

SIGNED AN UNTRUE BRANDT REPORT

Woodbridge Makes a Clean Breast of It to the Grand Jury.

DIX APPOINTS R. L. HAND

Ex-Judge Will Investigate the Whole Case in Place of Justice Gerard.

ODD MEETING AT CLUB

Rosalysky, Howard Gans, Schiff and McLaughlin Were All Present.

WHITMAN AFTER BIG GAME

Immunity for McLaughlin if He'll Tell All Quickly—Pardon for Brandt.

The important developments yesterday in the Brandt case were as follows:

Gov. Dix, accepting Justice Gerard's suggestion that the Constitution prohibits a Supreme Court Justice from accepting any other office, appointed ex-Judge Richard L. Hand of Essex county as special commissioner to report whether the facts justify a pardon for Folke Engel Brandt.

Justice Gerard will delay a decision on the writ of habeas corpus in order to give the Governor time to receive a report from Judge Hand. If, however, it becomes necessary Justice Gerard will sustain the writ and remand Brandt to the custody of the District Attorney for trial on the indictment of burglary in the first degree.

The Grand Jury, assisted by District Attorney Whitman, commenced its investigation to determine whether Brandt was the victim of a conspiracy when he was sentenced to thirty years in Clinton prison by Judge Otto A. Rosalysky. In this connection it is known that Judge Rosalysky, Howard S. Gans, counsel for Rosalysky, L. Schiff, Mr. Schiff himself, Inspector William W. McLaughlin and a man named Reichschmid met at the Casino Club a few days before Brandt was sentenced.

William W. McLaughlin, who was a deputy chief of police under Devery and was in command of the Detective Bureau at the time Brandt was prosecuted, will be questioned before the Grand Jury to-day as to the methods employed in framing a report that influenced Judge Rosalysky to believe that Brandt had a criminal record.

Justice Rosalysky, because he has been ordered by the Appellate Division not to take any further proceedings in the Brandt case while the case is in the hands of Justice Gerard, did not carry out his announcement that a would-be Brandt brought before him to make a new plea. It was definitely ascertained that the proceeding before Judge Rosalysky on Tuesday will have no effect.

COMMENTS FOR CONSPIRACY LIKELY

The most interesting revelations had to do with the Grand Jury investigation. It is now known that indictments for conspiracy are expected by District Attorney Whitman as the result of the inquiry as to whether or not influences were used in getting Brandt into the penitentiary in the first place. A pardon for Brandt and that is likely to come any day, will have no effect on the conspiracy investigation. Both the District Attorney and the Attorney-General are determined to get all the facts and proceed against any persons the Grand Jury may point out.

The testimony of ex-Detective Lieutenant Joseph D. Woodbridge before the Grand Jury yesterday indicated that the case which he submitted to Inspector DeLoach and which was taken into consideration by Judge Rosalysky in sentencing Brandt, was framed before Woodbridge was assigned to the penitentiary by Brandt and a criminal record.

Woodbridge testified that he got the statement on April 1, 1907, three days after Brandt was committed to Clinton prison. But the records of the Police Department contained a letter from Oswald S. Gans, written to Inspector DeLoach on March 30, 1907, in which Gans outlined the character of the statement. There is exactly what Mr. Gans, an ex-Assistant District Attorney, was the head of the Detective Bureau, and who is now in the penitentiary, took in connection with the character of the statement, will require the impossible in a long sentence. With thanks for the information in the matter, I am, Sir, yours truly, Howard S. Gans.

The first investigation in two sheets of paper and bearing the letterhead of Gans, and signed by William W. McLaughlin, Mr. Gans was familiar with all the details of the accusations that were not made by Detective Woodbridge until some time later. It suggests also where a person who would be likely to get the information desired and where it would be necessary or useless for the person to inquire. Mr. Gans's position in obtaining confessions from prisoners is expressed as follows in the letter: "I am, Sir, yours truly, Howard S. Gans."

It is interesting to note that while it is not something new. He is to be pardoned next Friday, but I can, of course, give the date of sentence and the date of pardon.

District Attorney Whitman, to whom this case was committed in order that he might advise the Grand Jury, thinks Mr. Brandt is innocent.

A MILLION DOLLAR PRESENT.

Joseph F. Gattins Gives Atlanta Hotel to His Three Children.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 14. Joseph F. Gattins, who was arrested in the Federal crusade for the closing of the Atlanta hotel, under Federal indictment for operating a racketeering business in Washington, D. C., today signed a deed of gift to his three children for Georgian Terrace, Atlanta's newest and finest hotel, worth \$1,000,000.

The children who receive this present are Joseph F. Gattins, Jr., of Atlanta, Penny Gattins of New York and Mrs. T. W. Pyley of New York.

The elder Gattins went to New York several years ago from Atlanta and has since made a fortune. He lives at the Chateau apartment, 71 Central Park West. He has been in Atlanta for several days and signed the deed just before his departure to-day for New York.

Gattins was known as the bank roll man of the firm of William B. Price & Co. of Baltimore, which with L. S. Boggs & Co. of Broadway, New York, were closed by Government action in 1910. At the time he was indicted twenty-eight other indictments were handed down against men who were said to compose the racketeering syndicate.

Four months after his arrest Gattins brought suit against a brokerage firm on the ground that he had lost several orders by the firm by not acting on his orders but prevented him from making a spectacular coup in Hooking stock the day before that stock went to smash.

AUTOPSY SHOWS BROKEN RIBS.

Just What Caused Frank Seaman's Death a Puzzle.

Frank H. Seaman, a dealer in typewriters at 23 Duane street, was taken last Tuesday morning from the Pennsylvania Station to Bellevue Hospital. He was unconscious when he reached Bellevue and the doctors were not able to decide what was the trouble with him. He was sent to a medical ward for observation. He died yesterday and an autopsy was performed last night by Coroner's Physician Otto H. Schultze. Dr. Schultze found that Mr. Seaman had had two fractured ribs and that they had caused an abscess, which together with pneumonia, led to his death. Dr. Schultze said that Mr. Seaman must have broken his ribs at least ten days ago.

William M. Seaman, a brother, with an office at the same address on Duane street, went to Bellevue Hospital when he learned that his brother had been taken ill. Last night Dr. Schultze asked him if he knew anything of his brother's injury. Mr. Seaman said that his brother had come in by a Pennsylvania train from Camden, Pa., last Tuesday and had fallen against a seat, but that the injury was not great enough to account for the broken ribs. He said he knew nothing of any previous mishap.

Frank H. Seaman's body was taken to an undertaking establishment and was later sent to Clinton.

KNEELING AS PUNISHMENT.

But Not for Long Times, Says S. P. C. C. Superintendent.

A report was current yesterday that a former employee of the Children's Society would be punished by kneeling in the society's rooms. The particular form of punishment mentioned by the former employee was compelling the children to kneel on the floor for extended periods. Superintendent Wash of the society said with regard to the reports that the former employee mentioned was in the employ of the society two days and was dismissed for incompetency. He said that the society never makes use of any sort of corporal punishment and that some sort of mild punishment is necessary to handle the children in the society's charge, many of whom are charged with crime and are in the courts.

Kneeling for periods of a few minutes, Superintendent Wash said, would be the maximum and a very unusual length of time for the punishment is resorted to now and then, the method being one which did not injure the children in any way or even cause them much discomfort, but had been found to be efficient in getting them. Now and then the children would seek to quit the kneeling, but would be rebuffed by the superintendent. There would be no word in the speech, for an hour or more, but such threats are used merely for their moral effect and are never carried out. Even for the short periods that they have to kneel the children are wrapped up in blankets when the weather is cold.

YOUNG LOVERS TORN APART.

Fifteen-Year-Olds Taken to Children's Court by Stern Parent.

Russell Stavross and Johanna Jaeger have had a stormy love affair if it has been only a month in duration. It wound up in the Children's Court yesterday, where Russell and Johanna got a judicial scolding that made about as much impression on them, judging from their faces, as it would have on two adhesive bits of putty.

Russell is the fifteen-year-old son of William A. Stavross, who lives at 21 West 125th street and has a picture agency at 340 West Thirty-third street. Some time ago Russell came into his first pair of long trousers and the same day met Johanna, who lives at 331 East Ninety-sixth street. Johanna lost her fifteen-year-old heart to Russell and the new trousers, and Russell glibbed himself to Johanna and let the world go hang. His father was compelled to go to Johanna's house at all hours of the day and night and free his son from her embraces, and one day he was just in time to keep Russell from clawing his way through a window. It was four stories to the ground and Russell explained that the drop was preferable to life without love.

So yesterday Mr. Stavross had him to the Children's society and Justice Hand to beg that something be done to curb puppy love, but the two clove and there he came to pay. The two youngsters were remanded to the Children's society until their bleeding hearts shall have cooled off a bit.

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LOEB PICKED TO RUN ROOSEVELT CAMPAIGN

The Colonel's Supporters Are Urging Him to Take Charge of It.

FIXING UP HIS PLATFORM

Gathering Here to Pass on His Columbus Speech—At Work in Washington.

It was learned from friends of Col. Roosevelt last night that William Loeb, Jr., Collector of the Port, is the man that the Roosevelt supporters hope to have take charge of the Colonel's campaign for renomination.

Some of the Colonel's supporters who have been in this city within the last day or two have put the proposition squarely up to Mr. Loeb and the Collector, it is understood, instead of turning it down now has the matter under consideration.

The Taft people have been contending right along that Mr. Loeb is loyal to them, notwithstanding the fact that he was for many years Roosevelt's secretary and his political lieutenant. Reports from Washington yesterday were to the effect that a man of national prominence had been selected to take charge of the newly opened Roosevelt headquarters in Washington, and it was learned on good authority that Mr. Loeb is this man.

If Mr. Loeb hits up with the Roosevelt boom he will of course resign as Collector of the Port. Some of President Taft's friends in this city who heard the report last night refused to credit it. They declared they believed Mr. Loeb was loyal to Taft and that the Collector could not personally afford to undertake the management of the Roosevelt campaign after having enjoyed a good office under the Taft Administration for three years. It is certain, however, that the Roosevelt people are hard at work in an endeavor to get Mr. Loeb to take this place and that the Collector has not turned them down as yet.

The platform upon which the Colonel will stand for reelection if he is the choice of the Chicago convention was outlined yesterday at a conference in which Col. Roosevelt, Gov. Hiram W. Johnson of California, ex-Senator Flinn of Pittsburgh, William Nelson, owner of the Kansas City Star, and E. A. Van Valkenburg, publisher of the Philadelphia North American, took part. The two newspapers are largely pushing the Roosevelt boom. The conference luncheon with the Colonel at the National Arts Club and then put in most of the afternoon at the Outlook office editing the speech which Col. Roosevelt will make before the Ohio constitutional convention on February 21 and in which he will make a declaration of his progressive policies.

It is just possible that Col. Roosevelt may fire the opening gun of the campaign of the progressives, according to Roosevelt, in the letter in which he will reply to the demand of the conference of progressive Governors held last Saturday at Chicago, for more light to guide them upon their way, but from what those who talked with Col. Roosevelt yesterday said, it seems probable that the letter to the Governor will not be made public until after the Columbus speech.

Oscar Straus, who was Roosevelt's Secretary of Commerce and Labor, was present during a part of the conference, and Gifford Pinchot, the Colonel's former chief forester and present political friend; his brother, Atias, Col. D. A. Collier, State Senator, and Bullock, United States Marshal from South Dakota, were among the Colonel's callers.

If the conference had as a part of its purpose the securing of the Colonel's consent to a definite declaration of his candidacy it definitely failed in that, for Mr. Van Valkenburg said later that it would be "impractical and not persons" that would figure in the Colonel's Columbus speech. He admitted that the greater part of the time during which he and the others were closeted with Mr. Roosevelt had been spent in going over and discussing the various points in the speech. He notified "yes" when asked if the speech would be an announcement of progressive principles. There would be no word in the speech, said Mr. Van Valkenburg, concerning the Colonel as a possible candidate.

Col. Collier, in addition to looking after the interests of the San Diego Panama Exposition, has been announcing the Roosevelt sentiment in thirty-five States, according to his own statement, was more specific than the other visitors concerning the Colonel's "platform." It would be satisfactory to the rank and file of the party, but might not please the "extreme radicals," Mr. Collier thought. He added that Mr. Roosevelt if elected would not be "as radical as La Follette."

Col. Collier, who was making his second call on Mr. Roosevelt, also had a word to say bearing on the position of Gov. Johnson, who has had many talks with Mr. Roosevelt, but has refused thus far to put himself on record publicly.

"I have never worked with Gov. Johnson in politics before," said Col. Collier, "but this year we will be found fighting shoulder to shoulder for Roosevelt." He added that if Col. Roosevelt were not the choice of the convention he would take the stump for any Democrat except Harmon. "And there are lots of others who feel as I do," said Mr. Collier, who also gave as his opinion as he went away that Mr. Roosevelt will define his position in the Columbus speech and in his answer to the conference of Governors.

Gifford Pinchot hurried on to Washington after his hour with the Colonel in the morning. He had also been a caller on Taft today. It was merely a friendly call, he said, but when asked if he had switched from his support of La Follette to his first political love, Mr. Pinchot referred his questioners to a telegram which he sent to the Minnesota Progressive Republican League some days ago. The telegram read: "In my judgment La Follette's condition

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MORSE OFF FOR THE RIVIERA.

ails With His Wife, Who Shelters Him From the Reporters.

S. S. KAISERIN AUGUSTE VICTORIA, Feb. 14 (By wireless)—Mr. and Mrs. Charles W. Morse are down on the Kaiserin's passenger list as Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Campbell. None of the passengers, however, has so far seen the banker whose name since President Taft committed. Word is sent from the Morse's stateroom that Mr. Morse is a very sick man. He is confined to his berth, not even leaving his stateroom for meals.

Charles W. Morse sailed yesterday with his wife for the Mediterranean by the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. Mrs. Morse greeted reporters with the ex-ambassador's effort to talk with the ex-banker with the declaration that her husband was too ill to be interviewed. Mr. Morse himself was seen through the half open door of his suite untrapping a suit case and looking pretty good for an invalid.

Mrs. Morse said she hoped the reporters would excuse her husband. The doctors had ordered him to take a long rest and he was going to do it. His plans, Mrs. Morse said, were rather vague. Everything depended on Mr. Morse's health. They did not know how long they might be away or where they might go, but there is little doubt that they will leave the liner at Villefranche and that Mr. Morse will try the restful influence of the Riviera before going elsewhere.

STARTS 2 DAYS 18 HOURS LATE.

George Washington, Delayed by Fog, Sails From Cherbourg for New York.

SPECIAL CABLE DISPATCH TO THE SUN. CHERBOURG, Feb. 14.—The steamship George Washington of the North German Lloyd, which has been held up in European waters owing to the fog, left here at 2:15 this afternoon direct for New York.

The vessel is two days and eighteen hours late in leaving this port.

15-YEAR-OLD GIRL MISSING.

Police Asked to Look for Daughter of Frederick H. Smith.

The Brooklyn police have been asked to find Helen Smith, the fifteen-year-old daughter of Frederick H. Smith, a broker, of 214 West 114th street.

Friday last, along with Miss Jean Campbell, who had stopped at the Smith home the previous night, Miss Campbell is the divorced wife of Harry Hyland Lyon of St. Louis.

Miss Janet Smith, an older sister of Helen, became acquainted with Miss Campbell about two weeks ago and they met again last Thursday. Miss Campbell said she had to leave the Hotel Maryland because she couldn't pay her room rent and she didn't know where she was going. Miss Smith invited her to spend a night at the Smith home.

The next day Mrs. Smith returned home from marketing at noon and was told by her daughter Janet that Helen and Miss Campbell had gone to lunch with Miss Madeleine Slocum, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Louis W. Slocum of 152 West 121st street. Miss Slocum told Mrs. Smith that night over the telephone that she had spent much of the afternoon with Helen and Miss Campbell, but did not know where they had gone after she left them.

Miss Campbell had been employed as a solicitor by the Press Artists Association up to February 2. Mrs. Smith traced her daughter and Miss Campbell to the Times Square Hotel, in West Forty-third street, where they registered Friday.

They were in the earthkellar of the hotel until 3 o'clock in the morning as Miss J. Campbell and sister. They left the next morning. Miss Campbell, paying for the room. The next night, according to the information obtained by the searchers, they spent at the Hotel Albany, where they registered as "Miss J. Boyd and sister." The police also have found that they were at Hammerstein's Monday night.

ACCEPT ROCKEFELLER'S OFFER.

Frenchmen Thank Him for Providing Fund for Buying Pasteur's Home.

John D. Rockefeller's offer of \$11,000 to provide for the purchase and preserving as a public monument the birthplace of Louis Pasteur, at Dolle, France, has been accepted by the committee in charge of the movement. It was announced yesterday.

The following letter of acceptance, received by Mr. Rockefeller, was given out by Dr. Simon Flexner, director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research: "Paris, Jan. 25, 1912. Mr. J. D. Rockefeller, New York. I have the honor of being directed by the members of the Pasteur Committee and by my colleagues of the Departmental Assembly to express to you on their behalf and on that of all the people of Dolle our deep gratitude for the noble and generous thought which has animated your decision to assume the cost of purchasing, furnishing and repairing the birthplace of Louis Pasteur."

I shall promptly communicate to you such action as the Municipal Council takes with this end in view at the special session which I am calling. Accept, dear sir, with the expression of my gratitude, the assurance of my most distinguished consideration. M. PERRIN, Mayor and President of the Pasteur Committee.

The people of France will provide by popular subscription the further sum of 21,000 francs for the maintenance of the home.

DEWEY'S PORT WINE WITH OLIVE OIL. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 125 Fulton St., N. Y.

NIGHT SCHOOL A FOLLY, MAXWELL TELLS THEM

And Recommends to School Board Members Continuation School in Its Place.

WE NEED TO TEACH FARMING

City Superintendent Also Urges a School to Cure Stutterers and Stammerers.

City Superintendent of Education Maxwell told the Board of Education yesterday that the evening elementary schools were a gigantic blunder and ought to be abolished. The superintendent submitted his thirteenth annual report. He said he had been studying evening elementary schools for thirty years and was now convinced that the attempt to give instruction in the ordinary elementary branches in the evening to boys and girls from 14 to 16 years old was worse than useless. In those schools there are 80,100 pupils enrolled, but the average nightly attendance is only 28,954.

"Those who are employed during the day need the evening for exercise and recreation. Only those who are endowed with unusual physical strength and unusual mental energy can, after a hard day's work, attend school four evenings in a week and benefit thereby," Mr. Maxwell said.

The superintendent recommended that the evening schools be done away with and that "continuation schools" from 7 to 9 A. M. and from 1 to 3 P. M. be established. It would be necessary, he thought, to secure legislation to compel employers to give to each employee under 19 years four to six hours a week for forty weeks in a year and to make it compulsory for the youngsters to go to school.

The superintendent recommended that the city establish an agricultural school where boys may be taught farming. He said that in the city there are tens of thousands of men in summer who sleep in the parks and areas while there is plenty of work to do on the farms only a few miles distant. They "go back to the land" is beginning to be heard from so many directions that educators must take notice of it. It would be a good thing if the city should induce boys and girls to take up work not in factories but in the sunshine and freedom of the farm.

Another recommendation was that the city establish a school for the cure of stuttering and stammering pupils. No systematic provision has been made in the schools for the treatment of speech defects, as in the case of the blind, the deaf and the dumb, the mentally defective and the crippled. He said the number of stuttering or stammering children in the public schools is large. The defect of lisping also prevails to a large extent. These defects hamper the child in his progress through school and are often caused by shyness or nervousness and treatment should be undertaken while the sufferer is still young.

A children's savings bank in each school is another recommendation. The most immediate need for the schools, Dr. Maxwell said, is a period of recreation for the children. He has never seen so many parents to spend their money on retard-advancement as has occurred in the last year. Such were the agitation over teachers' salaries and over the proposed new school board. The Board of Estimate committee of experts calling for numerous reports and other matters took the minds of teachers and supervisors of their work of teaching, with the result that the children suffered. It is to be hoped, he added, that the school system will be allowed to go ahead peacefully this year.

IN THE ENEMY'S CAUCUS.

House Democrats Discover an Insurgent Republican in Camp.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Democrats were deeply affected in a discussion of party affairs at the caucus tonight by the case of the Underwood champion, J. P. Cullen, who was named as a Republican member was present. The insulter was Representative Green of Massachusetts. Representative James was in the midst of an address denouncing Republican misadministration when some one shouted: "Hold up! There's an enemy in the camp."

All eyes were at once turned toward the Republican side of the chamber where Representative Green was seated in solitary grandeur.

"Go west," he exclaimed, "I didn't know this was a caucus. I was seated in the cloak room enjoying a cigar when I heard the roll being called. I came in to answer to my name. Gentlemen, I beg your pardon and assure you that all I have heard here will be kept in the strictest confidence."

Then Mr. Green departed and the Democrats resumed their discussion.

CHALONER COMING TO COURT.

Ex-Husband of Anelle Rivers Wants to Be Declared Sane Here.

John Armstrong Chaloner, the brother of William Astor, Lewis Stuyvesant and Sheriff Robert Chandler, will come to this city from Virginia to appear before Justice Holt in the United States Circuit Court to attend to his interests in his action to have the committee of his person discharged and his sanity declared. Although legally Chaloner is a refugee from the Bloomingdale asylum, the court is not going to do anything about that while Chaloner is here.

The trial of his case was set down yesterday, and after Hugh Gordon Miller, counsel for Chaloner, asked that a deposition of Princess Troubetzkoy be especially searched for by the officers of the court it was put over. The deposition of the Princess, who was formerly Anelle Rivers, then the wife of Chaloner and divorced him, is understood to say that she regarded Chaloner as of a sound mind at the time he was adjudged insane in this State. Twenty-seven notaries of his Mr. Chaloner have made depositions in his favor.

GREAT CLEAR SPRING WATER. ANGOSTURA BITTERS, world's famous tonic, deliciously flavored all deserts.—Adm. 60c per case of 6 glass sipping bottles.—Adm.

SUBMARINES UNDER ICE.

Fleet of Seven Boats Sent Up the Chesapeake for Daring Tests.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 14.—Seven navy submarines will leave the navy yard tomorrow to-morrow to undergo submerged tests under the ice in Chesapeake Bay. The practice, the supply ship of the submarine fleet, left to-day to break up the ice in the lower Chesapeake Bay, where the tests will be made.

Considering that big steamers plying between this city and Baltimore have been forced to abandon their schedule on account of the ice the submarine tests are considered to be daring.

MAN ADRIFT ON ICE CAKE.

Called for Help and Disappeared in the Hudson River.

YONKERS, Feb. 14.—Supt. Weil of the New York Central power station at Glenwood saw a man floating on a cake of ice in the Hudson River this evening and heard him call for help.

Weil telephoned to police headquarters. When he returned from the telephone the man had disappeared from the ice. Police men and life savers found no trace of him.

THE COUNT AND THE SPOONS.

Expensively Garbed Italian in Court Charged With Shoplifting.

An Italian in a fur coat and silk hat who says he is Count Rafael Gajoffo, of 530 Forty-fifth street, Brooklyn, was arraigned in the high court last night before Magistrate Freschi charged with shoplifting. Tillie Brown, a department store detective, charged him with taking from the store a dozen silver ice cream spoons valued at \$11.88.

She said he put the spoons in his overcoat pocket and she followed him to the street, where she told him he had better come back and explain. Gajoffo hit her in the face and ran north on Broadway until he landed squarely in the arms of Detective Train, who persuaded him to follow Tillie Brown to the office. There he denied taking the spoons.

Gajoffo carried a gold headed cane when he appeared in court and he wore a ring bearing a coat of arms. He did not care to explain to Magistrate Freschi what had happened, but waived examination and was held in \$500 bail for trial in Special Sessions. Bail was furnished.

OFFERED HIS BODY FOR SALE.

Man in Straits Sought to Raise Price of Food from Hospital.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—John McCarthy, a middle-aged man, pleaded with resident physicians of the Pennsylvania Hospital to-day to buy his body after death for anatomical experiments.

He told the physicians that he was without funds, had no home and was in poor health. He wanted money to buy food and clothing. "You can put a tag on me if you want to so my body will come back," he declared pleadingly. "I'm not so well and I guess I won't live long, so it won't be long until you get the body."

The hospital physicians said the Pennsylvania Hospital was no longer dissecting bodies, but the doctors, orderlies and nurses made up a purse for him. Then they took him to the kitchen and fed him and gave him clothes.

FORD RETURNS, MAY SUE.

U. S. Rubber Co. Director Indignant Over Arrest in England.

J. Howard Ford, the director of the United States Rubber Company and president of the Meyer Rubber Company and also director of the Crosby and Worcester, who is wanted for abduction and swindling, is recuperating at the Plaza Hotel from his experience in the Dover jail.

Mr. Ford arrived in the Olympic yesterday and is highly indignant over the mistake. He will consult with his lawyers in reference to suing the District Attorney's office as the source of the order on which Scotland Yard acted.

He was on his way to Berlin to join his wife when he was arrested at Dover on December 28 being mistaken for "Julius H. Ford," who is Doc Warburton with an alias. He was in jail two days before he was liberated and hospitalized and has a valid suit for damages against some one on the New York side of the affair.

He does not blame the English police who arrested him on orders from this side and who merely followed instructions.

HERRICK'S NOMINATION.

Senate Foreign Relations Committee Reports It by Unanimous Vote.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, by unanimous vote, made a favorable report to the Senate to-day on the nomination of ex-Gov. Myron T. Herrick of Ohio as Ambassador to France. Senator Borah of Idaho was not present at the meeting of the committee. He sent word that he would not object to a favorable report, but reserved the right to oppose the confirmation in the executive session of the Senate if, upon investigation, such a course seemed desirable.

The objection to Gov. Herrick's nomination originated with some of the progressive Republicans and was based solely on an alleged utterance of Gov. Herrick's at a dinner in Cleveland given him in honor of his appointment as Ambassador. The press report of his speech credited him with saying some severe things in regard to Senator La Follette's physical collapse at the dinner of the periodical publishers at Philadelphia recently. The Governor, according to the statement in the newspapers, made reference to the man in politics "who rises and runs his fingers through his hair and then collapses on the floor." The statement in the newspapers who are friends of Senator La Follette were offended by this alleged reference to their leader. Senator Cummins objected that such language should not be directed at a sick man was rather indignant and ungracious.

40 ARRESTED IN DYNAMITE PLOTS

Ryan, Ironworkers' Head, Is One; Gompers Was Not Indicted.

ROUNDUP IN 18 CITIES

Labor Men Accused of Aiding McNamara's Invited to Indianapolis for Trial.

3 NABBED HERE, JAILED.

Webb Guided McManigal to "Jobs" in These Parts, the Confession Said.

CONSPIRACY IS THE CHARGE

All Are Tamed With Shipping Explosives Penalties Fine and Imprisonment.

The blow which the Federal Grand Jury at Indianapolis, the "big game jury"—has been preparing to strike for several weeks fell heavily yesterday on organized labor, but did not hit Samuel Gompers or any other high officer of the American Federation. Forty men, most of them members of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, were arrested by Government agents in cities ranging from Boston to Denver. Three live in this city.

The main figures of the lot are Frank M. Ryan, president of the international union; John T. Butler, first vice president; and Herbert S. Hookin, second vice president and successor to John J. McNamara, now in San Quentin prison, as secretary and treasurer. Hookin is said to have been the field general of the dynamite and nitro-glycerine conspiracy who directed the movements of Orrie McManigal, confessed destroyer of bridges and buildings in many States.

Two of the New Yorkers arrested lived in Manhattan and were found in bed at their homes. They are Frank C. Webb, who according to McManigal's confession acted as pilot to "jobs" that were to be done near New York, and Patrick F. Farrell. One of the prisoners, Daniel J. Brophy, lives in Brooklyn and has been working at the navy yard. Each of these men was held yesterday in \$10,000