

6 POWERS GET CHINESE LOAN

Terms of Big Flotation Agreed Upon, State Department Learns.

CRISP FIRM BARRED

London Bidders Who Nearly Disrupted Negotiations Excluded as Rebuke.

4 NEW YORK PARTICIPANTS

J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., National City and First National Banks Interested.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—Practical agreement has been reached by members of the six Power group of bankers as to the essential terms of the loan to be made to the Chinese Government, according to a statement issued at the Department of State this afternoon. Detailed information regarding the terms of the loan and its apportionment among the several groups was not given out, and it was stated that nothing further would be disclosed by the Department as to these phases of the transaction. It will be left to the bankers to make what announcement they see fit in regard to the details.

The reports published to-day regarding the decision of the loan among the various national banking groups are not credited at the State Department. It is the understanding at the Department that all the six Powers participating in the Chinese loan will receive equal allotments of the loan issues. Much less is the Department inclined to credit to-day a report that the Crisp firm in London, which floated the so-called "independent loan" to China, is to receive a share of the new loan.

Opinion in Washington is that the six Power group of bankers will not take in the banking firm which endeavored to disrupt their plans by making an independent loan to China. It is believed that the bankers will realize on the opportunity presented to give a forceful demonstration of the advisability of bankers obtaining approval of their Governments when undertaking international finance.

The practical completion of the negotiations for the financing of the proposed Governmental reorganization in China culminates about twelve months of discussion between the bankers and the Chinese Government. Negotiations began last February with a group of bankers of the United States, France, Germany and Great Britain. Later Russia and Japan entered the syndicate. The first interruption was caused by the Chinese accepting advances from an Anglo-Belgian syndicate when under agreement with the four Power group not to contract any loans with other bankers while the negotiations were in progress. The Anglo-Belgian loan contract was cancelled at the demand of the four Power group, which later became the six Power group. At the same time the Chinese Government was accepting temporary advances from the international group, to a total of nearly \$2,000,000.

Last summer the Chinese declared they would not accept the terms of the six Power group, which provided for a certain degree of supervision of expenditures. The bankers maintained such supervision was necessary for the protection of the Chinese as well as for the security of the loan, while the Chinese responded that it was an insult to their nation.

Non-essentials were at this stage Wendell Jackson, an American, who had done some promoting in China, arranged with the banking firm of Crisp & Co. of London to make a loan of \$5,000,000 to the Chinese Government. Bonds for half this amount were floated in London, despite the fact that it was well known that the project had not the approval of the British Government.

The response of the underwriters was disappointing, as the underwriters were obliged to take up about half the bond issue. The second issue of \$25,000,000 which was promised has never been made and it is believed it never will be.

Since the Crisp loan it has been accepted as a foregone conclusion that China would have to accept the terms of the six Power group.

The American banking houses participating in the loan are J. P. Morgan & Co., Kuhn, Loeb & Co., the National City Bank and the First National Bank of New York.

"MOVIES" AT HOME POSSIBLE.

"Herry" Kearton Bringing New Instrument From London.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Cherry (Richard) Kearton, field naturalist, author and astronomer, is taking to America a new camera which will make the cinematograph a household possibility at a cost of about \$50, while films for it will cost but sixty cents, as compared with \$20 for the ordinary cinematograph film.

A camera which makes this possible uses the ordinary snap shot film. A longitudinal arrangement divides the roll of twelve ordinary exposures into microscopic divisions which make the film equivalent to five hundred feet of cinematograph film.

Mr. Kearton will sail for America on Wednesday on the steamship Majestic. He is going to lecture before the Geographic Society of Washington. He will also take the new pneumatic camera with him, which has already been described in THE SUN. This camera lacks a handle. One simply presses a button, which regulates the speed, the vibration being taken up by a gyroscope.

CZAREVITCH AGAIN IN BED.

London Newspaper Prints the Report From St. Petersburg.
Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Daily Mail in a despatch from St. Petersburg states that the Czarevitch is again confined to his bed.

The 10-11 "LIGHT SIX"

The best car built by any maker in any land at the price \$3250

See it at the Show

GERMAN OIL BILL UP TO-DAY.

Campaign For and Against American Company Being Waged.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The committee of the Reichstag under the chairmanship of Herr Wurm, a Socialist, will commence to-morrow the consideration of the Government's petroleum monopoly bill, said to be aimed at the Standard Oil Company. The purpose of the bill, when it was submitted to the committee, was to establish a company which would assume control of the petroleum industry in Germany and would seek its supplies from independent sources. The Standard Oil Company, however, not being excluded from participating.

The outlook for the bill is still uncertain but the chances that some kind of a bill will come out from the committee are considered better now than they were some weeks ago.

For the first time in the history of Germany a well organized and typically American publicity campaign is being waged through the press and pamphlets for and against the Standard Oil Company. A petition to which 145,000 signatures have been attached and which protests against the Government's bill has been prepared for presentation to the Reichstag.

MILLERAND RETURNS TO LAW.

Resigned French War Minister Reappears in Court.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—M. Millerand, the War Minister in Premier Poincaré's Cabinet, who resigned on Saturday owing to the outbreak of criticism following his action in rehabilitating Col. du Paty de Clam of Dreyfus fame, reappeared in the law courts to-day wearing an aviator's robe.

It has been learned that only his friends' persuasion yesterday induced Premier Poincaré, who assumed the position that his War Minister's action reflected on him, not to abandon his candidature for the Presidency in succession to M. Fallières.

President Fallières was chiefly instrumental in causing M. Poincaré to continue the Ministry, urging upon him the view that his (Poincaré's) own position as well as the position of the Cabinet partook of a provisional character until his (Fallières's) successor is installed on February 17. An existing Cabinet resigns when a new President is elected.

MEAT FOR ELECTION DAY.

Cardinal Archbishop Grants Special Dispensation at Versailles.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—The Cardinal Archbishop of Paris has accorded a dispensation from abstinence on Friday, January 17, the date of the Presidential election, to those attending the formal ceremonies at Versailles.

The Cardinal has emphasized that the dispensation is only effective in regard to those taking an active part, and not to the crowds looking at the Versailles restaurants.

AMERICANS TO MEET KAISER.

Officials and Unofficials Who Will Be Presented at Court.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The list of non-official Americans to be presented at the court on Thursday is the shortest in years. The list comprises only Rear Admiral and Mrs. E. E. Chadwick and the daughter of Exchange Professor William M. Sloane of Columbia University.

The list of Americans (officials) who will be presented by United States Ambassador Lelshman is made up for the most part of the new members of his staff who have arrived in the German capital during the last twelve months. It includes Capt. Alfred W. Bjornstad, the Military Attaché, and his wife, Albert B. Ruddock, the third secretary, and his wife, Joseph C. Grey, the first secretary, and his wife, Jonathan S. Dowell, Jr., U. S. N., attaché, and Lieut. Arthur L. Bristol, Jr., U. S. N., attaché.

The unusual small number of non-official Americans to be presented is attributed to a fiasco made in the German press last year over the number Ambassador Lelshman then presented.

FAMOUS PAINTING FOUND.

Gentle de Fabriano's "Virgin and Child" Discovered Near Rome.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
ROME, Jan. 13.—The lost painting, "Virgin and Child," by the Italian painter Gentle de Fabriano, was discovered in a small church in the town of Velletri, twenty-one miles from Rome.

The painting was taken there in the middle of the sixteenth century by Cardinal Ginnasi, the Bishop of Velletri, who removed the painting from the Church of Santa Cosma and Damiano here. Since that time the painting has not been identified.

ANTONIN MERCIÉ HONORED.

Sculptor and Painter President of Societe des Artistes Français.
Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
PARIS, Jan. 13.—Antonin Mercié has been elected the 1913 president of the Societe des Artistes Français.

Jean-Marie Antonin Mercié was born in Toulouse, October 29, 1845. He is a distinguished sculptor and painter, as well as a member of the Institute and a Grand Officer of the Legion of Honor. He lives in Paris, where he serves as a professor of the Ecole des Beaux Arts. Some of his best known works are "David Before the Combat," "Judith," "Deliha," and numerous characteristic portraits. He was a "prix he Rome 1868."

TO CURB A COLD IN ONE DAY

THE LATEST BROMO QUININE TABLETS. DRUG STORES. 10 CENTS PER BOX. 25 CENTS PER DOZEN. 50 CENTS PER DOZEN.

TURKEY ADVISED TO GIVE UP ADRIANOPLE

Deadlock in London Peace Negotiations Continues—No Break in Sight.

RENEWAL OF WAR DOUBTED

Little Chance of Winter Campaign, but Actual Peace Still Far Off.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 14.—Yesterday was a day of nothingness as far as any known concrete results toward peace are concerned. The Turco-Bulgarian conference was not resumed, the Powers' note to the Porte was not presented, the Turkish National Council has not met as was predicted and the Ottoman delegates have not left London.

It is true that the foreign Ambassadors in London conferred and, according to report, agreed, as it has been said they would agree, to advise Turkey to surrender Adrianople and leave the question of the Aegean Islands in the hands of the Powers.

There were also some other conferences in London, but nevertheless, as far as can be ascertained, the only result of the doings of the day can be summed up under the heading "The Deadlock Continues."

The usual contradictory reports appear in the newspapers that Adrianople will and will not be surrendered and that the war will and will not be resumed.

The comment in the Daily Telegraph maintains his belief that the campaign will not be renewed and that Bulgaria will surely get Adrianople. He attaches paramount importance to the fact that the Powers support the allies in regard to the possession of the Turkish fortress and concludes in this manner:

"Although the signs are decidedly ominous and apprehension is general in Europe that Turkey and the allies are about to come to issues on the snow covered field of Thrace I cannot believe that they will come to blows, for the war is now without an object and would be a wanton butchery.

"Even if the delegates pronounced the word 'rupture' and denounced the armistice which will still have four days to run I shall not expect a winter campaign.

"The war is over. Unhappily peace negotiations in the full sense of the word can hardly be said to have begun."

The Bulgarian-Rumanian conference, which has for its object the territorial compensation to Rumania for remaining neutral in the Turco-Balkan war, has not been resumed although Dr. Danef, the Bulgarian envoy had a long talk with M. Mano, the Rumanian Minister to London, yesterday.

It is said that Dr. Danef is awaiting instructions from Sofia before he again meets M. Jonescu, the Rumanian representative. Pessimism on this question, however, has practically disappeared and an amicable arrangement is pretty generally thought as certain.

ANOTHER NAVAL "BATTLE."

Turkish Cruiser Fires on Greeks, Who Retaliate—Damage Unknown.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Daily Mail correspondent at the Dardanelles telegraphing under date of January 11, the news being delayed by the censor, says: "There was a naval engagement to-day at the entrance of the Dardanelles. The Turks headed for Lemnos Island, getting out of sight from the mainland, but as they did not meet the enemy they turned toward Xeros, leaving the battleship, Assar-i-Tewfik, behind."

"The Greek fleet then appeared and encountered the Assar-i-Tewfik, which fired several broadsides at a long range, but without effect. Thereupon the Turkish fleet, led by the battleship Hamidieh, returned to the Assar-i-Tewfik's assistance."

"The Hamidieh fired only on the foremost of three Greek cruisers, which retaliated. It is not known whether the enemy was damaged. The Turkish vessels returned here."

"TIMES" PREDICTS WAR.

Says Turkey is Prepared to Refuse Cession of Adrianople.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Times alone this morning announces that the Grand Ottoman Council met in Constantinople yesterday to decide the fate of Adrianople. The decision, the Times says, is expected to be published to-day, and the general opinion in Constantinople is that Turkey will refuse the cession of the fortress and that a renewal of the war will follow.

WILL CONFER WITH CZAR.

Bulgarian Minister of Finance Reaches St. Petersburg.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
ST. PETERSBURG, Jan. 13.—The Bulgarian Minister of Finance, M. Theodoroff, is here. The Czar has granted him an audience.

AVIATORS DROWNED IN THAMES.

Fall Into River and Help Comes to Them Too Late.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—Two aviators, not positively identified, but believed to have been McDonnald and Ingles, fell from their unmanageable biplane into the Thames to-day and were drowned before help could reach them.

The men were on a test flight from the Long Reach aerodrome. They lost control of their plane above Long Reach between Purfleet and Greenhithe on the lower Thames.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

MADRID.—Albert Strickland, an American Indian, was arrested on the charge of killing Alfred Battisou, a British subject, by stabbing him with a knife.

SNOW HEAD, Ireland.—The British steamship Snowdon Range, which lost her rudder at sea and was thought at one time to have been lost, was towed into this port by the British steamship Welshman, which had picked her up about 500 miles off the Irish coast.

TEA MANIA INVADERS SCOTLAND.

Takes Place of Porridge With Serious Effects, Says Doctor.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Sandy is abandoning his traditional porridge for tea with deplorable effects on the physique of the rising generation. This lament is contained in the official report of the committee on medical service in the Scottish Highlands.

Dr. Murray told the committee that unsuitable and sometimes insufficient diet is causing serious physical deterioration, especially the excessive indulgence in overcooked tea.

"The great feature of this decadence," the report goes on to say, "is the abuse of tea. The good old porridge pot has fallen from its high estate and the teapot has been exalted to its place."

"Probably more than 50 per cent. of the children go to school on a breakfast of tea and bread. The former is usually long stewed. A large proportion of the children live so far from school that they cannot go home for the mid-day meal and work all day on this inadequate breakfast."

The report states that it seems difficult to induce the youngsters to carry food to school.

The position of the doctors in the remote districts in the Highlands and in the Islands is unenviable, the report says. Many do not earn more than £250 to £350 a year. In one instance a doctor earned £200, but there is conclusive evidence of the inability of the cottagers to pay fees, their average annual income varying from £50 to £120.

It is not surprising therefore that the ancient superstitious "cures" are popular instances are cited as an epileptic attack being "treated" by burning a black cock alive beneath the place where the sufferer was first attacked and the "treatment" of scrofula by having a seventh son touch the diseased parts. These and similar treatments are declared to have wrought cures.

BETH-SHEMESH UNEARTHED.

The Place in Palestine Mentioned in First Samuel, Sixth Chapter.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 14.—The Daily Mail in a despatch from Jerusalem says that the Palestine Exploration Fund workers, Mr. Conder and Mr. Porter, have unearthed Beth-she-mesh, which is thirty miles from Jerusalem and which is mentioned in First Samuel, sixth chapter.

In the sixth chapter of Samuel is told the story of the sending back of the Ark which the Philistines had taken from the Israelites. Several of them had died in the taking of the Ark and they went to their prophets and asked them how the ark might safely be sent back.

The diviners said that the ark should be filled with five golden mice and five golden emerods if the Philistines should be saved from the plague. The Philistines were told to build a new cart, and take two milk cows which had never been yoked, put the ark on the cart, and send it back, with offerings of jewels and gold for a trespass offering. They were told to let the cows wander, pulling the cart, and if they travelled up the coast by way of Beth-she-mesh, then the plague was sent by Providence, because of the taking of the ark.

The Philistines obeyed their instructions, and the cows travelled through Beth-she-mesh. The Philistines followed the cows, and at length came to the field of Joshua, a Beth-she-mite. There, at a great stone, the cart was demolished and the ark left.

The Philistines offered the cows as a burnt offering and the Levites took down the ark, "which stone remaineth up to this day in the field of Joshua," the Beth-she-mite says the Bible.

SEQUEL TO LONDON RAID.

Alleged Principals of Gambling House Fined the Maximum.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Roy McKay and William Marshall Grose, the two alleged principals in the Wilton Crescent fashionable gambling house raid on the night of December 16 last, were brought up in court to-day, were found guilty and both fined the maximum of £2,500 and costs. Mr. Grose denied that he was a principal, but pleaded guilty to assisting in running a gambling house.

During the evidence to-day letters from visitors to the gambling house in Wilton Crescent were read and the accompanying checks in payment for losses shown often to have amounted to thousands of dollars, with the result that between November 7 and December 16 last year McKay banked \$45,235.

ENGLAND'S CHIEF RABBINATE.

Dr. Drachman Withdraws—Hertz and Hyamson Candidates.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—Dr. Bernard Drachman of New York has withdrawn his candidature and refuses to enter the contest for the chief rabbinate of England to succeed the late Dr. Herman Adler on the ground that there should be a unanimous call.

The selection committee has decided to send the names of Dr. Joseph H. Hertz of New York and Rabbi Hyamson to the electoral college.

SLASHES GIRL WITH STILETTO.

Young Italian Attacks Her Because She Refused to Marry Him.

Mario Gallizzo, a seamstress of 136 Fifth Avenue, Jersey City, was slashed in the face and neck by a young Italian man at the Twenty-third street station of the Hudson tunnels yesterday evening. Mario met the young man, who had been making love to her for some time, at her place of business, and the way to the tubes he asked her again to marry him and she refused. Of a sudden he seized the girl by her right arm and with a long stiletto slashed her twice across the face. As she fell he stabbed her in the neck.

The women on the platform screamed and the men tried to catch the Italian. He eluded them and ran to the street before the noise of a whistle blown by the engineer of a train brought Policeman Callahan. He sent Mario to the New York Hospital, where her condition is said to be serious.

SCOTT ASKS SULZER FOR TRUCE.

Governor Agrees to Conference To-day on Prison Warden.

ALBANY, Jan. 13.—When it developed to-night that Gov. Sulzer under the conspiracy to remove State Superintendent of Prisons Joseph Scott without the approval of the State Senate, Scott's friends began trying to patch up a truce.

He announced that the governor had agreed to meet Col. Scott to-morrow and talk over the situation in the light of Supt. Scott's refusal to remove George W. Bennett, the Republican warden of Auburn prison.

Enjoy an Hour of Beautiful Music At Aeolian Hall

Free Informal Public Demonstrations

This Week's Schedule

In the Musician's Club Room

10 to 12 o'clock—An interesting program on the famous Stroud Piañola Piano. To-morrow a selection of compositions by Mme. Chaminade will be presented. Remember when hearing this demonstration that the Stroud Piañola Piano, though a genuine Piañola Player-piano, is a very moderate-priced instrument. It may be purchased for \$9.90 weekly.

In the Victor Salon

12 to 2 o'clock—A Victor-Victrola recital in the beautiful new Victor Salon. To-morrow the program will include a group of ballads sung by John McCormack. The work of this artist is always pleasing but these ballads rendered on the Victrola in McCormack's best style you will not doubly so. And here the comfortably luxurious Victor Salon is an ideal environment for the appreciation and enjoyment of music.

3 to 5 o'clock—An enjoyable recital on the Steinway and Weber Piañola Pianos. To-morrow the program will include an interesting demonstration of the possibilities of the Piañola in ensemble playing. The work of this instrument in accompanying vocal records on the Victor-Victrola will convey to you a new idea of the Piañola's flexibility and ease of control.

Remember these demonstrations are free and informal. You are invited to come and listen. No telegrams will interview you unless you request it.

The Aeolian Co.

The Largest Manufacturers of Musical Instruments in the World

Aeolian Hall, 29 W. 42nd St.



FIRES 15 SHOTS IN HOME; KILLS WIFE

Maniac Wounds Two Other Women in Harlem Apartment House.

TWICE RELOADS WEAPON

Attempts to End Own Life After Missing Husband of One of His Victims.

Andrew Broughton, 49 years old, a negro, went crazy last night and shot and killed his wife, Leonora, 32 years old, in the apartments of Mrs. Julia Moore, in the Arconia apartment building at 109 West 139th street.

Before killing his wife the negro had turned his revolver on Mrs. Moore and the bullet passed through her right arm. Another shot had struck Mrs. Fannie Auld, 22 years old, Mrs. Moore's daughter, in the left side of the neck.

Next he fired at Marie Taylor, 16 years old, a cousin of Mrs. Moore, but the shot missed its mark, as did the one he fired at Joseph Auld, Mrs. Auld's husband. David Auld, 6 years old, Joseph's son, was fired at, too, but not struck.

Broughton used a five cartridge revolver and fired fifteen shots in all, stopping to reload the weapon two times. In his pocket he had another charge which, however, he did not use, for with the fifteenth bullet he turned the gun on himself. The missile passed beneath his heart and through his body.

Late last night the negro lay in the Harlem hospital dying. In the same building lay Mrs. Moore and her daughter, Mrs. Auld, both badly wounded, but not fatally. The body of the murderer's wife remained at 109 West 139th street.

Mrs. Moore has a seven room apartment on the fifth floor of the Arconia. Two of the rooms she let out to Broughton and his wife. In the remaining five Mrs. Moore herself lived with her daughter, son-in-law, grand child and young cousin.

On Saturday night the entire family with Mrs. Broughton, sat in the parlor listening to Mrs. Auld, who was playing the piano when Broughton pushed open the door and stood glaring at his wife.

"I have decided," he said, "that you, Leonora, must never sing, dance or talk out of my presence. Do you understand? It is my wish."

That was the only evidence of approaching insanity from Broughton until last night.

When he came into the apartment yesterday evening he found Mrs. Broughton standing in the hall talking to Mrs. Moore and Mrs. Auld. He walked up to them and said:

"I'm going to kill everybody in this house!"

Fourth he drew a revolver and fired at Mrs. Moore, who was fleeing down the hallway. The bullet passed through her arm and she ducked into a bathroom.

Broughton's wife and Mrs. Auld made for the kitchen door, near which they were standing, while the bullets from Broughton's gun rained fast and heavy. The two women entered a room just off the kitchen and covered, each in a separate corner. Broughton was standing in the doorway a second later inspecting their respective positions and reloading his gun.

He picked out Mrs. Auld as his first victim and emptied one cartridge in her direction. It entered her neck. Then he turned the weapon on his wife. Four bullets struck her about the head. She was killed instantly.

While Broughton strolled into the next room he again reloaded his gun. There he found first Miss Taylor and then Mrs. Moore. He fired at them, but the aim was not good. Also in the room were Joseph Auld and his little boy. Three shots were fired in

HAVANA'S MAYOR SUPPORTED.

Conservative Lawyers Indorse His Position on Police Payments.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.
HAVANA, Jan. 13.—With Vice-President-elect Varona presiding, the leading Conservative lawyers met to-night and adopted a resolution supporting Mayor Freyre's refusal to pay the Secretary of the Interior's requisition for the police force without seeing the pay rolls, which the Mayor declares, have been scandalously padded.

Some time later Mayor Freyre replied to the Secretary of the Interior's second ultimatum ordering him to pay immediately. Senator Freyre retorted that he did not recognize the Secretary of the Interior's self-arrogated superiority and that the police would no longer be kept waiting for their pay.

This is the first skirmish between the Conservatives, who assume the national Government on May 20, and the outgoing Liberals, who are trying to cover up the wholesale graft.

COLLEGE MEN LEARN TO BE DETECTIVES

William J. Burns Says They Are Greater Successes Than the Flatfooted Ones.

Detective William J. Burns reverted last night to his pastime of bawling Samuel Gompers. Talking on "Good Citizenship" to the Collegiate Club of New York at 101 West 123d street he said:

"I see that Mr. Gompers has defied me to show that there was any connection between the dynamite plots and the American Federation of Labor. Well, I am told that Olaf Tveitnoe, the San Francisco labor official convicted at Indianapolis recently with the rest of the gang of higher up dynamiters, is an official of the American Federation of Labor. It has been proved that the second attempt to blow up the Los Angeles Times was arranged at a meeting of the Federation in St. Louis. What more does Mr. Gompers want?"

The conviction of Becker, Mr. Burns insisted, was "the most effective blow for good government that has been struck in a century, not excepting the conviction of the McNamara's." He said that the investigation growing out of the Rosenthal case would never stop until the whole atmosphere was cleared.

He continued:

"It is fortunate that we had in office a man like District Attorney Whitman, who isn't afraid to do his duty. If Whitman hadn't been there an hour after the murder of Rosenthal I believe there would have been no Becker case. Thanks to Mr. Whitman and other fearless men, there will be no more feathering of official crime. There'll never be any revolution in this country. It will not be needed. The revolution is taking place in public opinion."

Burns insisted that good detective work is merely the exercise of common sense, and he said that he was now teaching young college men how to be detectives.

"And they're a greater success," he commented, "than those mysterious-looking black mustached soft shod flatfooted fellows who pose as detectives and sometimes persuade the public to believe that they are."

Arthur Brisbane said the Editor should be jailed, and added:

"But what about the men who do put poison in your food and then see that officials like Dr. Wiley, who try to stop them, are put out of office."

MAKE LAST ATTEMPT TO SAVE URANIUM

Four Steamships to Unite Efforts to Dislodge Big Liner Ashore.

HULL PIERCED BY ROCKS

Hold of Steamer Has Been Filled With Water to Raise the Bow.

HALIFAX, N. S., Jan. 13.—At high water at 11 o'clock to-day, Capt. Eustace of the stranded steamer Uranium made a hard pull to get her off the rocks under the lee of Chebucto Head light-house, where she had been pinned since 11 o'clock Sunday morning. They vainly kept at the work all this afternoon till the tide had ebbed almost to its lowest stage and then it was given up for a rest of six hours.

Another attempt was made at midnight to save the Uranium. The steamer's after hold has been filled with water so as to raise the bow, for the conclusion has been reached that the steamship is caught too firmly to drag her off the rocks. Four steamships will combine to dislodge the liner and the strain will continue for one hour, while the water is highest, if the stranded ship does not come off at once.

If this attempt fails the Uranium's fate is sealed, for the weather men say that a change is coming and that the wind, which to-day has been from the northwest, is likely to veer round to the East. That would be fatal, for the protection of Chebucto Head would be lost and the steamer would soon be destroyed by the Atlantic surf.