

BREACH IN ULSTER CRISIS WIDENING

Bonar Law Says Asquith Has Shown Unionists Where They Stand.

URGES GENERAL ELECTION

Situation in Ulster Now Worse Than Ever, It Is Said.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—Speeches made by Premier Asquith at Leeds on Thursday and by Bonar Law, the Unionist leader, and Sir Edward Carson, leader of the Ulster movement against home rule for Ireland, in Dublin yesterday have thrown the Irish crisis back where it was before the conciliatory utterances of Sir Edward Grey and Winston Churchill seemed to open the way to an agreement between the Ulsterites and the Nationalists.

Premier Asquith's rather vague praise for the home rule bill, coupled with his emphatic denunciation of Ulster menaces, disappointed the moderates of both sides who regard the Prime Minister's attitude as far short of what was hoped for from his Ladybank speech. Extreme partisans on both sides of the dispute are using unmeasured words of applause or denunciation of the Premier's stand.

Sir Edward Carson and Bonar Law arrived in Dublin yesterday morning to open the campaign in that city against home rule. They received an enthusiastic reception from the Dublin Unionists.

Unionists Know Their Position.

Bonar Law, speaking before the Unionist Association, said Mr. Asquith's latest speech removed all difficulties, as the Unionists were now aware where they stand and were prepared to fight. It was evident, he said, that the Ladybank speech meant nothing or else that matters were going to be allowed to drift.

He charged that there was a corrupt bargain between the Nationalists and the Government. His main demand was that home rule be submitted to the country in a general election. If the country confirmed the Government's home rule policy the Unionist party would have to go to it. Here there were some protests in the audience. If, however, Bonar Law continued, the Government attempted to coerce Ulster before a general election the Unionists would support the Ulstermen and resist to the utmost.

"Ulster will not submit," he exclaimed, "and we will not allow her to be coerced."

Predicts a Civil War.

Chancellor Lloyd George, said the Unionist leader, announced that the Government had forced the insurance bill through Parliament, although it knew that it would be rejected if submitted to the country. They are going to do the same thing now with the home rule bill, he went on. He declared that the Government's policy was one of unparalleled and cynical offensiveness.

He challenged the Government to try and coerce Ulster and depicted the possible civil war which would result, its effect on parliamentary institutions, the army and the whole empire.

"It would mean," he said, "not only anarchy but red ruin, the downfall of law, and would produce results from which the country would not recover in a lifetime."

He contrasted the Government's treatment of Jim Larkin, the Dublin strike leader, and Sir Edward Carson, because he knew that this would immediately show how deadly in earnest Ulster is. He said it was a criminal weakness to allow the Ulster organization to continue if the Government thought it had a right to carry out its home rule proposals. He challenged the Government to arrest him too.

Press Calls It Serious.

The London newspapers this morning, commenting on Bonar Law's speech at Dublin, emphasized the seriousness of the situation. The Times, which is a moderate Unionist paper, urges the Unionists to await calmly and confidently the Government's action, as further delay must involve the Government in a disastrous predicament and make an appeal to the people inevitable.

The Daily Telegraph bears "an ominous murmur of dire and disastrous civil war." The Daily Chronicle, a Liberal organ, while rejoicing that events of the last week have killed the proposal for a compromise based on the exclusion of Ulster, does not wish that nothing should be done to meet the views and allay the fears of the Ulster Protestants. It assures them that there is ample opportunity to amend the bill.

Denouncing the "reckless language of the Unionist leaders, it says: 'They are sowing dragons' teeth and we reap a bitter harvest.'"

The Daily News and Leader, a radical paper, accuses Bonar Law of bluffing and says that "Parliament will disabuse him." The Government, it says, while still keeping the offer open, will not waste its breath in enlarging thereon until the Unionists show some glimmering of recognition of the realities of the situation.

Torrens, Nov. 28.—Bonar Law was the object of an attack by suffragettes after he had finished his speechmaking here and was driving to the home of Lord Iveagh. Two militants, Mrs. Skelton and Mrs. Conery, were arrested.

SAY HE JOINED ULSTERITES.

Corporation of London Official Thought to Be in Belfast.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—The repeated absence of Major John C. K. Fox, sword bearer of the Corporation of London, from his functions at the Mansion House have been much commented upon and resulted in inquiries which have led to the belief that he is taking an active part in the organization of the Ulster Volunteers and is apparently now in Belfast.

Major Fox served in the Russian army for three years as an officer before joining the Life Guards in 1878. He served in the Egyptian campaign of 1882 and in the Boer war. He is a member of the Ulster Unionist Association and the Orange organization.

Only One "Bromo Quinine." That is IAXATIVE BROMO QUININE. Look for the name of E. W. GUYER, "Cure's" on the One Day. Cuts Grip in Two Days. 2c.

\$900 FOR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Wrote to George Powell Day After His Election.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—At the conclusion of the sale of the collection of autograph letters at Sotheby's to-day a letter written by George Washington the day after his election as first President of the United States to George Powell, in which he speaks of the insanity of King George III, was sold for \$900.

Seven letters and original manuscripts of Robert Burns fetched \$1,250. Other pieces were: Letters by Fielding, the author of "Tom Jones," and his brothers, \$255; twenty-three letters of Alexander Pope and two letters to the poet, \$225; fifty checks in the handwriting of Charles Dickens, \$195; the exercise paper written by Burns while he was exciseman, \$130; five letters relative to the poet Shelley, written by his second wife, \$275.

Original letters of the great Duke of Marlborough to George I. relative to the Spanish succession brought \$600; the original patent of Charles V. doubling the pension accorded to the painter Titian, \$250; a receipt for money written by John Calvin, \$250; a letter by Cardinal Wolsey, \$180; the original indenture signed by Queen Elizabeth completing the sale of the lordship of Denbigh by the Earl of Leicester to the Queen, \$130; a letter written by Henry VIII. to Miss de la Ferté relating to a gift of hawks to that lady, \$170; a letter from Latimer to Arthur Haslam, Vicar of Claverdon, \$255; a letter written by Sir Walter Raleigh to his half-brother relative to a West Indies expedition, \$625.

BULGARS' KING LIKELY TO KEEP HIS THRONE

Ferdinand Leaves for Sofia After Reported Peacemaking With Austria.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. VIENNA, Nov. 28.—Rumors of King Ferdinand's impending abdication of the Bulgarian throne have been temporarily silenced by the departure of the monarch this morning for Sofia. He travelled by a route which avoids Serbian territory.

Stories that he was about to abandon the throne have been emphatically denied by Bulgarian officials and nothing has come to light in the last few days which would confirm the rumor.

During his stay here King Ferdinand has been subject to violent and even indecent vituperation in the press on account of the revelation of the secret Serbo-Bulgarian treaty of 1912 by which Bulgaria agreed to aid Serbia with 200,000 troops if she were attacked by Austria.

The Reichspost prints a long statement by a member of King Ferdinand's suite, the gist of which is that King Ferdinand signed the treaty as a constitutional monarch against his will under threats of dethronement and pressure brought to bear on him by Russia. He resisted for several days and then in despair and with the prayer "God protect Bulgaria!" signed the treaty.

The statement declares that the Balkan League would not have dared to attack Turkey if Russia had not mobilized and thus kept Austria in check.

It is assumed that King Ferdinand's visit to Vienna was largely concerned with an attempt to make peace with Austria on this score. If this is true he evidently has succeeded. He saw Count von Berchtold repeatedly and in the two final audiences which he had with the Emperor extreme cordiality was displayed. The official press has been instructed to make this clear.

The Freudenblatt publishes an official communication to the effect that the Emperor left his apartments to greet King Ferdinand on the staircase and when the Bulgarian monarch was leaving he accompanied him also to the staircase and gave him a cordial farewell.

It is apparent that King Ferdinand is returning to his country with Austria's hearty good will. There is much speculation as to what is back of this and its future effect on Austro-Russian and Austro-Bulgarian relations.

NEW RIOT OUTBREAK IN DUBLIN.

Woman Wounded When Police Open Fire on Strikers.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. DUBLIN, Nov. 28.—Rioting was renewed in this city late to-night, several revolver shots being fired. One woman was wounded. Several shop windows were broken and street cars were stoned by strikers. The police used their clubs to disperse the rioters.

ACCUSED OF FLOGGING HINDUS.

Magistrate Discredits Charges Against Head of Natal Militia.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. DURBAN, Nov. 28.—Sir Duncan Mackenzie, Inspector-General of the Natal militia, was arraigned to-day on a charge of flogging and underfeeding Hindu workers. The Magistrate refused to accept the testimony of six of the complainants on the ground that they were evidently lying.

DELAY VOTE ON FRENCH LOAN.

Deputies to Continue Debate on \$200,000,000 Issue Monday.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. PARIS, Nov. 28.—The Chamber devoted the entire day to the Government proposal for an internal loan of \$200,000,000. The debate was then adjourned until Monday.

CHOLMONDELEY WEDDING QUIET

Only Five Present When Lady Eva Weds Harry Parvatiel.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—London society is discussing to-day another Cholmondeley wedding in which elaborate ceremonies and publicity went by the board. Lady Eva Cholmondeley and Harry Parvatiel went yesterday with a few friends to Christ Church and were very quietly married. There were only five persons in the secret.

Lady Eva is well known on the links and is devoted to open air life. It is only a short time since the Cholmondeley heir, Lord Rockavaine, and his wife, Miss Sossion, one of the richest women in England, walked to a London registry office and were married without the glare of public ceremonial.

REPORT SAXON KING IS ABOUT TO WED

Former Husband of Eloping Louise May Marry a Bavarian Princess.

WOULD TURN PROTESTANT

Pope Has Twice Refused Him Permission to Take a Second Wife.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. MUNICH, Nov. 28.—Rumors are current here that King Frederick Augustus of Saxony, whose wife eloped in 1902 with Prof. Giron, the French tutor of her children, then was divorced and later became the wife of Enrico Toselli, an Italian music teacher, is about to marry again.

Gossip in court circles here is to the effect that the King wants to make one of the six daughters of King Ludwig of Bavaria Queen of Saxony. He is said to favor Princess Hildegard, who is 32 years of age. Negotiations are believed to have been opened between the two royal houses.

King Frederick Augustus is very pious. One of his peculiarities is that he insists whenever he is at court that everybody there must go to mass at 6 A. M. in full dress. This was one of the causes of the first differences with his wife when she, as Crown Princess, objected to getting up so early.

The daughters of King Ludwig are very religious, but not particularly attractive. They are not wealthy. None of the six, the eldest of whom is 43 and the youngest 22, is married. They all have picturesque names, Aldegond, Ludwiga, Hildegard, Wiltrud, Helmut and Gondelind.

Pope Wouldn't Let Him Wed.

It is recalled that King Frederick Augustus, who is a Catholic, appealed to the Pope on two occasions to permit him to marry again, but on each occasion his appeal was rejected. It was rumored several times that he was about to adopt the Lutheran faith so that he could take another spouse.

King Frederick Augustus married, when he was Crown Prince, Louise, Princess Imperial and Archduchess of Austria, at Vienna on November 21, 1891. She was then 21 years old. In her memoirs, published in September, 1911, Countess Montignoso, as she has been called since her divorce in 1903, blamed the puritanism of the Saxon court and the personal hostility of the late King of Saxony, who she believed or pretended to believe that she was insane, for her flight and abandonment of her husband and five children.

Speaking of her father-in-law, whose character she said later was exactly on a par with that of her husband, she wrote: "He was an intolerable bigot, narrow minded to a degree and he could be a fanatic on occasion. I think he must have suffered from some kind of religious mania. He never practised tolerance or forgiveness. He was entirely in the hands of the priests, who made him dance to whatever tune they pleased."

Eloped With Prof. Giron.

Her father-in-law having told her that he intended to have her placed in an asylum, the Crown Princess deliberately compromised herself with Prof. Giron at Salzburg, the home of her parents, so that she would not have to return to Dresden. The Crown Prince obtained a divorce in February, 1903. Of the subsequent life of the Crown Princess until her marriage to Toselli in 1907 little is known beyond several attempts to gain possession of her youngest child, the Princess Anna Monica, born after her divorce, and many attempts on the part of friends to effect a reconciliation with the Crown Prince after he became King.

Her marriage to Toselli completely estranged the parents and relatives of the ex-Crown Princess, as they are all strict Catholics and the civil divorce had not been approved by the Vatican. In 1911 the Countess Montignoso obtained a divorce from Toselli and since that time she has been living in Italy.

PAGES HOSTS AT A DINNER.

Many Well Known Americans Are Guests at London Embassy.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—Ambassador and Mrs. Page gave a dinner at the American Embassy this evening. The guests included Dr. van Dyke, American Minister to the Netherlands, and Mrs. van Dyke, senator and Mrs. Oliver, Margaret Countess of Jersey, Dr. Ingram, Bishop of London, Sir Hugh and Lady Bell, Lady Parker, formerly Amy Van Tine of New York; Mr. and Mrs. Irwin Laughlin, Mr. and Mrs. Norman Sturgis, Capt. Symington, the Naval Attache, and Major Squier, the Military Attache of the embassy.

SUFFRAGE 'MARTYR' DENOUNCED

Father of 'Victim' Thought Dead Denies the Story.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—The advocates of "votes for women" are booming the "martyrdom" of a young man named William Bethell, alleged to have died of injuries he received on being ejected from a meeting which he was disturbing. An appeal has been made for funds for a worthy memorial over his tomb.

The Daily Mail, however, picks the bubble this morning. It says the place and time of the man's alleged death cannot be found, nor can any one be discovered who witnessed his burial. His father believes he is alive and well in Canada, where he mailed a letter a few weeks prior to his "death."

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

BOMBAY—A fire which did damage estimated at \$1,000,000 swept the jewelry and commercial districts. PESHOR—A general strike has been declared here in consequence of the dismissal of a few of the arsenal workmen. The work on the battleships Jaline and the First and Alfonso of the fleet has been stopped. Gendarmes are protecting the yards. MANILA—Frank W. Carpenter, Executive Secretary of the Philippines, was appointed Governor of the province of Moro. Carpenter is the first civilian Governor who has ever held office in the province of Moro.

There is nothing in America to parallel this tremendous selection of Saks Overcoats for Men which, not by guesswork, but by actual count, consists of 5,000 Overcoats & 210 Different Styles. In models, fabrics, weights, patterns and colors the Saks assortments of men's overcoats this season are wonderfully complete. In the whole gamut of men's overcoat styles there is positively nothing that amounts to anything that we have not got. In models we can show you every variation of style, from a soft roll collar to the slightest change in the geography of a button. In fabrics we can place at your disposal selections whose limit is determined only by the limitations of foreign and native mills. In prices the range is wide, but uniformly low, for whether you pay \$17.50 or \$65.00 for a Saks overcoat, the value is proportionately the same. In the tailoring of the overcoats and in the cut of them we have set such standards as are forever beyond the rank and guilty average! And, in brief, we have put such conscientious and consummate effort into every stitch of Saks overcoats this season that A Saks overcoat is more accurately described as a decision and not an argument! FABRICS MODELS Chinchillas, friezes, Meltons, Kerseys, Elysians, close-sheared chinchillas, fancy back coatings, Beauclaires, Sedans, Montagnacs and Crombie coatings. And the range of colors embraces blue, blue mixed, black, Oxford, Cambridge, brown, snuff and tan. Fly front, button through, double breasted and shawl collar models; Ulsterites, Raglans, Balmacans and the newest styles in shapely coats, with velvet collars, self collars, patch pockets, regulation pockets, slanting pockets and other variations innumerable. And as a special feature for such it surely is! Saks Silk Lined Overcoats at \$25 Made of Oxford, black and gray coatings, in conservative knee length model, with Saks tailoring apparent in every stitch and seam. Men's \$1.50 Silk Knit Scarfs today 85c Men's Two-Tone Silk Hose today 29c 1200 accordion knitted scarfs, made of fine silk, in three and four tone colorings. The very latest novelties in smart neckwear—and a singularly liberal value. 85c or 6 for \$5. 4800 pairs, and every pair a bargain. One of the really big silk hose values of the year. Those smart two-tone combinations, which every man wants. Black with red, white, green, tan or purple. Men's Fleece Lined Gloves today 85c Men's Tan Cape Gloves today 95c Wool fleece lined suede gloves, in tan, brown and gray. A glove of exceptional merit, well made, and very warmly lined. A glove for comfort, and a comfortable value at today's price. Made of imported tan Cape stock, with one horn clasp and English cut thumb. Prix seam sewn, and perfectly made and finished. A swag-gar walking glove and a swagger value. Men's \$1.50 Union Suits today 85c Men's \$1 Shirts & Drawers today 65c Medium weight cotton ribbed union suits, ankle length and long sleeves. The product of a standard maker. And in just the right weight for the man who objects to bulky undergarments. Ecu cotton ribbed. The shirt with French neck and elastic ribbed, so that it will keep its shape. The drawers with patented reinforcement at hips and thighs. Extraordinary value. Men's Fine Shirts (6 for \$7) \$1.20 Men's Blanket Bath Robes—at \$2.95 1200 shirts, in fine imported and domestic shirtings and flannels. Plain and pleated models. Soft and laundered cuffs. And negligee shirts with French double cuffs. Don't miss them. A special purchase of 500 blanket robes, in navy blue, brown, green and maroon grounds, with figures and borders to match. Ideal for Christmas giving or for your immediate use. Broadway Saks & Company at 54th Street

WHY PLYMOUTH WAS CUT OUT. Hamburg-American Line Wants Imporator to Make Quicker Time. Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. LONDON, Nov. 28.—The Hamburg-American Line denied to-day that it has cut out Plymouth as a port of call for the Imperator on account of naval objections, explaining that it merely wishes a quicker connection between Hamburg and New York and Cherbourg. NEW TANK FOR MEXICAN TRADE. 15,000 Ton Steamer San Hilario Launched at Jarrow. LONDON, Nov. 28.—The oil tank steamer San Hilario, one of ten large tank steamers which are being constructed to the order of the Eagle Oil Transport Company, Ltd., for the transport of oil from Mexican oil fields, was successfully launched at Jarrow to-day. The launching ceremony was performed by Mrs. Herbert J. Carr, wife of a New York director of the Anglo-Mexican Petroleum Products Company, Ltd. This company is the sales organization engaged in the export of Mexican petroleum products. The San Hilario carries 15,000 tons dead weight and is constructed in accordance with Lloyd's highest class and under their special survey for the carriage of oil in bulk. The vessel is also built in accordance with the latest requirements for the Suez Canal and the Board of Trade regulations. Her length is 550 feet and she is fitted with wireless. BELFAST, Nov. 28.—The Missouri, the second of a trio of large freight carriers for the Atlantic Transport Line's Baltimore-London-Havre-Antwerp service, which was launched here yesterday, is fitted so as to burn oil fuel. Her sister ship, Mississippi, now nearly ready to take the ways, is being supplied with a completed Diesel oil burning system. ART SALES AND EXHIBITIONS. EARLY CHINESE PAINTINGS, POTTERIES, BRONZES, collected by MR. A. W. BAHR Now on View MONTROSS GALLERY 550 FIFTH AVENUE Above 45th Street