

U. S. BLUEJACKETS LAND IN PORT OF HONDURAS

Petrel's Men Withdrawn, However, on Cabled Orders From Washington.

BONILLA SEIZED RAILWAY

State Department Warns Him Damage Claims Will Be Presented if He Persists.

ALARM OVER MEXICO RIFE IN WASHINGTON

Continued from First Page

for the purpose of dealing with the conditions of disorder prevailing throughout the republic. Such a step would undoubtedly meet with the approval of the Washington Administration.

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At the request of the Government, which declared the Valentine contracts canceled, the Bonilla order that all proceedings be brought against W. S. Valentine of New York.

The Federal troops are reported to have made slight gains over the Zapatistas in southern Mexico. The Zapatistas, however, have retaliated by taking the town of Chapi. The situation in the state of Michoacan is said to be very bad. Mexico city is cut off from Chihuahua by railroad through the destruction of a bridge at San Pedro in Coahuila.

Texans Fear Battle at El Paso—Rebels Rule in Chihuahua.

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Ask any diplomat LAURENS THE CIGARETTE OF ROYALTY 15 cents

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Coming on the Carmants.

LIVERMORE, Feb. 9.—The Earl of Leinton and Mrs. Benson will be passengers on the steamship Germania, sailing for New York to-morrow.

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KAISER AND HALDANE IN ALL DAY PEACE TALK

Russia and France Kept Posted on the Negotiations at Berlin.

CHURCHILL ON THE NAVY

Defiant Talk on Expansion at Glasgow Luncheon—Britain Retaliates on a Spy.

ALFONSO TO THE RESCUE.

King and Queen of Spain Start for Flooded Region of Andalusia.

It is reported here that the King will take personal charge of the rescue work. Alfonso was deeply grieved by reports of the havoc in the most picturesque section of his kingdom, and refused to remain at the capital and give his attention to affairs of state.

According to despatches received to-day the fertile valleys of Andalusia have been turned into a vast lake. Thousands of cattle and live stock have been drowned. The loss of human life could not be estimated to-day, but it was said that it would be very large.

Rescuing parties were forced to use boats to take marooned families from the roofs and tree tops. Much suffering has been reported among the survivors and the Government has sent tents and provisions from Madrid.

The rains continued to-day, and with snow in the mountains melting rapidly little hope was expressed that the flood would subside soon. A bark with provisions for the sufferers at Seville was wrecked and four persons were drowned. At Caderez a house the foundations of which had been undermined collapsed and several of the occupants were buried in the debris.

A trainful of recruits for the army has been held up at Palenque. They were suffering from cold and were without food for several hours when King Alfonso, learning of their predicament, bought all the available food and wine and distributed it among them. The act caused a great outburst of enthusiasm among the men.

CRAZED OVER THE CAMORRA.

Italian Examining Magistrate Is Sent to an Asylum.

ROME, Feb. 9.—Lucechi Palli, the judge who abandoned the preliminary investigation of the charges against the Camorra because he was convinced that the prisoners were innocent, became so insane to-day, he was taken to a private sanatorium, raving about the trial now being held at Viterbo and declaring that there was a conspiracy to execute him because he believed the prisoners were not guilty.

TO STUDY FOREIGN SECURITIES.

French Finance Ministry Names Committee as Result of Cuban Fiasco.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The Ministry of Finance has formed a committee which will examine questions relative to the announcements and prospectuses of companies in regard to the emission, sale and introduction of foreign securities into France. This is the outcome of the trouble over the Cuban loan. The committee has also been instructed to study the legislative enactments with a view to preventing any public statement being made regarding the admission of securities to quotation on the Bourse.

CRETE AND THE BALKANS.

Powers to Uphold the Status Quo in the Island—Serbian Premier States.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Feb. 9.—Last Monday the Porte protested to the Powers against the situation which had developed in Crete and the activities of the recently formed revolutionary union committee, the body which was established to urge union between Crete and Greece.

EMPEROR AT WEDDING GUEST.

Francis Joseph, Though Feeble, Honors Grandson's Bridal Feast.

VIENNA, Feb. 9.—Despite his feebleness the Emperor Francis Joseph attended a dinner at the Schonbrunn Palace this evening in honor of the marriage to-morrow of Prince George of Bavaria, the Emperor's grandson, and the Archduchess Isabelle Maria of Austria. All the immediate members of the royal family were present.

Mistaken Announcement That Mr. Harrison Was Dead.

Announcements were printed yesterday of the death of William H. Harrison of Hackensack, N. J., for many years court clerk of Bergen county's court. This was a mistake. Harrison is still alive and all, but owing to his recovery is not given up.

STATS-ZEITUNG BLAZE: FIRE CHIEFS OVERCOME

Binns, Marshall, Krauss and Dozen Others Dragged by Men From Cellar.

GAS MINGLES WITH SMOKE

Poisonous Compound Endangers Many—Paper Issued Elsewhere for a Day—Loss Is Small.

Fire in the sub-cellar of the Staats-Zeitung building at 182 William street yesterday morning endangered the lives of Deputy Fire Chief Binns, Battalion Chiefs Marshall and Krauss and a dozen of their men and threatened for a time to destroy the building. The motors which ran the presses were so damaged by water that it was impossible for the newspaper to use its own presses for the issue of this morning or last evening.

The first man into the sub-cellar, Foreman Roach of Engine 32, dropped unconsciously while he was trying to locate the heart of the blaze. He was dragged out by his comrades. Fireman Marron of Truck 10 and Engine 4 had to be carried out of the cellar. They were taken to the Volunteer Hospital, revived and sent home.

Deputy Chief Binns, who has a reputation in the department for being a hard man to put out of business, went into the cellar with the first detail of his men. He was lost for a time in the dense smoke.

When the firemen outside failed to hear from him, Fred Bleserth, Binns's aid, went into the cellar and searched on his hands and knees for the chief. He found Binns unconscious and dragged him to the sidewalk.

Dr. Archer of the Fire Department and Dr. Woods of the Volunteer Hospital worked over the chief for half an hour before he recovered consciousness. It was a close call for the chief, the doctors agreed. Smoke and gas had entered Binns's lungs and he had some more in the cellar would have killed him.

Dr. Archer sent the chief to a physician and went back himself to look after Battalion Chiefs Marshall and Krauss. They had succumbed while Binns was being cared for. Marshall, who succeeded to the command of the second division after Battalion Chief Walsh lost his life in the Equitable Building fire, was rescued by six of his men, and it took half a dozen to pull Krauss out of danger. They were all right again after a quarter of eight hours of treatment.

Then Fireman Bieroth was hurt by a toppling roll of paper. His legs were bruised and it was thought at first that he was injured in the chest. At the Volunteer Hospital it was said his condition was not grave. Before the fire was extinguished a dozen men were treated by the doctors.

Chief Binns, a little shaky, returned to the fire about an hour after he had been sent away by the doctors. Dr. Archer tried to get him to get home, but Binns insisted on staying until he had the job finished. It was not until 6 A. M. that the chief finally went home for a rest.

Mr. Bieroth, who had fastened down to the building in a taxi, estimated the damage at about \$2,000, covered by insurance except for the print paper, the whole stock of which was burned.

The fire did not get above the sub-cellar, he said, and the principal damage was caused by water. Flooding the cellar put the motors out of business and the hoses were so hot that the men until they were thoroughly baked out and repaired. We expect to have them all right by to-morrow. The firemen did splendid work under trying conditions.

FLEW OVER FRENCH FLEET.

Aviator Robinson Doing Well With Hydro-aeroplane at Nice.

NICE, Feb. 9.—Hugh Robinson, the American aviator, continues his remarkable exhibitions with the Curtiss hydro-aeroplane.

Today he flew over the French battleship squadron in the Gulf of Juan and dropped an invitation on the flagship for the Admiral to take lunch with him at his club.

The Admiral accepted, sending his reply by a submarine boat.

BIG CUBAN POSTAL THEFT.

Package of \$30,000 and Two Clerks Missing From the Office at Santiago.

SANTIAGO, Cuba, Feb. 9.—Two registered packages containing \$30,000 consigned to the Spanish Bank at Havana have disappeared from the post office.

It is supposed they were stolen by two postal clerks, who are believed to have embarked on a ship for Jamaica.

Big Wave Near Marseilles.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—Saint Louis du Rhone, near Marseilles, was visited by a tidal wave to-day. There was immense damage to shipping.

CHICAGO OPERA RESULTS.

Mr. Dippel Publishes the Facts and Figures of His Company's Season.

ANDREAS DIPPel, general manager of the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company, gives the following statement of the company's activities and financial results.

After fourteen weeks of operations, which started November 3, 1911, in Philadelphia and ended February 8 in Cleveland, the company will give three performances in Pittsburgh on February 9 and 10 and will reopen the Philadelphia season on February 13 with Hougues's opera "Quo Vadis?"

The opening performance in Philadelphia is to be followed by the performance of "Carmen" at the Metropolitan Opera House in New York on February 13.

During this season the Philadelphia-Chicago Opera Company has given 100 performances in ten different cities, 100 Philadelphia, Baltimore, Brooklyn, Chicago, Milwaukee, Cleveland, Cincinnati, St. Paul, St. Louis and Pittsburgh; 110 performances and eight concerts have been given in the first fourteen weeks and twenty-four different operas were presented, of which eleven were Italian, eight French, three German and two English. The operas produced are as follows:

"Carmen," "Thais," "Hansel und Gretel," 9 times each; "Cinderella," "Cendrillon," "The Secret of Suzanne," 8 times each; "Die Walkure," "Natale," "The Jewels of the Madonna," 7 times each; "Samson et Dalila," "Lucia di Lammermoor," 6 times each; "Le Jongleur de Notre Dame," "Tristan und Isolde," 5 times each; "Le Nozze di Figaro," "Quo Vadis?" "Tales of Hoffmann," "Lohengrin," 4 times each; "Cavalleria Rusticana," "Pagliacci," "Traviata," 3 times each; "Il Tavorito," "Rigoletto," "Lakme," 2 times each; "The Barber of Seville" and "Faust" once each.

In addition to these productions the company played two gala nights with miscellaneous programmes and produced also Wolf-Ferrari's "Vita Nuova" and Verdi's "Requiem."

The total receipts in these fourteen weeks amounted to \$726,615.75, which compares with \$820,131.68 during the corresponding period of the previous season.

Mme. Homer and Mr. Amato will take part in Felix Weingartner's performance of "Tristan und Isolde" next Monday evening at the Boston Opera House.

JAMES M. BURNS BLOCK IN PITTSBURGH BURNS.

PITTSBURGH, Mass., Feb. 9.—Fire which was under control to-night at 10:15 o'clock after four hours fighting burned the James M. Burns four-story brick block with five stories. The estimated loss is \$160,000. Three persons were injured, but not seriously. A defective electric wiring is believed to have caused the fire.

JAPANESE URGE AGGRESSION.

Nationalists Want a Grab Policy in China—Shanghai Loan Story.

SAN FRANCISCO RISES TO AID EXPOSITION

Henry Clews Says Pledging of Millions Was Wonderful, Considering Earthquake.

FAIR'S PRESIDENT TALKS

Charles C. Moore at Press Club Emphasizes Project's Benefits to Whole Country.

Henry Clews gave a reception and luncheon at the Press Club yesterday to introduce to newspaper men Charles C. Moore, president of the Panama-Pacific Exposition of 1915, which is going to be held in San Francisco and not in New Orleans.

Mr. Clews made a little introductory speech in which he said it was financially very remarkable indeed that millions of dollars should have been pledged and raised to promote the exposition by a city which so recently had been devastated by earthquake and fire.

Mr. Moore told the newspaper men that the exposition was a national affair and not San Francisco's municipal affair; that it had a country-wide commercial foundation in the whole nation's interest in the improvement of our trade with Latin America and the Far East; that San Francisco was merely an excellent spot for such a show and celebration, and that national and not sectional benefits will result from the exposition just as thoroughly as they will from the Panama Canal, whose opening it seeks to commemorate. Mr. Moore said also that on the strength of a recent talk with Gov. Dix he believes this State will lead her forty-seven sisters in greatness of appropriation.

Mr. Moore had just come from Washington, where he had found the diplomats of all the foreign embassies enthusiastic about the exposition. Men representing Latin America and the Far East were especially interested, he said. The Chinese representatives told him that their Government had lifted its head from internal dissensions long enough to send anxious inquiries about just what is to be seen and known at the great show.

In Mr. Moore's opinion the action of Japan in inviting up her plans for an exposition in 1917 is significant of the interest the East has in the San Francisco exhibition. Another feature of the world's fair at the Pacific will be the magnetic attraction which it will exert in bringing to the western part of their own country many untravelled Americans.

The financial end of the exposition has been well taken care of. When the New Orleans-San Francisco competition was on, \$7,000,000 was raised in San Francisco, \$4,000,000 of it in two hours and a half. Now the State has raised \$1,000,000 more and by a special permission of the Legislature the counties of the State have subscribed \$1,000,000 more, a total of more than \$20,000,000 of California money back of the show this early in the game.

WAR TALK BY RIBOT.

France Can't Go Beyond Courteous Terms With Germany.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—On the resumption of the debate in the Senate to-day on the Franco-German agreement regarding Morocco Count d'Amay, who represents Cher, made a speech in which he deprecated further debate and declared that everything that could be said about the treaty had already been uttered.

M. Ribot, who followed d'Amay, did not agree with him. He moved the House to applause by exclaiming: "Had I been Foreign Minister at the moment when Germany, on the ground that France had infringed the Algeiras agreement, expressed a readiness to converse with France on the subject M. Ribot, the French Ambassador, would not have been allowed to return to Berlin!"

Senator Ribot maintained that France committed an error of diplomacy in not telling Germany then and there that if the Kaiser's Government desired to discuss the Algeiras agreement at Paris all the signatories to that convention should also come to the French capital to go over the matter. As it was, the roles of the two countries were inverted. Germany was mistaken, however, said M. Ribot, in thinking she could influence French opinion by her action.

"There were certain moments," he said, "when we allowed ourselves to be drawn toward a sort of pacific idealism, but the military spirit, which is the country's religion, was always alive. We did not seek and we did not wish war but we were resolute to accept it if necessary."

After arguing that it was impossible for France to have more than courteous relations with Germany, M. Ribot went on to say that the world to-day is troubled with threats of war. Nobody in Europe can guarantee peace, as there are too many clouds on the horizon. The war in Tripoli may arouse consequences elsewhere. He concluded by arguing that the ratification of the agreement was inevitable and the Government would lose all credit for authority before the other nations of the world.

Senator Debierre retold the history of previous agreements and concluded by stating that he would vote for the ratification of the treaty, as it was impossible to foresee the results of its rejection.

SPAHN PRESIDENT OF REICHSTAG

Centrist Leader Defeats Rebel First Vice-President a Socialist.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—August Bebel, the veteran Socialist leader, was defeated for the presidency of the Reichstag to-day by Herr Spahn, leader of the Centre, by a majority of 10 votes.

Philip Sheideman, a Socialist, was elected vice-president of the Reichstag. He is the first Socialist to achieve this honor. He defeated the conservative candidate, Hermann Christian Dietrich, by 188 votes to 174.

Dr. Herman S. Paasche, the National Liberal leader, was chosen second vice-president.

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