

\$48,168,890 BILLS SIGNED BY SULZER

Appropriations Show an Increase of \$2,610,292 Over 1912.

BOSS' EFFORTS FAIL

Measures Favored by Friends of C. F. Murphy and J. H. McCooey Are Vetoed.

ALBANY, N. Y., June 3.—Final disposition of the thirty day bills left by the Legislature for executive consideration was announced to-night by Gov. Sulzer.

The Governor signed appropriations aggregating \$48,168,890 for the general expenses of the State government for the coming year, an increase over 1912 of \$2,610,292, as the corresponding appropriations for 1912 aggregated \$45,558,598.

Gov. Sulzer vetoed the direct tax bill which would have raised \$10,000,000 to pay the principal and interest required this year for the barge canal and highway bonds and sinking funds. The Legislature passed bills appropriating \$2,000,000 to pay the interest on State bonds, but did not pass bills to pay \$2,492,745 which should be contributed this year to the barge canal and highway sinking funds. The Governor therefore vetoed the interest paying bills.

It was Gov. Sulzer's desire to meet the \$3,892,745 payment for bond interest and sinking funds from a surplus of \$1,000,000 now in the sinking fund. The Legislature at the special session to take up this whole question again with a view of avoiding the State tax protest. This is one of the Governor's pet projects.

The annual appropriation bill approved by the Governor carries \$29,823,357, the annual supply bill carries \$4,185,595, and the special appropriation bill carries \$14,160,937. In the appropriation bill the Governor vetoes items amounting \$11,000,000, while the items in the annual supply bill vetoed amounted to \$2,748,418. In addition the Governor vetoed special appropriation bills amounting to \$1,000,000.

Recommendations of Committee.

The Governor's committee of inquiry, of which John N. Carls is chairman, recommended that the total amount to be carried in the appropriation bills should not exceed \$27,501,201. The supply bill \$2,419,823, and in the special appropriation bills \$10,000,000.

The Governor filed a memorandum explaining his action on all these bills in which he says:

The reasons the appropriations are made this year than last year will be apparent to any citizen who will study the bill. Many of the appropriations made this year should have been made last year.

Notwithstanding what has often been said in the past, I have concluded, as a matter concerning the general welfare of the State, that it is my duty to recommend that every dollar be used for good government, to make the record for economy. However, the State now submitted to the taxpayers of the State will show that I have saved them in these two appropriation bills more than \$2,000,000, to say nothing about special appropriation bills which I have vetoed whenever I thought they were unnecessary.

Many few salaries have been increased—and these increases were more than justified. The increased expenses of the State government are all for worthy purposes and many of great importance. They will ultimately accomplish lasting benefits for all the people. Charity and education receive most of these increases. When the entire matter is carefully considered, I feel confident that every dollar appropriated will be justified in the judgment of the far-seeing and patriotic taxpayers. False economy never pays.

The combined appropriations and special bills for this year amount to \$48,168,890, an increase of \$2,610,292 over the total of \$45,558,598 for the year 1912, and items for the support of State charitable institutions aggregating \$533,323 more than last year.

Special bills making appropriations for new buildings and for necessary improvements and repairs in old buildings for the State hospitals and charitable institutions aggregate \$2,213,273.

Additional Money for Highways.

The appropriations for maintenance and repair of State highways are \$913,342 more than in 1912.

Legislation enlarging the State Labor Department and the State Health Department the increased appropriations for these two departments aggregate \$330,581. The total increased appropriations for the benefit of hospitals, charitable institutions, highways, labor and health departments aggregate \$1,732,644.

Nearly all new positions created by the appropriation and supply bills were vetoed by the Governor. Secretary of State Mitchell May wanted \$90,000 for expenses in enforcing the automobile license and \$30,000 for their expense in enforcing the State and \$21,000 for the indexing corporation records. Mr. May is a friend of John H. McCooey, the Kings county Democratic leader. In the State Conservation Department one of the three Commissioners are friendly to Charles F. Murphy.

An item of \$60,000 for fish and game inspectors was cut out by the Governor, but would prove valuable patronage for the Democratic State machine in the Northern counties.

Legislation an item of \$1,500 payable in monthly installments to Eugene Lamb Richards, a counsel to the Conservation Commission, for travelling expenses. The Governor says this item simply increases the salary of the counsel by "subterfuge." This item, as well as a dozen others involving \$90,000 were vetoed by the Conservation Commission.

State Comptroller Schermer, who is a personal friend of Charles F. Murphy, wanted \$5,000 for salaries of counsel, auditors and auditors, and \$21,000 for other examiners and detectives. Both items were blue pencilled by the Governor.

Votes Contingent Expense Bill.

One of the big items in the supply bill vetoed was \$140,000 for contingent expenses of the Legislature. It was out of this fund that the expenses were to be paid of the investigating committee authorized by the Legislature during the last week of the session, including investigation of telegraph and telephone companies, Niagara power companies and good roads construction.

State Health Officer O'Connell of the Port of New York does not get the \$99,000 he wanted to improve Swinburn

Fountain by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney



and Hoffman islands or the \$92,000 he needed to bring the New York city water supply to the island.

The appropriations of \$350,000 for the New York City Public Service Commission and \$250,000 for the up-State Public Service Commission to carry on the work of eliminating railroad grade crossings were vetoed. The Democratic State platform favored appropriations for this work.

In signing Senator Bosnian's bill taxing transfers of stock in corporations the stock of which has only a nominal value and providing for uniform book-keeping methods in transferring stock by corporations, Gov. Sulzer says that these changes in the law will increase the annual revenues of the State from the stock transfer tax by at least \$1,000,000.

The Governor signed Assemblyman Cronin's bill providing that the American flag three by five feet in size in the hall be displayed at each polling place.

The amendment to the stock transfer tax law signed by Gov. Sulzer affects only two securities listed on the Stock Exchange. They are Great Northern Ore certificates and Adams Express stocks. As the law stood transfers of these securities escaped taxation.

ROPE SAVES MAN IN HIGH FALL

Painter Dangles in Air, While Companion Drops to Death.

One man was killed, another was almost boiled alive in a kettle of hot tar and a third had a thrilling escape from death in two scaffold accidents yesterday.

After one of these accidents a crowd of several hundred persons looked on for more than fifteen minutes while Leo Graff, a painter, hung from the end of a rope eight stories above the street on the east wall of the Alpha Delta Phi clubhouse at 135 West Fifty-fourth street. Below him was the crushed body of another workman, who had been less fortunate.

Graff, who lives at 417 East Sixty-fifth street, and his assistant, Gustav Tholen, of 161st street and Summit avenue, were on a scaffolding pointing the east wall of the building when a rope parted. Tholen fell six stories to the roof of 134. He was taken to Flower Hospital, where he died.

Graff slipped from under his feet. He managed to wind the rope around his shoulder; this aided him in holding on so long.

Help was slow in coming. At last a man went to the roof of the clubhouse and dropped a rope to Graff, who was then almost exhausted. Graff in this way was safely landed on the roof of the building where Tholen had met death.

Losing his balance while standing on a scaffold at the new high school building at Lawrence, L. I., Archibald Simpson, a carpenter, of 777 Elton avenue, The Bronx, plunged feet forward into a kettle of boiling tar yesterday afternoon.

He was pitched to his shoulders and the hot pitch splattered over his head and face. Fellow workers pulled him out. At St. Joseph's Hospital, Far Rockaway, four doctors worked over Simpson for nearly two hours before they could get the tar off. Simpson was kept covered with lubricating oil to ease his pain. It was said at the hospital last night that he cannot live.

RUBBER FIRM OWES \$4,090,825.

George A. Alden & Co. of Boston Files Schedule in Bankruptcy.

Boston, June 3.—Liabilities of \$4,090,825 are disclosed in the schedule in bankruptcy of George A. Alden & Co., crude rubber merchants of this city, filed to-day, and the assets are stated to be \$1,605,084.

Of the liabilities \$748,956 is secured to foreign and New York banks. There are about 100 claims unsecured, aggregating \$1,133,984. The New York Commercial Company, New York, has a claim for cash and merchandise of \$1,082,421; A. H. Alden & Co., London, one of \$47,940, and Harriet J. Alden, Wellesley, one for a loan of \$19,552.

The firm is also liable as indorser of notes aggregating over \$500,000 held by banks in New York and Boston, and is involved as indorser of a large number of notes of the New York Commercial Company. These aggregate approximately \$1,662,500.

New Rochelle Won't Bar Bath Suits.

New ROCHELLE, June 3.—President of the City Council Edward Cordia introduced in the council to-night a resolution prohibiting the wearing of bathing suits in the streets and parks and on street cars. Mayor Walcott opposed the resolution and it was referred.

PARIS SALON AWARD FOR MRS. H. P. WHITNEY

Former Miss Gertrude Vandervell Gets Honorable Mention for Sculpture Exhibit.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, June 3.—Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney, formerly Miss Gertrude Vandervell, was one of the twenty-two exhibitors in sculpture who received honorable mention to-day by the Societe Nationale des Beaux Arts.

Mrs. Whitney has had a studio in New York about ten or eleven years. She was enthusiastic over painting and sculpture and her studio was furnished in a most elaborate manner. Before her marriage to Mr. Whitney, she studied painting and modelling among the great masters abroad.

In February, 1908, Mrs. Whitney was one of the prize winners at the annual exhibition of the Architectural League of New York. Mrs. Whitney collaborated as a sculptor with Hugo Ballin and Grosvenor Atterbury in competition for a special prize offered for the best design submitted by an architect, a sculptor and a mural painter. Their design got first award.

There was some criticism of the award later because Mr. Atterbury, one of the three winning artists, was chairman of the committee having charge of the special prize. The Atterbury-Ballin-Whitney entry was in a collaborative design for a bathing pavilion, which was entitled "Pan." Mrs. Whitney designed the fountain. Mr. Ballin executed the mural painting and Mr. Atterbury provided architectural details.

HEINZE MUST PAY \$45,626.74.

Verdict of \$140,825 Does Not Wipe Out Union Pacific Debt.

Justice Clark in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn decided yesterday that the verdict for \$140,825 awarded E. August Heinze against the defunct Union Bank must be considered as an offset to the larger claim for the bank which Heinze had against the Union Bank. This minus a small reduction in the defendant's favor, amounts to \$45,626.74.

Counsel for both sides took exception to the ruling and Rule 6, which announced that the bank would immediately appeal.

Heinze admitted liability to the bank of \$195,451.74, but held that this had been wiped out in part by the assets of the bank officials to live up to an agreement to sell his collateral when he directed.

Justice Clark's decision means that the Union Bank depositors there are nearly 30,000 of them—will not have been entirely molested in this matter through the alleged misjudgment of the bank officials.

SKIN VERY RED AND INFLAMED

Boils Burst on Arms and Legs. Burned at Night So as to Make Sleep Impossible, Cuticura Soap and Ointment Quite Healed.

187 East 32nd St., New York, N. Y.—"My trouble commenced about a month ago coming in the form of large boils. The skin was very red and irritated at first until they formed a head and burst and throbbed painfully. The boils burst on my arms and legs. They burned at night so as to make sleep impossible. Of course my clothes irritated them and made me feel sick all over. I tried — ointments and — ointment without any good at all, and other ointments that were given me only irritated them all the more. Then I began using Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap, bathing them first with the Cuticura Soap, then putting the Cuticura Ointment on a cloth and putting it loosely over the boils. I used the Cuticura Soap and Ointment morning and night for three weeks, and at the end of that time they were quite healed. Cuticura Soap and Ointment cured them." (Signed) Miss Helen Bingham, Apr. 11, 1912.

TO REMOVE DANDRUFF

Prevent dry, thin and falling hair, allay itching and irritation, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampooing with Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional dressings with Cuticura Ointment, afford a most effective and economical treatment. Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 23-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

Prevent dandruff, thin and falling hair, allay itching and irritation, and promote the growth and beauty of the hair, frequent shampooing with Cuticura Soap, assisted by occasional dressings with Cuticura Ointment, afford a most effective and economical treatment. Cuticura Soap (25c.) and Cuticura Ointment (50c.) are sold by druggists and dealers throughout the world. Liberal sample of each mailed free, with 23-p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. T, Boston."

SAFEST and STRONGEST No Loans Made on vacant land, factories or other special risks. LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO. CAPITAL & SURPLUS \$8,500,000

BRYAN GETS A PLUM FOR HIS EDITOR, METCALFE

Latter Will Be Nominated as Civilian Member of Panama Canal Board.

WASHINGTON, June 3.—Announcement was made to-day that Richard Lee Metcalfe, editor of Mr. Bryan's paper, the Commonwealth, will be nominated as civilian member of the Isthmian Canal Commission, succeeding Maurice H. Thatcher of Kentucky. The announcement was made after a conference between the President, Secretary Bryan and Secretary Garrison. The nomination will be sent to the Senate in a few days, and Mr. Metcalfe will go to the Isthmus as soon as his nomination is confirmed.

It is explained that Mr. Metcalfe will not necessarily become civil Governor of the Canal Zone by virtue of his appointment. It is the President's intention to retain the present organization until the canal is completed.

He holds with Secretary Garrison that it would be unfair to the members of the Canal Commission, who have been responsible for the success of the canal work, to abolish their posts before their task is completed.

To let them share equally in the glory of their work he intends to postpone putting into effect the act for the permanent organization of the Canal Zone government until the waterway is open to the world. This will give Mr. Metcalfe about a year and a half of experience on the Isthmian Canal Commission.

VEToes MOVIES ORDINANCE.

Mayor is Pushing a New One Aimed at the "End Seat Hog."

Mayor Gaynor vetoed yesterday the Boarding moving picture ordinance, which was passed by the Board of Aldermen two weeks ago. The Mayor told the board that the ordinance would have worked great injustice and urged that a new ordinance be passed which will not burden the small moving picture house proprietors for the benefit of the owners of large houses.

This is no party measure, the Mayor told the Aldermen. "Let us not let any contemptible little politician make a party measure by saying so. It is a measure which appeals to every honest and honorable man, irrespective of party."

The Mayor also wrote to the Aldermen yesterday suggesting that they pass an ordinance making it a misdemeanor for a person sitting on the end of a crosswise seat to refuse to move into the center of the seat in case it is vacant.

LEGISLATORS' LINEUP TO-NIGHT.

Local Democrats Are Solid Against Salzer Primary Bill.

Democratic Senators and Assemblymen will meet to-night at the Hotel Knickerbocker to talk over Gov. Sulzer's direct primary program and to make plans for the coming extra session of the Legislature. The Mayor's bill, which will be introduced to-night, will meet at the Thomas Jefferson Building, party headquarters, to talk over the same matters.

It was said yesterday that the Democrats will decide to-night to support, in an amended Blauvelt bill, which will conform to the Governor's bill in all particulars except the abolition of the State convention.

BAR ASSOCIATION HAS COHALAN CASE TO-DAY

Connolly is Ready to Present His Graft Charges Against the Justice.

NO WORD FROM ACCUSED

Gov. Sulzer Will Not Take the Initiative—May Have to Act Later.

The grievance committee of the Bar Association will discuss the charges against Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan to-day. It is likely that the members will determine at to-day's meeting when the formal investigation of the charges will be taken up.

Howard Townsend, the chairman of the committee, has been engaged for the past three days in studying the character of the accusations and in planning what sort of an inquiry lies within the jurisdiction of his committee. Mr. Townsend, it is known, has certain definite information to lay before the committee. To-day's meeting was not called for the purpose of discussing the Cohalan case, but a member of the committee said yesterday that a discussion was unavoidable.

The attitude of the Bar Association is first of all, that it would welcome a request from Justice Cohalan himself for a thorough investigation of Connolly's charges that he was a grafter when he was Charles F. Murphy's active lieutenant in Tammany. Failing to receive such a request from Justice Cohalan the Bar Association hoped to receive a written request from Gov. Sulzer.

The intimation coming from influential members of the association to the effect that the body hardly has power to discipline a Judge was criticized yesterday by a member of the body who pointed out that the association for a considerable time has been hard at work digging up the past of a Judge for the purpose of submitting findings to the Appellate Division. This morning a request came from Gov. Sulzer was hardly necessary, although it might be useful for its effect on public opinion.

John A. Connolly, Justice Cohalan's accuser, was occupied yesterday in preparing and arranging ledgers, letter books, documents, receipts, check stubs and photographs of papers that he has assembled to back up his charges. Mr. Connolly believes that he will be called within a few days to give testimony against Justice Cohalan.

I am anxious to go before the grievance committee of the Bar Association to make oath to the truth of my statements," said Mr. Connolly yesterday. "When the time comes I shall be able to offer corroboration."

Justice Cohalan had no further statement to make. ALBANY, June 3.—Gov. Sulzer has made it plain that he will not take the initiative in the Cohalan case or the Waldo charges. The Governor's friends to-night declared that he was satisfied that the Bar Association can go ahead in the Cohalan case without suggestion or request from him. Gov. Sulzer does not feel that the proprieties of the situation permit him to comment one way or another on either the Cohalan or the Waldo controversy for the reason that they are likely to come before him for official action.

SAYS DONOHUE SWAYS ADS.

Advertising Man Tells of Tammany Treasurer's Influence.

Everett N. Blanke, treasurer of the Lawyers Advertising Company at 95 Liberty street, said yesterday that he had been appointed by Supreme Court Justices in foreclosure proceedings in New York county are guided by the wishes of Philip P. Donohue, treasurer of Tammany Hall, in making their contracts for printing advertisements of foreclosure sales. He said that Donohue now has an income of nearly \$25,000 a year in commissions from this source.

Blanke made his statement after he had been examined before trial in a suit by Donohue and John F. Dennis on a contract made by Blanke in behalf of the Lawyers Advertising Company in 1907, under which he agreed to pay Donohue 25 per cent of the gross profits of the business. The plaintiffs are suing for about \$16,000 profits covering nearly two years up to February 15, 1910.

When Blanke was examined before trial yesterday by Alfred J. Talley for the plaintiffs he expected to be asked concerning his defense that he only signed his

For That June Wedding We Are Ready—Are You? Go to a Brill Store and see the very newest, smartest and most symmetrically correct Evening apparel obtainable. Every line, every seam almost, of a Dress Suit must be absolutely right; grace, symmetry, distinction, perfect fit and a complete absence of stiffness or discomfort must be there to give it that indescribable something called style, and it's that style which you will find in every Brill Dress garment—slim, trim, perfectly proportioned and splendid fitting—no better Evening Clothes or Value can be had. Dress Coats, \$15, \$19, \$26, \$36—Tuxedos, \$15, \$17, \$24, \$34. Trousers, \$4, \$5, \$6 and \$10—Waistcoats, \$3.50 to \$10. And Every Other Day or Evening Dress Requisite From Tophat to Hose. Brill Brothers 279 BROADWAY, near Chambers St. BROADWAY, at 49th St. 47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125TH STREET, at 3d Av. UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.

contract with Donohue upon the latter's assurance that he would bring in all the advertising business of the Corporation Counsel's office, amounting to \$1,000,000 a year, the Equitable Life, all the contracts in which Thomas F. Ryan was interested, August Belmont & Co. and the advertising business of other large concerns. Mr. Blanke alleges that Donohue failed to do this and that all the substantial advertising he got through his political affiliations was the Tammany Hall advertising for the Governor campaign in 1909.

When Lawyer Talley questioned Blanke yesterday he said he wanted nothing except the figures as to the gross and net income of the advertising company. Mr. Blanke promised to prepare these figures.

After the examination he said that Donohue received \$4,000 a year in salary, which was more than the profits of the business he brought in, and \$2,000 a year salary was paid to two other employees brought into the office by Donohue, one of whom is a district captain in Charles F. Murphy's district.

Customers for Fifty Years Mere display can attract customers. To hold them, more is needed—courtesy, promptness, unobtrusive service, comfortable surroundings and ample time for proper selection. That is the reason which binds us still to customers who bought Silverware of us fifty years ago. Reed & Barton Co. Jewellers and Silversmiths Fifth Avenue & 32d Street 4 Maiden Lane

1% Per Month Upon Pledge OF PERSONAL PROPERTY THE PROVIDENT LOAN SOCIETY OF NEW YORK MANHATTAN BRONX Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street Courlandt Ave. cor. 148th Street Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street Park Avenue cor. 148th Street Seventh Ave. bet. 48th and 49th Sts. Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St. Lexington Ave. cor. 124th Street Park Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave. Grand Street cor. Clinton Street East 72d St., bet. Lexington & 3d Aves. 1/2 PER CENT CHARGED UPON LOANS REPAID WITHIN TWO WEEKS FROM DATE East Houston St., cor. Essex St.

Forged Out of a Solid Billet AFTER we imported parts direct from Lyons, France, and employed skilled French mechanics from the shops of M. Berliet to build the Berliet in America, we adhered strictly to our famous French original—except for one important feature. This was chain drive. We gave up chain drive and improved upon Berliet design by putting in shaft drive and a full floating rear axle. It was a daring change to make and one that required extensive factory facilities, for our engineers would not entertain a built up or two-piece rear axle such as most cars, even the high priced ones, use today. So we installed extensive equipment and forged the rear axle out of a solid billet of steel by the largest steam drop hammer in the world. This hammer weighs 250,000 pounds. The dies alone weigh 12,000 pounds. We installed gigantic machines of marvelous accuracy to bore a hole through the billet—an operation of rare care and delicacy. As a result dis-alignment—which means wear, noise, loss of power—is unknown in the Alco, and our records show that our rear axle has never given trouble. Men who drive the Alco appreciate this rear axle in riding ease and driving comfort. Its rare qualities go a long way—in supplying that extra little engineering touch which the experienced motor car owner seeks today. ALCO Motor Cars AMERICAN LOCOMOTIVE COMPANY 1886 Broadway, NEW YORK Builders also of Alco Motor Trucks and Alco Taxis