DR. SHAW REELECTED SUFFRAGIST LEADER

Women in National Convention Also Make Changes in Constitution.

NEW PUBLISHING HOUSE

Plant Will Be in New York—Mrs. Belmont Leaves After Rebuff.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The reelection of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw as president and the reframing of their constitution was the chief business to-day at the annual convention ofthe National Association of Suffragists.

A resolution by Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont of New York to transfer the central offices of the national association from New York to Washington failed to arouse any sentiment in its favor, so its maker withdrew it. Then Mrs. Belmont left Washington early this afternoon.

The illness of President Wilson probably will prevent the suffragist delegation from calling on him to-morrow to get his attitude toward the "cause."

Officers Are Elected.

Other officers elected to-day were: Miss Jane Addams of Chicago, reelected first vice-president; Mrs. Desha Breckenridge of Kentucky, second vice-president, in place of Miss Charlotte Anita Whitney, who has retired; Miss Caroline Ruutz-Reese of Connecticut, third vice-president; Mrs. Mary Ware Dennett, corresponding secretary; Mrs. Susan W. Fitzgerald of Boston, recording secretary; Mrs. Katharine Dexter McCormick of New York, treasurer, and Mrs. Harriett Burton Laidlaw of New York, and Mrs. Louise De Koven Bowen of Chicago, auditors.

The convention to-night controverted the prophecies of its detractors by writing into the organic law of the organzation a revised constitution framed along business lines which will lift out of the realm of speculation and into the dominion of certainties the business conduct of the suffrage organization in the United States.

Failing on Tuesday to obtain consideration for the reframed constitution the delegates devoted themselves to the business of writing into the old constitution the essential factors of business improvements which the older constitution lacked.

Must Pay 5 Per Cent.

They forced into the reframed constitution provision that affiliated organizations shall hereafter pay into the treasury of the national association for the support of those movements conducted on a national scale 5 per cent. of the annual budgets of these affiliated organizations. They provided for a graduated contribution from the major component organizations of the national body in excess of the normal 5 per cent.

The publication business of the association was placed upon a business basis. Provision was made for the incorporation of a $50,000 publishing concern to be incorporated under the laws of the State of New York which will take over the publication of suffragist literature of all sorts, so that in the future State organizations and associated bodies interested in the suffragist movement may find a ready and defined supply of the necessary printed matter wherever wanted.

The successful incorporation of the new publishing concern is assured from the start, according to the delegates. Immediately it became a certainty that the incorporation scheme would go through pledges of subscriptions were rushed in.

At the adjournment of the convention to-night more than $10,000 had been subscribed.

ANTIS ARGUE AGAINST VOTE.

Toll House Committee Movement Will Disrupt Family.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The opponents of woman suffrage had their innings before the House Committee on Rules to-day. Mrs. A. M. Dodge of New York, president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, conducted the hearing and introduced the speakers, who outnumbered those who yesterday presented arguments in favor of creating a committee on woman's suffrage in the House of Representatives.

The speakers included Miss Alice Hill Chittenden, president of the New York State Association Opposed to Equal Suffrage; Mrs. Robin Garrett of Baltimore, head of the Maryland association for similar purpose; Mrs. E. H. Talbott of Dayton, Ohio; Mrs. Andrew J. George of Boston, Miss Alice E. Abell of New York, Miss Alice Buck of Trenton, Miss Lucy Price of Cleveland, Miss Julia M. Harding of Pittsburg, Miss Emeline Pitt of Pittsburg, Mrs. Frank Goodwin of the District of Columbia, Miss Eliza Armstrong of Pittsburg and Miss Ella Dorsey of Washington.

The most elaborate argument against the extension of suffrage to women was presented by Mrs. A. J. George. She quoted almost exclusively from the spoken and written words of the suffragists. She charged that there was an interrelation between the suffragist, the militant suffragist and the Socialist movements so intimate that work in one cause found its reciprocal in the effect of all upon the public mind and conscience.

Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, president of the suffragist convention now in session here, according to Mrs. George, has welcomed into the ranks of the suffragists the Debs Socialists. She said:

"At Harrisburg I had occasion to call Dr. Shaw's attention to the fact that in the parade of March 3 in Washington there was a considerable contingent of the parade marching under the red flag with an inscription on the banner "One million Socialists in the United States work and vote for woman suffrage."

"Again, Daniel de Leon, a Socialist writer, not a Fabian, but a proponent of revolution, says: 'Woman suffrage is an integral splinter in the torch that lights the pathway to social revolution.'"

Mrs. George then turned to the writing of the suffragists with a view to showing the basic tendency of the feminist movement to be in the direction of the disruption of the family, the destruction of the basis of the State. From Dora Marsden, in *Boudwomen*, she quoted:

"The free woman's concern is to see to it that she shall be in a position to bear children if she wants them without soliciting maintenance from any man, whoever he may be, and this she can only do if she is earning money for herself or is provided for out of some common fund for a limited time."

But what astonished the committee was a quotation from the leader of the international woman suffrage movement, Mrs. Carrie Chapman Lane Catt. Mrs. George was quoting from an article by Mrs. Catt in *Collier's Weekly*, published in 1901, in which the distinguished suffrage leader asked:

"If woman possesses ability, great or small, talent, genius, loyal ideals, should she contribute these directly to the world's welfare or through the doubtful channels of influencing her husband and children?"

Miss Lucy Price of Cleveland related that the voting statistics of Cleveland showed that in the school elections the women in the lower avocations voted exactly as their husbands told them to vote and that the better educated had voted independently.

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NAVAL HOLIDAY MOTION PROVOKES BIG DEBATE

Three Hours' Battle on Hensley Resolution Results in No Action.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Debate was resumed in the House to-day on the Hensley resolution requesting the President to propose to the Powers a holiday of a year in the construction of armaments.

The discussion was waged by pro-navy men and "small navy" members, who battled for three hours without result. The indications are that the Hensley resolution will be adopted before the holidays. It was brought out to-day that since the passage of the new tariff law a number of steel mills have either closed their doors or reduced production.

A long speech in advocacy of the resolution was made by Representative Sisson of Mississippi, a Democratic member of the Appropriations Committee. He urged its adoption as a measure of economy.

Representatives Moore of Pennsylvania and Stevens of Minnesota, Republicans, vigorously opposed the resolution. Mr. Moore declared that the proposal would result in no good as an agency in the promotion of international peace. Mr. Stevens, who travelled in Europe last summer, thought that the measure if adopted would be ridiculed abroad.

Mr. Moore aroused the Democrats when he declared that the Bethlehem steel works had been compelled to dispense with the services of a large number of its employees and that the manufacturing industries generally were suffering from lack of business. He added that applications for positions had been made to members of Congress by employees of the Bethlehem concern.

Representative Palmer of Pennsylvania vehemently denied Mr. Moore's assertion. He admitted that the steel company had dispensed with the services of a few men, but said that the changes were seasonal, not financial.

Amendment of the Hensley resolution is desired by Secretary Daniels.

Such amendment on the Hensley resolution, Secretary Daniels believes, may take place when the measure reaches the Senate. At present the resolution merely expresses approval of the suggestion for a naval holiday and does not provide that anything definite shall be done about it.

LAND FOR MOTHERS' HOME.

Mrs. Randolph Muller's Gift Aids Plan Mrs. Sayre Advocated.

The home for Expectant Mothers, in which Mrs. Robert H. Sayre, mother of President Wilson's son-in-law, has shown great interest, has received a gift of two acres of land to be used for a site. The donor is Mrs. Rudolph A. Muller, president of the New York State Suffrage Association, who offers part of her 200 acre estate, Castle Hill, at Monticello, N. Y.

Mrs. Muller does not limit her gift to the two acres, but will add whatever ground may be necessary to the growth of the home. She will also donate the milk, fruit and vegetables required from her own estate.

The home will be begun with a main building containing a kitchen, dining room and sitting room for the guests, supplemented by wide verandas with sleeping porches above. Each guest will have her own room during her month's stay.

Upon her return to her home she will still be under the care of the Pre-Natal Feeding Association, which will either establish a chain of restaurants where mothers may get their lunches, or will send visiting nurses to their homes to see that they get the proper food there.

"The question of the feasibility of the restaurants is to be decided at a private meeting very soon," said Miss A. Mabel Parker, president of the Babies Aid and Welfare Association, from which the idea of the home has grown. "We shall organize and elect officers at that meeting."

TO PASS MONEY BILL BEFORE CHRISTMAS

Senator Smoot Believes It Will Be Through Senate by December 21.

REPUBLICANS FOR ACTION

Cummins Attacks the Caucus System—No Vote Yet on Kern Resolution.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—It seems probable now that the currency bill will be passed by the Senate before Christmas.

"It is my judgment that the bill will go through the Senate not later than December 21," said Senator Smoot, one of the leading members on the Republican side. Senator Smoot's opinion was shared generally to-day by other conservative Republican leaders.

The Senate was unable to reach an agreement to-day on the Kern resolution providing for day and night sessions to consider the bill.

It is likely that the Republicans would have allowed the Kern resolution to pass to-day had it not been for a violent attack on the Republicans by Senator Owen.

He charged that Republicans had been calling for a quorum in the Senate simply to delay the consideration of the resolution and to embarrass the Democrats. He further charged that Senator Gallinger had demanded a quorum at a time when the roll call showed that there were fifty-six Senators present.

This brought Mr. Gallinger to his feet in emphatic protest. He declared that but for the rules of the Senate he would characterize Senator Owen's statement in language that it deserved.

The partisan debate was one of the most acrimonious heard in the Senate in a long time. Senator Gallinger accused Senator Owen of having made a long speech in the closing hours of the last session of Congress to kill the Statehood bill admitting New Mexico and Arizona to the Union, but Mr. Owen retorted that his obstruction was justified by the fact that the Statehood bill, as proposed, would have deprived the people of Arizona and New Mexico of the privilege of local self-government.

"The Senator from Oklahoma ought to be willing to concede that equally beneficent results might flow from the freedom of debate permitted under the rules of the Senate on other measures," said Senator Gallinger.

Republican leaders are unwilling to be put in the attitude of obstructing the passage of the currency bill. They believe that the business interests of the country are anxious that the currency legislation be passed.

They are not willing to concede that relief will come by the passing of the currency bill as the Democrats have framed it, but they will not stand in the way of its passage.

Senator Cummins of Iowa was a central figure in to-day's debate. He made a vigorous attack on what he characterized as "caucus legislation."

"I make no complaint against the proposed resolution," said Senator Cummins. "It is a logical outcome of the system adopted by the Democratic majority for legislating. It will be still more logical if it provided for a continuous session of the Senate twenty-four hours of the day. I say this seriously because if I understand the situation correctly there is to be no real debate on the banking and currency bill.

"My protest is against the caucus system, and I intend to record it now, as I have recorded it before. The real legislation of this body is now taking place in a Democratic caucus. I think a debate on this measure is a pure farce and I hesitate to participate in it. I do not like to give it the color of actual deliberation when we all know the period of deliberation has passed.

"With the exception, as we are informed by the newspapers, of two Senators on the other side, there is not an open mind in the Democratic majority. There is not a single Senator who would vote to amend the bill in any respect on this floor without referring the amendment to the caucus of the party.

"As there is no room for debate, as minds are not open and consideration cannot be changed, the sooner we reach a vote on the bill the better it will be for the people of the country."

WHITE VASE BRINGS $1,000.

Lively Bidding at the Sale of the John H. Webster Collection.

The sale of the Oriental art collections of John H. Webster began yesterday at the Anderson auction rooms and excited lively bidding. The highest price of the day was paid for a pure white vase that was considered by many to be the gem among the porcelains. It is very fine in outline, oviform and entirely covered with a finely incised rice pattern. It is of the Kang Hsi period. The buyer was J. R. Pope and the price an even $1,000.

Mr. Pope bought two other porcelains, paying $425 for a temple jar with teakwood cover and stand of the Kang Hsi period, and $295 for a graceful long necked, bottle shaped vase with incised pale blue dragons on white.

W. Lilvik paid $975 for a bottle shaped vase of the Kang Hsi period with an apple green glaze, and $100 for a blue and white temple jar. R. G. L. Fearing paid $900 for a Ming Lang Yao vase with deep strawberry glaze, shading to deep peach on a crackle ground, and $650 for a globe shaped temple jar with carved decoration in high relief of chrysanthemums and peonies.

Other sales were: A club shaped vase with "hundred antiques" decoration in green, black and yellow enamels to Weldon Skinner for $575; a Satsuma vase dated 1700 to Mr. Skinner for $175, a famille-verte ginger jar to Mr. Cleveland for $225 and a Roseback plate of the Yung Ching period to W. C. Hutchins for $160.

The total for the two sessions of the sale was $12,639. The auction continues to-day.

DR. LOEB'S PORTRAIT UNVEILED.

Tributes Paid at New York University to Chemist's Memory.

A portrait of Dr. Morris Loeb was unveiled yesterday in the Gould Memorial Library at New York University. Tributes to Dr. Loeb's memory were paid by Chancellor Brown, who accepted the portrait, by Dr. Arthur E. Hill and by Dr. Charles Baskerville of the City College.

Dr. Hill told of Dr. Loeb's work in the university from 1891 to 1906 and dwelt on the thought Dr. Loeb devoted to the planning and equipping of the Havemeyer Laboratory. Dr. Loeb was head of the department of chemistry and director of the laboratory.

"Prof. Morris Loeb was a practical idealist, who spent generously of his energy in forwarding pure science and high educational standards. His rare, fine character stands out as a superb model for other wealthy men and especially as a model for rich men's sons to pattern after,' Dr. Baskerville said.

TAMMANY REFORM BY TAMMANY MEN

Move Started by Recent Declaration of City Judge O'Dwyer.

A hot insurgent speech which City Court Judge Edward F. O'Dwyer made at the National Democratic Club on Tuesday night just after his election to the presidency of that one time stronghold of Richard Croker apparently has put that organization at the forefront of the movement to compel the abdication of Charles F. Murphy from the leadership of Tammany Hall.

Judge O'Dwyer did not mention Mr. Murphy in the speech. He made a plea for "honorable leadership" and said there had got to be a change in methods before the Democracy of New York could be recognized for what it ought to be and is not.

It was learned yesterday that one of the immediate results was the return to membership in the National Democratic Club of ex-Corporation Counsel William B. Ellison, who quit because dissatisfied and who recently suggested to Mr. Murphy that he resign his leadership. He says that many Democrats who have kept out of the club will now join it.

A Democrat who is significantly interested in what Judge O'Dwyer had to say is National Chairman William F. McCombs. Mr. McCombs himself was asked to become president of the National Democratic Club, but pleaded too much other business. He said yesterday that he might issue a statement to-day. He was plainly pleased because Judge O'Dwyer had started so bring that club and its many members into line with the purposes of President Wilson and the party nationally.

Mr. Murphy is a member of the club. Its constant policy has been to permit the discussion of national affairs. There is reason to believe that hereafter State and city politics will be the chief topic.

Must Be Change of Management.

Judge O'Dwyer, who always has been called a "good Tammany man," said yesterday:

"I have no fight with Mr. Murphy, nor am I trying to get into any fight with him, nor have I any personal objection to any one in the leadership of Tammany Hall, but it is evident to me that the party is absolutely divided at present in this city, and that it should be got together.

"I won't go into any movement that has as its object simply the ousting of Mr. Murphy personally. He can stay in the leadership of Tammany Hall as long as he pleases, for all I care, if the changes that are necessary can be brought about without his retirement.

"If Mr. Murphy and his associates show themselves unwilling or incapable to change the present objectionable methods, there is no doubt that they must get out. In my opinion, Gov. Glynn's primary law will discover a leader satisfactory to all factions. The National Democratic Club is strongly in favor of open primaries."

Mr. Ellison said:

"The election of Judge O'Dwyer has already very materially revived an interest in the club, and if the club follows out the line of action promised in his speech of acceptance it will undoubtedly become a very live organization.

"To sum up, were I on the bench I would say, Ellison, J., concurs.

"I understand Judge O'Dwyer's position to be that the Democratic party in this State and city has not had recently the most wise leadership."

AMATEURS IN FRENCH COMEDY.

Alliance Francaise Actors Present "Papa" at Aerial Theatre.

The three act comedy "Papa," by Robert de Flers and G. A. de Caillavet, was presented last night by the members of the Cercle Dramatique of the Alliance Francaise in the aerial theatre on the roof of the New Amsterdam Theatre building.

The cast was composed of amateurs, with the exception of Mme. Passedoit of the French Drama Society and Mme. Yarska of the Theatre Sarah Bernhardt, Paris, who took part in the play "Judith" given at the home of Mrs. Philip M. Lydig last year. Others in the cast were Mme. Marchand and Messrs. Widenstein, Coupard, Lefevre, Denoville, Puel, Gomer, Delepine, Auguste and Weil.

Among the patrons of the society who witnessed last night's performance were the French Consul, Etienne Lanel; Mr. and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn, Capt. Philip M. Lydig, W. Bourke Cockran, Gen. Horace Porter, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence C. Buel, Mr. and Mrs. Lucien L. Bonheur, Mrs. Robert T. Morris, Mrs. Jean Mills, Mrs. Carolina Stetson, Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Stoddard, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Straus, Charles A. Downer, George Heiner and W. A. Taylor.

The play will be repeated to-night and to-morrow evening.

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WILSON IN FIGHT TO DEPOSE MURPHY

Glynn's Visit to Washington Believed to Be in Interest of Movement.

GOVERNOR'S AID SOUGHT

President Follows Precedent Created by Roosevelt in War on Odell.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—There is strong reason to believe that Gov. Glynn's visit to Washington has important bearing on the political situation in New York State and city. It is understood that President Wilson is most anxious to know whether or not he can expect Mr. Glynn's help in cleaning up the Democratic party in the Empire State and putting it in tune with the national Administration. The President has been told that if Glynn will lend his aid the leadership of Charles F. Murphy can be ended soon.

Working in his own way President Wilson has already made two important strategic moves toward the desired end. He has put into offices where patronage is liberal two out and out Wilson men—Dudley Field Malone, Collector of the Port of New York, and H. Otto Wittpenn of Jersey City as Naval Officer of Customs. A third Wilson man, John Purroy Mitchel, is to be Mayor.

It is pretty clear now that this triumvirate has an understanding with President Wilson that they will give no jobs to Murphy men, that a policy of starvation has been determined upon, which is deemed more effective than open warfare.

With Mr. Murphy thus confronted with loss of prestige in the city there remains to him the rich field of State patronage, unless his fodder is cut off there also. Hence the necessity of finding out from Gov. Glynn whether or not his cooperation with the Wilson campaign of strategy may be expected.

Glynn May Succeed Root.

Gov. Glynn has said flatly that he would not be a candidate for Governor again. But if he makes a good record as Governor there is prospect of his advancement.

He had been spoken of as a possible successor to Elihu Root in the United States Senate. He naturally would desire the support of the national Administration and party, but he will not get it if he ties up with Charles F. Murphy.

Mr. Glynn's record as a man who does his own thinking is well known here. As Comptroller of New York he made many appointments probably displeasing to Mr. Murphy, but on the other hand when Mr. Murphy named a man who seemed capable and honest Mr. Glynn gave him a job. The present desire of the Administration seems to be that no Murphy men, good or bad, shall get anything from Gov. Glynn. Glynn must be absolutely independent of Murphy or he and President Wilson cannot be political friends.

If the New York Governor objects to this programme it is believed that a man known to be in sympathy with the President and against Murphy will be entered for the Gubernatorial nomination next year. This man may be Mitchel or he may be Malone.

Governor's Stand Unknown.

Mr. Glynn has not yet said whether or not he stands with the President against Murphy rule. It is supposed that he will not be pressed for an immediate answer. He is trying hard to get important measures through the Legislature before January 1, and for the time being nothing will be done to embarrass him.

The President is mindful of the precedent set by President Roosevelt when he got Gov. Higgins to help him depose Benjamin B. Odell, Jr., from the Republican leadership in New York in 1906. He hopes for the same assistance from Gov. Glynn in regenerating the Democratic State organization without splitting the party.

He has been told that Tammany Hall can be reformed from within if there is also outside pressure, such as will be afforded by cutting off the source of the Murphy supplies. This will be done by putting straight anti-Murphy Democrats in the positions where patronage is dispensed and where laws are made and signed.

EGG BOYCOTT SEEMS WINNER.

Consumption Cut One-half, League Hears—Cut Expected.

Reports received yesterday afternoon by the Greater New York and Suburban Council of the National Housewives League indicate that the consumption of eggs has decreased by one-half since the boycott to obtain the 30 cent egg was begun. Mrs. Julian Heath, president of the league, said the way in which folks are withstanding the temptation to pay current prices for poachable eggs is encouraging. The rank and file, she said, are adopting the cheap egg as their battle cry.

Meanwhile new laid eggs are coming in more bountifully from the West and other sections. The price went down two cents yesterday, and with favorable weather to tempt the barnyard dames dealers said they looked for a big reduction in prices within ten days.

Hope lies in the direction of Tennessee, whence fresh eggs are reported to be on their way to New York. Those who know all about such things say that this stock will probably sell at wholesale for not more than 40 cents a dozen, as against 48 cents at the beginning of this week. This should enable consumers to buy real eggs for 45 cents a dozen.

"Mrs. Waters Liked it as

much as I did." The pastor of the Tompkins Avenue Congregational Church, Brooklyn, wrote that about a new book, "The Way Home." He talks one evening a week to a thousand of his people. One week it was about "The Way Home." And they asked him to talk about it again the next week. This book is a novel by the man who wrote "The Inner Shrine," and it is a big story about single life, married life, and business life.

Here are the Books for Giving:

THE PASSIONATE FRIENDS By H. G. Wells
THE JUDGMENT HOUSE By Sir Gilbert Parker
"PEANUT" By Albert Bigelow Paine
THE IRON TRAIL By Rex Beach
A CHANGED MAN By Thomas Hardy
THE HOUSE OF HAPPINESS By Kate Langley Bosher
THE CORYSTON FAMILY By Mrs. Humphry Ward
PARTNERS By Margaret Deland
THE DESIRED WOMAN By Will N. Harben
FAMILIAR SPANISH TRAVELS By William Dean Howells
THE GOLDEN RULE DOLLIVERS By Margaret Cameron
THE MAIN ROAD By Maude Radford Warren
JOE THE BOOK FARMER By Garrard Harris
BOOK OF INDIAN BRAVES By Kate Dickinson Sweetser
MARK TIDD By Clarence B. Kelland
GULLIVER'S TRAVELS New Illustrated Edition
THIRTY PIECES OF SILVER By Clarence B. Kelland

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