

HUNDREDS PERISH IN TURKISH EARTHQUAKE

Towns Along Shores of Sea of Marmora Reduced to Ruins.

CONSTANTINOPLE SHAKEN

Greek and French Consulates Destroyed, and Many Ships Break Anchor.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. CONSTANTINOPLE, AUG. 11.—While hundreds of persons perished in the earthquake which on Thursday shook every town on both sides of the Sea of Marmora, the Hospitars and the Dardanelles, ranging entire towns and burying victims in the ruins, Constantinople itself suffered serious damage. Owing to the capital being cut off from the outside world it has been impossible to send out details of the disaster. Communications have now been established with Paris via Odessa by radiograph to Odessa.

The Greek consulate was wrecked and the French consulate is a heap of bricks. The Consuls and their staffs are camping in the gardens. The British consulate was also badly damaged.

The earthquake caused such a disturbance of the waters of the straits that several vessels broke their anchor chains and others of small tonnage went ashore. The chains of a number of mines were snapped. Many of the water mains of Pera, across the Golden Horn, were damaged. All are safe.

Most of the towns shaken are remote from civilization and details will be lacking until reports are received from the Turkish authorities. Now skirting the European and Asiatic coasts from the Black Sea entrance to the Bosphorus to the Aegean entrance to the Dardanelles, there is no question that thousands of men, women and children will succumb to exposure and starvation unless relief reaches them speedily. At least a half dozen towns are mere heaps of ruins. Two or three more were partly wrecked and perhaps a score suffered more or less seriously. In several instances fire broke out following the earth shocks and completed the destruction.

Most of the inhabitants of these towns have been camped three nights in the open without even tents to cover them, without food and nearly naked. Constantinople had the misfortune of the extent of the damage and the number of refugees straggling toward the city. The stories of the horrors they had experienced quickly aroused the authorities to action. Turkey's appeal for a navy was pressed into service to carry aid to the sufferers. Few of the ships are equipped with wireless and until they reach the nearest ports in telegraphic communication will be lacking here and they will be found. The most alarming reports however, are reaching the city.

Except at Gallipoli and Tebriz in European Turkey, the first of which was completely and the second fully one-half destroyed, the greatest damage seems to have been done on the Asiatic shores of the Dardanelles and the Sea of Marmora.

Bekeles, Gallipoli, the towns of Tehauk-Ekese, Bekeles, Minipolis, Peristakis and Heron were either completely or almost completely wrecked. What was left of Tebriz was nearly buried in a mass of debris from a landslide. The towns of 300 earthquake victims have been taken from the ruins of Minipolis, according to a late message from the captain of goodmaness there, and 600 were injured. The town is still burning and it is feared many who are yet pinned under the wreckage will perish in the flames.

Eighty are dead and 300 injured at Heron. The village of Tehauk was completely destroyed. The captain of the American steamship Virginia reports that at Gallipolis at Ganos and Heron, on the west coast of the Sea of Marmora, have disappeared.

The towns of 5,000 to 10,000 population each, with the exception of Gallipoli, which had about 30,000. Besides these more important places many villages suffered. Even the fishermen in the straits district are mostly of stucco construction and there is every reason to believe that many families are buried in the ruins of their homes.

There were no fatalities in Constantinople, although the entire city was thrown into a panic. Higher shocks still continue.

The British and Greek consulates at Tehauk-Ekese were wrecked, a mosque and a Greek church collapsed and the walls of waterfront houses tumbled into the sea. In the towns vicinity many boiling springs burst out, alternately overflowing and draining off through fissures of the earth.

The Turkish warships in the Dardanelles were in the sea and for a time there were reports of them and these reports were not true.

FOUR MEN DROWN IN MINE.

Three Overcome and Fourth Rescued When He Attempts Rescue.

GRAND, N. Y., Aug. 10.—Four men were drowned in the Monitor lead and zinc mine at Grand, Wis., fifteen miles north of Madison, today. They were Thomas McMillan, John Swift, Joseph Shea and Edward Heid.

The men were sent down to haul out three feet of water in the shaft, were overcome by foul air and fell into the water. Heid perished when he went to rescue for the others.

KILLED BY FALL FROM WINDOW.

Lodge Loses Balance and Topples From Fifth Story.

A man about 25 years old, known as William Mason at the rooming house of Mrs. Mary Hanson, 103 Lexington avenue, where he had lived for a month, fell from a fifth-story window last night and was injured.

Mrs. Hanson could give very little information concerning him. He had given the name of Mason when he moved there, but had in fact been a bookkeeper at the headquarters of Frank K. Wagnall.

ANARCHY NEAR WU-CHANG.

Tibetans Defeated by Chinese Troops at Lhari.

SHANGHAI, AUG. 10.—Reports printed by the native papers tell of a complete state of anarchy in the districts to the north of Wu-Chang. Disturbances were reported there a few days ago, and this report was confirmed today. A strong force of troops has been sent to fight the bandits, who are said to be looting entire towns.

The failure of the crops is one of the primary causes of the outbreaks. Added to the dissatisfaction with the existing conditions, there is said to be a great growth of anti-foreign sentiment, and as there are some foreign traders and many missionaries in the district there is some anxiety here for them.

A report reaching here to-day tells of a battle between Chinese troops and Tibetans at Lhari. The fighting occurred on Wednesday and 3,000 Tibetans were engaged. The latter were defeated and retired to Lhasa after losing 800 men.

HONGKONG, AUG. 10.—It was learned to-day that a band of pirates attacked the small island of Colowan, in the vicinity of the Portuguese dependency of Macao, at the mouth of the Canton River. A detachment of Portuguese soldiers has been hurried to the scene.

REBELS EVADE U. S. TROOPS.

Mexican Looters in Texas Seem to Have Escaped.

EL PASO, TEX., Aug. 10.—Neither the Sheriff's posse nor the military sent from El Paso on special trains yesterday have found any of the Mexican marauders who were raiding the Texas side of the line.

Troop G, Third Cavalry, which left El Paso Thursday night, reached Fort Hancock to-day, having encountered no marauders between the two points. Sheriff Edwards and his posse, who left here yesterday and who left Sierra Blanca, ninety miles east of here, last night, have not reported any encounter. Col. Steever ordered another troop of cavalry from San Antonio last night and it will reach Sierra Blanca some time to-night.

JUAREZ, MEXICO, Aug. 10.—"I will stop fighting and there will be peace in Mexico when Madero resigns, and not before," said Gen. Pascual Orozco to-day when shown a despatch from the city of Mexico to the effect that he (Orozco) was making overtures for peace based upon the sole idea that he was to be given pardon.

You may say in as forceful words as the English language permits," continued Gen. Orozco, "that there are no dissensions in the ranks of the revolutionary army, and you may also say that no propositions for a cessation of the war have come from me or from any of the men who are fighting with me for a common cause, but I will say that I have no objection against those who have kept them in peace for the last 400 years."

MEXICO CITY, AUG. 10.—For the protection of the city of Mexico, the journal nine in Durango, Foreign Minister Llanos to-day ordered the Governor of Durango and Sinaloa to rush troops there immediately.

GRABS \$10,000 GEMS AND RUNS.

Boston Thief Escapes With Diamond Dealer's Tray.

BOSTON, Aug. 10.—It became known to-day that D. C. Perival & Co., diamond dealers with a suite on the second floor of the Jewellers Building, lost a tray containing unset diamonds valued at between \$10,000 and \$20,000 recently.

The matter was guarded from the reporters at police headquarters and in fact the thief was not identified until the telephone to-night D. C. Perival, Jr., admitted that the firm had suffered a very heavy loss at the hands of pennywalkers and that the Pinkerton detective agency had been engaged in an attempt to locate the crooks.

A week ago to-day, just prior to the closing of the diamond exchange, a man entered and asked to look at some valuable unset diamonds. The clerk produced a tray on which there were a number of channels bags containing the gems. While the first man was looking over the stones a second man who the detective think was his pal came in and attracted the clerk's attention. For an instant he turned his back and when once more looked for his tray of diamonds they were gone, as was also the prospective customer. Instantly the place was in an uproar.

The clerks poured out of the office and into Washington street looking for the thief. They raced through the business section, but no trace of the man was found, and when his supposed confederate was looked for he too was gone.

OFF FOR TREASURE ISLAND.

Smeldon Will Hunt for His Uncle's Hidden Millions.

FREDERICK SMEDDON of Calgary, who has been a sailor and a farmer, sailed yesterday for Costa Rica on the United Fruit Company's liner Turrialba. In Costa Rica he has a brother, and they are nephews of the late Capt. Trevan, a Cape Breton skipper who was famed as the finder of the treasure of Cocos Island.

This treasure of legend is supposed to have been buried by the wealthy inhabitants of Callao, Peru, during a rebellion in the years of 1820-25. The story goes that all the gold and plate that could be put aboard a small schooner was taken off to Cocos island, and several hundred miles from the mainland, and there was buried.

The six men that manned the schooner made charts of the position of the treasure and later some of them were wrecked in an attempt to find it. Three of the crew had died in the revolution. Of the remaining three one drowned, and the vessel in which the two survivors were was wrecked and the charts lost. The treasure was believed to be worth \$10,000,000.

Several expeditions have been made since to search for the island's hidden wealth.

Many a search has been made for the treasure, and the simple Cape Breton skipper is said to have found it. He died a little while ago, but his wife, from hearing his tales of the search, has made charts of the island with the position of the gold, and now Smeldon is going to join his brother to search for the gold.

Three other expeditions are also on the way to hunt for it, one financed by two English women, one by a French woman and one from Seattle.

Latham's Body Sent Home.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

DAKAR, SENEGAL, French Africa, AUG. 10.—The body of Hubert Latham, the aviator and sportsman who was killed by a buffalo near Fort Archambault six weeks ago, was placed aboard a steamship for Havre to-day, to be taken to that city and buried in the Latham family vault.

Assemblyman Brennan Improving.

Assemblyman Thomas A. Brennan who was confined to his bed by a heart ailment is now in the prosecution of violators of the gold storage law and who is all of apprehensions at his home, the East Ninety-first street, was last night in bed resting comfortably.

U. S. HAS ENEMIE WITH GERMANY IN FAR EAST

Unwritten Alliance Already Exists, Says Berlin Diplomat.

ENGLAND NOW FEARS US

German War Scare Hides Preparations for Possible American Danger.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, AUG. 10.—The Sun's editorial suggestion of an American-German alliance for the protection of mutual interests in the Far East, as against the special interests of England, Russia and Japan, meets with much favor in semi-official circles here. A high diplomat who, for obvious reasons is not named, said on this subject to THE SUN's correspondent:

"There already exists between the United States and Germany an agreement that is tantamount to an unwritten alliance for joint action and mutual interests in the Far East and along the lines of which the two nations have been working since an exchange of diplomatic notes in Washington.

"There are many reasons why the United States and Germany should stand shoulder to shoulder in the Far East and progressive Germans would welcome anything that would bring closer the political relations of the two countries, so they may stand alone in the Far East, as against the grouping of other interests."

It was learned in official circles that in a narrow sense the open door policy as upheld in England, Russia and Japan only applies to China proper and is interpreted as excluding Manchuria and Mongolia. It is believed here that it is in regard to these two countries that Russia and Japan made their recent agreement.

It is stated in semi-official circles here that Germany will not respond to the efforts of the London newspapers to work up a general protest by the commercial Powers against the action of the United States as to the tolls to be charged by the Panama Canal.

"It is only a matter of time," said an official who is in close touch with the German Government, "until England, with her many possessions, will clash with the United States' interests and will find that the American people do not always do what England wants. While the drumming up of the colonies to come to the assistance of the mother country in the matter of her navy is ostensibly because of the German danger, England also has an eye on the American danger."

This official added that while England, under a special treaty, might have the right to protest as to the Panama tolls, Germany would not enter any such movement, and besides America might properly resent any pressure that might be brought to bear.

In German commercial circles there is indication of a sentiment that is more in favor of England than America in the Panama Canal matter.

YOUNG TURKS' ULTIMATUM.

Demand Dismissal of Sultan's Military Advisers.

SAMONIA, AUG. 10.—A young Turkish emissary left for Constantinople to-day to deliver an ultimatum to the Government. The details of the ultimatum have not been made public, but it amounts to a demand that the Sultan dismiss his advisers of the Military League, replacing them with a group acceptable to the Committee of Union and Progress.

Meeting with a refusal, the Young Turks will resort to force and probably set up a new government.

FRENCH PREMIER CZAR'S GUEST.

Russian Officialdom Sees Great Advantages in Poincare's Visit.

St. PETERSBURG, AUG. 10.—Premier Poincare of France is the czar's guest at Peterhof palace to-night.

Ministers Sazonoff and Kokovloff of Foreign Affairs and Finance, respectively, with other Russian officials met the visiting statesman at the gangplank of the admiralty yacht.

Russian officialdom is hopeful of all sorts of diplomatic and financial advantages as a result of this visit.

ALFONSO CALLS HIS CABINET.

Important Council Is to Be Held at San Sebastian.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, AUG. 10.—King Alfonso and all the members of the Cabinet are on their way to San Sebastian for an important cabinet council, which will begin early next week. The Dowager Queen Maria Christina is staying at the Royal Palace of Miramar at San Sebastian.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

ZURICH—Louis Bertoni, leader of the anarchists in Switzerland and editor of the Revolt, is under arrest on account of a recent speech in which he defended regicide. His detention, however, is believed to be in connection with the German Emperor's visit to Switzerland.

HONOLULU—After several weeks hostility to the strike of the masters and mates of the Interisland Steamship Company was settled. Demands of the officers have been granted with the exception that the increase in pay is 15 per cent. instead of 20 per cent. as demanded. All steamships have resumed.

PARIS—Mrs. Raymond Hitchcock asked for New York from Havre in answer to a personal advertisement in a Paris newspaper. The advertisement stated that her brother, Armen Mangassarian, an Armenian, was very ill at Great Neck. The advertisement asked that she be advised of her brother's illness.

LONDON—Many journalists and representatives of publishers attended the funeral of Isaac N. Ford, the New York Tribune correspondent, who died on August 7. The services were held in St. Barnabas's Church, Kensington. The body was cremated.

ALMERIA, Spain.—The southern railway strike has been averted by an agreement between the railway officials and the union leader.

PARIS—Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt gave a large reception on Friday evening at their chateau near Deauville.

DAZZLES FOR SON'S BENEFIT.

Princess Robbed at Ostend Had Matrimonial Designs.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, AUG. 10.—Society at Ostend has been wondering why the Princess of Thurn and Taxis, who was recently robbed of \$1,000,000 worth of jewels, brought so much jewelry to the famous seaside resort. The most accepted explanation is that she did so to dazzle certain persons of high degree in furtherance of matrimonial designs for the benefit of her eldest son.

The Princess is by birth Margaret of Austria, daughter of the late Archduke Joseph. Besides herself there are many other royal personages stopping at Ostend. It cannot be said that the young Prince will ever be in need of much matrimony, but his mother is extremely anxious about his future, and it is believed that she wants to get the good offices of the Queen of the Belgians as a matchmaking intermediary with the Dowager Duchess of Luxembourg for the hand of the Grand Duke, who is the Queen's aunt.

The jewels of the Princess of Thurn and Taxis are world renowned, and as she has four sons and no daughters her jewelry will eventually go to her daughters-in-law.

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO ROB DUOMO CATHEDRAL

Priceless Relics in Chapel at Florence Are Coveted by Thieves.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. FLORENCE, AUG. 10.—For the fourth time in two years the Cathedral of Duomo has been the scene of attempted robbery. The object always has been to steal the priceless relics and jewels from the chapel of the Immaculate Conception. The attempted robbery made this week was frustrated by an old man who was sleeping in the open air. Hearing strange noises he summoned the police who discovered that four screws in a lock of one of the doors had been drawn. The police entered the cathedral, but found nothing, as the thieves had evidently been frightened away.

Many of the old landmarks of Florence are fast disappearing. A handsome new post office is to rise on the site of the ghetto and now it is announced that the Pergola Theatre is to be completely remodelled and renovated. This famous house, in which Emma Nevada triumphed and innumerable American girls have made their debuts, is well known to American tourists. During the last season, which was most successful, the Florentine nobility crowded this theatre to hear Edith de Lys, the Boston singer, and Mignon Nevada, Emma's daughter; also Henry Gorrell, who as Enrico Correlli was most successful here.

To this theatre the young eighteenth century pretender used to come, sometimes carried on a mattress his wife, the Countess of Albany, would attend the performances night after night with the poet Alfieri.

The latest royal personage seen in this theatre was the former Crown Princess of Saxony, who is now the wife of Enrico Toselli, the pianist.

The new plans for the theatre contemplate an up to date house with every convenience for the accommodation of fashionable patrons of the opera and play.

Much interest has been aroused in the prospective collaboration of Annunzio and the young Florentine artist, Amos Natini, 19 years old, who was inspired to illustrate some of the poet's works.

The publisher to whom Natini submitted some of his pictures was struck by their originality and excellence and showed them to Annunzio, who instantly found them worthy of his approval. From this grew the agreement to collaborate.

Natini explains that his drawings are the product of self-teaching, for although he is a pupil in a technical institute he spends his days on the quays and in the fields watching the waterfront laborers and the peasants and catching inspiration from actual life. It is now announced that a deluxe edition of Natini's drawings, limited to 100 volumes, is in preparation and the originals to be destroyed after the books are issued.

Prof. Melville Best Anderson of the Leland Stanford University, California, is now occupying Gabriele d'Annunzio's old home, the Villa la Capponcina, at Settignano.

Frank Mather of Brooklyn, who now makes his home in Florence, is spending the summer with his family at San Pellegrino. Mrs. M. G. Richardson and Miss Mary Richardson Campbell are his guests. Mr. Mather recently erected on the porch of the American Church here a tablet commemorating the labors of Franklin Parry in erecting the church building.

Swami Paramunda has gone to Bellagio to remain several weeks. He has a guest here of Isidore Braggiotti and also of Mrs. Sherrill Dodge of Massachusetts at her villa. Signor and Signorina Braggiotti and S. P. Schlesinger, her father, have gone to Paris.

Prof. Olimo Martinielli of the Florentine Geographical Society has accepted the invitation of the New York Geographical Society to participate in its fifteenth anniversary celebration.

AMERICAN DIPLOMAS NEEDED.

Students in France Must Show Proof of Study.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. PARIS, AUG. 10.—The Minister of Public Instruction has made a ruling that requires foreign students coming to French universities in order to obtain licenses or doctorates in law, science, literature or medicine to produce the originals of their diplomas or certificates of study obtained in their own countries.

The documents must be accompanied by translations in French made and certified by an official translator or indorsed by the French Consul-General in the country of its origin or by a representative of the country of which the applicant is a native.

The diplomas and certificates will be examined by a consulting committee of sub-instruction, which will decide on their value and the eligibility of the candidate.

NEW SULTAN OF MOROCCO.

Mulai Yuchef, Only 30 Years Old, Succeeds Mulai Haflid.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. FEZ, MOROCCO, AUG. 10.—Mulai Yuchef, 30 years old, has been designated to succeed Mulai Haflid, who abdicated his throne and has gone to Paris.



There's Music in Your Soul—No Way to Get Out

DID you ever feel "I wish I could play the piano?" When you hear others who are so expert at the keyboard, remember that you are probably as musical as they, the only difference being that they have acquired the facility of expressing their feelings on the piano and you have not.

But that is no reason why you should never play. The technical knowledge you lack is substituted by the

Pianola Piano

The Standard Player-Piano of the World

When you play the Pianola Piano and add your expression (which is marvelously easy to do) the performance becomes so humanized as to be indistinguishable from fine hand-playing.

Bear this in mind: You play the Pianola Piano—it does not play itself. You are the musician; without you the Pianola Piano could not play a note.

But do not think that all player pianos are alike. The Pianola Piano had been on the market years before its first imitator appeared. While it was all alone in the field, thousands upon thousands of dollars were spent developing and perfecting it.

This is why the makers of the Pianola Piano hold basic patents on so many vital features, that no other player-piano has, or can have.

Look at all instruments if you like, but make no purchase without seeing how important are the exclusive features of the Pianola Piano like the Metrostyle, Themodist, Graduated Accompaniment, and Automatic Sustaining Pedal.

The Only Pianola Salerooms in Manhattan are at Aeolian Hall

A large and complete stock of new and exchanged pianos in splendid condition at very reasonable rentals. Most extensive assortment of Victor Talking Machines in all styles and woods. All the latest records.

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The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

COL. THOMPSON SAILS ON THE MAURETANIA

Praises Americans for Brilliant Work in Games at Stockholm.

DELVES INTO POLITICS

He Says Roosevelt May Win and He May Not, It All Depends.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, AUG. 10.—Col. R. M. Thompson, president of the New York Athletic Club, sailed for home to-day on the Mauretania with several members of a big party which he has been entertaining at Stockholm. Among his guests during the recent Olympic games were Admiral and Mrs. Wainwright, Miss Eulalie Garrison, Mrs. Hammond and Miss Helen Hammond, Dr. Graem, Lieut. Larimer and Rayner, U. S. N.; Theodore Roosevelt Bell, Miss Katherine Newman, Major Jamison Eastace, Miss Ruth Thompson, Miss Julia Wood, Miss Gladys Baker and Dr. Raymond Spear, U. S. N.

After the Stockholm games Col. Thompson took a number of his guests aboard the Catania, which he chartered from the Duke of Sutherland, and went to Cronstadt. There the party went ashore and went by train to St. Petersburg and Moscow. They then proceeded to Kiel and through the Kiel Canal to Bremen. Here the party took many snapshots, but met with not the slightest objection or suspicion from the German authorities, although the yacht was flying the union jack. The party afterward went to Amsterdam, visited The Hague and arrived at Cowes on Friday.

When Col. Thompson was questioned as to the games at Stockholm he commented on the attitude of the English papers in stating that the Americans had been specially trained for the various contests and stated in controversy to this that it was well known that the American team was not selected until the day before the sailing from New York.

"It was a big national movement," said Col. Thompson, "and the committee's duties were not merely to select a team but to eliminate. We could have had a team composed of hundreds if we had wanted it. Of the 111 members of the track and field team sixty-four were members of the athletic team, and forty-three were college undergraduates, while in the shooting and similar teams the members were army and navy officers. There wasn't a penny spent by any central authority for training these men, or for the selection of the team. As I have said, the whole thing was an expression of a big national movement and the team represented every part of the country.

"The difference between our team and the English team was that we maintained discipline and kept our men in training. The spirit of the American team was magnificent. Every man wanted to win, but if he couldn't then he lost like a gentleman. Our methods have been criticized in England as specializing. The cry has gone up that it is better to be generally proficient than to excel in one particular line, but Thorpe's winning of the all-around championship seems to have been forgotten. Our boys did the best they could know how and moreover there was not a single flaw in their behavior. They won and lost like gentlemen and were a credit to the United States.

"I remained in Stockholm after the team left, and the praise bestowed on our boys and their behavior by prominent Swedes occasioned in me a great personal sense of pride in these athletic representatives of our country. When the Berlin games come along we will organize a similar team and adopt the same methods, and the team that beats us will be the best in the world."

In regard to the Berlin Olympiad Col. Thompson is pessimistic. He thinks that the conditions are so strained between Germany and England that it will not be surprising if the dogs of war are unleashed within two years.

As to the political conditions in the United States Col. Thompson said: "No man of my age has seen a similar condition in a Presidential election, where three parties were in the field and all strong enough to make a good fight. The question to be determined is which party Roosevelt will draw the most votes from. His personal popularity makes it impossible to say who will be elected.

"No, I won't say he hasn't a chance himself, as there is a great wave of feeling sweeping the country, and he may be on its crest or may not."

Col. Thompson told an amusing story about Theodore Roosevelt Peil's entrance in the lawn tennis games at Stockholm. A telegram was sent to the Stockholm committee saying: "Will entry of Theodore Roosevelt Peil be accepted?" The committee wired back: "Delighted to have the honor of accepting entry Theodore Roosevelt for lawn tennis."

Advertisement for R. J. Horner & Co. Furniture-Decorations-Rugs. Includes text: 'Furniture-Decorations-Rugs', 'Our Fall exhibition of Fine Furniture show beautiful reproductions of all Peris, including Charles I., Tudor Gothic, Elizabethan, Sheraton, Chippendale, Hepplewhite and other famous models.', 'Rugs: Our collection of Oriental Rugs includes carpet size Kirman, Sarouks, Goravans, and Isphahans, as well as small rugs in Persia Sirbans, Shirvans, Bokhara, and Persian Silks of exquisite patterns and definite values.'

Advertisement for Rogers Thompson Givernaud Co. Announcement. Includes text: 'Announcement: AFTER Saturday, August 10th, the Retail Department of this Company is discontinued, and the business henceforth will be devoted exclusively to manufacturing and selling R. & T. silks at Wholesale only. Positively no Silks at Retail hereafter. Rogers Thompson Givernaud Co., Fourth Avenue at 24th St., N. Y.'