

WU PITTED AGAINST YUAN

INSISTS ON REPUBLIC AS NEW PREMIER REACHES PEKIN.

Capital Not Quoted by Appearance of Yuan's Strong Man—Ex-Minister to U. S. Urges the Regent to Have Emperor Abdicate—Manchus Massacred.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

PEKIN, Nov. 13.—Yuan Shih Kai arrived here at 3 o'clock this morning. This put an end to rumors that he would not accept the Premiership. His arrival was witnessed by vast orderly crowds. He was accompanied by 2,000 troops.

The arrival of Yuan, however, had not a tranquilizing effect, and opinions differ as to what he is likely to achieve. Upon alighting from the train he did not show any of the effects of the fatigues of his journey, which is supposed to have caused him trouble with his feet and upon which he has thrown his dismissal a couple of days ago. Only recently he professed that the ailment to his feet had not been remedied.

Today he wore his yellow jacket, the insignia of exalted rank, thus recalling to the minds of all who saw him his powers as dictator and supreme commander of the army. He was surrounded by a half-dozen soldiers carrying naked two-handed spears.

The result of Yuan's negotiations at Hankow are not yet known, but it is believed that he has gained the adhesion of Li Yuan Hing, the rebel commander. Chang Shao Tseng has arrived at Tientsin after transferring to Yung Ping Fu the command of the Lan-chow army. The former is satisfied apparently with the promises of the throne.

Shanghai Nov. 12.—Chefoo, a treaty port and coaling station on the north coast of the Shan-tung peninsula, went over to the rebels this morning without resistance. The Taotai's yamen, the telegraph system and the forts were handed over to the revolutionists.

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service who has done duty in China and who knows the intricacies of the conditions brought about by the revolution.

Mr. Midzuno served as Japanese Consul at Chefoo during the Russo-Japanese war in a period when the question of China's neutrality was a delicate one, and subsequently he held the consular post at Hankow, in the province of Hu-peh.

He was promoted from that post to New York, where he held the consular post in New York for the Japanese colony.

He was active in the formation of the Japan Society of New York, an organization devoted to the promotion of good will between Americans and Japanese.

He served on the executive committee of the society since its foundation and has had much to do with its various functions arranged in the honor of distinguished visitors from Japan.

On the recent visit of Admiral Togo to this country Consul-General Midzuno accompanied him on his tour of Washington and the various navy yards and escorted him to the Canadian boundary.

He and Mrs. Midzuno made it a practice to entertain at a banquet each year on the occasion of the birthday of the Emperor of Japan.

Mr. and Mrs. Midzuno will sail from San Francisco on the S. S. Maru on November 17. The consul-general has received no word of who is to be his successor at the post in New York.

ASQUITH TO SUFFER SUFFRAGES

Mrs. Pankhurst Thinks Manhood Suffrage an Unmixed Evil.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Premier Asquith, who has refused hitherto to receive delegations of suffragettes, has relented in view of the impending introduction in the House of Commons of the manhood suffrage bill.

He has announced that he will see a deputation of women on November 21.

Mrs. Pankhurst has issued an appeal asking that a thousand suffragettes accompany the deputation. She says that the man should first of all call upon Lloyd George, who has done his utmost to prevent the enfranchisement of women.

She insists that manhood suffrage is an unmixed evil and that the glorification of the male simply because he is a male is a monstrous proposition.

ADMIRAL COMPLAINS

Proposed Board to Regulate Boat Speculators When Fleet Is Here.

Calvin Tomkins, commissioner of Docks and Ferries, suggested yesterday in a letter to Rear Admiral Osterhaus, commander of the fleet of warships recently assembled in the North River, that there should be a conference between a representative of the Admiral, an assistant of Collector Loeb and a representative of the Dock Department to formulate rules and regulations for handling visitors between warships and landing stages.

This suggestion was in response to two letters the Commissioner received from the Rear Admiral, one thinking the Commissioner for equipping landings for the use of the fleet and the other complaining of the launch and rowboat speculators. Admiral Osterhaus said that there was no supervision over these men; that they charged what they pleased and in many instances after getting money for the round trip failed to provide transportation ashore.

As many of the boats are so small they had no names on them they could not be identified by the officers. Persons left on the ships had to be landed by the ships' boats. It was suggested by the Admiral that permits be issued to boat owners that they might be identified and punished when necessary.

BOY ADMITS TWO MURDERS

Pleads Guilty to Killing His Mother and Sister.

GUILDFORD, Vt., Nov. 13.—Arthur Bean, 15 years old, pleaded guilty in the Essex County court late this afternoon to the charge of murdering his mother and sister. The tragedy occurred on March 9 last.

Young Bean went home, drove his grandfather, 103 years old, into a closet at the point of a gun, shot down his mother, pursued his sister through the house and killed her with a bullet from his rifle.

Then he went to the house of a neighbor and reported the double murder, saying he was on the trail of the murderer. The degree of murder was not given in the indictment upon which Bean pleaded and the court will hear the testimony of the Government's witnesses to-morrow to determine what sentence to pronounce.

Allan Denies That Wife Was Robbed.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—Bryce J. Allan to-day emphatically denied the report that a \$15,000 diamond necklace owned by his wife had been stolen. He said that no value was placed on the necklace and that since four years ago, when she was robbed of a small trunk.

The Weather.

Nov. 14.—The cold wave which began to felt here on Sunday night and the east Gulf States and all the Atlantic States yesterday, and freezing temperatures prevailed in the morning in all parts of the country, except Florida, the south Atlantic and Gulf coasts and the southeastern and western borders.

In the Atlantic and east Gulf States the temperature fell twenty to forty degrees. In the States which passed over the lake regions on Sunday had moved out the mouth of the St. Lawrence and a high pressure crowd in and out of the northwest and west winds on the north Atlantic coast was central over the lower Mississippi valley in the morning.

The pressure was comparatively low in the Northwest with a center on the coast of Washington.

It was warmer in southern Florida and everywhere west of the Mississippi River.

Temperatures were slightly below zero in northern parts of Minnesota and North Dakota in the morning.

There was snow in northern New York, Ohio, West Virginia, the lake regions and at scattered places in the Northwest.

In this city the day was fair and much colder, with brisk to high northwest, average humidity, 44 per cent; barometer, corrected to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.21; 8 P. M., 30.26.

The temperature yesterday, as recorded by the official thermometer, is shown in the annexed table.

For eastern New York, eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, the District of Columbia, Virginia, fair weather and rising temperature to-day; unsettled and warmer to-morrow; light, variable winds, becoming moderate southerly.

For New England, fair to-day; probably fair and warmer to-morrow; moderate southerly winds.

MISSIONARIES WHO ARE SAFE

CHURCH BOARDS HERE GET CABLEGRAMS FROM CHINA.

Fears That the University in Nankin Suffered in the Massacre of Non-combatants by Manchu Soldiers. Foreigners in China Expected the Revolution.

Cablegrams received yesterday at the offices of the Methodist Board of Foreign Missions, 150 Fifth Avenue, and the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, at 156 Fifth Avenue, told of the flight of the women and children from the mission compounds of those two denominations in Nankin, Hankow and Hwai-yuen in the revolutionary zone in China.

The Presbyterians said that from Nankin, where the Manchu soldiers carried on their wholesale butcheries last week, only the women and children had reported at Shanghai. The cable to the Presbyterian board told of the flight from Hankow of men as well as women.

The following cablegram was forwarded by Bishop James W. Bashford of Shanghai to the main office of the Methodist missions here on November 13, Shanghai time.

Empire convulsed. Foochow and Nanchang captured. Nankin indecisive. Nankin women Shanghai Missionaries safe, including west China October 25. Hsinwa conference postponed.

The board here assumed that "Nankin women, Shanghai," meant that the missionaries there and the female mission workers had made their way down the Yangtze River to the foreign city on the coast. The words referring to west China were taken to mean that up to October 25, which was the last date of receipt by Bishop Bashford of news from the missions in Szechuan province at the head of navigation of the Yangtze River, no harm had come to the missionaries in the Szechuan provinces.

The last direct word from them came to the board in New York less than a month ago, when a missionary in Chengtu managed to get out a wire telling that all were safe.

The cablegram which came to the Presbyterian board yesterday was sent by the council of all the Presbyterian missions in China, which has headquarters at Shanghai. This read:

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Keeler and children, Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Tooker and children, Miss M. E. Kolfrat, C. T. Woods, Hai-yuen and Nankin ladies and children have arrived safely and well.

The two families, Miss Kolfrat and C. T. Woods enumerated in the first part of the despatch were all in the Presbyterian missions at Hankow, and Wu-chang. Mr. Keeler was struck by two stray bullets in the fighting in the early days of October about Wu-chang, but was not seriously hurt.

The Presbyterian directory of missions shows that the women who made their way from Nankin to Shanghai were Mrs. Charles Leaman, Mrs. Drummond, Mrs. J. C. Garritt, Mrs. Alfred V. Gray, Mrs. A. A. Bullock, Mrs. A. M. Jones and the Misses E. E. Dresser, M. A. Leaman, Lucy Leaman, Jane Hyde and Grace Lucas.

The women of the Methodist missions in Nankin who were reported to have arrived safely in Shanghai are Mrs. James H. Blackstone, Mrs. Arthur Brown, Mrs. Frederick G. Henker, Mrs. Arthur W. Martin, Mrs. William Millward, Mrs. Wallace D. Russell, Mrs. Willbur F. Wilson and the Misses Amanda L. Swenson, Pearl Rogers, Luedia H. H. Sargent, Peter, Ella Shaw and Laura M. White.

The Rev. John Elias Williams, who is at present filling a temporary post in the office of the Presbyterian Foreign Mission Board, left Pekin a little over a month ago when the troubles in Szechuan province initiated the swift course of the revolution. For many years Mr. Williams has been a teacher in the University of Nankin. He said yesterday that the board had great fears for the safety of the 300 girls who were studying at the missions boarding schools in that city.

"We very much fear that some of them have been murdered in the general massacre of all Chinese non-combatants which occurred there last week," Mr. Williams said. "Though the situation of the missions seemed to have remained to protect the pupils and the buildings, we believe that when the Manchu soldiers began to slay indiscriminately the women of the foreigners were of little avail. Outside of Pekin itself Nankin had the largest garrison of Manchu soldiers in the empire and there was no doubt of their loyalty to the throne. Doubtless the massacre they perpetrated was as general as the cable despatches credited it with being."

Mr. Williams said that he had no doubt of the ultimate success of the revolution, nor was he surprised at its sudden bursting forth.

All foreigners who have spent any time in China know," he said, "that this was bound to come some day and that as the old Empress Dowager lived it was not possible, but since her death there has been no master mind in Pekin able to cope with the growing unrest and those in control of the Government, though knowing that the whole empire was due to blow up some time soon, seemed unable to take any effective repressive measures. It may be said that since 1906 there has been a general secret movement in preparation for the revolution and that the most elaborate plans were laid for its accomplishment."

"The fact that so many cities went over to the rebels without a shot fired indicates that there were many Chinese on the inside of official life who were parties to the revolutionary plot and ready to give over their cities as soon as the signal was passed. The Szechuan rebels gave over the capital city to the rebels so easily, evidently was seized upon as the signal for general revolt, and the condition of the people in the Yangtze Valley, brought about by floods and starvation, were sufficient reasons for a spontaneous uprising."

Mr. Williams said that foreigners with little knowledge of conditions in China had been prone to ascribe the revolt solely to the efforts of foreign taught students and that they considered the demand for a Chinese republic the chimerical scheme of students overfed in Europe.

RAIDS ON THE EGEEAN NEAR

Turkey Dreams Ships Off Her Coasts Abruzzi Making Ready.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—The acting Governor of Smyrna has telegraphed that thirty Italian warships of various types had been sighted off the Island of Carpathus, which is northeast of Crete. Turkey has notified the Powers through their Ambassadors here that in the event of Italian aggression in the Egean Sea the Porte will be compelled to expel all Italians from Turkey.

It is reported here that the Italian aeroplane which has been doing scouting work about Tripoli has been destroyed by the fire from the Turkish artillery.

ROME, Nov. 13.—The torpedo fleet under command of the Duke of the Abruzzi is coaling at Taranto for the purpose of a raid in the Egean Sea. It is impossible to get official information concerning the movements of the Italian fleet. It is reported that it is already in the Egean Sea, but this cannot be confirmed, and it is not known whether it is intended to bombard the coast towns, to occupy Turkish territory or to do both or neither.

There is a feeling of general concern here over the report that the Turks at Tripoli have been reinforced not only with arms but with arms and ammunition by the way of the frontiers of Tunis and Egypt.

TRIPOLI, Nov. 13.—This has been the quietest day here for weeks so far as the progress of the war is concerned. There has been no firing. This is due largely to the falling of a continuous cold rain.

TO RIVAL PANAMA CANAL.

Kaiser Said to Be Backing Scheme for Nicaragua Channel.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The Globe is authoritative for the statement that German capitalists, backed by the German Government and with the personal good will and sympathy of the Kaiser, are planning to build an ocean canal.

The route favored is presumably the one via the San Juan River and Lake Nicaragua in the republic of Nicaragua.

If this report is correct it will involve a direct claim by Germany on the United States for recognition of the former's right to a permanent foothold on American soil several hundred miles nearer the United States than the Panama Canal itself.

Reply From Gen. Caneva.

Baron Bernardo Quaranta de San Savarino, who presided on Sunday night at an Italian mass meeting in New York and sent word to the Italian troops of the good wishes of their American dwelling friends, received yesterday a reply from Gen. Caneva, in command of the troops at Tripoli. The message was a revival to the "grateful patriotic cable. I exchange in name of troops, my dependency in Tripoli, fraternal feelings with our New York fellow countrymen."

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sociology and politics. Such a view was erroneous, he added.

"As a matter of fact nearly 2,000,000 people lost their lives fighting against the Manchus in the Taiping rebellion," Mr. Williams said, "when there were no foreign schooled students. This is a war of the common people against their oppressors and they look only to the foreign trained men for leadership. The idea of a republic is not at all foreign to the Chinese mind, since Confucius and Mencius teach in their ethical writings a democracy far more perfect than that of Plato. They also teach that when the Emperor no longer possesses the decrees of heaven it is the duty of the people to drive him off the throne. That they are doing now under the strong conviction that they are following the teachings of the philosophers."

ENGLAND WON'T CHECK RUSSIA.

Seizure of Provinces Because of Shuster's Activity Not a British Affair.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Replying to a question in the House of Commons this afternoon Premier Asquith confirmed the statement that Russia had sent an ultimatum to Persia. It was based on the action of the general under the direction of W. Morgan Shuster, the American Treasurer-General, in overriding the wishes of the Russian Consul and ordering the confiscation of certain property of the ex-Shah's brother. The ultimatum demands satisfaction and an apology to the Russian representative and threatens that unless this is done Russia will occupy the Persian provinces of Gilian and Mazanderan in the north of Persia.

Mr. Asquith said Great Britain was not concerned in the particular question which caused the dispute, but the Government deeply regretted that there should be any serious rupture of the relations between the Governments of Russia and Persia.

The ultimatum which was sent by the Russian Government to Persia was the direct outcome of the activities of Mr. Shuster, the American director of Persian finances, who has been attempting to reform the fiscal system of the Shah's kingdom. But recently the Times here printed a long communication from Mr. Shuster in which he charged that Russia with the connivance of Great Britain was trying to weaken the constitutional government and hamper his (Shuster's) reforms in Persia.

The Times admits that there has been interference in Persia, but seeks to justify it on the ground that Persia is not really independent. It concedes that there has been some connivance on the part of some Russian officials for the return of the former Shah and criticizes Shuster for jeopardizing his own success by ignoring the interests and authority which Great Britain and Russia possess in Persia.

Mr. Shuster on the other hand the correspondent of the Times at Teheran justifies the course taken by Shuster.

It is apparent that Russia is trying to oust Shuster as Treasurer-General of the kingdom. A critical situation is likely to follow if Russia carries out her suspected purpose of seizing Persian territory.

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LAW ELECTED LEADER.

New Unionist Chief Cheered by Both Parties in the Commons.

Special Cable Despatches to THE SUN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Andrew Bonar Law was unanimously elected leader of the Conservative-Unionist party in the House of Commons at a meeting in the Carlton Club to-day.

The irritability of last week was not present in any shape during the meeting. There was surprising enthusiasm throughout the proceedings, and the speeches of Mr. Law's rivals for the leadership, Walter Long and Austen Chamberlain, in nominating and seconding him were frequently punctuated by applause.

After the resolution declaring Mr. Law the floor leader had been carried unanimously the new leader arose and was greeted with enthusiastic cheers. He praised Mr. Long and Austen Chamberlain for the sacrifices they had made in standing aside in the interests of harmony and declared that it was nothing short of tragedy that Joseph Chamberlain was not able to resume the leadership.

Large crowds gathered outside the club before and during the meeting and the police had great difficulty in regulating the traffic. The meeting was regarded as a historical occasion and the most important in the history of the Conservative

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We will add, that the fact of these fur-lined overcoats being so materially reduced in no way affects that guarantee of satisfaction which accompanies any and all fur-lined garments bought at Saks'.

And we will conclude with the observation that, as you are but one of many men whose interest will be quickened by this fur-lined opportunity, only the quickest kind of action can save you from disappointment.

25 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with muskrat, and having full Persian collars. Selected skins, perfectly matched, and fine quality cloth. Admirable for street wear and for motoring. reduced from 75.00 to 39.50

40 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with mink-dyed marmot. Full Persian collar. A garment that is a wonder for style, comfort and workmanship. Splendidly made throughout. reduced from 85.00 to 55.00

15 Black Broadcloth Coats, lined with mink-dyed squirrel. Full Persian collar, fine quality cloth, light in weight, handsome in appearance, and extraordinary value, every inch of it. reduced from 75.00 to 49.50

12 Broadcloth Coats, lined with black Jersey muskrat. Full Persian collar. This is a swagger garment, beautifully made and finished, and eminently suited for day wear or for dress. reduced from 145.00 to 85.00

All have fine shells, full box back, are full fur-lined to the edge, and guaranteed.

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