

CITY EXTENDS FORMAL WELCOME TO WARSHIPS

Ceremonies at City Hall and on the Flagship Connecticut.

BALL GAME SCORED MOST Seagiving Fans Show Themselves as Wise as the Land Variety.

If a foreign man-of-war had poked a trouble-seeking prow into the Polo ground yesterday afternoon she would have been promptly captured by a boarding party of United States marines.

Of course Rear Admiral Hugo Osterhaus, commander in chief of the Atlantic fleet which is now in the North River, receiving and being received socially, was there, and his staff, and Mayor Gaynor and the city's reception committee.

But if you had a tip on the world's series you could tell it to the marines who came—all that could get shore leave—to see the lowly Yankees beat the Giants by two.

More formal matters came first. The fog that held the battleship Idaho at anchor in the bay was just lifting when at 9 o'clock launches began to cast off from the flagships of the four divisions of the fleet to hurry downstream to the Connecticut, carrying four Rear Admirals to join their commander in chief in a formal call on Mayor Gaynor at City Hall.

Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske of the first division, Rear Admiral N. U. Usher of the second, Rear Admiral Cameron McR. Winslow of the third, and Rear Admiral F. M. Fletcher of the fourth formed the commander in chief's escort.

With Rear Admiral Osterhaus were Capt. F. K. Hill, chief of staff, Capt. Hugh Rodman, commander of the Connecticut, Lieutenant-Commander W. R. Sexton, flag secretary, Lieut. Walter S. Anderson and Lieut. Zogbaum and Rowan.

The little fleet of launches, headed by Rear Admiral Osterhaus's launch, the trimmest thing of her kind afloat, made a naval parade in themselves as they ran down to the landing stage at the foot of West Twenty-third street.

The Admiral and his party were met by Hon. J. B. Egan, the Mayor's secretary, President John H. Finley of the City College, R. A. C. Smith, Lewis Nixon, Howard Carroll, Samuel Fairchild, Dr. George E. Kutz and others of the reception committee. The party got into automobiles and rode to the City Hall, escorted by twenty mounted policemen.

More than 100 members of the Mayor's reception committee awaited the city's guests. They formed a double line in front of the City Hall under a pergola decorated with autumn leaves and bays.

John A. Crimmins, Mayor-General, Thomas H. Barry, Commander of the Department of the East, who represented the army in the welcome to the navy, met the visitors under the pergola when the squadron of automobiles rolled up.

The naval officers were escorted by the committee to the reception room across the hall from the Mayor's office, and there the Mayor came to meet them. To Admiral Osterhaus he said:

"I am glad to welcome you to the city. All I can say is that we will try to make you as comfortable as possible during your stay. I am glad to see you all."

The Admiral bowed and replied: "And I wish to express our thanks for this sincere manifestation from the citizens of New York City to the United States Navy."

Then the officers and the members of the reception committee were introduced, and after the handshakings Rear Admiral Osterhaus was escorted to his machine and the procession started back to the boat house.

The Mayor was very prompt in returning the call of ceremony. A little after 10 o'clock, accompanied by Police Commissioner Wadsworth and Mayor-General, he accompanied by a detail of police cavalry carrying the Mayor's flag, he rode to the Battery and boarded the Patrol, the flag-ship of the city's navy.

The Mayor's flag flew from the pole on the police boat got a lot of official recognition during the trip up the river.

Rear Admiral Osterhaus's launch met the Patrol a short distance from the Connecticut and took the Mayor and his escort alongside the flag-ship. Admiral Osterhaus and his staff were waiting on the deck to greet the Mayor and his escort.

When the Mayor's launch reached the Admiral's cabin, where there was an informal reception that lasted less than half an hour. Herman H. Egan, U. S. District Attorney, Mayor-General and several others of the reception committee were also present at the reception.

When the visit on the Connecticut was over, Rear Admiral Osterhaus and his staff again became the guests of the city at luncheon at the Claremont, and later at the ball game.

They came ashore after 1 o'clock and to the Mayor and his escort to the Claremont, inspecting the way the preparations for the illumination in honor of the fleet Thursday night.

After luncheon the party, escorted by a squad of motor cycle police, drove to the Polo grounds to see the exhibition game between the Giants and the Yankees, arranged by Treasurer John Whalen of the Giants, who is also chairman of the sailors' entertainment committee.

As he passed the Polo grounds the Mayor and his escort recognized the Mayor and his escort as they did the Mayor and his escort.

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WAS MRS. GUERRA USED AS B. W. GIBSON'S TOOL?

Experts to Compare "Mrs. Menschik" Signature with Name on Szabo Citation.

DISCLOSURES EXPECTED Woman Suspected of Having Figured in Connection With Other Tragedies.

Specimens of the handwriting of the woman who says she is Rosa Guerra and that she skinned the waiver of extradition in the matter of the will of Mrs. Rosa Menschik Szabo were placed in the hands of Assistant District Attorneys Murphy and Wasservogel yesterday and by them turned over to experts who will compare them with the signature which placed the settlement of the dead woman's estate in the hands of Burton W. Gibson and led to his arrest.

The superficial examination so far made compares those who are assisting independent operators of Orange county in their belief that the remarkable story of the woman brought here from Wilkesbarre on Saturday night will have a most important bearing on the case.

The necessary corroboration of the details of her recital have as yet been begun and so far as they have proceeded nothing has been found to change the opinion that this woman is the mysterious Rosa Guerra, whose name has been mentioned in every tale of the imprisoned lawyer's career during the last fifteen years.

She has not been identified by Donald Lyon, the Brooklyn notary public before whom she declares she made her signature as Mrs. Estrella Menschik, the mother of Mrs. Rosa Szabo, nor has she been confronted by others who should recognize her.

On this point Mr. Murphy said last night: "It is impossible to form any definite conclusion as to the value of this woman's testimony until all her statements have been carefully checked up."

All the statements made by this woman were taken down by a stenographer and they are being studied carefully. While particular attention has been given to the Szabo case, it may be said that sufficient information is in the hands of the Assistant District Attorneys to cause them to turn their eyes in other directions.

If this woman may disclose her relations to other than Gibson, and there an understanding that these revelations may lead to arrests of several persons who have been mentioned indirectly in connection with the various cases which the arrest of Gibson has recalled.

One of these cases is that of the death of Michael Shippo, who was found in Pelham Creek on December 14, 1907. Shippo had been a witness at the inquest into the death of Mrs. Alice C. D. Kinnan, who died on the front stoop at 2464 Washington avenue, The Bronx, on June 9, 1909.

Gibson was arrested in the case, and Shippo testified that he had seen the lawyer struggling with Mrs. Kinnan.

Despite the confidence shown by the Assistant District Attorneys, counsel for Gibson continue to express the belief that the woman called herself Mrs. Guerra is a fraud. Robert H. Elder said yesterday that he knew all about this woman and the kind of life she has led and his conclusion is that she is "a poor, pitiful, demented woman."

District Attorney Rogers of Orange county is to meet Mr. Murphy to-morrow and they will go over the statements of the self-styled Mrs. Guerra, Gibson, who is in jail at Goshen and who has flatly denied all the statements of the new witness, sent for Rogers yesterday. He told the prosecuting official that the entire tale was a frame-up on the part of the woman.

The Newport succeeded the old school-ship St. Mary's as a training ship. Commander Tillman said yesterday that he is trying to correct a mistaken notion on the part of many persons that the New York Nautical School is a sort of reformatory institution.

He is daily receiving requests from mothers and fathers with unruly, mischievous sons who have "the best hearts in the world" for their admission to the school in the hope that the discipline will be a good thing for them, and he is kept busy writing explanations that the Newport isn't a reform school.

The New York Nautical School was created under an act of the Legislature, approved on April 24, 1873, authorizing the Board of Education to provide a school for the education and training of boys in the science and practice of seamanship.

From Stockholm the Newport visited Copenhagen, Denmark (July 18-27); Christiania, Norway (July 28-August 7); Plymouth, England (August 12-21); Funchal, Madeira (August 22-28); Hamilton, Bermuda (September 21-25); New London, Conn. (September 30-October 3), and Glen Cove, L. I. (October 4-7).

The Newport left New York on May 22 last with her sixty-three cadets and crew of thirty-four men and went to Glen Cove, where she remained until May 28. Then she went to New London and on June 5 she pulled up anchor and started across the Atlantic for England, reaching Plymouth on June 26.

The Newport left Plymouth on July 2 and sailed for Stockholm, reaching there six days later in time for the Olympic games. The boys took in the big show and rooted for all they were worth for the American flag in the Newport visit.

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COAL TAKES ANOTHER JUMP. Independents Increase Prices 75 to 85 Cents a Ton at Mines.

POTTSDAM, Pa., Oct. 7.—As a direct result, it is said, of the panic which has struck coal dealers in the larger cities, who are offering independent operators big premiums for anthracite, a number of independent operators in this section to-day made a big raise in the price of coal.

The St. Clair independents, who are taking the lead in the matter, increased the price of pea and chestnut coal from 75 to 85 cents a ton. At this rate the chestnut coal at the mines is now over \$1.00 a ton. The independents are making a statement declaring they would not sell coal under the price they can get for it on the cars at Philadelphia and New York.

The Reading Coal and Iron Company declared it will not be a party to any further additional raise in price. The action of the independents is believed to have been inspired by agents of Philadelphia and New York dealers who have been canvassing this region for contracts since anthracite has been selling at a premium in certain sections.

The price was indignant yesterday. He was indignant all over the "fog room" of Ellis Island. He smoked one cigarette after another and denounced them.

His lawyer, John Patterson of 43 Cedar street, went to see him in the "fog room." He said that his client had been misrepresented in the newspapers and declared he would sue out a writ of habeas corpus to be served on the immigration officials to-day.

The "fog room," in which the Prince is restrained, is a chamber furnished with a grand piano, rugs and other princely comforts into which the Commissioner retreats when in cases of foggy weather he cannot leave the island. It is by no means a barren place.

The Prince upon arising was indignant because there was no one to rub him down after his shower bath. He was indignant because he was an Ethiopian who arrived at the princely summons "shouted through the hall." He had coffee in his rooms and then sent for his valet to bring him a new bath towel.

With the aid of a guard, however, he managed to struggle into some clothes. He had breakfast in the dining room of the officials and lunched there too. In the afternoon when newspaper men were announced he was too indignant to receive them.

Commissioner Williams is awaiting a cablegram from France telling just why the Prince was expelled from Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—The order of expulsion against Prince Pignatelli d'Aragon, the Spanish nobleman who is now languishing at Ellis Island, New York, pending the American Government's determination of his status, was issued under the date of August 12, 1911. The Prince, however, managed to avoid being served with notification of the expulsion order for over a year, disappearing from Paris in the summer of 1911.

He was not definitely located until September 28 last, and on that day he left for New York on the steamship France.

He returns to France, he will be arrested on the charge of contravening the expulsion order. He will be condemned by the Correctional Tribunal and expelled again unless he succeeds in getting the order quashed.

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MAN WHO SHOT FORMER SWEETHEART'S Fiance Pleads Guilty.

Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions Court yesterday accepted a plea of guilty to manslaughter in the first degree from Samuel Margolis and sentenced him to from ten to twenty years imprisonment.

Margolis shot a man who he believed had taken his place in his sweetheart's affections.

Margolis and Miss Anna Schatzky of 164 Delancey street were engaged to be married. Margolis was ordered to go to Denver for his health. He later got a letter from a friend that Miss Schatzky had announced her intention to marry one Benjamin Berger, and returned to New York. On April 23 he found the girl and Berger talking together in front of the woman's home.

He drew a revolver to shoot Berger. Berger jumped in front of the girl and received the bullet. He died two days later in New York Hospital.

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ARREST INVENTOR IN SUIT. Vander Hoff Says Alleged Secret Patent Process is a Swindle.

A pretended secret process for manufacturing paint which is alleged to be the basis of a scheme to defraud \$75,000, the alleged inventor, in a suit by Lorenzo B. Vander Hoff to recover \$1,000. Uebelmesser was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Gilmore and was released under \$2,500 bail.

Vander Hoff also names as defendants William Thomas, Jr., president; Edwin L. Graff, secretary, and William Wenderhold, treasurer of the concern, at 50 Church street, which advertised for bright young men with capital to go into business. The plaintiff says he was induced to part with \$1,000 for 200 shares of stock in the paint company and was made general manager at \$75 a week. In his application for the arrest of Uebelmesser he said he became suspicious when he saw a number of men coming to the office, but the defendants told him they were canvassers.

Then he questioned the men and they told him they had bought stock for \$100 each. Vander Hoff says he finally learned that there is no secret process at all, but that the defendants get an order for paint they buy it from some other firm.

An alleged scheme to defraud in a somewhat similar manner landed Moritz Zelman in Ludlow street jail yesterday on an order issued by Karl Lutsch, Lutsch in suing Zelman for \$755 and alleges that Zelman advertises in German newspapers for partners in a business agency, and after getting from \$250 upward from them for partnership and promising to pay them \$14 a week, he refuses to recognize them or to pay them any salaries.

MARGOLIS GETS TEN YEARS. Man Who Shot Former Sweetheart's Fiance Pleads Guilty.

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