

HUERTA ANGRY OVER MESSAGE

Bitterly Denounces Note While Dining in Public Restaurant.

REPLY IS EXPECTED

Fletcher Warns Rebels Near Tampico Not to Attack Port.

MANN TALKS OF WAR

Measure Authorizing Volunteer Army Is Rushed Through the House.

Despatches from Mexico city report that Gen. Huerta has been greatly angered by President Wilson's message.

Much excitement was created by the message in Vera Cruz, where copies were given out by the American Consulate and by John Lind.

Representative Mann declared yesterday in the House that the policy adopted by President Wilson toward Mexico would inevitably lead to war.

Special importance was attached to the statement made by the Republican leader by the unexpected passage of the Hay bill, authorizing President Wilson to organize a volunteer army.

Gen. Tanco Villa left Juarez yesterday with three train loads of troops and artillery. The rebel commander declared that he would eat his Christmas dinner in Mexico city.

HUERTA ANGERED BY NOTE.

Executive Bitterly Resents Being Called a Usurper.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Mexico City, Dec. 3.—President Huerta has been intensely angered by President Wilson's message to Congress regarding Mexico. He is particularly embittered by President Wilson's reference to him as a usurper.

Minister of Public Works Lozano, dining with President Huerta in a restaurant this evening attracted attention by his loud and bitter criticism of the tone of the message.

It is understood that all passenger traffic on the national railroads will be suspended this week, as the roads cannot get oil for fuel.

Military trains from Zacatecas to Fresnillo en route to Torreon, have arrived within six miles of Fresnillo. This is taken to indicate that a Federal attack on Fresnillo or the evacuation of the city by the rebels is near.

News from the north is to the effect that the rebels are meeting with continued success in their march to the south. Friends of Gen. Villa say he will be in Mexico city by New Year's Day.

Fletcher Warns Rebels.

A strong rebel force is reported at Gonzalez, between Victoria and Tampico. It is believed that these rebels are contemplating an attack on Tampico.

The rebel force which is lying outside of Tampico has been advised by Rear Admiral Fletcher not to attack the town. The American Admiral pointed out to the rebel commander the bad position in which he and his men would place themselves before the civilized world should they begin an attack upon the gulf port.

The longshoremen's strike which has been progressing at Tampico was practically settled to-day and some of the men are returning to work.

Several specialists arriving from the city of Victoria describe the capture of the rebels had from 6,000 to 8,000 men. The rebels fought bravely and the rebels committed no excesses.

Many refugees from Victoria travelled toward Tampico and the rebels protected them during their flight to a point near the coast.

The Department of War and Interior reported today to the Mexican Congress the use made by the Executive of the dictatorial powers in matters regarding those branches of the Government.

Carrazas at Culiacan. It is reported here that Venustiano Carrazas has made his headquarters at Culiacan, capital of the State of Sinaloa, from which city he has issued a proclamation to all Mexican Congressmen who have not been imprisoned by Gen. Huerta bidding them to convene in Culiacan and organize a Congressional body. It is

HUERTA DENIES DEFEATS.

Says Cities Were Evacuated in Accordance With His Plan.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Paris, Dec. 4.—Le Matin publishes a cable dispatch this morning from President Huerta saying that the reports of rebel successes at Juarez, Victoria and Culiacan are untrue.

He explains the fact that these cities are in the hands of the rebels by the assertion that it was part of the Government's general military plan to evacuate them.

DICTIONARY WILL REPLY.

Mexican Commander at Vera Cruz Makes Prediction.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Vera Cruz, Dec. 3.—President Wilson's message to Congress is causing much comment here to-day. The American Consulate gave out copies.

John Lind, Mr. Wilson's special envoy, gave out copies of the message to the Mexican reporters. This was evidently intended as a joke, as Mr. Lind was well aware of the fact that the Mexicans would be unable to understand it.

The military commander of Vera Cruz expressed himself to-night as being highly indignant over the attitude assumed by President Wilson. He predicted that Gen. Huerta would reply in no uncertain way.

M'GUIRE DENIES CHARGE AND DENOUNCES CONDUIT

Ex-Mayor of Syracuse Accused in Asphalt Case Sails for New York.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Havana, Dec. 3.—James K. McGuire, the former Mayor of Syracuse, N. Y., who has been indicted by the New York county Grand Jury on a charge of having solicited a campaign contribution from a corporation, arrived here this afternoon from San Juan, P. R.

He was accompanied by Thomas Hassett, who was formerly the confidential agent of John A. Buel, State Engineer of New York. Mr. Hassett has been accused before Chief Magistrate McAdoo in New York of having received from Madison R. Aldrich, a Foughkeepsie contractor, a bribe of \$1,500 to get the contractor's highway estimates passed.

Both men will leave to-morrow for New York via Key West.

McGuire declared that the present attack upon him was due solely to the anonymous but powerful charge that I was in a conspiracy with Gov. Sulzer, the subject of asphalt was never mentioned by me to Sulzer, and I can easily prove that I was not in Cooperstown on the date he asserts, or any other date.

McAdoo expects income tax to make up for deficits.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—Estimates of revenue for the fiscal year ending June 30 next in Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo's annual report give the latest information as to what the Wilson Administration expects from the new tariff law.

The Secretary estimates that for the twelve months ending with next June the customs revenues will amount to \$270,000,000, or \$74,400,000 less than under the Payne-Aldrich law in the preceding fiscal year.

Mr. McAdoo figures, however, that the Government will receive from internal revenue \$407,000,000, or \$62,500,000 more than in the previous twelve months.

This marked increase in internal revenue receipts will result from the new income tax. Secretary McAdoo estimates that this tax will yield \$54,000,000 from individuals and \$32,000,000 from corporations in the present fiscal year, but this will be reduced by an \$8,000,000 compensatory reduction in the corporation excise tax, which has been superseded by the income tax.

The Secretary believes that the revenue from the new tariff law will be ample to meet the Government's expenditure, with a big margin of surplus.

The customs receipts for November fell off about \$4,500,000 from the corresponding month of last year. A similar reduction in other months would mean a loss of about \$50,000,000 a year.

WILSON HAS COLD IN HEAD.

Remains Indoors All Day on Advice of Physicians.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A cold in the head confined President Wilson to the White House to-day. The President was obliged to cancel his engagement to speak before the Rivers and Harbors Congress.

The President on the advice of Dr. Grayson, his physician, remained in bed during the morning, but was up and about the White House in the afternoon.

15,000 HOMELESS IN TEXAS.

Troops Ordered Out to Prevent Looting in Flooded Territory.

DALLAS, Tex., Dec. 3.—Nearly 15,000 persons are homeless as a result of the flood in central Texas, caused by torrential rains, which began Monday night and still continue.

Practically all the lowlands in a territory 200 miles long and 100 miles wide are under water. The situation has become dangerous. Rumors of loss of life have not been verified, but the total probably will exceed ten.

The military companies stationed at Waco have been ordered on duty by Gov. Coghlin and ball cartridges have been issued to the guardsmen for use in the event of looting. So far there has been no disorder.

INCOME TAX FAVORS RICH, SAYS COCKRAN

Attacks Measure as Invalid in Test Suit for Elsie De Wolfe.

POINTS OUT INJUSTICE

Sees \$750,000,000 Revenue if Very Rich Bear Burden Now Put on Others.

A complaint attacking the constitutionality of the new income tax was filed yesterday in the United States Court for the Northern District of Illinois by W. Bourke Cockran, acting as counsel for Elsie De Wolfe.

The complaint alleges that the new law is not uniform throughout the United States as required by section 8, Article I of the Constitution, and that the tax "grossly violates every element of equality before the law."

One of a good many interesting charges against the tax is that it discriminates against persons possessing a moderately comfortable income and in favor of those who enjoy incomes of such size that they cannot spend what they have.

Again it is set forth that the tax is imposed on but 423,000 persons out of a population of some 90,000,000, and the "said persons or class on whom it is thus attempted to impose said tax have never consented to its imposition."

Trust Company Is Defendant.

The attorneys of record are Fiske & Ryner, a Chicago firm. The defendant in the case is the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank, a corporation organized under the laws of Illinois. The plaintiff is a resident of New York State, residing at Versailles, France.

The complaint is based on the refusal of the Continental and Commercial Trust and Savings Bank to pay coupons on bonds of the Appalachian Power Company, a Virginia corporation, because the plaintiff declined to sign a certificate prescribed by the United States Government stating whether or not she claimed exemption from the tax levied against certain incomes by the income tax. The action is brought under paragraph 5, section 14, chapter 2 of the Judicial Code.

The reasons why the tax "violates every element of equality" are summarized in the complaint as follows: "The income of the plaintiff being over \$20,000 a year, she is liable not merely to a tax of one per cent, upon her whole income in excess of \$10,000, but she is subject to an additional tax or penalty of one per cent, on that portion of her income which may exceed \$20,000, but is less than \$50,000; an additional one per cent, on all income which may exceed \$50,000 but is less than \$75,000, and an additional one per cent, on all income which may exceed \$75,000 but is less than \$100,000.

Says Very Rich Are Favored.

"On the other hand, persons with incomes exceeding \$100,000 are taxed but an additional 1 per cent, on the whole excess up to \$250,000—that is to say, on such excess they would be required to pay but one-sixth of the rate levied on plaintiff, whose income is less than \$100,000; those persons whose incomes exceed \$250,000 a year are taxed but 1 per cent, on the whole excess up to \$500,000—that is to say, they are required to pay but one-tenth of the rate levied on plaintiff, and those persons with incomes exceeding \$500,000 are subject to a penalty of but 1 per cent, additional no matter how great may be the annual revenues enjoyed by them, whereas, if all persons whose incomes exceed \$100,000 a year were taxed in the same proportion as plaintiff, those with incomes of \$250,000 would be subject not to the additional penalty of 5 per cent, which this statute imposes on them, but to a penalty of 10 per cent; those with incomes of \$500,000 a year would be subject not to a penalty of 6 per cent, which this statute imposes on them, but to a penalty of 20 per cent; those with incomes of \$1,000,000 a year would be subject not to a penalty of 7 per cent, which this statute imposes on them, but to a penalty of 40 per cent; those with incomes of \$2,500,000 and over, instead of being subject to a penalty of 7 per cent, which this statute imposes on them, would be compelled to pay a penalty of 100 per cent, that is to say, they would be required to pay the entire excess of their income over \$2,500,000 a year into the public treasury."

Might Raise \$750,000,000.

The complaint proceeds in this way: "Plaintiff further alleges on information and belief that the total revenue which would be yielded annually by this proposed income tax, if it were actually levied, would not exceed \$80,000,000, while if the tax sought to be imposed on plaintiff were made uniform upon all persons the total revenues derived would exceed \$750,000,000 annually—a sum sufficient to defray practically the whole expenses of the Government, and thus liberate the people of these United States from any further taxation whatever for Federal purposes."

"Plaintiff therefore alleges that in penalizing with such severity incomes such as hers, while allowing possessors of incomes exceeding \$500,000 to escape with such a wholly disproportionate penalty, this alleged income tax undertakes to deprive plaintiff of her property without due process of law, contrary to the Fifth Amendment of the Constitution, and undertakes to deny her equal protection of the laws, contrary to the Fourteenth Amendment, in that it discriminates unjustly against those who gain their incomes from industrial pursuits which necessarily benefit the community, and in favor of persons who neither toil nor spin, yet who on account of their enormous possessions necessarily require the largest and most frequent exercise of its powers by government for protection of their property rights."

WAR CHIEF ROUSES REICHSTAG TO FURY

Motion for "Lack of Confidence" Follows Stormy Debate on Zabern Riots.

Gen. von Falkenhayn Unmoved by Angry Shouts of His Opponents.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Berlin, Dec. 3.—The Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, and the Minister of War, Gen. von Falkenhayn, told the Reichstag to-day that the Government upholds the action of the German troops in Alsace in defending themselves from the Francophile populace.

The speech of the Minister of War, who has just returned from Bonn, provoked the stormy debate. Both the Imperial Chancellor and the Minister of War said that the authority of the mailed fist will be maintained in the German Empire at whatever cost and that agitators, whether in the press or in the Reichstag, cannot intimidate the Government. The keynote of the War Minister's speech was that the officers of the army have the right to defend themselves from insults of the populace if the civil authorities neglect to act.

Gen. von Falkenhayn's words turned the session of the Reichstag into the most tumultuous since the colonial debates in 1898. The press has not been so stirred since the announcement of the Kaiser's interview on armaments in the Daily Telegraph in October, 1908, indicating that Germany viewed the growth of Japan as presaging a war between the two countries.

PLUMBING THIEVES GOT \$100,000 IN LAST YEAR

Situation So Serious Contractors Complain to Waldo, Who Promises Relief.

A new form of organized thievery has been discovered. For the last twelve months a gang has been operating in new buildings and has stolen plumbing fixtures valued at more than \$100,000.

The situation for contractors became so serious that the department committee of master plumbers visited Police Commissioner Waldo on Tuesday and complained to him of the losses reported.

Commissioner Waldo was much interested in what the contractors had to say, as he had believed that the average theft of plumbing had been due to a lack of small boxes for money to see moving pictures. He promised that he would instruct Commissioner Dougherty to use his best efforts to round up the thieves.

Milton Schneider, head of Milton Schneider & Co., contracting plumbers of 247 Columbus avenue, has reported to the West Thirtieth street station three thefts in the last five weeks and has suffered even more elsewhere. The losses reported to the police by Mr. Schneider are 1000 worth of fittings from the new annex of the Hotel Prince George, 3550 worth from a loft building at 31 East Twenty-eighth street and \$500 worth from a loft building in Thirty-third street near Madison avenue. His losses in the last year in the city have been more than \$15,000.

A member of the committee which visited Commissioner Waldo said last night that until recently, when contractors began to use galvanized fittings extensively, it had not been worth while for the thieves to steal from them. There was lead pipe to be stolen, but it sold for only two cents a pound. Then the contractors began to use fittings which the thieves could sell for 20 cents a pound, and the thieves organized.

"They generally go after the galvanized fittings, brass and nickel plated faucets and tools," he said, "and our losses have been immense. They have a market by selling the stuff to low grade supply houses. The hardest part of the theft is that often the houses which buy the stolen stuff sell it back to us at full market price."

LAWYER PATRICK'S WIFE DYING

She Fought 12 Years to Secure Husband's Release.

TULSA, Okla., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Albert T. Patrick, wife of the central figure in the Rice murder case in New York, is dying in the Tulsa hospital. Physicians say she has only a few days to live.

A surgical examination a year ago in St. Louis showed that recovery was impossible, but she was told her life could be prolonged by a change of climate. At last she was brought to Tulsa, where Patrick has been engaged in the production of oil.

STRAIGHT HOME PLANS FILED.

Dwelling Costing \$200,000 to Be Built at 5th Ave. and 94th Street.

Willard D. Straight and his wife, who was Miss Dorothy Whitney, daughter of the late William C. Whitney, are to have a new home in the upper Fifth avenue section which will cost \$200,000. It is to stand at the north corner of Fifth avenue and Ninety-fourth street, on a plot which Mr. Straight bought recently at a reported price of \$250,000. Delano & Aldrich filed the plans for the building yesterday.

It will be a four story fireproof building, fronting 40 feet on Fifth avenue and 84 feet on the street. The facade will be of brick in Colonial design, ornamented with Ionic columns at the entrance on the avenue. The ground floor will contain a large dining room, reception room, study and main hall, which will be circular, and two circular dressing rooms off the main hall.

JOB HUNTERS STIR PHILOSOPHY.

Applications for 9,000 City Places Make McAneny Quote Hayes.

Borough President McAneny passed on the City Hall steps yesterday when a friend told him of a report that 9,000 applications for jobs under the Mitchell administration had been filed.

"It reminds me," Mr. McAneny said, "of the saying of President Hayes that Carl Schurz used to be fond of repeating: 'Every time you appoint a man to public office you make nine enemies and one ingrate.'"

Mr. McAneny then thoughtfully marched up the steps.

POLAND WATER IN PREFERENCE FOR THE TABLE.

Forecast for 10 Years—Ad.

WAR CHIEF ROUSES REICHSTAG TO FURY

Motion for "Lack of Confidence" Follows Stormy Debate on Zabern Riots.

Gen. von Falkenhayn Unmoved by Angry Shouts of His Opponents.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Berlin, Dec. 3.—The Imperial Chancellor, Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, and the Minister of War, Gen. von Falkenhayn, told the Reichstag to-day that the Government upholds the action of the German troops in Alsace in defending themselves from the Francophile populace.

The speech of the Minister of War, who has just returned from Bonn, provoked the stormy debate. Both the Imperial Chancellor and the Minister of War said that the authority of the mailed fist will be maintained in the German Empire at whatever cost and that agitators, whether in the press or in the Reichstag, cannot intimidate the Government. The keynote of the War Minister's speech was that the officers of the army have the right to defend themselves from insults of the populace if the civil authorities neglect to act.

Gen. von Falkenhayn's words turned the session of the Reichstag into the most tumultuous since the colonial debates in 1898. The press has not been so stirred since the announcement of the Kaiser's interview on armaments in the Daily Telegraph in October, 1908, indicating that Germany viewed the growth of Japan as presaging a war between the two countries.

PLUMBING THIEVES GOT \$100,000 IN LAST YEAR

Situation So Serious Contractors Complain to Waldo, Who Promises Relief.

A new form of organized thievery has been discovered. For the last twelve months a gang has been operating in new buildings and has stolen plumbing fixtures valued at more than \$100,000.

The situation for contractors became so serious that the department committee of master plumbers visited Police Commissioner Waldo on Tuesday and complained to him of the losses reported.

Commissioner Waldo was much interested in what the contractors had to say, as he had believed that the average theft of plumbing had been due to a lack of small boxes for money to see moving pictures. He promised that he would instruct Commissioner Dougherty to use his best efforts to round up the thieves.

Milton Schneider, head of Milton Schneider & Co., contracting plumbers of 247 Columbus avenue, has reported to the West Thirtieth street station three thefts in the last five weeks and has suffered even more elsewhere. The losses reported to the police by Mr. Schneider are 1000 worth of fittings from the new annex of the Hotel Prince George, 3550 worth from a loft building at 31 East Twenty-eighth street and \$500 worth from a loft building in Thirty-third street near Madison avenue. His losses in the last year in the city have been more than \$15,000.

A member of the committee which visited Commissioner Waldo said last night that until recently, when contractors began to use galvanized fittings extensively, it had not been worth while for the thieves to steal from them. There was lead pipe to be stolen, but it sold for only two cents a pound. Then the contractors began to use fittings which the thieves could sell for 20 cents a pound, and the thieves organized.

"They generally go after the galvanized fittings, brass and nickel plated faucets and tools," he said, "and our losses have been immense. They have a market by selling the stuff to low grade supply houses. The hardest part of the theft is that often the houses which buy the stolen stuff sell it back to us at full market price."

LAWYER PATRICK'S WIFE DYING

She Fought 12 Years to Secure Husband's Release.

TULSA, Okla., Dec. 3.—Mrs. Albert T. Patrick, wife of the central figure in the Rice murder case in New York, is dying in the Tulsa hospital. Physicians say she has only a few days to live.

A surgical examination a year ago in St. Louis showed that recovery was impossible, but she was told her life could be prolonged by a change of climate. At last she was brought to Tulsa, where Patrick has been engaged in the production of oil.

STRAIGHT HOME PLANS FILED.

Dwelling Costing \$200,000 to Be Built at 5th Ave. and 94th Street.

Willard D. Straight and his wife, who was Miss Dorothy Whitney, daughter of the late William C. Whitney, are to have a new home in the upper Fifth avenue section which will cost \$200,000. It is to stand at the north corner of Fifth avenue and Ninety-fourth street, on a plot which Mr. Straight bought recently at a reported price of \$250,000. Delano & Aldrich filed the plans for the building yesterday.

It will be a four story fireproof building, fronting 40 feet on Fifth avenue and 84 feet on the street. The facade will be of brick in Colonial design, ornamented with Ionic columns at the entrance on the avenue. The ground floor will contain a large dining room, reception room, study and main hall, which will be circular, and two circular dressing rooms off the main hall.

JOB HUNTERS STIR PHILOSOPHY.

Applications for 9,000 City Places Make McAneny Quote Hayes.

Borough President McAneny passed on the City Hall steps yesterday when a friend told him of a report that 9,000 applications for jobs under the Mitchell administration had been filed.

"It reminds me," Mr. McAneny said, "of the saying of President Hayes that Carl Schurz used to be fond of repeating: 'Every time you appoint a man to public office you make nine enemies and one ingrate.'"

Mr. McAneny then thoughtfully marched up the steps.

POLAND WATER IN PREFERENCE FOR THE TABLE.

Forecast for 10 Years—Ad.

TO IDENTIFY MAN BY VEINS.

Italian Professor Proposes Substitute to the Bertillon System.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Rome, Dec. 3.—Prof. Tarnassia of the University of Padua advocates the adoption of an identification system the basis of which is the photographing of the veins of the hands.

He says the most recent novice can detect variations, while long training is necessary to distinguish differences in finger prints.

MONROE DOCTRINE A "BLUFF."

Very Good, and It Won, Says Morgan Schuster at Banquet.

BOSTON, Dec. 3.—At a dinner of the Economic Club to-night various speakers discussed the Monroe Doctrine. W. Morgan Schuster said in regard to it: "President Monroe took the chance of making a bluff. It was a very good bluff, and has achieved the renown and reverence which all successful bluffs attain."

C. P. R. INSURED FOR \$100,000,000

Largest Deal of Its Kind Near Consumption in Montreal.

MONTREAL, Dec. 3.—What is said to be the largest single insurance deal ever put through in the world is to be consummated by a Canadian firm to-morrow. The policy is for upward of \$100,000,000, and the property being insured is valued at from \$112,000,000 to \$115,000,000 and belongs to the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Sir Thomas Shaughnessy, president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, told the Montreal correspondent of THE SUN to-day that the deal would be completed by to-morrow, but he declined to give the names of the syndicates handling the business.

PRINCE OF WIED TO BE KING.

Powers Agree to His Assumption of Albanian Throne.

BERLIN, Dec. 3.—All the European Powers have given their consent to the assumption of the Albanian throne by Prince William of Wied. The Prince is the head of the house of Wied. He was born in 1872. He is the son of William, the fifth Prince of Wied, who died on October 22, 1907, at the age of 62 years.

STUDENTS OUT FOR RISQUE ART.

Faculty Suspends Editor and Artist of "Cornell Widow."

ITHACA, N. Y., Dec. 3.—Austin G. Parker, editor of the Cornell Widow, a magazine published by the students, and Archibald M. Johnston of Pittsburg, artist for the publication, have been dropped temporarily from the university because of the publication of a so-called "temptation number" a few weeks ago.

While there is a strong sentiment against the students' punishment the faculty committee on student affairs has decided that Parker, who is a senior, should be suspended until next September and that Johnston should be placed on probation for the rest of the year.

The offenses charged have not been made public, but it is understood that certain cartoons, illustrations and some of the reading matter did not meet with the approval of the Somerset Y. the students' temperance society, the local W. C. T. U., some women's organizations and certain elderly members of the faculty.

CHARGES HETCH HETCHY LOBBY

Senator Works Says Gifford Pinchot Is Working for Hill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—The Senate continued the consideration of the Hetch Hetchy bill to-day. Senator Works charged that Gifford Pinchot was haunting the corridors of the Senate lobbying for the bill. This prompted Senator Thomas to make the counter charge that Theodore E. Bell of San Francisco was present lobbying against the bill.

"It has occurred to me," said Senator Kenyon of Iowa, "that the Senate lobby committee ought to assemble and investigate the activities of the lobbyists for and against the legislation."

Both Gifford Pinchot and Theodore E. Bell were in the Senate marble room to-day interviewing Senators.

KAISER DEFENDS MUSTACHE.

"A Real Man Wears One," He Is Quoted as Saying.

Special Cable Despatch to The Sun. Berlin, Dec. 3.—A Berlin newspaper says the Kaiser is not in favor of the growing custom among army officers of shaving off the mustache.

He is quoted as saying: "A real man wears a mustache."

WASHER AGENT PUT IN JAIL.

Woman Wants to Keep Him There Until She Gets Back \$5,000.

The vacuum clothes washer game, which consists in selling agencies to persons who think they will make a fortune, resulted in the arrest yesterday of Charles J. Tappan, an agent who sold a contract to Mrs. Maud C. Packer for \$5,000.

Mrs. Packer had Tappan locked up in Ludlow street jail in a suit to recover the money she paid. She says she was induced to believe that she could sell the vacuum washers for \$2.50 each, and that her contract called for 1,667 washers. After she had spent \$762 trying to sell them she found that department stores were competing with her at 45 cents.</