of his wife.

Three weeks ago Mrs. Childers, who with her husband had apartments at a hotel conducted by Kennedy's father, died in convulsions after taking a head-ache powder. Investigation showed that her death was due to strychnine which some one had placed in the bottle of headache powder.

Kennedy and Childers had been rivals for the young woman's hand and Childers had won. It was alleged that Kennedy had said that the girl should never belong to another man. This alleged threat and other circumstances led to Kennedy's arrest.

At his commitment trial to-day Kennedy denied poisoning Mrs. Childers and intimated that her husband was guilty. Childers in his evidence intimated that Kennedy was guilty and that his motive was revenge because he had been jilted by Mrs. Childers. Cross-examined, Childers admitted that he had had strychnine in his possession. It is supposed this admission led to his arrest.

POLYGAMISTS MURDERED HIM

COLUMBIA PROFESSOR DISCOVERS ELDER DAVIS'S FATE.

Corpse Supposed to Be Buried Under the Hut of Chief Jeremiah of the Arecuna Indians in Brazil—British Panturo Expedition Going in From Guyana.

Prof. Henry E. Crampton of Columbia University, who has been exploring the region about the headwaters of the Amazon for the American Museum of Natural History, arrived yesterday on the steamship Coppename from Georgetown with what details are known by white men of the murder of Elder O. E. Davis, the missionary killed by natives in northern Brazil.

It was Prof. Crampton who discovered the murder and who notified the authorities at Georgetown, British Guiana. Dr. Crampton was on his way to Mount Roraima with an escort of British Guiana Indians and stopped at a village, a mere collection of Indian huts, called Kamairai-Wong, in Brazil. The chief of the village and a power among the Arecuna Indians round about by the name of Jeremiah came to meet the explorer and, as Prof. Crampton learned later, warned the Indians in Dr. Crampton's party not to say anything to the white man about the death of the missionary. The explorer went on into the village and had long talks with Jeremiah regarding the region, the chief never referring to the missionary.

He was not allowed to enter Jeremiah's hut. On his way back to Georgetown his own Indians of another tribe told him that Jeremiah had the boots and clothes of a white man in the hut.

They had heard that the clothing had belonged to a missionary who had come into the village and had taught the people that plural marriages were wrong and that they must stop and that all the bucks who had more than one wife must discard all but the first.

The preaching of the missionary angered the people, the British Guiana Indians said. The women were very angry and so were the bucks. Then some one shot the missionary with a poisoned arrow and as he lay on the ground some one cut his throat, and then whoever had done these things ran away. A while after that the Indians, so the informers had heard, came along and found the white man lying on the ground some distance from the village. They got a hammock and dragged and carried him to the village and took him into Jeremiah's hut, where he died. Then they buried him under the earthen floor of the chief's hut and the chief kept his clothing.

The natives heard, the natives heard, the missionary wrote on two pieces of paper. One of these was still in the chief's hut. The other, it was reported in Georgetown just before the Coppename sailed, had just found its way to Elder Bogler of Dr. Davis's denomination—Seventh Day Adventists—at Georgetown. The letter brought few details. It only said that the missionary had been poisoned and was dying. It is supposed that the other letter written by the dying man was to his wife, who was in Georgetown waiting for his return from the jungle.

It is believed in Georgetown that this letter is still in Jeremiah's possession. The Indians who told what they had heard of the murder were not sure whether a woman or a man had done the killing or whether more than one had been implicated in it.

Elder Davis, as he was known in Georgetown, expected to return to the coast about July 25 "if all went well," as he told his wife before starting for the interior. Then he and his wife were to come to America on a furlough. Dr. Crampton saw Mrs. Davis in Georgetown and told her what he had learned.

Mr. Davis was a Westerner, about 45 years old. He had been twice married, his second wife being very much his junior. He married her only recently. Before going to South America he had been a missionary in Alaska and British Columbia.

A British expedition will start from Georgetown in an effort to recover the body and also if possible to apprehend and punish the guilty natives.

The object of Dr. Crampton's trip was a biological survey. He brought home many specimens and 200 photographs. He was thrice in danger himself of death at the hands of the natives, once when Jeremiah's Indians suspected him of knowing about the murder of the missionary, once for goryness when some Indians fell sick and once over a business dispute.

TWO WOMEN AND TWO TRUNKS.

Mrs. Noble Did Not Declare What Her Friend Was Bringing in for Her.

Mrs. Grace Noble and her friend Mrs. Louise Mitchell Rogers of San Francisco, the latter the widow of Capt. Rogers of the United States revenue service, arrived on Saturday from a European tour by the American liner St. Paul and immediately got into a tangle with the customs men. Acting Deputy Surveyor O'Connor found that Mrs. Noble had put into the tray of Mrs. Rogers' trunk a lot of things that she had brought aboard and had not mentioned in her declaration.

Mrs. Noble had declared \$480 worth of dutiable stuff, chiefly wearing apparel, and Mrs. Rogers had declared nothing of any consequence.

The trunks of the two women were ordered to the public stores and they were told to appear before Surveyor Henry and Special Deputy Surveyor George J. Smyth and explain. The apparatus found that the value of all of Mrs. Noble's importations was \$272 and that of this \$272 had not been declared. Mrs. Noble said that she had not enough room in her trunk for the things she had bought on the other side and therefore got her friend, whose trunk was not full, to let her use it. Mrs. Noble said she had no intention of defrauding Uncle Sam. The dutiable stuff was seized and Mrs. Noble was told that if she wanted it she might have it by paying the home value, that is the foreign value and the duty, which is \$907. She went to the Custom House and paid and got her goods. They cost her about twice as much as she would have had to pay if she had declared them originally.

WHITEHOUSE SUEED

By Fellow Clubman and Ex-Partner for \$1,581 on a Note.

Clarence Porter of 83 Park avenue filed suit in the Supreme court yesterday to recover \$1,581 from Worthington Whitehouse, the clubman and cotton leader, on a promissory note at 6 per cent, which was payable two months ago. Both parties to the suit are members of the Racquet and Tennis Club.

Mr. Porter said last night that he was a partner with Mr. Whitehouse in a real estate business up to sixteen months ago and that the note represented the sum due him when they balanced their accounts. He said he didn't know why the note was not paid, but thought he would have no trouble getting the money.

THREE \$20,000 SLANDERS.

Commissioner Dougherty Sued by Discharged Stenographer.

James V. Ortelero, who was stenographer for Second Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty and was dismissed by Dougherty on August 30 last, filed suit against Dougherty yesterday for \$60,000 damages for slander as follows: For calling him incompetent, \$20,000; for saying he could not be trusted and "I think the fact he gave out private correspondence proves he violated his trust," \$20,000.

For adding, "Incidentally he is guilty of a misdemeanor," \$20,000.

Commissioner Dougherty accused Ortelero of making it possible for certain correspondence that came into his office to get into print.

EIGHT CUT OFF BY LAVA.

Rescue of Peasants on the Slope of Etna Impossible—Eruption Increasing.

CATANIA, Sept. 19.—A hurricane has added to the devastation in Sicily, particularly at Giarre. Acreale, which hitherto has not been touched, has now been attacked by the flow of lava.

Eight peasants at Castiglione have been cut off by lava and their rescue is impossible. The main crater of Mount Etna shows signs of increasing violence.

BLOOM WINS A COMMISSION.

Jewish Army Private to Be Made a Second Lieutenant.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Private Frank Bloom of the Third Field Artillery will probably be commissioned shortly as a second lieutenant in the army. Information was received here to-day that he had passed his examinations for promotion.

Several months ago Bloom was the central figure in an army episode which resulted in an official reprimand to Col. Joseph Garrard, Fifteenth Cavalry, commander of Fort Myer, Va. Col. Garrard recommended that Bloom be discriminated against on the ground that he was a Jew. In his official comment upon the papers in Bloom's case Col. Garrard also made several criticisms of the Jewish race.

The Jewish organizations appealed to President Taft, who ordered that Bloom be reexamined and that Col. Garrard be reprimanded.

JOHN J. MURPHY VERY SICK.

Charles F. Murphy With His Brother in Sullivan County.

Word reached New York yesterday that John J. Murphy, brother of Tammany leader Charles F. Murphy, is critically ill from tuberculosis at his cottage in Liberty, N. Y. Mr. Murphy, who is the head of the New York Contracting and Trucking Company, went to the Catskills two months ago and his brother has visited him from time to time and is now with him.

At Mr. Murphy's home, 390 East Seventeenth street, it was said yesterday that his condition was serious.

ST. JANUARIUS UNFAVORABLE.

Blood of the Patron of Naples Falls to Liquor—Calamities Foreseen.

NAPLES, Sept. 19.—Neapolitans are most alarmed to-day because the blood of San Gennaro (Saint Januarius), which is kept in a small vessel in the Church of San Gennaro, did not liquefy completely, as according to tradition it should have done on September 19, the saint's feast day. The church was crowded with persons who prayed long and loudly that the blood might liquefy, but without avail.

The fact is taken as an evil omen and now all Naples looks for an eruption of Vesuvius, epidemics and other fearful calamities. San Gennaro is the patron saint of Naples.

LA FOLLETTE HUNT HERE.

Boomers of Wisconsin Man on a Trip to New York and New England.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 19.—Medill McCormick of Chicago and Rudolph Spreckels of San Francisco, the "angels" of the La Follette movement, left here to-day for a trip through New York and New England. They will endeavor to induce local progressive leaders, wherever they may be found, to lend a hand in behalf of Senator La Follette. If the plans of Messrs. McCormick and Spreckels work out La Follette organizations will be formed in New York and the New England States. There is a good deal of activity around the La Follette headquarters in this city. According to W. L. Houser, who is in charge, the La Follette boom is catching like wildfire in the West, with every promise that it will soon begin to "take" in the East.

DEAD AT THE AGE OF 108.

Mrs. Plummer of the Indian Tribe of Seneca Passes Away.

DUNKIRK, N. Y., Sept. 19.—Mrs. Sala Plummer, 108 years old and the oldest member of the Seneca Indian nation, is dead at her home in Jimmerston, four miles from Salamanca. She was born at Irving on the Cattaraugus Reservation but lived the greater part of her long life on the Allegheny reservation. She had a fine memory and retained her faculties to the last. She greatly enjoyed pleasing visitors by recounting events that she remembered of the War of 1812, at which time she was a child of 9 and 10 years of age.

Mrs. Plummer's sight was so perfect that she could read even up to the time of her death without glasses. She is survived by two sons and one daughter, Nathaniel Plummer, with whom she made her home; Lewis Plummer and Mrs. Fidelia Pierce, all of whom live on the Allegheny reservation.

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RIOT AND REVOLT

IN MANY LANDS

Spain on the Brink of a Revolution—Canalejas Crushes Plot.

At Barcelona everything is tranquil and the general strike has proved a fiasco. The announcement by Prime Minister Canalejas that the constitutional guarantees were to be suspended was decided upon because of the revolutionary and anarchistic character of the strike which Canalejas says is backed by socialists and possibly also by the republican element of the extreme left. It follows orders of a mixed committee of Spaniards and foreigners with headquarters at Barcelona and agents throughout the peninsula whose orders are to foment a general strike and paralyze the national life. The Premier says that the Government will restore normal conditions "at whatever price may be necessary."

IRISH RAILWAY CONVULSION

Martial Law Ends Vienna Disorder—Norway's Army Disaffected.

MADRID, Sept. 19.—The Official Gazette prints a decree to-day suspending the constitutional guarantees throughout the kingdom. The General Labor Union has decided to order a general strike throughout Spain.

The King presided this evening at a meeting of the Cabinet held to adopt measures for the repression of the riots. Severe measures were decided upon.

It is reported from Bilbao that the troops fired this afternoon on a crowd that was endeavoring to free prisoners, including strike leaders, who were being taken through the streets. Twenty-six persons were wounded. The situation is grave.

The revolutionists at Valencia have cut the telephone wires and the railroad lines and there is serious disorder at Saragossa, where three persons have been killed. Much damage has been done at Leon and at Seville.

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"The situation is worse in the province of Valencia," said Señor Canalejas this evening. "At Carcagente and Alcira the 'commune' has been proclaimed. Alcira is, especially in the power of the revolutionists. The town hall and two other public buildings have been burned by the revolutionists, who tried to burn a nunnery. A bridge has been blown up, the railway cut and the fate of the civil guard is not known. The Captain-General has sent troops to the scene."

"Foreign instigation has been observed, more particularly in the province of Valencia. In view of the generally disturbed condition of the country and the suspension of the constitutional guarantees the absence of a greater part of the army in Morocco is causing the Government anxiety. There are only 70,000 troops available, which is barely enough to garrison two or three of the cities where martial law has been declared."