

COAL PRINCESS WEDS MID ROYAL SPLENDOR

Marie Anne von Friedlander-Fuld Married to Hon. John Freeman-Mitford.

HEIRESS TO \$30,000,000

Berlin Sees First Fashionable Wedding at Which Morning Dress Is Worn.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BERLIN, Jan. 6.—For the people of Berlin probably the most noteworthy feature of the wedding-to-day of Marie Anne von Friedlander-Fuld, daughter of the "German coal king" and heiress to \$30,000,000, and the Hon. John Freeman-Mitford, son of Baron Redesdale, was the fact that for the first time in the records of fashionable weddings in this city morning dress was worn by those in attendance.

Mitherto at all such functions, as well as at state ceremonies, the women wore low cut gowns and the men appeared in evening dress, no matter at what time of the day the ceremony took place. Today's departure from this custom was in deference to the bridegroom and his relatives. Those who approve the change predict that it will deliver German society from a tyrannical custom.

The sun shone in Berlin for the first time in 1914 at the wedding of the "coal princess," brightening the dull old Trinity Church, around which there was a large crowd long before the hour set for the wedding. Ticket holders had to fight to get through the crowd.

Tasteful decorations, unobtrusive garlands of artificial pink carnations, were placed around the balconies of the church and the altar was banked with white and black pink carnations and palms.

Bride Wears Costly Gown.

As the clock struck 2 the bridal party entered the nave, while the male choir of the royal cathedral sang. Baron Redesdale escorted Frau Friedlander-Fuld and the bridegroom followed with his mother. The bride was on the arm of her father. There was a rustle of curiosity, but her delicate olivehued face and brown eyes were scarcely visible under her veil. The veil was bordered with priceless old lace, gathered with a tiny wreath of orange blossoms. She wore a long graceful train and a simple white satin gown, but no ornaments.

The bridesmaids were in pale blue crepe de chine dresses and black hats. They carried small bouquets of pink carnations, the bride's favorite flower. The bridesmaids were the two daughters of the Countess von Schwabach, chief mistress of the robes at the imperial palace.

R. F. O. Bridgeman, second secretary of the British Embassy in Paris, was best man.

Among the guests chief attention was attracted by the Countess von Schwabach, who has the reputation of being the best dressed woman in Germany. She wore a lavender tulle gown, with a rope of pearls and a chain of diamonds falling to the knees and sable furs.

The bride's handsome white haired grandmother, Frau Fuld of Amsterdam, and Count Clara in the dashing uniform of an Austrian dragoon also attracted attention.

The service was according to the simple Lutheran rite. Then there was the customary half hour sermon, which was preached by the pastor, Dr. Lehusen. He adjured the newly married couple to build a home in the Anglo-German spirit, amalgamating the best and holiest traditions of the two civilizations.

Royal Opera Singer Heard.

Rings were exchanged as the bride and bridegroom knelt while the choir sang in a subdued tone. The last item in the service was the Biblical hymn, "Where Thou Goest," by Liszt, sung by Frau von Stolzenberg of the Royal Opera.

After the wedding a breakfast was served at the home of the bride's parents. Only relatives and close friends were present. Herr von Friedlander-Fuld proposed a toast to his daughter and Baron Redesdale toasted the parents of his son's bride.

Dr. Lewald of the Home Office made a humorous speech about the Anglo-German alliance. The breakfast ended at 5 o'clock in the evening. It was followed by dancing, including the tango, until half past 8.

Amid falling snow the couple left the Friedlander-Fuld mansion in the Paris-Platz for the Anhalter station on their way to Munich. The nearest way to the station is through Unter Den Linden. Thus the tradition dear to the heart of every German was carried out, the bride couple driving through the Brandenburger Gate.

From Munich they intend to go to the Riviera for six or seven weeks. They expect to go to England in June and spend a large part of every year thereafter in that country.

FOUR KILLED IN THEATRE RUSH.

14 Hurt at Celebration at San Juan, Porto Rico.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. SAN JUAN, P. R., Jan. 6.—Four persons lost their lives and fourteen were injured in a tremendous crush last night at the celebration of the Feast of the Kings in the Municipal Theatre here.

The authorities had announced that there would be a distribution of gifts to the poor children of San Juan and an enormous crowd went to the theatre.

BIG GREEK LOAN AUTHORIZED.

\$100,000,000 Five Per Cent. Bonds to Be Issued.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. ATHENS, Jan. 6.—The government bill authorizing the floating of a loan not to exceed \$100,000,000, which passed its first reading on Friday, was adopted by the Chamber to-day.

The issue price will be 87 1/2, and the bonds will be redeemable in fifty years. They will bear 5 per cent. interest.

VIOLENT QUAKE IN GREECE.

Heavy Damage Caused by Shock in Two Provinces.

ATHENS, Jan. 6.—The provinces of Elis and Peloponnesus were shaken to-day by a violent earthquake. Great damage to property was caused by the seismic disturbance.

ISSUE PRICE OF SERBIAN LOAN.

It Will Be 93 1/2 and Lists Will Close January 14.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

PARIS, Jan. 6.—Information says to-day that the issue price of the Serbian loan of \$50,000,000 to be floated here is 93 1/2.

The subscription lists will close on January 14.

ULSTER PROBLEM UNSOLVED.

Asquith and Bonar Law Fail to Reach Understanding.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, Jan. 7.—According to the Morning Post Bonar Law, the leader of the Unionists, and Premier Asquith have had fruitless interviews looking to a compromise on the home rule issue in regard to Ulster, and the hope of an understanding between the Orangemen and the Nationalists must be abandoned.

When the Premier made his compromise speech at Ladybank last month he had in mind the possibility of the difficulty being solved by the temporary exclusion of Ulster, but apparently, the Morning Post says, he has been warned of the danger of offending his Irish allies, who of course would not be satisfied with that way out of the difficulty.

DYING, SAYS HUSBAND SET CLOTHING AFIRE.

Jersey City Woman Declares He Poured Alcohol Over Her and Applied Match.

Peter Rooney, a rheumatic husband of 52 years, was rubbing his knee joints with alcohol last night when his wife, Mary, who is 48, came into his home at 82 Hopkins avenue, Jersey City Heights.

What happened subsequently was told in an antemortem statement to the police by Mrs. Rooney as she lay swathed in bandages on a cot in Christ Hospital.

"Peter," she said, "talked for a while, me watching him rub the alcohol into his knees. Everything was peaceable as you could want until he said he was going to burn up the old sofa in the room."

"You'll do no such thing, Peter Rooney," I says. "Don't you touch that sofa. There's nothing the matter with it."

"Peter got mad and said he'd do as he liked about it. I told him again he'd better not touch that sofa."

"Why, Mary," said Peter to me, "I could do it as easy as rolling off a log. Just pour this alcohol over the old thing, touch a match to it and in two minutes there'd be nothing left. That's what I'm going to do."

"Still I told Peter to leave that sofa be. Maybe it was sharp, but anyway he got mad."

"That kind of scared me and I didn't know what to do, so I just stood there. Before you could wink Peter scratched a match on his pants and touched it to my face. He was soaked with the alcohol. My clothes all caught fire and I didn't know about my head, and then Peter he got scared. He threw me on the floor and rolled me up in a mat and the fire hurt me awful, and that's about all I remember until this blessed moment, and here I am in the hospital."

A few minutes later the police brought before the court a bottle of alcohol, the man she accused.

"Is this him?" asked one of them. The woman looked up.

"Yes," she answered. "That's him. That's Peter Rooney, my husband, that set me afire."

Rooney himself was painfully burned, but after he was treated by the police put him in a cell on a charge of atrocious assault and battery to await the result of his wife's injuries. He denied the story she told, but didn't explain how he got the case to catch fire. A bottle that had contained alcohol was found in the house and there was a strong smell of the fluid about the place.

VEDRINES MUST FIGHT DUEL.

French Aerial League Orders Aviator to Accept Challenge.

Special Cable Dispatches to The Sun. PARIS, Jan. 6.—Jules Vedrines, the French aviator who made a flight from Paris to Cairo, must fight a duel with Henry Roux, the passenger who made the flight with Dacouton until the mishap to the latter's aeroplane in Asia Minor, or return at once to France. This was the order sent to Vedrines to-day by the National Aerial League of France, which is backing the aviator in his proposed flight around the world.

When Roux arrived at Cairo last week he was slapped in the face by Vedrines, who accused him of having requested the Turkish officials to impede his flight by refusing to give him petrol. Roux immediately sent his seconds to Vedrines, but the latter refused to give him satisfaction on the field of honor.

CAIRO, Jan. 6.—When Jules Vedrines received the cable message from Rene Quinton, president of the National Aerial League of France, ordering him to fight Roux, he replied by a message telling M. Quinton that he will take no orders from him, but that as soon as he returns to Paris he will send him his seconds.

RAILROAD STRIKE IN AFRICA.

35,000 Europeans Involved in Johannesburg Disturbance.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 6.—The latest development of the general labor unrest in South Africa is the decision taken to-day by the executive committee of the railway men's union for a general strike, to go into effect on Thursday next.

About 35,000 Europeans are involved, but it is not believed that all will obey the order. The cause of the strike is an official scheme of retrenchment and the dismissal of a number of employees.

EMPRESS EUGENIE BRAVES GALE.

Crosses Channel in Storm on Way to Riviera.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, Jan. 6.—The Empress Eugenie, widow of Napoleon III, braved a Channel gale to-day and came to Paris from London. She is on her way to Cap Martin to spend the winter there.

Lipton Shares Drop in London.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Jan. 6.—One of the features of to-day's happenings in Capel Court was a drop in Lipton shares from 17 1/2 shillings to 16.

OFFICER MENACED BOYS WITH SWORD.

Strong Evidence Given Against Prussian Lieutenant at Court-martial.

CROWD HOOTS COLONEL.

Youngster Testifies That Soldier Threatened to Run Bayonet Through Him.

BLUE LAWS HIT HOME.

New Federal Judge Closes Up Town, Spoiling B'n Carnival.

TACOMA, Jan. 6.—None and other Bering Sea towns are gasping because John Randolph Tucker of Virginia, new Federal Judge, has clapped down the lid for the first time since white men inhabited the shores of Bering Sea and the Arctic Ocean.

Judge Tucker and Assistant District Attorney Saxton discovered last week an ancient law under which they got busy at midnight on Saturday. Large crowds were ejected from home saloons. All doors were barred or locked. Strict observance of the closing order was maintained Sunday.

Some cables to-day that locks and keys were provided Monday for resorts never before locked up. The town was deserted Sunday. Miners took themselves to Council City and handle finding Judge Tucker Sunday closing order observed there also.

None's annual carnival and sweepstakes dog race was set for January 24. Judge Tucker has ordered the best carnival features, including the German Beer Garden, miniature horse racing and raffles. Scarcely a money may even eliminate the great sweepstakes race.

SEABRIGHT BATTERED AGAIN.

More Houses Are Threatened—Tannery Promises Federal Aid.

SEABRIGHT, Jan. 6.—Monster combers came again with high tide this morning. They pointed away additional stretches of the breakwater, undermined lawns and threatened to carry several houses out to sea. Workmen are busy to-day shoring up the seawall and the buildings are being moved back out of reach of the waves.

A bulkhead gave way to-day and the lawn of P. Hall Packer's house slipped into the sea. The bulkhead is being moved from the house and it is expected that the building will be carried away with the next high tide.

Board of Trade has received in answer to Seabright's appeal for aid from the Federal Government.

"P. Hall Packer, President Seabright Board of Trade, in any way possible. Will get in touch with Congressman Scully and arrange a conference with Secretary of War Garrison."

This is taken to mean that the United States officials will confer with the Seabright Board of Trade in regard to building a new retaining wall and bulkhead.

The Board of Trade is attempting to arrange two excursions to Seabright next Sunday, one from New York and one from Newark. The excursionists will be shown the havoc wrought by the sea in this section and the proceeds over the expenses will be given to the fishermen whose homes were carried out to sea or wrecked.

CROWN PRINCE ASSAILED.

Kaiser's Son Losing Popularity After Zubern Incident.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BERLIN, Jan. 6.—The alleged mistaking of Crown Prince Frederick William in the Zubern incident, although there is no proof of the allegation, has become a daily topic in the newspapers of Berlin. The accusers of the heir to the throne now say it was to Gen. von Delmting, commander of the Alsatian army corps, and not to Col. von Reuter, that the Crown Prince sent his telegram of congratulations on November 29, when the civil authority of Zubern had been overruled.

The official newspapers do not refer to the charge. The Lokalanzeiger, which is certainly sometimes inspired, denies that the Crown Prince sent the telegram. The conservative newspapers say that it will be time enough to get excited when the charge against the Kaiser's son is proved, but they defend the right of the Crown Prince to telegraph to whom he likes. The radical and socialist press is angrily demanding somebody's head.

In view of popular indignation at the action of the military authorities at Zubern it may be said, if the charge about the telegram is true, that the Crown Prince is in grave danger of losing his popularity among the common people. Meanwhile the rumors that his return from Danzig to Berlin to take a post on the general staff was a "disgrace" and not a promotion lack confirmation. He was at the opera at the first performance of "Parsifal," with the Kaiser and the Kaiserin, sitting with the Crown Princess in the front row of the royal box. Father and son chatted at intervals and both were apparently perfectly happy.

STRIKE OF PARIS 'RIGOS' ENDS.

Redeacted Musicians Near Collapse Over Loss of Tips.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, Jan. 6.—The strike of the restaurant Taignans ended to-night after twenty days sulking on the part of the musicians, the loss of tips from Americans having been sufficient to reduce the Rigo community to a state of collapse.

The absence of the redeacted musicians was not noticed in the restaurants, as many fair American women willingly hammered the piano for the tango to entertain their fellow revellers.

WEEK'S DEATH RATE LOW.

Shows Decrease From Corresponding Week Last Year.

The Health Department reports 1,544 deaths and a rate of 14.43 per 1,000 during the past week, as against 1,519 deaths and a rate of 14.75 for the corresponding week of 1913.

The following causes showed material decreases: Measles, scarlet fever, influenza, typhoid and broncho pneumonia. Those causes showing increases were diphtheria and croup, heart disease, pulmonary tuberculosis, Bright's disease and nephritis.

The mortality under one year was relatively low and that of last year, as was that of children under 5 years of age.

CZAR BUYS MASTERPIECE.

Pays \$75,000 for Painting Attributed to Da Vinci.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 6.—The czar has purchased for the Hermitage Museum the painting "Madonna With the Flower," which is attributed to Da Vinci. The price was \$75,000, a comparatively small sum, and it is believed that there is some doubt regarding the authenticity of the assertion that it is a Da Vinci. Experts are divided in opinion regarding it.

The painting was bought for a small sum from an Italian family in Astrakhan in 1827 by M. Stalioff, grandfather of Mme. Benoit, wife of a professor in the Academy of Fine Arts. Mme. Benoit agreed to sell it to the Duvenens for \$100,000 if it was not acquired for the Hermitage Museum.

Experts who are convinced of the fact that it is a Da Vinci believe the painting is one of the works of the artist's first period.

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CURES WHEN SURGERY FAILS.

Radium Better Than Knife, Dr. Kelly Tells Women Physicians.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—Dr. Howard A. Kelly, of the National Cancer Institute, made a special point in comparing results attained with radium and the knife, asserting that the use of the mineral was infinitely preferable and more effective.

Dr. Kelly made a strong plea for the conservation of lands containing radium-bearing ores, declaring that as a curative agent in cancer, radium is superior to the knife. He made a special point in comparing results attained with radium and the knife, asserting that the use of the mineral was infinitely preferable and more effective.

HAYTIAN REBELS SEIZE A TOWN.

American Naval Yacht Will Be Sent to Port-au-Prince.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 6.—The despatch of the naval yacht Eagle to Port au Prince was requested by the State Department to-day after the receipt of further reports of the revolutionary disturbances in Hayti.

The trouble, which grew out of the election on January 10, is near the Dominican frontier, where Gen. Celestin, leader of the revolt, and a number of his followers were captured and executed.

CORNELL HONORS NEW YORKER.

H. Wallace Peters Made Secretary of the University.

ITHACA, N. Y., Jan. 6.—H. Wallace Peters of New York, a senior at Cornell and formerly a resident of Yonkers, to-day was appointed secretary of the university. The office was established last year and has become an important factor in the university.

Mr. Peters is manager of hockey, chairman of the freshmen advisory committee, and has been elected to the position of sports council and life secretary of his class.

\$500,000 in Gold From Canada.

The Merchants National Bank received \$500,000 in gold yesterday from Canada. This shipment marks the first movement of gold to New York from outside of the United States for a long time.

Bankers say that the \$500,000 is the natural outcome of the heavy gold shipments made across the border during November after the Canadian banks had built up a line of credit with grain bills and other securities. These balances to meet the crop demands at home.

Army Officer Killed at Polo.

EL PASO, TEX., Jan. 6.—Lieut. Eugene V. Armstrong, Thirteenth United States Cavalry, died here to-day of injuries received in a polo game on Sunday when he was thrown from his pony in a collision with another player. He was graduated from West Point in 1904.

LEARNS BY "SUN" HUSBAND DIED AS SPY.

Mme. Didier Masson Didn't Know Aviator Was Put to Death in Mexico.

SHOT BY HUERTA'S TROOPS.

Made Flights Over Federal Army in West and Dropped Bombs in Camps.

A woman in Paris yesterday picked up Gil Blas and there read a translated reprint of an article in Arnold Kruckman, aviation expert, which appeared in the Sunday magazine section of The Sun of December 21, telling of the execution of Didier Masson, a French aviator, by the Federals in Mexico in September last.

That woman was Mme. Masson, who until she chanced on the article which for more than four months gave the first news of the aerial scout did not know she had been widowed. For months she had waited for a letter from him. Daily she had looked for news concerning him in the despatches from Mexico, for she knew he had been employed as a scout by the Constitutionalists last spring.

Not a word did she get until she read the reprint from The Sun. Frantically she read on and learned the details of the shooting of her husband because he had given the Constitutionalists such splendid aid in informing them of the movements of the Federal forces. She read how the code between nations to treat a scout when captured as a prisoner of war had been violated. She learned her husband had been put to death as a spy.

Appeals to "The Sun."

Mme. Masson hurried to the office of Gil Blas, where she made inquiries regarding the source of information as to her husband's death. It seemed that the Sunday article had preceded by some odd chance any news story telling of the death of the air scout. The widow was directed to the Paris office of The Sun, whence her inquiry was called to New York. She begged official confirmation of her husband's death.

Search was made for Mr. Kruckman to obtain from him the source of his information. At his home in Arlington, N. J., it was said that he had started for California on Friday and was due in Los Angeles last night or this morning. His cousin, Mrs. Margaret Callahan, with whom Mr. Kruckman boards, thought that he obtained the information from the War Department in Washington.

"Mr. Kruckman and M. Masson," she explained, "were warm friends when M. Masson was at Hempstead. As Mr. Kruckman has made a specialty of aviation he seeks to keep in touch with all the aviators, but he was especially interested in Masson. After M. Masson went to Mexico Mr. Kruckman watched the newspapers carefully, and when finally no news whatever appeared of him Mr. Kruckman began to make inquiries. Finally he learned that Masson had been executed. He was much grieved, but he did not write anything until he had confirmed it.

Sought Confirmation of Report.

"I do not know exactly what he did except that he carried on correspondence for several days, and finally, I believe, got word from the War Department in Washington giving details of M. Masson's death. I am sure from the way Mr. Kruckman talked that he was convinced of the aviator's death for he spoke of the many splendid qualities of Masson and of the horrible death he had met."

The details which Kruckman obtained of Masson's death show that at sunrise one morning in last September the aviator was bound and led to the baked clay shores of Las Guaymas in the State of Sonora, where a grave was dug. Soldiers took aim at the aviator and in a second the Frenchman tumbled dead into the grave that had been prepared for him. That was the revenge of the Federals for the service which he had rendered the Constitutionalists.

Paulhan Married His Sister.

Masson at one time was a soldier of France in Africa, serving in the same army with Louis Paulhan, who became an aviator and won wealth and fame by his daring in handling an aeroplane. When Paulhan learned to fly he took Masson as his mechanic and shortly afterward he married Masson's sister. When Paulhan came out of the army he brought his brother-in-law with him.

Masson remained here, and eager to become an aviator, joined the aviation community at Hempstead Plains. He got commissions to fly and began to tour the country. He had a smashup in Kansas once and suffered the fracture of a leg, which kept him in a hospital for several weeks.

Masson was hired by the Constitutionalists last March to drive a military wagon, his compensation being \$800 Mexican a month. For that salary he agreed to fly at least four times a week over the enemy's fortifications or encampments and obtain information concerning them for the Constitutionalists.

Masson had difficulty at first in making a flight because he did not have enough aeroplane surface for the altitude. For several days he was derided by the soldiers and was spurred to greater activity by the points of bayonets ticking his ribs.

Made Flights Over Federal.

He finally enlarged his aeroplane surface and began his flights. He circled over the Federal stronghold at Las Guaymas and dropped bombs on the Federals as a sort of day amusement.

Masson carried Capt. Manuel B. Alcaido as a passenger to his home at the Federal camp of Las Guaymas. He directed the fire of the batteries at the Federal camp, that much damage was done and the Federal forces were driven back. The Constitutionalists constantly informed as to the movements of the enemy and showed the rebels a way to outflank the Federals.

Later in September, however, he essayed an unusually long flight over the Federal's entrenchments and when high in the air his engine stopped. He tried to vibrate back to the encampment of the Constitutionalists, but he did not succeed. His aeroplane, the object of many rifles, sank within the limits of Las Guaymas. He was captured.

Gen. Ojeda ordered him to be tried by a court-martial and Masson, treated not as a scout but as a spy, was condemned to death.

That is the story which reached Mme. Masson in such an unusual manner and which she read for the first time yesterday.

Continuing today and tomorrow the semi-annual Sale of Saks Suits for Men

Forme prices: \$28 \$30 \$35 \$38 \$40 \$43 and \$45 at \$23. Some clothes are reduced all the time - it is proper that they should be! Saks & Company Broadway at 34th Street.

HIKERS EAT SEVEN MEALS IN ONE DAY. Volunteer Commissary Waits at Every Cross Roads With Pie and Tea.

TOO MUCH FOR GEN. JONES. She Weakens, but Is Revived With a Quart of Arnicia and Marche.

TOO LIKE ELECTRIC CHAIR. Defendant in Murder Trial Makes Court Get Another One.

TELLS HOW TO DODGE COLDS. Dr. Huber Gives First Medical Lesson to Bronx Courts.

CHARLES B. BOSTWICK MISSING. Left Home Sunday—Mind Possibly Affected by Illness.

NOT AFRAID OF CHAPS. And Cuticura Ointment will keep his skin free from chapping, chafing, redness, roughness, irritation, rashes and eczemas incidental to exposure to rough wintry weather.

CUTICURA SOAP. And Cuticura Ointment will keep his