

WILSON IS FORCED TO OPEN DEFENCE BUREAU

Personal Attacks on Candidate Appeal to Race and Religious Prejudice.

NATION WIDE CAMPAIGN

Assaults on His Writings, Views and Acts to Be Met in All States.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 12.—The spread of the personal campaign against Gov. Woodrow Wilson throughout the country is so great, according to evidence received at Sea Girt and in New York, that the executive committee has decided to establish a bureau for the purpose of combating it.

Pro-Catholicism, anti-Catholicism, Pro-Chinese, anti-immigration, in short, every charge that might tend to inflame the mind is now being circulated anonymously by the political opponents or the personal enemies of the nominee in about every State of the Union.

The bureau of department or whatever it is to be called is to distribute literature in all languages, and furthermore it will organize great mass meetings in all centers of the country so that not only opponents of the disaffected may explain, but also in many instances it is hoped to have the Governor himself present to speak. A movement for such a mass meeting is now under way in Chicago and there may be not only one, but many other smaller meetings for the same purpose. The Democratic leaders of the foreign born voters in New York city have offered to organize mass meetings there in Boston, Philadelphia and other cities have made similar offers.

The Governor is resolved not to descend to personalities in this campaign, but it has been apparent that his political opponents or his personal enemies were not to be so cavalierous.

Hundreds of letters have been received this early in the campaign from persons all over the country who object to the Democratic nominee being attacked on all sides for about everything on the calendar. Anonymous circulars are accusing him of being under the control of the Roman Catholic Church, and other circulars assert that he has discriminated against the Church.

In the Far West circulars proclaim him as being in favor of the unrestricted admission of Chinese coolies, and in all sections of the country where the Italians, the Poles and the Hungarians are at all strong, an aversion to the nominee is attributed from his history of the American people to show that he had referred in slighting terms to the immigrants of those countries as a "meat and baster sort of people."

Just how many letters from persons aggrieved on one side or the other have been received cannot be ascertained, but the number of circulars and letters in the campaign those from persons who have not yet attained a proficiency in English were very strong, some even carrying threats in them. This announced that all foreigners in the country would vote and work against Wilson.

All the circulars have been answered repeatedly by the Governor. In response to questions of the press he has discriminated against the Roman Catholic Church his managers have been sending forth a list of the appointments of members of the Church to offices in New Jersey. This list is of some length.

In response to a question whether he has discriminated in favor of the Church in the matter of abolishing civil marriage, he has explained that the law was to sign a bill to end the midnight marriages from Pennsylvania and New York by justices of the peace. The justices only were deprived of the right to perform the ceremony. He has explained again and again that passage in the history referring to the "meat and baster sort of people" satisfied the law for the time being who will work for him this campaign.

It has been said that the special bureau will be the only defence department in the Democratic campaign; all the others will be aggressive.

The Governor started out to have a quiet day, but before it was ended he had been pretty busy. Joseph E. Davies, secretary of the National Committee, stopped in on his way to Chicago, where he will have charge of the headquarters. Joseph Daniels, head of the publicity bureau, came in to report on the progress of his department, declaring that he had nothing important to give out. Congressman Swager Sherry was a visitor between times and the two men were arrested in the Kentucky legislators' scheme for a merger of appropriation committees into a budget committee, such as they have in England. He is striving for the retention of the fiscal functions of the Government. Before he left the Congressman said out loud:

"We will have a battle-ship, and it will be the finest and the biggest battleship in the world."

During an off moment the Governor discussed campaign funds of the size he had been receiving from the newspapers. One spoke of the desire of the Democrats this year to have \$2,000,000, which would be a record in public political history.

"I never said I was anxious to obtain \$2,000,000," said the Governor. "It exceeds my very much that such a sum was stated as the figure desired. They have never raised in my recollection such a sum. I remember Mr. Bryan telling me in so many words his figures and they were certainly under a million. The publication of this has brought me a very interesting idea what sum is necessary. That belongs to the gentleman who has charge of the campaign. I can only state principles and one is to confine the expenditures to a reasonable degree of economy. That is a matter of judgment, but it is my desire to keep the expenditures down to as low a figure as possible. I regret that it costs as much as it does."

The Governor has a fairly busy week before him. He has not yet made a definite announcement of his decision on the adriatic trip. He has not yet made up his mind. There is no doubt that he and his committee are receiving a deluge of letters asking him to come and see Gov. Marshall notified, but the other reasons why he has delicacy about going. He goes to Trenton to-morrow for his weekly Governor's day, returns to-morrow night and on Thursday he goes to Montgomery Park, Gloucester, N. J., where about 10,000 farmers will be present. He will make a speech to these men and return the same night to get ready to go to New York on Saturday. There will be about 15,000 more people here then.

The railroads are advertising excursions from all over the State.

SOCIALISTS ON THE BALLOT.

Win Place in Eight New Jersey Counties.

MONTCLAIR, Aug. 12.—William F. Killingbeck of Orange, State at large of the Socialist party, has notified the Montclair branch of the organization that the party has the standing of a regular political body and will participate in the primary elections on September 17.

The average Socialist vote on the Assembly ticket last November was 15,762. The election law provides that a party must poll at least 15 per cent of the total vote to be regarded as a political party. In the eight counties of Essex, Bergen, Hudson, Union, Gloucester, Passaic and Warren, the party has a primary ticket in all those counties.

CAMPAIGN COST ONLY \$60,000.

McKinley Tells of Republican Congressional Fight in 1908.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Representative W. B. McKinley of Illinois, who was manager of the Taft pre-convention campaign, to-day told the Senate, which is investigating campaign contributions, of the financing of the Republican Congress campaigns of 1908 and 1910. Mr. McKinley said he knew of no complete record of the contributions to the 1908 campaign; that the late Representative Louis Brandeis of New Jersey had handled the matter of the work.

"Have you any idea how much money was raised?" asked Senator Clapp. "I should think about \$60,000," Mr. McKinley replied. "As an individual contributor I only remember my own, which was five, six or seven thousand dollars. I have a rule that no contributions should be accepted from corporations. None was received from any of the trusts—the Harvester, steel, tobacco, Standard Oil or others."

"What about the McKinley said he thought the total contributions in the 1910 campaign amounted to \$70,000.

MRS. WOODROW WILSON DOESN'T USE CIGARETTES

She Writes to an Editor to Say So, and Repudiates a Spurious Interview.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 12.—A newspaper syndicate story to the effect that Mrs. Woodrow Wilson not only favored the smoking of cigarettes by women but even had three cigarette boxes close at hand when the interviewer questioned her on her opinion of the views expressed by Gertrude Atherton has made the wife of the Presidential nominee most indignant. Mrs. Wilson does not smoke. Her daughters do not smoke. She intensely dislikes the smoke habit in women, which may be a tip to Washington society women.

Mrs. Wilson did not know anything about the interview until newspaper clippings began to come in to Sea Girt containing the story and editorial comments thereon. She stood it until the editor of the Ohio State Journal sent a clipping and an editorial, and then Mrs. Wilson's patience gave way. She wrote the following letter to-day and she breaks her usual rule by hoping that it obtains general circulation.

"I have just received a copy of the Journal with your editorial entitled 'Smoking Women,' and I beg leave to indignantly deny the statement that I approve of women smoking cigarettes.

The interview upon which your editorial was based is a pure invention. I intensely dislike the cigarette smoking habit for women. In fact so strong is my feeling on the subject that my real danger lies in being unjust and unkind in my judgment of those who differ with me in this respect.

It is a pity that certain of our household ever has or ever will smoke. Quit apart from the bad taste of it I believe with you that it has an extremely injurious effect on the nerves. Yours very sincerely, LUCAS A. WILSON, Editor State Journal, Columbus, Ohio.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, also there is a Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, the one is the wife of the Presidential nominee, and the other is a very well known writer. Mrs. Woodrow Wilson is a married woman, the wife of the Governor. Mrs. Wilson Woodrow, according to all reports by the persons who have been investigating the source of the interview, does smoke and of course does not care who knows it.

Naturally she would coincide with the views of Mrs. Atherton and would not hesitate to say so.

The explanation is that some editor or some interviewer got the two women mixed and put on Mrs. Woodrow Wilson's views as those of Mrs. Woodrow Wilson.

WESTERN CAMPAIGN STARTS.

Chicago Has Three National Headquarters So Far.

CHICAGO, Aug. 12.—Headquarters of the Republican national campaign were opened in Chicago to-day. Those for the Democratic national campaign will probably be in the city by the end of the week, where they can get under way by Wednesday.

David W. Mulvane of Kansas and James A. Tawney of Missouri are in charge of the headquarters that will aid President Taft in his race for reelection pending the arrival of Charles D. Hilles, Charles Boeschenstein is to act for Gov. Wilson as far as campaign matters are concerned. Joseph M. Dixon left this afternoon for Oyster Bay to ask Col. Roosevelt just how the Chicago end of his campaign is to be operated.

WASHINGTON PARTY STARTS.

Organizes Philadelphia and Selects Roosevelt Electors.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 12.—Pennsylvania Progressives met to-day and began the work of selecting a State committee of 300 for the Washington party which will have charge of the campaign. Every ward in this city was organized and the leaders selected tentatively new electors for the Roosevelt ticket. These electors will be announced as soon as their acceptances have been received.

Charles D. Hilles, who acted as spokesman for the executive committee and chairman of the board of the Republican organization to call the electors, said: "We are not at all alarmed over the success of the Roosevelt ticket. It is a matter of time, it is a matter of time to get it up," said Mr. Hilles.

Mr. Hilles said that one of the machine tricks and ways to get as much as possible from the party as learned counselors as the Republican party and Democratic party committees will not have a leg to stand on if they do take us into court. We have confidence in the Republican State committee and can do with it as we see fit."

WOMEN SPEAKERS TO STUMP.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman's Organization Will Send Them Out.

Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, chairman of the Woman's National Wilson and Marshall organization, said yesterday that within the next day or two campaign documents will be sent to women's clubs and individuals throughout the United States. One of the important pieces of campaign literature to be distributed is a circular from the Woman's National Wilson and Marshall organization, which is being distributed by the Woman's National Wilson and Marshall organization.

ANTI-MURPHY MEN TALK.

Up-State Democrats Will Meet Again at Syracuse October 1.

ROCHESTER, Aug. 12.—The conference of the State anti-Murphy Democrats in the Hotel Seneca to-day organized the anti-Murphy movement of principle. The anti-Murphy movement is being organized in the Onondaga House at Syracuse at 10 o'clock on the morning of October 1. It was distinctly stated to-day that the movement has nothing to do with the Empire State Democracy movement, which is being organized in the afternoon the committee which issued the call held a session to formulate further plans for the anti-Murphy movement. The anti-Murphy movement is being organized in the Onondaga House at Syracuse at 10 o'clock on the morning of October 1.

ROOSEVELT NOT PARTY, SAYS LUIGI CARPENTER

Woman Member of State Committee Lauds the Progressive Platform.

Miss Alice Carpenter of Brookline, Mass., who was a member of the committee on resolutions at the national convention of the Progressive party at Chicago, and who has been made a member of the provisional New York State committee, arrived here yesterday to take active part in the campaign. She will live with Miss Mary Dreier at 6 Montague terrace, Brooklyn.

HAS BEEN SOCIAL WORKER

To Organize Third Party County Advisory Councils With Women Members.

"Last year when the question of whether or not the woman's suffrage party should endorse certain candidates in Massachusetts I fought it tooth and nail. I was the leader of the opposition and I won. My reason for taking that position was that three parties, the Socialists, Prohibitionists and the Democrats had all proved faithless to their promises. It was shown to our party that the Prohibitionists had promised to endorse woman's suffrage and had not."

"Now the situation is entirely different. Instead of fighting outside the party we are a part of it. Instead of being a man's party the Progressive party is for men and women. Just think of what that means. The great party represented on the National Committee by both men and women. The party does not simply endorse woman's suffrage, but it pledges itself to it and one of its planks is the franchise woman's suffrage could never be accomplished until its representatives are in such a position.

"Suffrage was extended to women in every case because some political party felt the need of a certain class of votes and now the Progressive party realizes that it needs the help of the women and it appeals to them.

"The Progressive party is not a Roosevelt party. It had decided to organize before that. The platform came first and Roosevelt second. I come from New England, where they hate Roosevelt. I never did, but I went to Chicago prejudiced with the idea that the new party was a Roosevelt party. I learned differently ten minutes after I had been in Chicago.

"I come from abolitionist stock and I was much opposed to the seating of the negro delegates to the convention. I thought Col. Roosevelt was right. At present the negro is simply a buffer between the two parties. His condition can only be improved by a new party formed without him.

"Miss Carpenter said that she had been a social worker in Boston for many years and that until the shirtwaist workers' strike two years ago she had been an active worker for suffrage. She realized then, she said, that only by having the vote could the working women better themselves.

"Nothing holds progress back more than maudlin sentiment," she continued. "There are men who laud women to the skies and beg that she be dragged down to their level. It means the degradation of women of his own class, for the probably degraded women in his factory by making them work for starvation wages. The maudlin sentiment is a very real danger to the woman's point of view and it means protection of life.

"I believe that there have been stories about the suffragists in England and France and that they were not so active. The anti-suffragists in London are desperate for they know that the ballot may come at any moment and they are trying to get away from it who are holding out by this base means.

"The question of morality in England is a vital one. I am told that there are 10,000 prostitutes on the streets of London. The question of morality is a vital one. I am told that there are 10,000 prostitutes on the streets of London. The question of morality is a vital one. I am told that there are 10,000 prostitutes on the streets of London.

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DOESN'T WANT TAINTED MONEY.

Democratic Treasurer to Make Contributions Public Daily.

Rolla Wells, the new treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, buckled down to work yesterday. He reached the national headquarters early in the morning long before any other of the headquarters staff was on hand, and he announced that he intended to be at work every morning from now on at 8 o'clock at the latest and that he would be on the job ten and if necessary twelve hours every day in seeing to it that the Wilson campaign did not lag for want of funds.

He devoted himself yesterday to beginning the systematizing of the plans he will adopt for the raising of campaign subscriptions. In the evening he went to Sea Girt to consult with Gov. Wilson.

"It seems to me," he said, "that our national campaign should be carried on by the aid of small subscriptions as well as the large ones. In fact it is the small amounts that we are counting on; we want the big mass of the people to contribute. Of course there are many individuals who can well afford to contribute \$5,000 or \$10,000 more, but I think that the latter figure should be made the limit. We don't want any big money or any corporation money."

It is the purpose of Mr. Wells to have a daily accounting of the contributions sent to him and each night to give out a list of the monies received and the names of the contributors.

"Then," added Mr. Wells, "if there is any talent attaching to any of these contributions the watching public can advise of the fact."

Ex-Vice-President Adlai E. Stevenson, who is in Ephraim, Wis., sent yesterday a long telegram to the committee, in which he stated that he would take the stump for the Wilson-Marshall ticket on September 1.

CURTIS GUILD NO CANDIDATE.

Ambassador Confesses He'd Like to Get Into Contest.

BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 12.—In a letter to the president of the Beverly Republican Club Ambassador Curtis Guild writes from St. Petersburg of his position in Massachusetts Senatorial race. He says that he is not a candidate for the Beverly club, but he has endorsed him for Senator. Mr. Guild says: "The delicacy of the relations at present between the Russian Government and our own, together with the gravity of a number of international questions now pending here, make it my clear duty to devote my whole attention to my present duties, which President Taft did me the honor to entrust to me."

"It is a sore temptation to join you again in the fight for pure and untrammelled elections, the conservation of natural resources, the restriction of great corporations, the protection of the rights of the public, the elimination of the errors of schedule K as we eliminated the safeguarding of the children alike from disease and from the heartless exploiters of their labor, the spread of uniform law that the promoters of privilege may not take advantage of bad laws in a single State to reap undue profit in all States. In all these and similar causes in which we have stood for the stability alike of our courts and our currency, to the end that we have a government of laws and not men' a private citizen can later do his part."

Charles P. Howland, president of the Public Educational Association, will preside at the mass meeting of the Progressive party in New York city for the purpose of discussing the program of the mass meeting was given out yesterday.

The object of this meeting is to consider in a non-partisan spirit the state of protected lawlessness in New York city for the purpose of discussing the program of the mass meeting was given out yesterday.

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T. L. WOODRUFF FOR ASSEMBLY.

Former Lieutenant-Governor to Be Progressive Candidate.

Timothy L. Woodruff after a conference with Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay on Sunday announced yesterday that he will be a candidate for the Assembly in the Tenth district, in which he retains a voting residence through his occupancy of a room in the Montague Club. The Tenth district is nominally Republican and was carried by E. M. Ahearn last year by a plurality of 1,000.

The provisional committee of sixty-nine of the Kings county Progressive organization held a meeting at the Montague street headquarters yesterday afternoon for the purpose of nominating candidates for Assembly, Senate and Congress and the delegates to the State convention were discussed, and it was decided that eight Progressive tickets would be put up for all the offices except the judiciary.

PERKINS'S OFFICE TO BE MOVED.

Progressive Headquarters Going to Metropolitan Building.

George W. Perkins, chairman of the executive committee of the Progressive party, was at the national headquarters of the Hotel Manhattan for the greater part of yesterday. He saw many visitors and whatever comment he had to make on the situation he confined to his talks with them.

Besides meeting his visitors Mr. Perkins took up the matter of new national headquarters for the Progressive party. He discussed the arrangements for the headquarters throughout the country by the hundreds of thousands of Col. Roosevelt's Chicago speech.

The national headquarters, it is expected, will be moved to the Metropolitan Building before the end of the week.

MR. BARNES SAID 'UNWISELY.'

A Typographical Error Altered Meaning of His Words.

By a typographical error Chairman William Barnes, Jr., of the Republican State committee, in a message to the county chairmen last night, speaking of the method of nominating delegates by committees, was quoted in THE SUN as saying: "This method of nominating delegates by committees is a very unwise method."

"This method of nominating delegates by committees is a very unwise method," was the correct meaning of his words. The error was corrected in the next issue of THE SUN.

QUEENS REPUBLICANS SPLIT.

Many County Committee Members Are Out for Roosevelt.

Taft Republicans are petitioning Frank E. Losee, chairman of the Queens county Republican committee, to call a special meeting to expel members who have gone over to Roosevelt.

In the Fourth Assembly district, it is said, eight regular committee members are openly affiliated with the Progressive party. In the Second district five members are said to have come out for Roosevelt and the defection exists throughout the entire borough.

CITIZENS FOR REFORM RATHER THAN ARRESTS

Meeting to-morrow in Cooper Union Will Discuss Check on Police.

They think the widespread corruption which has been disclosed in the Roosevelt case can be made nearly impossible under a reformed system for the suppression of gambling and disorderly houses. It may be necessary to clip the powers of the inspectors.

WOULD CURB OFFICIALS

Committee Looks More to Future Than to Present Rosenthal Case Expose.

The citizens' anti-graft mass meeting to be held in Cooper Union to-morrow night will probably result in recommendations for the reform of gambling laws and changes in the structure of the Police Department with a view to reducing the possibilities of graft to the minimum.

It is the opinion of the men behind the mass meeting that not enough checks are imposed on the higher officials of the Police Department and on the men detailed to stamp out social vice.

They think the widespread corruption which has been disclosed in the Rosenthal case can be made nearly impossible under a reformed system for the suppression of gambling and disorderly houses. It may be necessary to clip the powers of the inspectors.

They point out that Commissioner Bingham made a step in this direction when he obtained the power to reduce them and that possibly Commissioner Bingham did not go far enough in limiting the inspectors' powers.

A reform in the gambling laws they believe to be absolutely necessary. They think the relatively small number of gamblers actually convicted may be due not only to graft on the part of the police but to the law itself. Technicalities play too large a part in the admission of evidence, they believe. The ability of the gamblers to recover, through the courts, gambling paraphernalia seized in raids is something which will engage the attention of the committee.

Above all they desire to learn just what are the facts, to seek the cause of corruption and apply the remedy. Their desire is not so much to take part in the prosecution of the present offenders as to make the city safer and cleaner for the future.

The arrangements for the meeting have been completed and a long list of speakers is being prepared. Among those who have definitely accepted an invitation to address the meeting are: Editor of the Outlook; Rabbi Lyman Abba; Editor of the Outlook; Rabbi Eliezer R. M. Magnes, president of the Jewish Community; Peter Brady, secretary of the Allied Printing Trades Council; Mrs. Charles H. Israel, president of the Committee on Amusements for Working Girls; who has taken part in many crusades against social vice; Henry F. Forbes, building commissioner; Henry H. Curran, chairman of the Aldermanic Investigative committee; and Emory R. Buckner, counsel to the Aldermanic Council.

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Mrs. J. Borden Harriman's Organization Will Send Them Out.

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LA FOLLETTE ACCUSES P. O.

Says Some One in U. S. Service Has Opened His Letters.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Senator La Follette of Wisconsin started the Senate to-day by charging that his mail had been tampered with. The Senator avoided any direct accusation, but intimated plainly that the letters had been opened by persons in the postal service.

The Senator was speaking on the post office appropriation and criticizing the action of the Post Office Department in using its influence to break up the organizations formed by the railway mail employees with a view to improving their labor conditions. Senator La Follette said he had written letters to his constituents and twelve thousand railway mail clerks submitting a series of questions. These questions were intended to ascertain what efforts the officials of the Post Office Department had made to compel the employees to resign from those labor organizations.