

WILSON SEEKS SENATE SUPPORT

No Assurance That Free Wool and Sugar Will Go Through.

LEADERS WITH HIM

Administration Tariff Bill Not to Be Jeopardized by Opposition.

MAYBE SEPARATE BILLS

Conferences to Continue and President May Make Concessions.

Washington, April 3.—President Wilson undertook today to ascertain just what concessions he may expect to get from the Senate in framing the tariff bill. He summoned several of the Senate leaders and sounded them on the probability of the Senate accepting a bill containing free wool, free sugar and a list of free foodstuffs that go into the ordinary market basket.

The Senators were not able to assure the President that free wool and free sugar could be put through the Senate nor were they prepared to say that such a programme would not meet with success. They left the President without any final decision having been reached.

President Wilson in his conference with the members of the Senate Finance Committee made it clear that he intends to give equal consideration to the upper and lower houses in working out the rates in the tariff bill. The developments of today indicate clearly that the President is trying to work out an agreement with both the House and the Senate before the bill is submitted to the caucus of the House Democrats next week.

The President is trying to avoid the appearance of riding rough shod over the Senate in the matter of tariff legislation. Personally he favors free wool and free sugar and the removal of duties from many of the so-called "market basket" food products, but he is not prepared to jeopardize the tariff programme by insisting on these.

The President, as a matter of fact, is going at the tariff situation in a very practical manner. He has ascertained the views of the House leaders; he has formed his own opinions on what ought to be done, and now he is attempting to find out definitely just what will be acceptable to the Senate. All this is moving toward one end—the framing of a bill which Mr. Wilson hopes may be recorded as an Administration measure and which may be put through Congress without any great friction and in a very short time.

Mr. Wilson is trying the new method of settling the differences outside of Congress before the bill is introduced, instead of fighting them out on the floor. Two things hinge upon the outcome of the President's negotiations with the Senate. First, the form in which the tariff revision will be submitted to the House caucus, whether in one bill or schedule by schedule, and second, the President's final decision as to whether or not the bill shall be submitted to the Senate. If the Administration measure or simply as the bill of the Ways and Means Committee.

It is impossible between now and the meeting of the Democratic House caucus for the President to reach an agreement with the Senate on the debate schedules. It is understood that Mr. Wilson will not run the risk of having the three schedules in a bill which is to be regarded as an Administration measure. The tariff revision will be submitted to the caucus in separate schedules. So much of the programme as is acceptable to both the House and the Senate may be embodied in an Administration bill and other features, such as the wool and sugar schedules, may be introduced in separate bills. If the Senate agrees, however, to the wool, sugar and foodstuff schedules as advocated by the President the revision will go to the caucus in a single bill.

The House Committee on Ways and Means spent the latter part of the day going over the administrative features of the proposed law and the income tax provisions. The rates of the income tax have not been finally fixed. Until the questions now under negotiation between the President and the leaders of Congress are settled the rates of the income tax will not be fixed.

It has been practically agreed that the maximum and minimum provision of the Payne-Aldrich law shall be retained. For it will be substituted an amended rate for the negotiation of reciprocal agreements with foreign countries. Heretofore such arrangements have been made by the President subject to the approval of the Senate. It is the purpose of the Democrats to provide that reciprocal arrangements made by the President shall not become effective unless approved by both houses of Congress.

Another proposition under consideration is designed to uphold the mercantile principle. It is an enunciation of the sound doctrine of discriminating duties which will provide for a preferential tariff on all commodities carried in American bottoms.

Senator E. M. Simmons, chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, and William F. Stone, members of the Finance Committee, conferred with the President today. After the conference Chairman Simmons said: "We discussed the tariff revision bill in general with the President and exchanged views on practically every schedule. The President desired to be informed on the Senate's views on the bill to be carried by certain schedules. The conferences between the President and the Senate committee and between the House and Senate tariff committees will probably be continued this week."

The President found the three members of the Senate committee as willing to accept his views on the wool and sugar schedules as are Chairman Simmons of the House, and the Finance Committee of the House. He was convinced that the question which he must solve with the aid of the Senators was sim-

Miss Ethel Roosevelt and Her Fiance.



The wedding of Miss Ethel Carow Roosevelt, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, to Dr. Richard Derby of this city, will be celebrated today in Christ Church, Oyster Bay, L. I. Guests from this city will leave on a special train from the Pennsylvania Station at 10:40 and will return after the wedding breakfast, which will be served by Delmonico, at Sagamore Hill, the country place of the bride's parents. The bride's attendants will be Miss Cornelia Landon, Miss Helen Foster, Miss Josephine Osborn and Miss Margaret A. Tucker, a niece of the bridegroom. Roger A. Derby will act as best man. The ushers will be Archibald B. Roosevelt, James L. Derby, John C. Waterbury, Edmund P. Rogers, Dr. Henry James and Nelson F. Bartlett. Dr. Derby and his bride will sail for Europe to-morrow.

WESTERN SENATOR ACCUSED BY WOMAN

District Attorney Investigates Story of Scene in Washington Hotel.

ALARM BROUGHT GUESTS

Man Involved Calls Affair a Conspiracy on Part of Political Enemies.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—An extraordinary investigation was begun today by Clarence R. Wilson, United States Attorney for the District of Columbia, into charges preferred against a Western Senator by a woman who with her husband has been a guest at one of the local hotels.

The husband of the complaining witness is a citizen of the same State as the accused Senator and has been an applicant for a Federal office. The charge is that the Senator while a visitor in the woman's room offered certain indignities and that she sounded an alarm and that guests on the same floor of the hotel came to her relief. The incident is reported to have occurred a week ago Monday.

The husband of the woman was temporarily absent from Washington but he has since returned here, and it is supposed to have been at his instance that the investigation was ordered by the District Attorney. Several witnesses have been examined, including a girl telephone operator at the hotel where the affair is alleged to have occurred. Other witnesses called include three men who according to the story went to the room in response to the woman's cry.

The story has been circulated around Washington for more than a week, but it was not until the investigation was begun by the District Attorney that any particular importance was attached to it in political circles. The Senator apparently is not disturbed on account of the charge. He contends that he is the victim of a conspiracy by his political enemies.

The District Attorney admitted today that he was examining witnesses in regard to a charge such as the one herein stated, but declined to give names or to say whether or not there had been any evidence in his judgment substantiating the allegations.

The case has not yet been presented to the Grand Jury and may not be.

MAY FOLLOW BRYAN'S LEAD.

Concerted Recognition of Chinese Republic Likely.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Action taken by Secretary of State Bryan may result in concerted recognition by all the important governments of the new Chinese republic.

The note which Secretary Bryan delivered yesterday to each of the foreign diplomats notified them of the intention of the United States to recognize the new Chinese republic and suggested concerted action.

Secretary Bryan's note suggested April 8 as the date for recognition. This is the date on which the Constitutional Assembly will meet to elect a President for a regular term.

It is understood that several of the other governments have expressed the opinion that the recognition should be postponed until the new Government is an established fact, when a constitution has been adopted in addition to the election of a President.

BULL MOOSE CONGRESS PLANS.

To Introduce Bills Covering All the Platform Planks.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—A comprehensive plan to govern activities of the Bull Moose members of the new Congress will be outlined at the conference of the Representatives of the third party to be held here tomorrow.

Nineteen Representatives-elect, many of whose names are withheld for the present, will assemble to nominate Representative Mullock of Kansas as the new party's candidate for Speaker and to discuss the programme of progressive legislation that will be submitted at some time in the course of the fourth party to be held here tomorrow.

The platform adopted at the Chicago convention that nominated Col. Roosevelt for the Presidency last year was made up of thirty planks bearing on the regulation of corporations, conservation and humanitarian questions. They will be embodied in a series of bills which will be prepared by Dean Lewis of the University of Pennsylvania and James Adams.

This sub-committee of three will be asked to submit a report at the earliest practicable date. The measures will then be presented and the Bull Moose members will be asked to indicate their consideration by House and Senate committees.

Present indications are that the Progressive party Representatives will not introduce a single tariff bill. The Progressive members will follow their own plans in connection with the Democratic tariff bill. All of them are protectionists.

WILSON'S SISTER A HOSTESS.

Mrs. Annie Wilson Howe Gives Box Party at "The Gelsha."

Mrs. Annie Wilson Howe, sister of President Woodrow Wilson, entertained a box party last night at "The Gelsha" at Weber & Phelps Theatre.

Her guests included Mrs. Bernin Cook, Mrs. J. H. Van Doren, whom the Senate refused to confirm, R. Webb Cranberry of East Orange, N. J., and George Cross of London. Mrs. Ripley gets the income on most of the estate until her son, Harry Dwight Ripley, is 21, when he receives one-fourth. At 25 he receives the rest outright.

WILLIAM E. BOYER, who died on March 13 at 151 Central Park West, left \$5,000 to the Harrisburg Hospital, and \$20,000 each to Jesse O. Bader, Henry E. Thompson, a nephew, Anna L. Christian, Bertha A. Hoff and Margaret L. Braag, nieces, and F. Leon Christian, a nephew. Two sisters, Margaret B. Christian and Amelia Thompson, get the income of the estate up to \$12,000, and the nephew and nieces receive all above that amount.

MARGARET A. GOODRICH, who died October 2, 1912, left \$50,000 each to her nephews, John S. and Vanderpool Adriance receive \$220,393 each, and her nephew, Henry B. Adriance gets \$138,553. Her companion, Caroline Rollins, gets \$30,125, and \$10,125 goes to the latter's sister, Mrs. Kate F. McBurney.

MARY VALENTINE, who died January 14, left \$28,185 to her daughters, Josephine V. Treadwell and Mary E. Treadwell. JOHN A. SINGER, son of the founder of the Singer Manufacturing Company, left \$213,247, consisting chiefly of 1,000 shares of Singer stock. Two nephews, William W. Singer and Charles V. Singer, received the same amount. Mr. Singer's housekeeper, Charlotte Jane Donnelly, got \$60,500.

FRANK A. TAGGART, who died on February 19, 1911, left New York estate of \$91,726, his interest in the importing firm of Francis Dargatzis & Co. He left \$5,000 to one son, Frank C. Taggart, and \$44,175 each to two other sons, Frederick S. and Donald V. Taggart.

LUDWIG KIRSCHHEIMER, who died on October 25, 1910, left \$59,003 to his wife and son. He requested his wife not to borrow or lend money.

CHARLES J. SMITH, had an estate appraised at \$18,816, but she had mining stocks of a face value of \$75,000 which were sold in one lot for \$50. WILLIAM A. MAPES—A contest of the will of William A. Mapes, who died at 986 East 181st street on February 19, was filed yesterday by his widow, Ida C. Mapes, who received \$4,000 in the will with this clause: "I make this small bequest to my wife because my estate at the present time has practically no income and because she has in her own right sufficient means to keep her in comfort during her life, therefore I assume this bequest I make to her will be accepted by her." Mrs. Mapes contends that her husband was of unsound mind when he executed his will. The bulk of the estate went to two sons and a daughter. WILLIAM D. CHASE, who died in Brooklyn on January 6, 1912, left \$93,958.18 to a son and daughter.

WILSON'S BILL FOR JURY REFORM FAILS.

Governor Fielder Says He Will Call Special Session for May 1.

APPOINTMENTS HELD UP

Legislators Score E. H. Wright, Named by President in Newark.

TRENTON, N. J., April 3.—The concluding hours of the New Jersey Legislature session were marked to-day by a bitter clash between the Senate and House. The storm had been brewing for days. It was prompted first by jockeying over President Wilson's jury reform bills, which were lost in the shuffle, after each house had tried to shift the responsibility upon the other.

The Legislature adjourned sine die at 1:15 o'clock this morning without passing any of the bills. Gov. Fielder announced to-night that he would reconvene the Legislature in special session about May 1, in the hope that the Democratic platform pledges would be redeemed and particularly that of jury reform.

The climax of the session came at 3 o'clock this afternoon, the hour agreed upon by both houses for final adjournment. The Senate suspended business promptly, refusing to consider any more bills except the appropriation measures, which had not been then introduced. By a single resolution 180 bills then on the Senate calendar were consigned to the morgue. They consisted of thirty Senate and 150 House measures.

The House refused to recognize the Senate call for adjournment and went ahead passing scores of House bills, destined to go no further unless the Senate should recede from its position. It was proposed that the House should prolong the session by refusing to take up the appropriation bills, but at a caucus preceding the night session, this plan was abandoned—a capitulation on the part of the House.

During the evening hours, while the House was pushing through legislation, the Senators marked time awaiting the return of the appropriation bills passed in the meantime by the Senate. The Senate session was marked by the passage of a resolution declaring Edward H. Wright of Newark an improper person to hold a State position and requesting Gov. Fielder to demand his resignation as a civil service commissioner. Mr. Wright was appointed by President Wilson and has not yet taken office. The charge against him was objectionable lobbying in connection with an attempt to have the salaries of the civil service commissioners raised from \$2,000 to \$3,500 a year.

Senator Slocum, who offered the resolution, said that he had been importuned to vote for the salary bill for several days. When he refused to promise to do so to-day he said he had been grossly insulted by Mr. Wright, who threatened to expose him and subject him to political attack. Senator Slocum said he had been hounded for several days to support the bill. Other Senators testified to similar experiences. The resolution passed by a vote of 15 to 2.

Gov. Fielder sent to the Senate this afternoon several nominations to take the place of men whose names had not been confirmed because of objections. He nominated Joshua R. Salmon for County Judge of Mercer, and Thomas Baker for a member of the Mercer county tax board. Senator Fitzherbert, who figured in the acetylene gas scandals last year, has succeeded in holding up the original appointments made by President Wilson, who named Joseph Hinchman as County Judge and Charles A. Baker as a member of the tax board.

James E. Bathgate, Jr. was appointed to the Somerset county tax board in place of P. V. Van Doren, whom the Senate refused to confirm. R. Webb Cranberry of East Orange, N. J., was nominated as the osteopathic member under a bill signed by the Governor yesterday. It is the first time the osteopaths have had such representation.

Gov. Fielder said to-day that notwithstanding the failure of the Legislature to pass a jury reform bill, which he believed would follow at the special session, and to provide for a constitutional convention, he regarded this year's session of the Legislature as a fruitful one.

He was particularly impressed by the enactment of the "seven sisters," the series of corporation bills fathered by President Wilson, the grade crossing bill, the full crew bill, the ratification of the income tax amendment and the endorsement of the election of United States Senators by direct vote.

PARK AVENUE VIADUCT SCHEME.

Plans Waiting Only on Subway Junction Problem.

Borough President McAneny said yesterday afternoon that the city engineers have about finished plans for the viaduct which will carry Park avenue across Popplestone street and connect it with the street traffic levels on both sides of the Grand Central Terminal. The cost of the bridge will be about \$175,000. The city has already appropriated the money. "The only thing delaying matters," said Mr. McAneny, "is that the Board of Estimate and the Public Service Commission have not agreed on the location at which the Lexington avenue subway shall enter the present subway under Park avenue. If the connection should be made at Grand Central, as the Public Service Commission once decided, the piers of the viaduct would be at different points than if the subway were left as it is.

This viaduct is going to give New York another north and south avenue. Park avenue will probably become as great a traffic street as Fifth avenue is now."

THE SEAGERS.

Sister and Niece of President Wilson Sail by the St. Paul. Mrs. P. C. Cotman, niece of President Wilson, and the President's sister, Mrs. Annie Wilson Howe, will sail to-day for Cherbourg by the American liner St. Paul, to spend the summer in France. Other passengers by the St. Paul are: Miss Josephine Cochran, L. D. May, Mrs. Vernon Hemming, S. Post, Warrington Clary, Miss Charlotte Thompson, and Mrs. T. Steward Wood.

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Spring Literary Number of The New York Sun To-morrow. Will include literary articles by JAMES LANE ALLEN, GERTRUDE ATHERTON, EDNA FERBER, ALFRED NOYES, KATHLEEN NORRIS, ERNEST POOLE, JOSEPHINE DASKAM BACON, G. SYLVESTER VIERICK, MAYOR GAYNOR, DETECTIVE BURNS.

1% Per MONTH UPON PLEDGE OF PERSONAL PROPERTY. THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK. MANHATTAN: Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street. ELDERIDGE: Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street. SEVENTH: Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts. LEXINGTON: Lexington Ave. cor. 42nd Street. CLINTON: East 72d St. bet. Lexington & 4d Aves. EAST HUDSON: East Hudson St. cor. Essex St.

300 NAMED FOR FUSION BODY. Committee of Twenty Will Have to Scratch Off 200. Students Ask Nuts to Protect Riverside Drive There. Columbia Fears Commerce. The fusion committee of twenty met yesterday afternoon at the Fifth Avenue Building to consider the names of 300 men proposed as candidates for the largest committee which will carry on the fusion campaign and pick fusion candidates for the municipal election next fall. Dr. Henry Moskowitz, chairman of the meeting, reports were received from sub-committees picked according to the boroughs in which members were proposed for the general committee. Dr. Moskowitz said that each of the 300 names had been discussed and that when the session broke up the understanding was that in the interval before the next meeting the members should search as many names from the list of 300 as they could. The committee hadn't said a word about candidates, he said. Dr. Henry Lawrence, president of the Audubon Company, became a member of the committee of twenty as a Bronx representative in place of Albert E. Davis.

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