

ALLIES' TERMS NETTLE EUROPE

Feeling Turkey Will Never Accept Such Wide Sweeping Demands.

ENVOYS MEET TO-DAY

Balkanites Want Almost All European Turkey and Aegean Islands.

ADRIANOPLE NEAR ITS END

Rumor to That Effect Comes From Constantinople—Many Believe It.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 15.—The Ambassadors of the Powers will meet to-day to discuss the reply of the Balkan allies on the question of mediation by the Powers.

The Balkan States in a note submitted to-day stated that they would accept mediation on five conditions. First, they demand as a basis of negotiation that a line shall be drawn from Rodosto, on the Sea of Marmora, to Cape Malatira, seven miles south of Midia, on the Black Sea. They also demand that outside of the peninsula of Gallipoli, which shall remain Turkish, all territories west of this line, including Adrianople and Scutari, shall become the property of the allies.

The second demand is that Turkey shall cede the islands in the Aegean Sea to the allies.

The third is that Turkey shall renounce all her interests in the Island of Crete.

The fourth is that the Porte shall consent in principle to the payment of a war indemnity, the amount of which shall be fixed when peace has been concluded, and also to the payment of compensation to private individuals for damage caused before the war. The allies claim the right of participating in the deliberations regarding the indemnities.

The fifth and last clause states that the allies reserve the right to settle by a definite treaty of peace the treatment to be accorded to their subjects and to their trade in the Ottoman empire, as well as the guarantee to be given regarding the privileges of the orthodox churches and the legal standing of their racial brothers who are Ottoman subjects. It is also provided that the military operations shall not be interrupted. The general opinion is that it will be impossible for the Powers to submit such terms to Turkey and the proposals are not likely to accelerate the conclusion of peace. It is variously assumed that they were framed for reasons of national policy or the Oriental practice of demanding more than is expected to get or purposely made excessive so as to delay the negotiations until Adrianople and Scutari have been captured. It is believed that it will result in the Powers themselves formulating conditions which they will submit concurrently to the allies and Turkey.

According to the Vienna correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, the terms of the allies are regarded there with derision. He says: "Turkey cannot acquiesce in them and if she did a great majority of the Powers would annul some of them."

"The Balkan Governments," continues this writer, "are leading Europe by the nose because they believe they are sure of being backed. Europe, despite its slightest impression on Bulgaria so long as a single dissident Power holds aloof from collective action." This writer confirms his view of yesterday in regard to the additional statement made by Russia in regard to demobilization in which it was said that Austria had agreed not to make any move against Serbia. He says the matter will now be dropped.

Predictions as to the fall of Adrianople and Scutari are renewed with much insistence. It is remarkable that many of these reports emanate from Constantinople. Both these fortresses have resisted longer than did Plevna under Osman Pasha, and their condition is regarded as desperate.

A story comes from an interested source, which cannot be regarded as nearer the truth than similar previous ones, to the effect that 300 Albanian inhabitants of the district of Luma, in the Turkish province of Kosovo, were shot yesterday without trial by Serbian troops. It is said that those shot down were unarmed peasants.

UNABLE TO LEAVE SCUTARI.

Montenegrins Won't Let Non-combatants Go Unless Certified.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. CETINJE, March 14.—The Montenegrin Government has refused the request of the foreign Consuls to allow non-combatants to leave Scutari for military reasons. It is willing, however, to allow foreigners who are certified by the Consuls of their respective Governments to leave the beleaguered town.

The Turkish warship Hamidieh at San Giovanni di Medua sank two Greek transports from which troops had been landed. Six men were killed. The Hamidieh fired at long range, as she seemed to be afraid of the Greek torpedo boats. The Turkish warship then sailed away and is now reported to be in the harbor of Bari.

BELGIUM KEEPS RECRUITS.

Forces for This Year Will Be Increased 10,000.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BRUSSELS, March 14.—The Premier stated in the Chamber to-day that the recruits of 1911 were being kept to the colors in view of the disquieting situation of Europe. They would ordinarily have been dismissed three months ago.

The Chamber voted an appropriation for 30,000 recruits for the year 1913, which is an increase of 10,000. The Socialists left the Chamber before the vote was taken.

DAYS OF THE PAST

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MILITANT ATTEMPT AT ARSON FAILURE

Suffragette Tries to Fire Platform Where Speaking Was Going On.

BUT VANDALISM CONTINUES

Women Daub Houses With Paint and Smash More Windows.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun

LONDON, March 14.—A dust begrimed suffragette carrying a light crawled from beneath a platform on which Lord Beauchamp was making a speech at Tunbridge Wells to-night. She was arrested. The woman had hidden under the platform with the intention of setting the place afire, but failed.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst made a speech in Edinburgh to-night in which she said she would make no legal defence to the charge of being implicated in the firing of Lloyd George's house at Walton Heath when the trial began on April 1. She added that if she were convicted she would go on a hunger strike. She was fully convinced that she would be able to attend a meeting of the suffragettes at Albert Hall in London on April 10.

The militant suffragettes tried a new scheme last night by obliterating the names on the gate posts of houses in the residential streets of London. They went around armed with pots of paint or tar and brushes and railed the Richmond district and in this way disfigured many houses.

Marjorie Masters, a suffragette school teacher, threw a pot of green paint through a window of the Home Office this afternoon. The liquid scattered over several desks. The woman was arrested.

The women used their hammers again this morning. They smashed the windows of a jeweller's shop in Bond street and a shop in Holborn. Several of the women caught in the act were arrested.

The militant suffragette, Olive Hocken, who was remanded yesterday on a charge of setting fire to the pavilion at the Richmond golf links, was liberated to-day on bail of \$2,500 on her promise to abstain from militancy pending her trial.

\$1,845 FOR NAPOLEONIC BOOK.

Publisher, Dealing With Italian Campaign Sold in Sotheby's.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 14.—Quaritch the collector paid \$1,845 for a rare book on Napoleon's campaign in Italy, printed in Paris in 1806, at a sale of rare books and tracts at Sotheby's to-day.

Richard Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations, Voyages and Discoveries of the English Nation, Made by Sea and Overland," with the original issue of Drake's "Voyage to Cadiz," and a rare large map dated 1599-1600, went to the same collector for \$2,000. Cotton Mather's "Witchcraft," an account of the trials of witches executed in New England, sold for \$150. John Williams's pamphlets on America and an inquiry into its history and traditions, printed in 1777, brought \$175.

VIENNA INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

Half a Million Cases in Three Months—Old and Young Affected.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. VIENNA, March 14.—The Austrian capital is suffering from an epidemic of influenza. According to the statistics of the city health department half a million cases have been reported during the last three months. Physicians, hospitals and nursing institutions are being overtaxed, as whole families seem to be attacked simultaneously.

The disease is of a particularly virulent type, with serious after effects, such as inflammation of the lungs, bronchitis, indigestion and general debility. Milder weather, it is believed, will stay the spread of the epidemic.

SHIPPERS' FAITH IN U. S.

Believe Controversy Regarding Panama Canal Will End Favorably.

LONDON, March 14.—At the annual session of the British Chamber of Shipping in London to-day a resolution was adopted in regard to the Panama Canal which expressed confidence in the sense of justice of the Government and people of the United States to secure recognition of the British claim for equality of treatment for the ships of all nations which will use the great waterway.

The resolution also declared that if this recognition could not be secured by diplomatic means the chamber would welcome a reference of the question to the Hague Tribunal, as it felt sure that in this way a friendly settlement could be reached.

NEW AMNESTY BILL PASSED IN HAVANA

President Gomez in Message to House Omits Reference to U. S. Opposition.

FERRARA'S SPEECH RABID

Says Cuba, Victor of Spain, Wouldn't Submit to Yankee Interference.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun

HAVANA, March 14.—The message of President Gomez vetoing the amnesty bill, to which the United States objected was read in the House to-day. There was no reference in the message to the protests of the American Government against the bill. The veto was pretended to be based solely on the apparent contradiction between articles 1 and 2 of the measure.

Speaker Ferrara made a violent address, saying that Cuba had conquered Spain and won her independence and would not submit to Yankee interference. He went on to say that if the Washington Government had really protested against the amnesty measure and had compelled the President of Cuba to veto a bill which Congress had passed and the President signed, then Cuba was really not independent and must fight until her independence had been won.

The speech of Speaker Ferrara is highly praised. The message of President Gomez, in which he scorned to acknowledge that he vetoed the bill because of American protests, is amusing because every one knows that only for Secretary of State Bryan's inflexible objection he would not have vetoed the measure, because he had already defiantly signed the bill.

President Gomez in his message asked the House to pass a new bill immediately granting amnesty to the negro insurgents and the newspaper libellers, except those who had slandered diplomats. The House unanimously passed a bill along those lines, which Speaker Ferrara introduced.

Speaker Ferrara introduced and others seconded this resolution: "Whereas most of the newspapers have been asserting that the United States has been repeatedly sending notes to the Cuban Executive to the effect that the Platt amendment is opposed to the amnesty law, the undersigned believe that such a contention is a violation of our national sovereignty, therefore be it Resolved, That the House shall appoint a committee to investigate the question of whether the United States has made demands which would Cuban sovereignty and that this committee shall report as soon as possible."

The committee of the House which is called upon to report on the petition of the Supreme Court for permission to prosecute Congressman Soto, the editor of the newspaper Cuba, which printed slanderous attacks on the American Minister and the secretary of the legation, again failed to meet to-day. The chairman in an interview said he was opposed to granting the permission, as it would entail eight other Congressmen. This seemed to show that there is a large proportion of criminality among the Congressmen.

EARTHQUAKE AT MALAYSIA?

Seismographs Situated Far Apart Register Distinct Shocks.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 14.—The British seismographs and those at Laibach and Beirut to-day registered a distinct earthquake which is believed to have occurred in the Malay Archipelago.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Georgetown University seismograph registered a pronounced earthquake shock early to-day. The disturbance began at 4:04 A. M. and continued until 5:22. Father Torndorff said the shocks were registered almost exclusively on the north-south component of the seismograph, and the record indicated that the centre of the disturbance was probably 1,200 or 1,600 miles distant from Washington.

BRITISH-FRENCH MANOEUVRES.

War Craft Cooperating at Night in English Channel.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. OSTEND, March 14.—A series of night manoeuvres are being carried on in the English Channel by a flotilla of French and British submarines and torpedo boats, which are cooperating. Wireless messages are frequently exchanged between vessels.

HARVARD WINS TWO DEBATES.

Princeton Takes Third Contest in Triangular Series.

PRINCETON, N. J., March 14.—Harvard's debaters won from Princeton's here to-night in one debate of the annual triangular series of Harvard, Princeton and Yale. The decision of the judges was unanimous, but the latter announced that the award had been made on the basis of oratorical form, as the arguments advanced by the two sides were of equal value.

Harvard supported the affirmative of the question, "Resolved that the United States Government should exempt our coastwise trade from Panama Canal tolls." CAMBRIDGE, MASS., March 14.—The Harvard negative team won over Yale to-night in the college debate. The question was "Resolved, that the United States Government should exempt our coastwise trade from Panama Canal tolls." The Harvard team was composed of R. L. West, E. F. Greenman and L. Levin. Judges were Dr. W. E. Huntington of Newton and Prof. A. C. Spofford.

NEW HAVEN, March 14.—The Yale and Princeton leg of the fifth annual triangular debate of Yale, Harvard and Princeton was held at Princeton to-night. The judges standing 2 to 1 in favor of Princeton.

Prof. William Lyon Phelps presided, and the proposition debated was, "Resolved, that the United States Government should exempt American coastwise trade from Panama Canal tolls." Princeton argued in the affirmative.

SPARKS FROM THE TELEGRAPH.

Under instructions which are being sent by W. G. Green, Adjutant-General of the Arkansas National Guard, the twenty-one companies are ordered to disband at once. A series of unusual accidents caused death to one man and seriously injured seven others at the collieries near Pottsville, Pa., yesterday. At St. Clair colliery, Clem Larkson was killed.

MAWSON SHIP NEARLY TRAPPED

Caught in Ice, but Finally Escapes From Perilous Position.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. HONOLULU, Tasmantia, March 14.—Dr. Mawson's Antarctic ship Aurora arrived here to-day. Her captain announced that a few hours after he had sailed from the base on February 8 he received an aerogram from Dr. Mawson instructing him to return to Commonwealth Bay, but a hurricane prevented him from reaching the shore, and therefore he sailed for Whiti's base to rescue his party, which he had learned was in distress.

The voyage there was very perilous. Pack ice and bergs threatened to imprison the vessel. If they had done so the position of the crew would have been more dangerous than of those ashore, as their provisions were very scanty. They worked through, however, and rescued the men.

Wild took possession on behalf of Great Britain of all the coast from Kaiser Wilhelm Land to latitude 101 east.

CONGRESSMEN REACH PANAMA.

Vincent Astor's Party Also Visitors to the Big Ditch.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PANAMA, March 14.—Eight members of the Naval Committee of the American Congress arrived here on the Government yacht Mayflower and Dolphin to-day.

Vincent Astor and a party of his friends arrived at Colon on the yacht Noma. He and Justice John W. Goff were among the spectators who watched the men with the steam shovels clearing up the 200,000 cubic yards of rock and earth which slid into the canal cut just north of the Gold Hill fishery yesterday. No one knows what caused the earth to break away. A strip 100 feet high and 350 yards long fell into the cut from the east bank. A steam shovel was overturned and buried, while other shovels near by were partly buried by the debris.

BIG WELSH COAL MERGER.

Four D. A. Thomas Mines, Output 3,250,000 Tons, to Combine.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, March 14.—Four great Welsh coal mines in which David Alfred Thomas, senior member of the firm of Thomas & Davey, has a predominating interest, and whose annual output is 3,250,000 tons, will be merged shortly into a single company, with a capital of \$10,000,000.

54 INDICTED FOR VICE IN SYRACUSE

Grand Jury Reports on Evidence Furnished by Burns Detectives.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., March 14.—A grand jury which has been investigating the vice conditions in Syracuse late to-day reported forty-eight sealed and six open indictments, mostly upon evidence gathered by detectives of the American Vigilance Association of New York and substantiated by Burns detectives.

The inquiry was under the auspices of a large number of prominent Syracuse men and women. After months of inquiry a report was given to the public about four weeks ago and its effect was decidedly sensational. Then the District Attorney of Onondaga got busy and the original investigators were brought here from New York to give new evidence.

The report of the Grand Jury sustained the moral survey report and made recommendations to the State authorities, local police and health officers for the suppression of vice in this city. One of the recommendations was that the place be divided into six vice districts and that the city system of parks and playgrounds be extended.

"We wish to state that all testimony obtainable in relation to the question of graft on the part of police or other officials was presented to the jury and the evidence was found to substantiate such a charge."

Among the things recommended are these: The adoption of an ordinance similar to the "tipplate" ordinance of Portland, Ore., for rooming houses; that in raids upon disorderly houses the men as well as women taken in be held for trial; that hotels and cafes be properly supervised; that dance halls be placed under control of accredited matrons; that women be added to the police force and that the city system of parks and playgrounds be extended.

OPEN CHILD LABOR CONFERENCE

Delegates From Three Foreign Countries Attend Meeting.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 14.—With delegates present from twenty-six States and three foreign countries, the ninth annual conference under the auspices of the National Child Labor Committee began on Monday here.

Sherman V. Kingsley, chairman, spoke briefly on the topic, "Is the Immature Child a Proper Subject for Charitable Relief?" and asserted that "justice, not charity, is the child's need."

Declaring that Georgia stands at the foot of the list of all Southern States having child labor regulations on the statute books and not attempting to enforce them, Miss Mary H. Newell of Columbia, painted a graphic picture of conditions prevailing in her State.

FUTRELL TO KEEP UP FIGHT.

But Court Declares Oldham Is Legal Governor of Arkansas.

LETTICE ROOK, Ark., March 14.—Senator W. K. Oldham of Lonoke won first blood to-day in the gubernatorial contest between himself and Senator J. M. Futrell of Green county. Ouster and mandamus proceedings were filed against Oldham by Futrell in the Circuit Court here this afternoon and in the afternoon Judge Fulk held that Oldham was the legal Governor of Arkansas.

Both cases were appealed to the Supreme Court and a final decision is expected within a week. Futrell to-night said: "I owe it to the people who elected me President pro tem of the Senate to fight for the office to the last ditch and to enforce the law. I will not let a man who did not have the backbone to do it."

Gen. Bliss to Inspect Border.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, commanding at El Paso, Tex., is expected to inspect the border with Mexico along the Mexican border with special attention to Nogales, Ariz., and Douglas, Ariz.

REBELS READY TO ATTACK NAGO TO-DAY

Garrison of 400 Federals Will Face Invading Force of More Than 800.

TOWN ALMOST DESERTED

Inhabitants Abandon Their Homes to Seek Refuge in Arizona.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun

NAGO, ARIZ., March 14.—If the Federal command fails to surrender before the break of day to-morrow 800 Sonora rebels are expected to attack the 400 Federals now holding the twin border town of Naco, Sonora.

Gen. Ojeda and 350 men fleeing from Agua Prieta after failing in their mission to relieve the Federal garrison at Nogales, which fell yesterday to the rebels, have arrived here. The fifty men in the garrison bring his force up to 400, with two small field pieces.

This morning 800 rebels of the 550 who occupied Agua Prieta following its abandonment by Ojeda set out after him. To-night they arrived outside of Naco. Couriers were sent during the day to the south to Cananea to advise M. Diezuez, former Mayor of Cananea, to advance with all the available rebels at his command and cooperate in the attack upon Naco. Telegrams were also sent to the rebels at Nogales to prepare to send reinforcements if necessary.

General Ojeda's troops are mostly worn out, part of them being the remnants of the famed garrisons at Nacozari and El Tigre, which retreated to Agua Prieta and then amalgamated with him in his march westward.

Naco, like Nogales, on the eve of the battle, has been deserted by its inhabitants, all of whom have fled to the Arizona side of the line. The Southern Pacific to-day removed its rolling stock from the Mexican side of the line to the Arizona side. Its line runs from here to Cananea. Several Americans tacked the United States flag on their homes or business houses before leaving.

The Federals in the Sonora town have bought all the supplies obtainable in the Arizona Naco, and the people here are without food until more can be brought in. Both places are very small, numbering only a few hundred occupants each. The town is of importance as the port of entry for Cananea, which is a large town and supplies a great mining territory. The receipts at the Mexican custom house in Naco are accordingly large, both from imports of food for Mexico and exports of ore for the United States.

NOGALES DEATH LIST LIGHT.

Rebels Now in Complete Control of Sonora Town.

NOGALES, ARIZ., March 14.—The reinforcements of the Fifth United States Cavalry brought here yesterday during the attack upon the Mexican town of Fort Huachuca, leaving two troops on guard duty here.

All is quiet in Nogales, Sonora, and the rebels who captured the town last night, are in control. They sent trains south to-day to Hermosillo, the State capital, which they also hold, and announced that a regular service would be resumed. The Sonora town has resumed its usual appearance with the exception that the saloons and a few of the larger stores are not open.

The death list was light. Col. Kostelitsky had one captain and two men killed and seven wounded. It is impossible to estimate the rebel wounded or killed. Eighteen wounded are in the hospital.

Kostelitsky says that the Yaquis made the hardest fight and came through the dark to within a few feet of the trenches, two being killed at the first attack yesterday within ten feet of his intrenchments.

The soldiers of the Federal garrison are being cared for by the Mexican Government in Nogales, Ariz., temporarily, but will soon be moved without arms to some point where they can re-enter Mexico, probably at Juarez.

SAY MADERO SEEKS KNOX'S AID

Mexico City Hears That Ernesto Has Applied to Him.

MEXICO CITY, March 14.—Telegrams from Washington say that Ernesto Madero is seeking to enlist ex-Secretary of State Knox's influence in behalf of the Madrista cause in Mexico.

Madero has also protested to Mr. Knox against the newspaper stories concerning the confiscation by the Huerta Government of the Madero properties in Mexico. He has explained that the family has been able to carry away but little of their immense fortune, which consists mostly of equities in rubber properties in northern Mexico. It is believed here that Ernesto Madero is in active communication with Maderista juntas in various cities in the United States.

GONZALES'S DEATH CONFIRMED

Ex-Governor of Chihuahua Shot While in Custody of Federals.

MEXICO CITY, March 14.—Information which confirms the reports of the shooting of Abram Gonzales, Maderista Governor of Chihuahua, reached here to-night. The assassination is not attributed to Federal action but to personal enemies.

Gonzales was arrested in Chihuahua and taken on his way to the capital in custody. The train was halted and the Governor shot to death before his guards could interpose. Federal troops are now in pursuit of the murderers.

Felix Sommerfeld, a well known newspaper correspondent, who has been a refugee in the German Legation for a month, sailed to-day from Vera Cruz under the protection of the German Minister, who is on a vacation. The Government gave Sommerfeld a safe conduct on condition that he never return to the country.

Police Close Cabaret Cafes.

PHILADELPHIA, March 14.—The License Court in this city to-day revoked the liquor license of Turf Villa, the resort on the river drive in Fairmount Park, where a party of nine young motorists stopped last October and became intoxicated and were later killed when their car jumped the bridge railing on the Boulevard. Four other later licenses were revoked on the charge that the owners had conducted cabaret shows.

At Saks' today 8640 Pairs Men's 50c Two Tone Silk Hose today 29c

A silk hose value that will carry you off your feet!

For the man who wants silk hose, for the man who wants two tone combinations, for the man who wants variety in those combinations, and for the man who wants quality, this sale of two tone silk hose at twenty-nine cents affords limitless opportunities for satisfaction.

But come early, for these values will vanish faster than March hares!

Made of fine quality silk, with lisle heels and toes to save darning, and obtainable in a great variety of two tone combinations, among which we will note in passing black and white, black and red, green and white, black and blue, and several others. All sizes, and in combinations.

Men's Silk Shirts the \$5, \$6 and \$6.50 variety today \$3.85

Your last opportunity to take advantage of a lasting benefit in shirt values

Let us suggest that you take a look at these silk shirts. The look will cost nothing at all, and it may be productive of lasting good. For \$3.85 in this offering you can get plain or pleated bosom shirts, made in plain white or Russian corded silks, that would ordinarily cost you all the way from \$5 to \$6.50 apiece.

Men's Silk Knit Scarfs today 55c

A modest announcement in which there is more than meets the eye!

We are specialists in knitted neckwear, and the values in this offering today are a pretty fair sample of our capabilities in this direction. There are eighteen different combinations in two tone accordeon effects, with hobble stripes that find it difficult to keep straight. Beautiful colorings, excellent value, and a big selection.

900 Silk Repp Scarfs 65c Value \$1 today special at

Rich lustrous silk repp scarfs, made in large open-end four-in-hands, and sufficiently liberal throughout to make a tidy knot for wing collar or fold collar wear. Eighteen of the smartest plain colors, as well as a number of excellent stripes. A clever lot of neckwear, and dandy value.

Men's Gray Gloves \$1.15 values \$1.50 & \$2 today

A sale in which we have handled the price without gloves

Lightweight gray Mocha gloves, one clasp, overseams, and self color silk embroidered backs. Extremely smart, and suitable for day or evening wear. \$2 value.

Medium weight gray suede gloves, one clasp, and pique sewn. A very practical glove for daily use. \$1.50 value.

Saks & Company Broadway at 34th Street

A. S. BIGELOW FACES BANKRUPTCY CHARGE

Knickerbocker Trust Heirs of Secret Assignment to Old Dominion Company.

BOSTON, March 14.—The first intimation of a secret assignment made in March, 1910, by Albert S. Bigelow to the New England Trust Company was made to-day in the Supreme Court at a hearing on a motion for a distribution of the trust funds held by that company as trustee. The assignment is said to have been made for the benefit of the Old Dominion Copper and Smelting Company.

The question arose to-day whether the Knickerbocker Trust Company of New York, which is suing Albert S. Bigelow in the United States District Court for \$70,000 on his subscription for stock in the American Silk Company, will assent to the secret assignment, or will regard it as an act of bankruptcy and petition Bigelow into bankruptcy. John L. Hall, counsel for the Knickerbocker Trust Company, asked the court

not to press him for an answer as to what course he would pursue until he had a chance to consider the assignment in view of the magnitude of the interest at stake. He said that he regarded the assignment as an act of bankruptcy, but whether the company should file a petition in bankruptcy against Bigelow or should assent to the assignment now he was not prepared to say offhand.

Judge Brady accordingly gave counsel a few days to determine what his client would do.

The New England Trust Company realized about \$1,000,000 on part of the securities turned over to it by Bigelow under a deed of trust that was executed after the Supreme Court had made a decree for \$2,100,000 against him in a suit by the Old Dominion Copper Mining Company of New Jersey for secret profits made by him in the sale to that company of the Old Dominion Copper Company of Baltimore.

The United States Supreme Court affirmed a verdict of \$2,100,000 against Albert S. Bigelow on May 27, 1912. The plaintiff was the Old Dominion Copper Mining and Smelting Company. The case grew out of a transaction in the course of which Bigelow and Lewis Lewishohn of this city sold to the Old Dominion Company certain properties of \$2,100,000. When the stockholders learned of the large profit made by the promoters they sued. Lewishohn won but Bigelow lost.