

MORGAN'S BODY ON WAY HOME

Funeral Train Expected to Arrive in Paris This Morning.

SERVICES HELD IN ROME

Coffin Officially Sealed to Facilitate Its Transfer to Havre.

EXPLAINS CAUSE OF DEATH

Prof. Bastianelli Says It Was Nervous Dyspepsia and Nothing Else.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

Rome, April 2.—After simple but impressive funeral services, the train bearing the body of J. Pierpont Morgan and members of the funeral party left Rome today for Paris.

When the funeral train arrives in Paris tomorrow morning the body will be taken to the Saint Lazare station.

The funeral services were held in the chamber of the hotel in which the banker died.

The handsome mahogany casket with a gilt plate containing the name and the dates of Mr. Morgan's birth and death was left open until just before its removal to the railway station.

At 4:30 this afternoon the Morgan servants carried the casket to the side entrance of the Grand Hotel, where a horse was waiting.

Mr. and Mrs. Satterlee and Dr. Dixon were the only persons who accompanied the coffin to the station, but in accordance with Roman custom all the friends of the dead financier sent their empty seats on which the blinds were lowered and the footmen with uncovered heads followed the hearse to the station.

On arrival at the station the body was placed in a special car, which was draped in erape with gold bands.

The American, Swiss and French Vice-Consuls affixed their official seals and signed the identification documents in the presence of Mr. Satterlee, Post Wheeler, the secretary of the American Embassy, and the municipal delegate.

The French Ambassador here cordially met the request of Mr. O'Brien, the American Ambassador, to simplify the transit of the body to Havre.

Several other wreaths were sent today including one from the Kaiser and others from the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the American Academy, St. Luke's Academy, as well as from Riccardo Garibaldi and the British Ambassador and the American Embassy and Consulate.

The Mayor of Ascoli, who conferred honorary citizenship on Mr. Morgan when the latter restored the cope which had been taken from the church there, telegraphed his condolences and sent a beautiful wreath of orchids with the inscription: "From his fellow citizens, who mourn their great loss."

The Kaiser sent instructions to the German Ambassador to lay his wreath in the coffin personally as the representative of the Emperor.



Quality Never Varies

FUNERAL AT ST. GEORGE'S.

Burial of Mr. Morgan's Body to Be in Hartford.

The funeral services for Mr. Morgan will be held at St. George's Church here and the interment will be at Cedar Hill Cemetery in Hartford, Conn.

The board of directors of the New York Central Railroad, of which Mr. Morgan had been a member for many years and a regular attendant at meetings when in town, and the board of directors of the National City Bank adopted resolutions yesterday as memorials to Mr. Morgan.

Mr. Morgan was not a director of the National City Bank, although J. P. Morgan, Jr., is. The income of the bank is to the greatest of the financier as a leader in the country.

PRINCESSES LOSE APPEAL.

Late King Leopold's Estate Won't Go to Daughters.

BRUSSELS, April 2.—Princesses Louise and Stephanie have lost the appeal which they instituted against the judgment of the courts on November 14, 1911, rejecting their demand that the estate of their father, the late King Leopold, should go to them instead of to the State.

The appeal court today confirmed the judgment of the lower court except that part about the Nieder Ulmbach Foundation. It is said that the late King made over certain properties amounting to \$12,000,000 to this foundation and placed them in the Belgian State and National Bank for the benefit of his children.

The appeal court decided that this foundation had no legal existence in Belgium and hence this money or property was part of the family estate and not State property.

Princess Louise and Princess Stephanie were each ordered to pay half the costs of the appeal.

LONDON SEES "THE TYPHOON."

Makes More Favorable Impression Than "The Happy Island."

LONDON, April 2.—Melchior Lengyel's "The Typhoon" was produced at the Haymarket Theatre to-night and made a more favorable impression of this dramatist's capabilities than Sir Herbert Beerholm Tree's unhappy production of the same author's "The Happy Island."

The real success of the play is more than doubtful. Laurence Irving gave a fine performance in the leading part of Takramo, Mabel Hackney as Helene played the part, with the exception of a few passages, as a too common and vulgar class of courtesan to make the character give its true value.

The Haymarket production included as the third act a scene in the investigating judge's room which was cut out of the American production. This act, while evoking some rather cheap laughter on account of a "comedy" judge, let the play down, and the last act did little to lift it up.

MEMOCAL FACES NEW TROUBLE.

Cuban President-elect May Lose His Asberthista Support.

HAVANA, April 2.—President-elect Menocal arrived here from Chaparra today in order to prevent a split with Asberthistas, which the latter threaten unless they are given a share of the Cabinet positions and other plums.

When Gen. Menocal reluctantly accepted the nomination for President he stipulated that he should have an absolute free hand, as that would be the only way to save Cuba. Now the Asberthistas, who bolted the Liberal party and joined Menocal's followers, threaten to secede. This would give the Liberals a majority in Congress and doom the Menocal administration to failure.

Gen. Menocal is inflexible in his demand for a free hand and only a short time remains to settle the differences as Congress will meet on April 7, when fierce fights for the speakership in the House and Senate are threatened.

AMERICAN BISHOP NAMED.

The Rev. Peter Paul Nassbaum Elected by Pope.

Rome, April 2.—The Rev. Peter Paul Nassbaum was appointed to-day Bishop of Corpus Christi and New Orleans and the Rev. John Thomas Menally Bishop of Calgary, Alberta.

MRS. PANKHURST HER OWN LAWYER

Militant on Trial Subjects Witnesses to Gruelling Cross-Examination.

SYMPATHIZERS CHEER HER

Crown Prosecutor Makes Plea for Conviction on Lloyd George Outrage.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

LONDON, April 2.—In this country no disgrace attaches to the crime of inciting to destroy the property of people who have not done you any injury if you are a suffragette, and although you may be indicted by a criminal court for "feloniously and maliciously procuring people to commit a felony," you will be sure on the same condition to have an enthusiastically sympathetic audience, to whom the losses of your victims are not of the slightest consequence.

This has been the experience of the Pankhurst gang through the raging militant campaign, and when Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst was arraigned today on a charge of felony for inciting the throwing of a bomb into Lloyd George's house at Walton Heath there was no exception to the usual rule.

The old ladies, when Justice Lush began the hearing of the charge, were cowed with excited and cheerful suffragettes, taunting the green, white and purple colors, the badge of these honored criminals.

Mrs. Pankhurst arrived in an automobile. She was apparently happy and smiled as she was cheered by a frenzied crowd of her sympathizers, who never have had their enthusiasm for her and her cause so fully demonstrated.

The opening statement of Crown Prosecutor Bodkin occupied the main part of today's session. The evidence was formal and related only what is generally known.

Mr. Bodkin said that it was not suggested that Mrs. Pankhurst had been actually present when the bomb was placed in Lloyd George's house. He reviewed exhaustively the police reports and charged that Mrs. Pankhurst was an accessory before the fact. He had not object to the introduction by Mr. Bodkin of the reports of her speeches by journalists, but she did object to police reports, which, she declared, were grossly ignorant, inaccurate and ungrammatical.

The witness produced a rubber overcoat, which she said had been found in the wreckage of the building destroyed by the bomb.

"It must be a woman's," suggested Mrs. Pankhurst.

"It's a woman's," said the witness, Inspector Tudgay.

"Have you ever looked at your wife's feet?" asked Mrs. Pankhurst.

"Yes," answered the inspector.

"And you still think this is a woman's coat?" persisted the suffragette leader.

"Yes," replied the inspector, "and I think it would fit her."

Whereupon all the suffragettes in the court room, who had been much interested in Mrs. Pankhurst's contention that the overcoat was too big for a woman's foot, laughed until they were called to order.

Justice Lush declared a recess at one stage of the proceedings to permit the lighting of a candle on an unexploded bomb to determine how long it would be before the fuse got close to the explosive.

A curious feature of the trial is the fact that if Mrs. Pankhurst is convicted, the conviction will be out of her own mouth, as the crown's main evidence is her celebrated Cardiff speech in which she was quoted as assuming all responsibility for inspiring the bomb attack on the property of the Chancellor of the Exchequer.

The prosecutor, however, made it clear that he would not necessarily rely altogether on the evidence that Mrs. Pankhurst had incited the bomb throwing at Walton Heath specifically, but that the offence came within the effects of all her inciting speeches.

COMMONS ON HUNGER STRIKES

Bill Dealing With Suffragettes Passes on Second Reading.

LONDON, April 2.—The House of Commons by a vote of 236 to 43 passed tonight on its second reading the bill of Home Secretary McKenna in regard to treatment of militant suffragettes who go on hunger strikes when they are sentenced to jail.

The measure provides that those hunger strikers who are released from prison because of their physical condition may be re-arrested and compelled to serve out their sentences.

Mr. McKenna in speaking on the bill said he recognized that the women resorted to these hunger strikes for the sake of publicity, which was the keynote of the militant propaganda. The women, he said, had shocked the public alternately by their violent outrages and had then tried to elicit sympathy by their tales of suffering. They had declared war on society and law and order and had sought to outrage the public against the officers of the law.

The only courses left open to the Government were to release them, have them put in a cell or allow them to starve. The fact of a prisoner starving herself voluntarily, however, in his opinion, did not absolve the Government from responsibility for her health and life.

Mr. McKenna warned the members not to attach great importance to the terrible tales which the women told of pump feeding. Nevertheless, he said, he recognized the fact that it was an objectionable practice and it was for this reason that he had made the provision to release them when their self-starvation became dangerous and re-arrest them on their recovery. He did not propose, however, to

MONTENEGRINS WIN A BLOODY VICTORY

Two Hundred Bomb Throwers Killed in Capturing Great Tarakaseh.

REPLY MADE TO POWERS

Little Government Tells Europe Politely to Mind Own Business.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

CETTINJE, April 2.—The reported capture of the Great Tarakaseh fortress near Scutari by the Montenegrin troops is confirmed.

The fortress was taken after desperate fighting at close quarters. Two hundred Montenegrins who were picked for an hour before the Turks were routed. Every one of the 200 bomb throwers was killed. The other Montenegrin losses are said to have been 300 killed and wounded.

The reply of Montenegro to the representations of the Powers in regard to the bombardment of Scutari was delivered yesterday. In effect it told Europe politely to mind its own business, and declares that the raising of the siege of Scutari is impossible. The reply was apparently framed before the European threat of coercion was communicated to Montenegro, but the impending combined naval demonstration by the Powers is now well known. The news has not resulted in a public demonstration of any kind.

Firing in the direction of Scutari has not been heard since noon of yesterday. It is said that the attack has been merely suspended to enable the commander in chief of the Servian army to inspect the position. It is believed that it will be resumed tomorrow.

Twenty-three transports with Servian troops arrived at San Giovanni di Medua on March 31. It is also reported here that seven Austrian warships are off that place.

READY FOR NAVAL "SCARE"

All Powers to Join in Demonstration of Scutari.

LONDON, April 3.—The naval demonstration by the Powers against Montenegro has not yet begun, so far as is known here. It seems, however, that it will not be delayed for very long, as all the Powers have agreed to participate in it.

Russia, who has no ships in the Mediterranean, will not be represented in the combined fleet, but has declared her self in favor of the demonstration on condition that France also shares in it. France has agreed to do this, and when the characteristic leisurely preparations are completed something will be done. Whether Scutari will then be in Ottoman hands is regarded as very doubtful, and how the concert of nations will act then is unknown and apparently has not been decided.

There is no corroboration of a report from Vienna that Scutari is burning and that its fall is impending, but when the Servian reinforcements reach the scene from San Giovanni di Medua the end is expected to be reached unless the allies meanwhile climb down from their present position of practically defying the Powers.

The British Minister at Belgrade is reported to have brought friendly pressure to bear on Premier Pastich to withdraw the Servian troops. The Servian Prime Minister replied in a courteous manner that he regretted his inability to do so. He said the Montenegrins could not commit suicide and that Serbia could not forsake treacherously her sworn ally.

The position of the Austrian fleet is not known. There are contradictory reports as to its movements.

Nothing is known of what is going on at Tebatalla. One report has it that the Bulgarians have withdrawn two miles from their flank since their reported repulse on March 29.

The reply of the allies to the Powers' peace proposals, which Turkey has already accepted, has not yet been delivered. The delay is now ascribed to the anxiety of Greece in regard to the southern Albanian frontier.

OUTRAGES LAID TO GREEKS.

Jewish Committee Here Hears of Alleged Persecutions.

The American Jewish committee in New York has received word of the persecution of Jews in the town of Thesme, Anatolia. Thesme is nearly opposite the island of Chios, in the Aegean Sea, which has been captured from the Turks.

The local committee hears that the Greeks are bringing charges of ritual murder against the twenty or thirty Jewish families in the town and are maltreating them in order to ascertain their desires as to which country they prefer to be governed by.

The note adds that the Greek nation would not allow any Government to surrender the conquered territory.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

PARIS.—Lieut. Yves Faure was killed at Buc when his biplane collapsed in mid-air during a military aviation display. He is the 355th victim of the flying machine.

LONDON.—Senhora Constantina Torres da Gama, a descendant of Vasco da Gama, the celebrated Portuguese explorer, was acquitted by a court-martial before which she had been tried on an accusation of conspiring against the Portuguese republic.

GREEK NOTE TO THE POWERS

Suggests Plebiscite to Decide Ownership of Albania.

ATHENS, April 2.—Greece has sent a note to the Powers in regard to the southern Albanian boundary. The note proposes that a plebiscite of the inhabitants of the territory occupied by the Greeks be taken in order to ascertain their desires as to which country they prefer to be governed by.

The note adds that the Greek nation would not allow any Government to surrender the conquered territory.

\$1.100 FOR A MINIATURE.

Portrait of Mme. Recamier Brings That Price at Christie's.

LONDON, April 2.—At a sale of miniatures and the portraits of Mme. Recamier, a miniature of Mme. Recamier, wearing a white dress with a blue sash and a lace scarf over her head, by Augustin, sold for \$1,100.

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REFITTED OLYMPIC SAILS.

Carrying 1,700 Passengers, She is Cheered on Leaving Southampton.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 2.—The White Star liner Olympic, which has undergone many changes since the sinking of the Titanic, left here today on her first trip in six months. She carries 1,700 passengers, including 250 in the saloon. Among those on board are Sir Alexander Waldemar Lawrence, Sir Percy Girouard, Mr. and Mrs. Loew and their daughters, C. Mitchell Dewey and Mrs. Willoughby Smith.

The ship was crowded with visitors up to the time she sailed. They were especially attracted by the kennels, the Parisian cafe and other novelties which have been installed on the vessel. Six tugs towed the big liner out, while all the vessels in the harbor saluted her with their sirens and the crowd on the quay cheered and waved handkerchiefs, to which the passengers who lined the rail responded.

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MARLBOROUGH STORY REVIVED.

"Gil Blas" Says Duke and Duchess Will Be Reconciled.

PARIS, April 2.—"Gil Blas" revives the old story that the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough are about to be reconciled. It is said the expected reconciliation is due to the efforts of Queen Mary of England.

GERMANY'S MILITARY BILL UP.

Reichstag Receives Measure Proposing \$262,000,000 Expenditure.

BERLIN, April 2.—The German nation was asked to make its heaviest financial sacrifice for the Fatherland since 1813 when on the reconvening of the Reichstag this afternoon copies of the Government's proposed bill appropriating \$262,000,000 for military purposes and adding 100,000 soldiers to the imperial army were distributed among the members.

This extraordinary appropriation is an addition to the regular army and navy budgets of 1913, amounting to a total of \$350,000,000, and the total budget to be submitted is nearly \$500,000,000. The new increase will bring the peace footing of the German standing army up to 520,000, with a war total of about 6,000,000.

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Try on our "Seton" Sack Suit. It is the height of style. To go beyond that is to be freakish.

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The trouble is that most makers of clothes regard the fashion plate as a full stop or period.
We regard it as a beginning and not a finale.
A fashion plate at Saks' is an idea with a comma after it.
It is half a thought, a suggestion, a preface, an outline, a scenario, a simple how-do-you-do in the parlors of fashion.
Give most makers of men's clothes a fashion plate, and presto! their problems are solved.
Give us a fashion plate and we will drag it out of its wooden anonymity and give it a local habitation and a name!!
Of course if you seek merely good clothes, tailored in serviceable fabrics and on perfectly conventional lines, we are not the only tailoring establishment available.
But if you seek individuality, distinction, style and the satisfaction which these things afford, you must come to us.

Men's Suits, \$17.50 to \$45

The chief merit of our \$4 & \$4.50 Oxford Ties for Men at this writing, consists in the fact that today and tomorrow they are \$2.95

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The bill undoubtedly would be passed. Property owners are to foot the bill, every fortune of more than \$5,000 being taxed by the provisions of the measure. The new increase will bring the peace footing of the German standing army up to 520,000, with a war total of about 6,000,000.

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