

THAW SANITY INQUIRY COMES TO SUDDEN HALT

Hint That Justice Keogh May Withdraw From the Hearing.

WILL GIVE REASON TO-DAY

Case May Go to Justice Tompkins or to a New Sanity Commission.

WHITE PLAINS, June 27.—Following conferences of Justice Keogh with counsel for Harry K. Thaw, who is seeking release from the Matteawan asylum, and William T. Jerome, representing the Attorney-General, the hearing that has been going on during the past nine days came to a sudden halt this morning and was adjourned until to-morrow.

One of the attorneys said that nothing was to be given out as to the reasons for the adjournment. It is said on the highest authority, however, that Justice Keogh may to-morrow morning order a discontinuance of the present habeas corpus proceedings and either send the matter before a commission of insanity experts and laymen or have it taken before Justice Arthur S. Tompkins of Nyack.

When Justice Keogh was asked why he had postponed the inquiry he replied: "There is nothing to be said now. The matter will be disposed of at the morning session."

In his Wednesday's testimony Thaw spoke of his relations with Clifford W. Hartridge. He said that following his alleged discovery that Hartridge had misused large sums of Thaw's money entrusted to him he had consulted A. Russell Peabody about it. Mr. Peabody was of the firm of Hartridge & Peabody.

"Mr. Peabody did not know what course to pursue," said Thaw, "so he consulted a very good friend of his about the matter. He told his friend all he knew about what Hartridge had done."

"There is some one in this court who knows what I mean," said Thaw, "but I won't give his name unless His Honor insists." Thaw looked at Justice Keogh, who had his gaze directed at the telling.

It is remembered that Justice Keogh is connected by marriage to Peabody. Justice Keogh's wife was Miss Katherine Emmet, daughter of Richard Stockton Emmet, a famous lawyer. Mrs. Keogh is a grandniece of Robert Emmet. The wife of Mr. Peabody, who died in 1905, was a Miss Emmet.

The most damaging of the testimony against Thaw which Mr. Jerome introduced came from Hartridge. This included the memorandum book of Susan Merrill. As soon as it became evident that Thaw's relations with Hartridge would play an important part in the present struggle for freedom Justice Keogh, it is said, considered withdrawing from the case. Last Wednesday night he reached his decision, and the next morning, when he appeared at the court, he seemed worried and sent for Jerome and Shearn. The three then consulted all the morning.

When the proceedings were halted by Justice Keogh and the two lawyers spent forty minutes talking earnestly. Then it was announced that a recess had been ordered. When Mr. Jerome emerged from the conference before the recess he appeared much disturbed. Mr. Shearn left the Justice's chambers looking well pleased and immediately sought out Thaw and his mother, Mrs. Mary Copely Thaw. They smiled broadly and confidently over what the lawyer told them. All Mr. Shearn had to say then was, "Jerome is licked and he knows it."

Before it was learned that Justice Keogh probably would transfer the hearing it was rumored that he intended to appoint two alienists to examine Thaw and report to him. What obstacle there is to this or a continuance of the present hearing no one of those concerned would reveal. A conference held in the afternoon lasted for nearly two hours.

The court room was crowded with spectators and there was silence every time Court Clerk Charles E. Long emerged from Justice Keogh's chambers and announced that there was to be a recess, which was taken twice, and then followed the adjournment.

Thaw said to a friend, "I can see now that I have practically won our case." If the proceedings should be transferred to Justice Tompkins no more testimony will be taken until next fall, as Justice Tompkins is about to leave on his summer vacation.

From the beginning of the proceedings Justice Keogh, it is said, has been anxious to appoint one or two alienists of his own selection to pass upon the question as to whether Thaw is sane or insane, but no agreement between the lawyers could be reached. Because of certain testimony given by Thaw at the hearing on Wednesday it is now believed that Justice Keogh is inclined to select his own experts and to hear the evidence of four alienists called for the State and the same number for Thaw.

PETHICK-LAWRENCE IS FREE.

Another Militant Votes for Women Advocate Regains Liberty.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

London, June 27.—Pethick-Lawrence, leader of the Women's Suffrage League, was released from prison to-day. Mrs. Pethick-Lawrence, who was arrested with her wife, Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, and other militant suffragettes, was released from prison to-day. Mrs. Pethick-Lawrence, Mrs. Pankhurst and a number of "hunger strikers" were freed from Holloway Prison several days ago.

3:40 to Philadelphia and Return.
New York, June 28, 29, 30, July 1, good to return.
Philadelphia, Pa., Pennsylvania Railroad, Account of the Philadelphia, Pa., Express train from Philadelphia Station.—Ad.

TEACHER TO WED JAPANESE.

Sangoro Ono, Hog Merchant, and Miss Barnes Get a License.

A marriage license was issued yesterday at the City Hall to Sangoro Ono, a Japanese boardwalk merchant of Asbury Park, and Miss Winifred Louise Barnes, 28 years old—same age as the Japanese—who gave her address as 29 East Twenty-ninth street. Miss Barnes gave her occupation as a teacher.

The address given by Miss Barnes is the Martha Washington Hotel, where it was said last night that the hotel manager did not know her. The hotel had received a telephone communication during the afternoon yesterday from Miss Barnes, who asked that any mail or any inquirers who came to her be referred to the Plaza Hotel at Asbury Park.

Miss Barnes has been at Asbury Park for a few days only, but has spoken frequently of her coming marriage. On Tuesday she and Ono came to New York and tried to get married at the Little Church around the Corner, but they didn't have a license, and the pastor refused to marry them. Miss Barnes and Ono came to New York yesterday afternoon, and had not returned to the Plaza Hotel up to 1:40 this morning. The Japanese is in the rug business at Asbury Park.

BROKERS MUST HAVE THE STOCK.

If They Buy on Margin They Must Keep It in Their Possession.

Brokers who buy stock on margin for customers must keep the stock constantly in their possession in order that it may be delivered immediately upon the payment by the customer of the amount due. This is a ruling by the Appellate Term of the Supreme Court yesterday.

The court reversed a judgment in favor of the firm of Charles A. Stoneham & Co., curb brokers, in a suit by Pierre A. Shiel to recover \$10 as the value of certain curb stock purchased for him which the brokers could not deliver when Shiel offered to pay the amount due.

The brokers offered testimony to show that the stock had really been purchased for Shiel on the date named but that when he demanded the stock the brokers had to wait until it could be sent here from Salt Lake City or Toronto. Justice Lehman, who wrote the opinion, said:

"A broker is merely employed to buy stock for his client, and moneys paid to him on account of the purchase are paid merely as the agent. If he fails to purchase the stock when ordered, hoping to buy the stock at a lower price and pocket the difference, he has converted the client's money. If he does purchase the stock when ordered, but treats the stock as his own, parting with the stock so he cannot deliver it on demand, it seems to me that he has also failed to obey the direction to buy the stock for the client, and has also converted the client's money."

Shiel contended that there was no proof that the brokers ever bought the stock at all.

ANOTHER BRIDEGROOM QUITS.

Father Kean Sends Second Disappointed Wedding Crowd Away.

On two successive days the Rev. Father Joseph Kean, pastor of St. Jerome's Catholic Church, at 13th street and St. Ann's avenue, The Bronx, has had to turn away guests who have gone to weddings at his church. Both times the bridegrooms have balked and on the wedding morn written to their prospective brides that they cannot get to the wedding.

It was learned yesterday that Dennis Leonard, 22 years old, of 41 West Twenty-sixth street, was the second man to disappoint his fiancée. He was to have married Miss Ita O'Shay, 24 years old, of 457 East 13th street, The Bronx. Leonard saved \$1,500 as a car conductor two years ago and went to Ireland to visit his mother, who lives in County Clare. In London in the post office where Miss Ita O'Shay was employed, Dennis lost his heart and the two came to an understanding that was made firm when Miss O'Shay came to this country to live with her aunt and uncle. They told Father Kean that they wished to be married in his church. Invitations were sent out and presents sent in.

But on Monday went Dennis with a long face to Miss O'Shay. He had written to his mother, he said, telling her of his intentions and had received a letter from her saying that she was crying her eyes out. His aunt, too, on hearing of his wedding plans, was similarly affected and, worst of all, the friend whom Dennis had picked for best man also had broken down and sobbed when told the news. Miss O'Shay last night said that she told Dennis to "run along and cry with the rest of them," and the next morning came a letter full of apology but firm in refusal to appear at the church that noon.

As many of the invitations as could be recalled, but quite a number were waiting in the church on Wednesday when Father Kean made his announcement.

The day before the priest had to tell of the failure of Frank Clarke of 415 East 135th street to appear and marry Miss Sally Quinn of 361 St. Ann's avenue. Clarke wrote that he was going away never to return.

Miss O'Shay said last night that she was not heartbroken over the lost Dennis.

CUBAN REBELS' LEADER KILLED.

Federal General Officially Reports Death of Estenoz.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

HAVANA, June 27.—Gen. Estenoz, the commander in chief of the negro rebels, has been killed, according to official reports from the field.

Gen. Monteagudo, the leader of the Cuban Federal forces, sent the following official telegram to President Gomez to-night:

"Major Consuegro reports from Sonogo that he has Estenoz's dead body. I have sent a special train to Sonogo for the body and expect it to arrive in Santiago by midnight."

With the death of Estenoz Government officials predict the complete collapse of the insurrecto movement.

Gen. Ivonet, who was the right hand man of Estenoz, has been operating independently of the latter, so the commander in chief's death leaves his followers leaderless. Their surrender or quick dispersal is expected as a result.

Keepsake Intercollegiate Boat Races.
The Long Line "Albany" runs special view races. Get circular or telephone 1111 Spring.—Ad.

LIFE TERM FOR BARON WHO KILLED PRINCESS

First Ten Years at Solitary Confinement—Sentence Stirs All Rome.

MEANS DEATH OR LUNACY

Paterno, Dazed by Severity of Punishment, Mutters "Julia Is Revenged."

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ROME, June 27.—The Baron Lieut. Vincenzo Paterno, who stabbed and killed his mistress, the Princess Trigona, a lady in waiting to the Queen, was found guilty to-day of premeditated murder, but with extenuating circumstances. The claim of partial insanity was not allowed. The Baron was sentenced to imprisonment for life, which is to be preceded by ten years of solitary confinement.

The judge having summed up in an hour the jury retired at 8:30 o'clock. The doors of the court room were then opened, the trial hitherto having been held in camera. Even the aged parents of the Baron, who came especially to the court, were refused admittance while the trial was in progress.

A large crowd, including many women, waited outside for a long time to-day to see the weeping prisoner. The Baron was dressed in black even to his shirt. A limited number of the curious, most of whom were women, were admitted and the police held up the rest. The jury returned in an hour with the verdict of guilty.

Lieut. Paterno heard the verdict with bowed head and did not weep as he frequently has done during the trial. He simply seemed to be dazed.

When sentence was pronounced the Baron was apparently on the verge of collapse. The doctor who accompanied him to the cage in which he had been confined found that his pulse had almost ceased. He hurried the prisoner out of the court and had him removed immediately by a back door unseen by the crowd and taken to the prison, where he remains in a peculiar attitude. He is listless, does not shed any tears and refuses to talk. Once during the evening he muttered, "Julia is now revenged."

The sentence has created a tremendous impression and is regarded as almost unprecedented severity. Extenuating circumstances have hitherto invariably been allowed in so-called crimes of passion.

Solitary confinement in an Italian prison means physically a lingering death unless it induces suicide. No man could stand ten years of it. Bresci, who killed King Humbert, got that solitary confinement treatment and went crazy in a few years.

Rome and the western world were set astir on March 2, 1911, at the news of the murder of Princess di Trigona, niece of Marquis di San Giuliano, the Italian Minister of Foreign Affairs, and cousin of Prince de Scales, who was stabbed by Baron Lieut. Paterno of the Italian army.

The Princess was 28 years old at the time of her death and one of the most beautiful women of Rome. She resided at the Quirinal, where she was Queen Helena's favorite lady in waiting. She was separated from her husband less than a year before the tragedy but no legal separation had been granted. The King and Queen had tried to reconcile the couple but were not successful.

The murder was committed in a third class rooming house called the Rebbecca in Rome, where Princess di Trigona and Lieut. Paterno had locked themselves in a room. The *Messenger*, an Italian publication, and the crime was committed because the Princess, with whom Lieut. Paterno had been carrying on a liaison for some time, refused to pay his debts. These amounted to \$1,000. Notwithstanding the Baron was a cavalry lieutenant, he was a card sharper. It was ascertained that he had forced the Princess to give him money. He publicly bragged that she was his mistress.

On April 9 the Crown Prosecutor drew up a report saying that the murder was the result of jealousy and that Paterno wounded himself to influence public opinion.

Letters written by the Countess to Paterno were made public in the course of the trial. All Europe was amazed at the letters, which contained evidence against Paterno. She called him "My adored Enzo," "My treasure," "My life," "My love," and he confessed that at the time he was carrying a loaded revolver around with him to kill any one he saw speak to her.

On May 27 of this year Paterno confessed that it was jealousy that induced the crime.

Queen Helena has taken care of the Princess's orphaned children.

U. S. TRANSPORT IN ICE PACK.

The Sheridan, With Troops Aboard, Drifting to Arctic Ocean.

TACOMA, Wash., June 27.—A cable from Nome says that the United States transport Sheridan with four companies of troops and officers bound for Fort Davis and St. Michael is caught in ice floes drifting toward the Arctic Ocean twenty-five miles a day.

Unless the vessel can manage to break through the fields to an open lead there is imminent danger that the ship will be carried through the Bering Strait into the Arctic Ocean.

The Sheridan is a steel ship and therefore not well equipped for fighting ice floes. She was first caught in the ice on June 20, but according to wireless messages Navigation Officer Healey managed to extricate her. She reached an open lead, but was again caught between two tremendous fields of blue ice which slowly closed in and she is now held hard and fast. No word has been received of measures taken to relieve the vessel, but as there is a quantity of explosive powder aboard it is believed Capt. H. S. Howland will attempt to dynamite the ice in close proximity to the vessel so as to avoid a pinch.

MEN'S SUFFRAGE PARADE.

League Asks Permission to March Soon After Election.

The Men's League for Woman Suffrage, through E. A. Twaddell, secretary to James I. Laidlaw, of 25 Broadway, chairman of the executive committee, made application to Police Commissioner Waldo yesterday for permission for a torch light parade on Saturday evening November 9, 1912, which is the night of the Saturday after election day. The formal application is accompanied by a letter to Commissioner Waldo from R. C. Beadle, of 11 Broadway, executive secretary of the league, explaining the plans for the parade.

The hour set is 8 o'clock. It is planned to have the parade form east and west of Fifth avenue at Fifty-eighth, Fifty-seventh, Fifty-sixth and Fifty-fifth streets and to march south to Seventeenth street and thence to Union Square, where there are to be speeches. The promoters estimate that there will be at least 10,000 men and women in the parade.

The president of the league is George Foster Peabody.

NEW TAFT ELECTORS FILED.

President's Kansas Leaders Fear Flop to Roosevelt.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 27.—Separate petitions were filed here to-day by the Taft forces to get the names of eight new candidates for Kansas President and electors of the Republican primary ballot to be voted upon in August. The list was filed by the Taft leaders, who fear the electors whose petitions already are filed would cast their votes for Roosevelt in the electoral college should they be chosen in November.

Roosevelt leaders in Kansas, including Gov. Stubbs, have said that if the electors chosen by the Republicans are Roosevelt men the organization of a third party in Kansas will be unnecessary.

EDWARD A. SKAE KILLED.

Detroit Capitalist and Clubman Victim of Auto Accident.

DETROIT, June 27.—Edward A. Skae, the well known Detroit capitalist and clubman whose country home is on the Orchard Lake road, was killed in an automobile accident here to-day. The accident occurred this morning near his home. Richard L. Aylward, formerly a partner of Mr. Skae, was also in the automobile that overturned, but escaped with slight bruises. Plunging over a retaining wall built to protect a bad place in the road the car fell nine feet into a ditch, imprisoning the two men beneath it.

One man lay under each side of the car and the rescuers were immediately confronted with the problem of trying to lift the heavy machine without injuring either of the men. Rails were brought and an effort was made to lift both sides of the car at once, but this was found to be impossible, and working first at one side and then at the other, the rescuers were stopped by the screams of the man being pinched under the opposite side. It was not until the screams coming from Mr. Skae were silenced by death that Aylward was released. Mr. Skae is survived by a widow and four children.

MISS HAY DISLIKES US.

Jamaican Lady at Customs Since Statue of Liberty.

A Jamaican suffragette stood on the deck of the steamer *Almirante* as the vessel made her way for the East River out of Quarantine yesterday. The Jamaican lady eyed the Statue of Liberty with extreme disapproval and said: "I think it is characteristic of the United States. It is all points and daggers and looks as though it might symbolize greed and avarice. Its effect is extremely repulsive."

The suffragette is Miss G. C. Hay of London and Jamaica. In the latter place she has sugar plantations and estates, from which she is now on her way to England as fast as she can get there.

She doesn't like the United States customs or anything else connected with this sorry little island which is to get away to England as soon as possible. She'll have to remain here until to-morrow.

HONEYMOON LIMITED.

Thirty-two Bridal Parties on One Train East.

SCRANTON, Pa., June 27.—Forty wedding couples left the Lackawanna station between noon yesterday and 2 o'clock this morning. On one train alone there were thirty-two of them bound for New York, Philadelphia and other places in the East.

An extra coach had to be attached and it took the station master and his men half an hour to clean up the rice.

HELPING IN THE WAR ON RATS.

Red D Liner Held at Quarantine to Be Fumigated.

The Red D liner Philadelphia, which arrived here yesterday from La Guayra via San Juan, was detained first at Quarantine and then sent to anchor off the Statue of Liberty to undergo a fumigation.

An extra coach had to be attached and it took the station master and his men half an hour to clean up the rice.

The Philadelphia touched at San Juan, where there is a bubonic plague. The steamer did not dock there but lay at anchor in the harbor, and only Capt. Hichborn was ashore. The passengers were brought in transfer boats and every effort was made to prevent communication with the shore. Among the passengers were sixty school teachers returning home for vacation.

After an examination at Quarantine the Philadelphia was allowed to go to anchor off the Statue of Liberty, where the passengers were taken ashore and the perishable cargo was begun preparatory to fumigating the vessel.

The health authorities in San Juan are making a determined effort to fight off the spread of the disease. They have offered a bounty of five cents a head for rats and up to the time that the Philadelphia sailed from that port they had killed 10,000.

The fumigation at this port will be so thorough as to kill every rat in the vessel's hold. The bodies will be used for laboratory investigation at Quarantine.

C. & O. trains leave New York, Penna. Station, 9:34 A. M., 1:08 P. M. and 5:08 P. M. Latter sold train to Cincinnati.—Ad.

BRYAN FAILS IN PLAN TO OUST RYAN AND BELMONT; CLARK AND WILSON CHEERED MORE THAN HOUR EACH

N. Y. FOR HARMON FIRST; WILSON NO. 2 IN CAUCUS

Delegation Will Decide Before Second Ballot How It Will Vote Then.

ONLY 7 VOTES FOR GAYNOR

O'Gorman Pleads for Jersey Governor; Sentiment for Clark.

BALTIMORE, June 28.—The New York delegation caucused for two hours last night before it was agreed to support Judge Harmon on the first ballot at least, when the delegation got together in a room in Convention Hall.

Senator O'Gorman made a speech in favor of Woodrow Wilson. There were several spirited replies, and then William F. Sheehan made a motion to adjourn. Charles F. Murphy amended the motion by moving for a vote first.

The result of the ballot was: Harmon, 55; Wilson, 17; Gaynor, 7; Underwood, 6, and Clark, 4. There was no positive understanding as to what should be done on the second ballot, but it was thought that the delegation would vote for Champ Clark on at least one ballot to repay Clark for the support he gave Murphy in the election of Judge Parker as temporary chairman and the defeat of Bryan.

But early this morning, after Senator Reed of Missouri nominated Clark and the delegates turned loose a first class demonstration, the men from New York were the only ones who sat fast and refused to stand up or to hurrah.

The New York delegation will caucus again after the first ballot is taken and that caucus will decide whether or not Clark will be supported.

It developed that Mayor Gaynor was not seriously considered by Murphy and that few in the delegation wanted the Mayor as a candidate. The impression seemed to prevail that Gaynor has no chance unless the convention deadlocks.

Charles F. Murphy declined to discuss the action of the caucus and refused to make any explanation of the small vote for Gaynor.

"Has Mayor Gaynor withdrawn his name by letter or otherwise?" he was asked.

"If he has, I haven't heard of it," said Murphy. He made no answer to further questions.

August Belmont and Norman E. Mack were closeted with the delegation in a room just off the main floor of the convention when Bryan began his attack on Belmont and Ryan. For some moments the delegation debated the candidates, then John D. Moore ploughed his way through the congested aisle, pushing the crowd aside to gain access to the caucus room. A hurried whisper at the door and the doorkeeper admitted him.

Norman E. Mack came out and elbowed his way to the floor of the convention to learn what was going on. Congressman Sulzer followed. Presently Mack returned, but Sulzer remained away.

It was nearly 9 o'clock when the door of the caucus room was thrown open and the members of the delegation started a running mass play to get to their seats. Belmont was in a hurry. Asked whether he would reply to Bryan, Mr. Belmont shook his head, waved his hand and hot footed it to his seat with the delegation.

MURPHY AND SULLIVAN CLASH.

New York and Illinois Bosses Said to Have Had a Real Old Row.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—The trouble fashed chorled merrily when word flashed around to-day that Charles F. Murphy and Roger Sullivan of Illinois were in the throes of a little Donnybrook fair of their own and that there was the deuce to pay generally between the Murphy-Sullivan factions. The story, so far as could be learned, came from the Bryan headquarters and seemed to have good backing as to the truth of the yarn.

"So you and Mr. Murphy have just had a hell of a fight, eh?" is the way one delegate, who hoped he was speaking truly, approached the stocky Mr. Sullivan as the delegates were beginning to flock in for the afternoon session.

"Mr. Murphy and I naturally do not always agree in everything," snapped Mr. Sullivan, who gave outward signs that the subject was not altogether to his liking and that he wanted to go away from there. But the circle wanted to know more and said so.

"Well, it's very clear, isn't it," Mr. Sullivan finally consented to add, "that Mr. Murphy and I occasionally should have different opinions about various things that are coming up at this convention? I don't know now how his delegation will vote. But I do know how my delegation will vote."

BALTIMORE DISAPPOINTED.

Even With Price of Drinks Boosted Convention Hasn't Paid.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—All day to-day Baltimore continued to yell "gold bricked" in various quarters when the subject came up as to whether it had

paid the city as a whole to fork over \$115,000 to the National Committee to bring the convention here.

It is generally accepted here that in payment for this sum the Baltimoreans who ran the deal through received a promise from committeemen that the convention should be made to last four days. But a large part of the town is believing that the four days did not bring into local strong boxes the money that Baltimore fondly hoped for.

As for the hotels, the big money has gone to two of them, with two more bunched for second honors. Then there are other managers of good sized hotels who are sadly disappointed because the crowd of visitors didn't even come half way up to the expectations of these anti-convention optimists. As for the saloon keepers—one of them who has a place in Liberty street, by the way, sports the name of Elmer Booze—they are, generally speaking, a disappointed body of leading merchants.

In the downtown neighborhood almost every saloon keeper boosted the price of drinks except in the beer belt of the bar, but still their receipts haven't met expectations.

These saloon keepers made a slipup in judgment when raising bar prices in that they made their biggest boosts on mixed drinks and boosted the straight hard liquor prices only about five cents a drink. Then along came the crowd and started right in to buy chiefly straight drinks or beer, hence the lamentations. Nevertheless the merchants in the wet and dry lines have estimated that the convention brought into Baltimore about \$1,500,000, with another lively day to be heard from.

CONVENTION BADLY MANAGED.

Ticket Holders Excluded, While Politicians' Friends Fill Seats.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—There never has been a worse managed national convention than the one now being held here. Local politicians have had doorknockers pass their friends without tickets. In other cases, doormen have accepted money as an entrance fee. Several have been seen to take as little as 50 cents when the applicant declared it was all he had. Those to be passed in assembled at a clubhouse where they were tipped off to a pass word and directed to a certain entrance.

Outside politicians have been in the game also. A United States Senator from a Western State sent out instructions to his people and cards signed by him were accepted. As a result, outsiders filled the seats of ticket holders to-day and made it necessary to close the doors at 8 o'clock while thousands of persons holding tickets were excluded.

The police were powerless to stem the tide. At times, the crowd formed a flying wedge and pushed the guardians off their feet. The aisles were packed with persons unable to obtain seats.

BRYAN TO VOTE FOR CLARK.

Will Obey Instruction—No Choice Between Clark and Wilson.

BALTIMORE, June 27.—In an interview at midnight William J. Bryan said: "I am instructed to vote for Speaker Clark and shall do so. I have no choice between Speaker Clark and Gov. Wilson. Both are progressive. The convention is now thoroughly progressive. It will adopt a progressive platform and nominate a progressive candidate who will be elected."

Mr. Bryan said that he withdrew the latter part of his resolution calling on Virginia and New York to purge themselves of Thomas F. Ryan and August Belmont because he believed the delegates would use a shield to get behind in voting on the first part of the resolution. Mr. Bryan expressed great satisfaction with the situation in the convention.

At 4:02 A. M. Norman E. Mack, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, told THE SUN that there will be one ballot taken before adjournment, after which the convention will recess until 2 P. M.

At 1 o'clock this morning the Clark demonstration which began when his name was placed before the convention was going on unabated. Chairman James privately announced that a ballot would be taken before adjournment. Bearers of flags and State standards overran the speaker's platform.

Champ Clark's daughter was standing on the chairman's table yelling. Senator Vardaman temporarily in the chair, succeeded in ending the Clark applause after an hour and three minutes at 1:28. Gov.-elect Robinson of Arkansas then began seconding Clark's nomination.

William J. Bryan introduced a resolution in the Democratic convention last night calling for the withdrawal of Thomas F. Ryan and August Belmont as delegates from the convention. The resolution precipitated a fierce struggle and tumultuous scenes in the convention hall.

Bryan finally withdrew this part of the resolution. The part left before the convention declared that the Democratic party would oppose the nomination of a candidate for President "who is representative of or who is under any obligation to J. Pierpont Morgan, Thomas F. Ryan, August Belmont or any others of the privilege hunting or favor seeking class."

This part of the resolution was carried by a vote of 888 to 196.

Mr. Ryan and Mr. Belmont both voted in favor of this part of the Bryan resolution.

The nominating speeches began at