

PROF. TURNER'S NOVEL THEORY OF SUNSPOTS

Formed by Fragments Struck From Saturn's Rings by Meteors.

THESE FALL ON THE SUN

Oxford Astronomer Declares He Got Proof From Chinese Records.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 13.—Herbert Hall Turner, Savilian professor of astronomy at Oxford, has promulgated a novel theory that sun spots are formed by fragments struck from Saturn's rings by meteors known as leonids.

Prof. Turner, in an article in the Times this morning, says it is improbable that the idea has occurred previously to any one and he expects that it will be received with incredulity, but he contends that the evidence in its favor is remarkably strong and easily presentable.

His argument was initially based upon the puzzling irregularities in the well known sun spot cycle of about eleven years. He was led by a study of the irregularities to connect them with leonid showers, "but," he says, "the orbit of leonids is known to keep at respectful distance from the sun and it was not possible to connect them directly with outbursts from the solar surface. Some intermediary was necessary, and the hypothesis was formulated of a subsidiary swarm travelling in an elongated orbit which grazed the sun at perihelion and also passed so near the leonid orbit as to suffer 'perturbations' whenever the leonids came past at the right moment.

"Once this hypothesis was made everything fitted in with the known facts so that the puzzling irregularities of the sun spot cycle were explained in terms of the perturbations by the leonids."

Eventually Prof. Turner came to the conclusion that the subsidiary form was a part of the leonid form, detached by Saturn's action on some favorable occasion. He contends that, extraordinary as it may seem, direct evidence of this is available. Then he shows how he dates these possible encounters between Saturn and the leonids as they are approximately calculable. As modern records are unavailable earlier than 1750 he had recourse to the Chinese, who recorded appearances of large sun spots nearly 2,000 years ago. In the Chinese records he found remarkable clues to the problem. Of the formation of sun spots Prof. Turner says among other things:

"Fragments plunged into the sun's surface at the enormous velocity of 400 miles a second, in a direction opposite to that in which the sun is rotating. It is only natural that they should drive the neighborhood of impact backward a little and hence when we observe the rotation of a spot we are not observing the true rotation of the sun surface, but of the distance. This explains some facts long known but not hitherto understood."

Prof. Turner concludes by saying that it would be premature to regard the hypothesis as finally established, but he contends that it is supported by all facts hitherto examined.

STARTLING MOVE BY RUSSIA.

Proposal to Withdraw All Foreign Troops From Chih-I Province.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PEKIN, Dec. 12.—Russia's proposal to withdraw all the foreign troops from the province of Chih-I, the metropolitan province, where they have been kept since the outbreak which resulted in the downfall of the Manchus, will not be accepted. It is believed here, by any of the Powers.

All the Ministers are consulting their Governments, and it is assumed that they are advising against the withdrawal of the troops. It is held that although foreigners and property have been scrupulously respected since the revolution this has been largely due to the presence of the foreign contingents and the presence of the warships at Tientsin.

It is suggested that Russia's magnanimity aims at influencing the coming negotiations between the Russian Government and Peking regarding the future of Mongolia. Moreover, Russia would be able to replace the troops withdrawn on short notice if she so desired.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—No official message came from the Russian Foreign Office or the American Legation at Peking to-day respecting the proposal to withdraw troops from the province of Chih-I. In the absence of such information Secretary Bryan declined to discuss the matter. Other officials pointed out the folly of withdrawing troops at a time when the republic of China is just getting on its feet. The troops have had a restraining influence on those who might embarrass the new Government.

CHANLER NOT IN DUEL.

American Hurt in Paris by Stepping Off an Omnibus.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—Much mystery still envelops the accident to William Astor Chanler, but it is absolutely denied at the American Hospital that he was injured in a duel.

Chanler has been seen in Montmartre recently and it seems that he was hurt stepping off an omnibus, as previously called.

NO TRACE OF SELDON MILLER.

Philadelphia's Brother in Florence Search for Him.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

FLORENCE, Dec. 12.—Seldon Miller of Philadelphia, who has been missing from his residence at Fiesole for a month, has not been found.

His brother, a lawyer, has arrived here to take up the search, but so far there is not the slightest clue to the mystery.

FLASHES FROM THE CABLE.

MADRID.—Mula Hadid, former Sultan of Morocco, arrived in Madrid, He is sightseeing.

Paris.—King Alfonso and Queen Victoria of Spain left on their return journey to Madrid, President Poincaré, Premier Doumergue, and Stephen Pichon, former Foreign Minister, with other dignitaries, going to the station to see them off.

OLD CHINESE PORCELAIN

The Renowned collection formed by GEORGE R. DAVIES, Esq., Parton, Scotland

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AMERICAN SCULPTOR IS BURIED AS A PAUPER

Hotel Manager in Rome Failed to Recognize Franklin Simmons.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

ROME, Dec. 12.—Franklin Simmons, the American sculptor, who died here on Wednesday suddenly as he was taking a hot bath in the Hotel d'Italie, was buried in the potter's field, it was learned to-day.

The hotel manager did not know the man, and it is not known why he went to the hotel, as he has a home here, where he resided for many years.

Franklin Simmons was the sculptor of the G. A. R. monument of Gen. Grant for the national Capitol at Washington and of the equestrian statue of Gen. Logan which stands in the Iowa Circle, Washington. He was born in Webster, Me., January 11, 1839, and was educated at Bates College. He did some early portrait work in Maine and then went to Washington, where in the winters of 1865 and 1866 he had sittings from Admiral Farragut and Admiral Porter and Generals Grant, Meade, Sheridan, Sherman, Thomas, Hooker and others. He went to Rome in 1868 and had lived there most of the time since.

Altogether Mr. Simmons did something over 100 portrait busts in marble and executed some fifteen public monuments, including besides the two mentioned in Washington statues of William King, Roger Williams, Gov. Pierpont of Virginia, Henry W. Longfellow, the soldiers' monument at Portland, Me.; the statue of O. P. Morton at Indianapolis and a bronze statue of Alexander Hamilton for Paterson, N. J.

Mr. Simmons was married in June, 1892, to the Baroness von Jensen, formerly Miss Slocum of Providence.

GERMAN BELIEF IN FORCE.

Letter of Imperial Chancellor Causes a Big Row.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The military and Chauvinist newspapers are worried at the publication of a letter written last June by Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg to Prof. Lamprecht, in which the Imperial Chancellor made an unfavorable comparison of the German nation with the French and British. Among other things he said:

"Germany is a young nation with perhaps a too innocent belief in force and too little appreciation of the finer methods. Germans do not yet know that force alone never yet has been able to maintain what 'force' won."

He added that Germans need awakening and the Government cannot accomplish its task without the constant support and cooperation of the educated classes.

BRUCE PRAISES AMERICANS.

British Ambassador Calls Attention to Social Reform Spirit.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The National Liberal Club gave a banquet this evening for James Bryce, the ex-Ambassador of Great Britain at Washington.

Mr. Bryce, replying to a tribute paid to his services by Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, said he had taken a vow not to express any opinion on British or American politics during his tenure of the Ambassadorial post or for six months thereafter, but that he was therefore still puzzled.

The former Ambassador incidentally referred to Senator Root as the "greatest and best Secretary of State the United States ever had." Referring to the extreme activity and the spirit of social reform in the United States at the present time he begged his hearers to keep their minds fixed on what is going on there because he was convinced that they had much to learn from the experiments of the Americans, who are trying to solve political and social problems. They are tackling the problems, he added, with a zeal and energy he had never seen equaled in the forty-five years he has known America.

The Marquis of Lincoln, proposing a toast to Sir Edward Grey said:

"We look with confidence to the time when he will be called to one of the highest posts which the sovereign can bestow. When that time comes, and come it will, on no worthier person can the task be imposed."

It is believed in certain quarters that this indicates that Sir Edward will be selected as the next Liberal Prime Minister.

J. P. MORGAN ON LUSITANIA.

Financier and Family Among Those Returning From Europe.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—Among the passengers leaving for New York by the Cunard liner Lusitania to-morrow are Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Morgan and family, George Westinghouse, Jr., the Hon. Oliver Brett, heir of Viscount Esher; Lady Lister-Kaye, formerly Natalia Ysnaga del Valle, of Louisiana; Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Williams and Ambassador Constantine Dumba, the Austrian Ambassador to Washington and his wife.

HUERTA TO BEG JAPAN FOR AID

Continued from First Page.

lend their own properties against the rebels the same treatment will be meted out to them, and that if they want the rebels to cease attacking their properties they had better make their neutrality unequivocal.

This circular was distributed in many cities. The Spanish legation has a copy. The result of the distribution of this warning has been an enormous exodus of Spaniards from Monterey, Chihuahua and other cities.

On the receipt of the rebels' warning 120 Spaniards left Chihuahua within ten hours. It is understood that several special trains are being prepared at Monterey to bring the Spaniards to Mexico City.

It is understood that the Belgian railroad concession plan will be discussed in the Senate on Monday. It is believed that Gen. Huerta was misinformed regarding the concession and that he will instruct the Senators not to approve it, as it is intimated that it would involve the possibility of grafting on a colossal scale by the concessionaires.

Senate's Sanction Needed.

The concession was granted to the Compañia des Chemins de Fer Secundarios, a Belgian concern, by the Chamber of Deputies, but the sanction of the Senate was needed.

Great rebel activity is reported from the State of Hidalgo, south of the State of Mexico. It is reported that 300 Federals were killed or wounded in a fight with the rebels to-day at Zimapan. The rebels are now threatening the Chihuahua Railroad across the Isthmus, and the Federal commander in that district has asked the Minister of War to send reinforcements.

American Charge d'Affaires O'Shaughnessy tried in vain this afternoon to have an interview with Gen. Huerta to seek protection for an American citizen named Kidder, who had been arrested on a charge of conspiring against the Government. He expects to see President Huerta to-morrow.

Mr. O'Shaughnessy said that in spite of the admonition on the part of the Mexican President that he is only a Charge d'Affaires, and must address his communications to the Foreign Office only, he is determined now to have a personal interview with the provisional President whenever the interests or safety of Americans are concerned.

President Huerta, Lady Lionel Carden, wife of the British Minister, and Mr. O'Shaughnessy, officiated at the fashionable sports of the Club de la Reforma, bestowing prizes on the winners.

Pacific Coast Situation.

The commander of the garrison at San Blas, on the Pacific coast, in the territory of Tepic, telegraphed to the Minister of War to-day to send reinforcements by water, as the rebels are in control of all the land routes.

More than 100,000 persons made a pilgrimage to-day to the shrine of Nuestra Señora de Guadalupe, the patron saint of Mexico, in the village of Guadalupe, in the suburbs of this city.

FEDERAL VICTORY REPORTED.

Gen. Maas at Vera Cruz Gets Encouraging Advice.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

VERA CRUZ, Dec. 12.—According to despatches received here this afternoon from Tampico the situation there remains unchanged.

Fighting is still going on between the rebels, who have penetrated into the outskirts of the town, and the Federal garrison.

Gen. Gustavo Maas, commander of the military forces here, received telegraphic advice to-day from Tampico saying that the rebel attack which ended at 1:30 o'clock this morning resulted in a complete victory for the Federals.

The steamship Morro Castle of the Ward Line leaves Vera Cruz to-morrow for Tampico to take refugees to Galveston.

Mr. Clarke, local manager of the National Railways, said to-day that all telegraphic communication north of Cardenas has been cut and that no information is forthcoming of the fate of two passenger trains which should have arrived at Tampico yesterday.

There are still 1,200 refugees aboard the Kronprinzessin Cecilie, the Logician, chartered by the British Consul, and the American warships or in buildings in the neutral zone under the protection of the guns of the foreign warships.

The Mexican gunboats Progreso and Zaragoza laden with ammunition left Vera Cruz to-day for Tampico. Each carries about 600 soldiers. The munitions were sent to this port on special trains from Mexico City.

U. S. REFUGEE SHIP SENT

Army Transport Sumner Ordered to Give Relief at Tampico.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—For the relief of 500 Americans and other foreigners in danger because of the fighting at Tampico, Secretary Bryan called on the War Department to-day to send an army

transport to the Mexican port at once.

In accordance with Mr. Bryan's request the transport will leave Galveston at once for Tampico and should arrive there within forty-eight hours. Mr. Bryan's request was based on the reports of conditions furnished by Rear Admiral Fletcher.

It was learned that Admiral Fletcher went so far as to say that either a ship would be sent for the relief of refugees on shore or he would have to land American forces if proper protection was to be given the foreign non-combatants.

The Admiral recommended that the War Department send the Vera Cruz be requisitioned into the service of the United States and ordered at once to Tampico. The sending of the army transport was decided upon to-day.

The British and German naval commanders at Tampico already have chartered vessels in which they have placed refugees from the city. One hundred and fifty British refugees are on board the Logician, while 350 Germans are on the Kronprinzessin Cecilie of the Hamburg-American Line. Admiral Fletcher has put 150 Americans on board the ships in his squadron at Tampico, but has no room for any of the 500 additional Americans and other foreigners gathered on shore. The neutral zone he has established near the water.

The Admiral said that while the guns of the Whowing Tacona and Chester cover this neutral territory adequate protection could not be afforded the refugees, if they continue to remain on shore, without the landing of armed forces.

Bryan-Garrison Letters.

Letters were exchanged between Secretary Bryan and Secretary Garrison this afternoon. Mr. Bryan wrote to Mr. Garrison as follows:

"Sir: Admiral Fletcher reports that fighting is going on at Tampico, that Americans, British and German vessels are now full of refugees and that there are yet other refugees ashore needing temporary shelter and protection. In these circumstances it seems desirable that an army transport should, if possible, be sent from Galveston to Tampico to take these refugees on board.

"Accommodations will, it is understood, be needed for not less than 500 persons, and these it is probable that lodging and food will be required for several days. If you have at Galveston a transport available for this purpose I have the honor to request that it be sent immediately to Tampico."

Secretary Garrison replied as follows: "The receipt of your letter of December 12 concerning conditions at Tampico, Mexico, is acknowledged.

"The following telegram has just been sent to Brig.-Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, in charge of transports at Galveston: "The Secretary of War directs that the transport Sumner, with not less than 10,000 rations, two medical officers and detachments of hospital corps, be sent at once to Tampico, Mexico. Send Capt. Alce, quartermaster corps, in charge. On arrival of ship report at once to Admiral commanding American squadron, with view to full cooperation in matter of furnishing shelter to such people as may be indicated by authorities representing the United States at that port."

According to latest advices received at the Navy Department, fighting continues at Tampico between Federals and revolutionists without definite result.

Because of the topographical situation, the city being nearly surrounded by water, many officers here believe the fighting for possession of Tampico may be prolonged, despite the fact that the Federal garrison is outnumbered by the rebels two to one. Reports to reports received here the Federals have between 2,000 and 3,000 men in the city and the revolutionists between 5,000 and 6,000.

Galveston, Tex., Dec. 12.—The army transport Sumner has steam up and is ready to proceed to-night for Tampico. The Sumner is commanded by Capt. W. A. Carleton. E. V. Pray is chief officer and William H. Levy is engineer. She carries a complement of 137 men and has berth accommodations for 800.

LONDON VIEW OF FIGHT.

'Times' Correspondent Indicates Rebels Won't Capture Tampico.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Mexico city correspondent of the Times cables this morning that the Federals still hold Tampico and that it is believed that the town will continue to be held by the Government forces. He confirms the recapture of Torreon by the Federals.

UNCLE SAM AS SIMON LEGREE.

Traffic in Honor of Republic, Says English 'Outlook.'

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Dec. 12.—The Outlook's weekly installment of vituperation of the United States is based this week on the speech by Ambassador Page at the Savage Club, in which he referred to what has been called a "new version of the Monroe Doctrine."

The Outlook says Costa Rica, Nicaragua and Salvador are being "coolly offered by the United States the privilege of becoming 'kept' republics" and asks "what else is this but the cynical ruthlessness of a Simon Legree trafficking in the honor and freedom of individuals but of nations?"

Referring to the situation in Mexico it wants to know whether or not the "burning passion of the United States for the observance by other peoples of an abstract theory of government will wipe out the stain of savage and useless bloodshed in Mexico, for which the intrigues of Wall Street and the advice of trust fed Senators and the State Department are responsible."

It finishes by talking of the United States as "adding to its record the foul crime of extirpating the manhood of a nation."

The Saturday Review also falls foul of Ambassador Page, regarding his saying that Americans speak better English than Englishmen.

"It is absurd to pretend that they speak good English," cries the Review. "Their English and their spelling of English are most unpleasant, their twang is even more so, and American literature is not of much account." It excepts Emerson, Whitman and one or two others.

"The list of their writers, of genius or even of high talent, is," it adds, "painfully restricted."

AGUILAR FOOLS GEN. MAAS.

Letter Arrives at Tamihua to Find the Enemy Gone.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MEXICO CITY, Dec. 12.—Gen. Joaquin Maas, military commander of Vera Cruz, arrived to-day with a large Federal force at Tamihua, where he supposed Gen. Aguilar, the rebel leader, to be encamped. He found no trace of the rebels, Gen. Aguilar and his 2,000 troops having started for Tampico to join in the attack on that city.

Gen. Aguilar and his 2,000 troops having started for Tampico to join in the attack on that city.

VILLA SEIZES MILLIONS.

His Acts May Embroil Him With Spain and England.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 12.—Despatches to the Spanish Foreign Office in Madrid, to the Spanish Ministers in Washington and Mexico City and appeals to the United States State Department were sent to-day by the vanguard of the Spanish column from Chihuahua.

The messages were formal protests

When all is said and done! Saks Overcoats at \$20 & \$25

- You have doubtless read and re-read many advertisements this season on clothes—ours and others. You have been plastered with big type and reasoned with in small type. You have been appealed to in plain figures and plied with reductions more reprehensible than real. You have seen argument exhausted and horse sense so depleted that it was barely able to get around. You have been bored with fabric and fashion and fit, and surfeited with dissertations on style. You have seen the Tariff made a party to the most pettifogging performances that ever disgraced the public prints. And you have often wondered how some houses which feature nine foot men ever could fit a modest five foot nine like you. But don't forget, that when all is said and done it is the clothes that count! And so long as it is the clothes which count, just so long will Saks clothes retain their leadership for service, sanity and style. Meanwhile, permit us to modestly remind you that a Saks overcoat at \$20 or \$25 is the overcoat for you.

Today in the Saks Christmas Bazaar 8400 Men's 50 & 75c Silk Scarfs 28c 300 Men's Bath Robes \$6.50 to \$12 \$4.95 The assortment consists of repps, satins and various style silks in an incredible display of rich stripes, artistic figure designs and clever combinations. It is a great chance to buy a dozen scarfs for a purely nominal figure. 300 pure wool blanket robes, the designs being bright figures on rich dark grounds. The balance left after the maker's Christmas orders were filled, or you never could buy them at such an attractive figure as this.

150 Men's Motor Fur Coats \$19.50 Reduced today from \$30 to Big, double-breasted, shawl collar motor models, with a wide sweep of skirt. Made of black Manchurian dog, brown wallaby and gray goat, with brown shering collar. Full lined with worsted cloth.

Men's Sterling Silver Gifts Cigarette Cases, hand-engraved, to hold cigarettes at both sides. Gold lined. Value \$9.50 \$6.50 Cigar Cases, plain or etched. Value \$7.50, at \$4.50 Pocket Knives, plain, etched or engraved. Bright or oxidized. Value \$2.00 95c Clutch Pencils, plain or engine turned. Value \$1.00, at 65c Solid Gold Knives, plain, engine turned or engraved. Roman or English finish. Value \$4.50 \$2.50 Mocha Gloves today at \$1.15 2,400 pairs—that is our answer to the demand for blue gray Mochas this Christmas. For weeks past we have had this shipment in course of preparation and today it is here—one of the most beautiful selections of fine Mocha gloves ever assembled. Soft velvet finish, blue gray Mocha gloves, pique sewn and Paris point backs. Made by one of the most enterprising makers in the business, and perfect to the finger tips, every pair of them. Main Floor

Two specials for Men today Men's Wool Sweater Coats values \$4.50 to \$6.50 at \$2.95 Men's Plain and Two Tone Silk Hose at 29c.

Saks & Company at 34th St.

against Villa's order banning the Spanish residents of the city and of the State of Chihuahua from Mexico and against the confiscation of property owned by the Spaniards. The Spanish holdins in Chihuahua city are among the largest in the Republic of Mexico and are valued at \$8,000,000 Mexican money, according to the statements of the Spanish refugees here. These holdings include wholesale and retail dry goods, grocery and liquor stores. The Spaniards also own a large interest in the Chihuahua brewery and have buildings in the State capital. All of these are to be confiscated by order of Villa at once and turned over to the "Constitutional" cause. There is a double element of international friction in the declaring these properties confiscated by the rebel cause, for they had been placed in the charge of the British Consul in Chihuahua, as the Spanish Consul was absent from the country at the time. Villa's order to the Spanish residents of Chihuahua, giving them ten days in which to leave the country, was sent to them through the British Consul, the Spanish refugees assert. Only a few of the Spanish colony have yet been able to reach the border. The Spaniards who are here are without plans for the future. They have only their personal possessions with them and have only a comparatively small amount of money. Although many of the refugees are wealthy they were unable to bring their funds with them and they will be dependent upon their diplomatic representatives. The entire colony of 400 is expected on the next train from Chihuahua, as Villa has given permission for them to leave on the next train to the border. The United States Cavalry, commanded by Major Michael M. McNamee, left Port Bliss this afternoon for duty at Presidio, Tex., during the expected clash between the rebels and Federals at Ojinaga. The troops left in a special train of thirty cars. This will make six troops of American cavalry on the border opposite Ojinaga in the event that they are needed. \$1.750 FOR BARRAS'S MEMOIRS. Autographs and Portraits of Napoleon and Others Included. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Dec. 12.—At the continuation of the sale of a collection of old books and manuscripts at Sotheby's to-day an illustrated copy of the Memoirs of Barras, containing 1,800 portraits, 225 of which are of Napoleon at various stages of his career, brought \$1,750. The fifteen volumes include 229 autographs, including several of Napoleon, Louis XVI, Louis XVII, Talleyrand, Danton, Nelson and Wellington. Audubon's "Birds of America" fetched \$1,000. His "Ornithological Biography" went for \$255. A second impression of Shakespeare's works, 1632, was sold for \$1,100. Thackeray's "Plore et Zeyphr" brought \$1,025. Davilla's "Histoire des Guerres Civiles de France" and Strada's "Historia dea Guerra de Plandre" were sold for \$900. John Gould's "Birds of Australia" in seven volumes brought \$825. Russian works in three volumes, printed on vellum paper, with fifty-seven engravings by famous French artists, fetched \$740. Six volumes of Mollere, printed on vellum, were sold for \$740. Richard Grafton's "Book of Common Prayer," 1550, was sold for \$850. Six volumes of speeches of Thackeray, Dickens and other famous writers went for \$625. A collection of manuscript prayers in verse, on vellum, in old English black letter, brought \$250. Thirteen early maps of America, 1662 to 1756, were sold for \$28.25. FIGHT WITH ROBBERS AT ROSAS. Pitted Battle With Rural Guards in Catalonia—Two Captured. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. MADRID, Dec. 12.—The town of Rosas, in Catalonia, was the scene to-day of a fierce battle between members of a robber gang and the rural guards. Discovering the robbers in the act of appropriating some property the guards fired upon them and the shots were returned. Soon a pitched battle was in progress and the inhabitants were alarmed by the ringing of the church bells. In all two hundred shots were exchanged, the bandits finally being repulsed. Two of their number who had been seriously wounded were left behind. Shell Streets of a Kentucky Town. MARYVILLE, Ky., Dec. 12.—The town of Dover is about the only little city whose streets are made of mussel shells. The Dover button factory has just sold the town 100 tons at \$1.20 per ton, and the shells are being spread upon the streets of Dover. PARKER'S HAIR BALM Cleanse and beautify the hair Remove dandruff and itching scalp Promote the growth of the hair Prevents hair falling Out and Itch of Scalp