

JUERTA'S HOLD STILL STRONGER

Dictator Equipped Financially to Make a Long Resistance.

ARMY MORE EFFICIENT Long Record of Villa's Crimes Is Given in Mexico City.

A CATTLE THIEF AT 14 Accused of Many Murders and Excesses—Arango His Real Name.

Special Correspondence to THE SUN. MEXICO CITY, Feb. 18.—While of some small benefit to American manufacturers...

While the rebels are rapidly exhausting the densely populated region under their control...

The appropriation for war purposes of the customs receipts, made available by suspending the payment of interest on the national debt...

Yet Huerta has scarcely scratched the surface of his resources. The gold and silver mines could easily support an additional 10 per cent. tax on their production...

Though Huerta may not prove able soon to quell the revolution, his elimination by the waiting and watching process seems more remote than ever.

It is a Gordian knot to be cut with the sword, not to be untied with soft scholarly fingers.

It is true that business is suffering, that hundreds of millions of wealth have been lost and that a continuance of the civil war will ultimately bring about exhaustion.

"Kind Hearted Man and the Tiger." "There was a kind hearted man whose heart beat for the herbivores in his neighborhood...

"In the foregoing parable, however, the tiger is supposed to be Huerta, who is very gentle compared with Villa, whose claws the 'kind hearted man' is sharpening...

"Many persons living in Durango, the rebel chief's birthplace, declare that his name is Doroteo Arango, not Francisco Villa, he having assumed the latter name for cattle stealing."

"Having accomplished his crime and received his pay, he fled to the mountains, where he organized a band of brigands, devoting himself to wholesale cattle stealing."

"In September, 1910, during the celebration of the republic's centenary, he rode into Chihuahua in broad daylight and on the main avenue in the heart of the city murdered Claro Resa, a former member of his band, who had offered to deliver him over to the authorities."

"He ambushed the rurales who set out in his pursuit, killing the sergeant commanding them. In November of the same year (1910) he raised the Maderista standard, attacked the military train from San Andres, killing among others the commanding officer, Lieut.-Col. Yebes...

"Later, entering Santa Rosalia, he killed with his own hand one Ramos, secretary to the court, because of Ramos's connection with an indictment against Villa. In

A Typical Cartoon From "Mister Lind." AFIRMACION



—Este es el "puritano" —El de purito....

WILSON AND BRYAN CARICATURED AS PIGS

New Mexican Comic Paper, Named "Mister Lind," Excites Capital.

From a special correspondent of THE SUN. MEXICO CITY, Feb. 18.—The Mexican growing hatred of their "gringos" neighbors got a sharp fling by President Wilson's action in raising the embargo on arms for the rebels.

The newspapers are vehement in their denunciations of the United States, with which country they, they declare, is inevitable. They are also grossly insulting to President Wilson and Secretary Bryan, whom they caricature as pigs.

There appeared on the street today a new comic paper, the cover design of which presents Mr. Wilson as a pig ridden by a Mexican who is hanging on by a surcingle showing the Mexican colors and bearing the legend "200,000 hombres" (200,000 men). The name of the paper is "Mister Lind," which is explained as follows in the salutatory editorial:

"The name of 'Mister Lind' is a symbol, when it sounds in the ears of a good Mexican it seems as though a sinister bird passed or a serpent hissed. That name personifies the common enemy, erstwhile hypocritical, to-day avowed, whom we have on the other side of the Rio Bravo. That syllable, those four sonorous letters Lind, would be for us a Biblical handwriting on the wall had we not faith in our generation, which we believe able to put a straight jacket on the lunatic of the White House."

"We repeat, 'Mister Lind' is a symbol, the incarnation of the heartless and shameless traffickers who have been born in Hispania, of that vile mass of mercenaries who traffic in the blood of the faces who have deserved well in the his of Art, of Heroism and of Sacrifice."

"To say 'Mister Lind' is equivalent, though not referring to the one armed spy in Vera Cruz, to evoking in two words that legion of blond Carthaginians whose eruption menaces but does not frighten us."

"For that reason is this paper called 'Mister Lind,' for it is to be the clarion call to us to watch the White Pig that would devour us. Woodrow Wilson, the temporizer, the meticulous, the unbalanced, who has traced no line of policy, shall see in these pages the reflection of our national sentiment boiling with righteous wrath against his criminal conduct which is costing us so dearly."

Hojas, has Catholic leanings, while the newly appointed Secretary of Agriculture, Eduardo Tamaziz, is the leader of the Catholic party. This lends color to rumor which has recently gained currency that President Huerta has bid for and obtained a certain measure of support from the Catholics, who constitute the wealthy native class. They would welcome intervention and even annexation because of the resulting enhancement in the value of their properties and the stability of their tenure, but have probably despaired of such action on the part of the United States during Mr. Wilson's Presidency.

Activity of Japanese. While the United States is holding aloof from the Huerta Government, Japan is most actively trying to bring about a rapprochement with Mexico. Granting that this is chiefly for diplomatic effect, the Japanese hoping thereby to gain some advantage in their controversy with the United States over the California exclusion law, yet there is the very real danger that, excluded from California, they will flock in hordes to Mexico, which offers almost as tempting a field for colonization.

Official agents of Japan are investigating labor and land conditions. They are receiving every courtesy and every assistance by the Mexican Government. The governmental press is daily expressing the greatest satisfaction over the prospect of Japanese colonists coming to develop the country's resources.

It is true that the Mexicans generally do not like the Japanese any better than the Californians do, and Huerta does not like them at all; but just now "anything to beat the Americans" is the desideratum. Observers see little gain in the exclusion of the Japanese from California if a nation of them should grow up in Mexico. This is one of the dangers involved in Wilson's policy.

Postal Theft Nets Nothing. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, March 1.—It has been discovered that the sack which was stolen from a postal van in the financial district yesterday and which was supposed to contain \$200,000 was of no value whatever. The bankers who sent the sack say it contained only some cancelled share certificates. No arrests have as yet been made in the case.

A child found two empty postal sacks in a street in Aubervilliers to-day. One of those was identified as the stolen yesterday which originally contained the cancelled share certificates.

GERMANY TO AID CHINESE. School to Be Established in Republic With Foreign Teachers. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, March 1.—A number of wealthy and influential men who are prominent in banking and the shipping trade have formed the German China Institute. The objects of the organization are to promote German interests in China, to establish schools and to supply German teachers to Chinese schools, to help Chinese students in Germany and generally to boost German aims in the Chinese republic.

HISSES FOR CARNEGIE AT EMMET MEETING

Clan-na-Gael Crowd Angered Because of His Attitude Toward England.

CHEERS FOR O'ORMAN New York "World," "Post" and "Times" Also Hissed—Gov. Glynn Gives Eulogy.

As Gov. Glynn left the Clan-na-Gael meeting at the Academy of Music, in Brooklyn, last night, a storm of hisses and cheers beat upon his ears—hisses for Andrew Carnegie, England, the World, the Evening Post and the Times; cheers for Senator O'orman and for everybody else who wants English ships to pay Panama Canal tolls while American ships pass free.

The Governor, having finished his eulogy of Robert Emmet, the occasion being the 125th anniversary of Emmet's birth, was buttoning his collar ready to step into his automobile. Whether or not he knew that the Clan-na-Gael was about to adopt resolutions whacking everybody who has a kind word for England, didn't appear. At any rate, he didn't wait to vote on the resolutions.

They were offered by John F. Bennett, who was greeted as an unparliamentary in the United States have a right to warn against the insidious wiles of British diplomacy, went on:

"We congratulate Senator O'orman [for his] truly and truthfully exposure of the real purpose of Andrew Carnegie, an Anglo-American alliance and the incorporation of the United States in the British Empire. [Hisses and groans.] Let us be generous as unparliamentary the attacks made on him by the World, the Evening Post and the Times. [Hisses] We protest against the appropriation by Congress of any State Legislature of public money for the so-called Hundred Years of Peace Celebration as improper and unfair to those countries of Europe which were friendly to the republic when England was utterly hostile. We protest against the repeal of the free trade provision of the Panama Canal act at the dictation of England." [Cheers.]

When the vote was called for these resolutions, they were carried on the request for "nays" an indomitable soul in the gallery vented his lungs.

Copies of the resolutions are to be sent to President Wilson, Secretary Bryan and Senator O'orman. The Governor's eulogy of Robert Emmet was applauded by 2,500 of the Clan-na-Gael of Long Island, for whom the blizzard of resolutions was prepared.

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MILITANTS EXPLODE A BOMB IN A CHURCH

Two Stained Glass Windows Smashed—McKenna Lives Near Building.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LONDON, March 1.—A bomb which, it is asserted, was placed in the Church of St. John the Evangelist at Westminster by suffragettes exploded half an hour after the services had been concluded to-day. The bomb, which had been placed under a seat near the pulpit, smashed two stained glass windows and wrecked a few seats in the church.

A big tin canister and a half burned candle were discovered near the place where the bomb had been placed. The odor and the nature of the damage suggest that the bomb contained gunpowder. The perpetrator of the outrage apparently attended the service in the church and ignited the candle before leaving. A paper was found near by on which was written: "Unless you stop torturing women lives will be lost."

The explosion alarmed the people living in the neighborhood and many of them, including Home Secretary McKenna, who lives close by, rushed out. The verger and the police entered and found the church full of smoke and dust.

The Church of St. John the Evangelist was built during the reign of Queen Anne. It was the oldest looking church in London. The exterior presented a heavy and inelegant appearance.

The church of which Archbishop Wilberforce is the rector, contains many valuable treasures, including a window filled with priceless ancient painted glass. These treasures escaped injury, and the other damage was not very serious.

The fact that Home Secretary McKenna lives near the church may have no significance, but the militant suffragettes look upon him as their bitter enemy and blame him for the so-called torturing and puny feeding at Holloway jail.

BABY PRINCE HELPS THE POOR.

Victor Napoleon's Heir Sends \$2,000 to French Charities. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, March 1.—The heir to the claimant to the French throne, the baby born to Prince Victor Napoleon and his wife, formerly Princess Clementine of Belgium, on January 24, is already causing trouble in France.

STORING UPHOLDS HAARON. Bill Depriving Norwegian of Right to Name Successor Rejected.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. CHRISTIANIA, March 1.—The Storting by a large majority has rejected the bill depriving King Haakon of the prerogative of appointing his successor in the absence of a natural heir. The bill was introduced because of the recent rumors that the King was about to abdicate.

The King's only son, Prince Olaf, was born in 1903. Queen Maud is a daughter of the late King Edward of Great Britain. Neither the King nor the Queen would, it is thought, have any regrets at leaving Norway. The King has been hampered considerably by Parliament and several of his prerogatives were cut off in the last few years. The Queen does not like the climate of Norway and is unpopular because she refuses to learn the Norse language.

The rumor has been in circulation for a year that the King and Queen, who are noted for their economy, have been saving their money for the purpose of eventually living in England.

CARRANZA STOPS BENTON INQUIRY

Continued from First Page. of the Benton case finally bring about the exasperation of the President and Secretary Bryan is believed that developments are to follow in the Mexican Policy.

Officials of broad experience with Mexican and other Latin American countries believe that the Administration will now have an opportunity to see Villa and Carranza in their true light.

"It is difficult enough to preserve an attitude of lightness and high patriotism in word and deed even when one is sincere," said one observer, "and vastly more difficult when one is faking."

That the British Embassy long ago lost its little faith it may have had in the Constitutionalists leaders in the Benton case is no secret in Washington.

They believe that Villa killed Benton in a most outrageous manner and evidence is at hand to support this belief; that Villa has been lying to the United States Government for ten days and that the record of the alleged court-martial in the Benton case, which Mr. Bryan a few days ago handed to Ambassadors Spring-Rice was a hideous fiction; that Villa never took the body of Benton to Chihuahua and that he never had any intention of sending an American and Mexican representatives to view it there at any other place in Mexico so long as it was in such condition as to permit the examination to disclose how Benton met his death.

Constitutionalist leaders denied to-night that Carranza's note was a defiance of the United States or of Great Britain, and insisted that the attitude he had in mind was necessary to preserve the honor and dignity of his position before the Mexican people.

As long as Great Britain has consular and diplomatic representatives in Mexico they maintain that it was proper for Carranza to insist that Britain gain information through them and not through the United States.

Carranza has no intention, his representative here said to-night, of seeking to avoid his obligations.

Mr. Bryan returned to Washington to-day from his speaking trip to Richmond and to the extent of the Mexican situation. He spent some time at the British embassy to inform Ambassador Spring-Rice of the latest developments, balking the plan for the commission to go to Chihuahua.

He refused to give out any information as to what the Administration was doing in the Benton case, but he said that the expedition did not go to-day and that the Carranza note would not be discussed now.

COMMISSION IS RETICENT.

Members Refuse to Talk on Developments. El Paso, Tex., March 1.—Instructions from Washington to the commission which was to leave to-day for Chihuahua to investigate the killing of William S. Benton, the commissioners refused to say why their trip had been refused and referred all inquiries to the State Department. Collector of Customs Cobb brought the word that the men were not to go.

Based on the commission were Charles A. C. Perceval, British Consul in Galveston; Major W. T. Davidson and Major C. E. Manly of the United States Army; R. E. Thomas, a local lawyer; Dr. B. M. Wrayman of El Paso and James Hamilton, a British subject who has lived in Mexico for a long time.

Collector Cobb, beyond admitting that he acted on instructions from Washington, refused to talk about the developments. The commissioners were equally reticent, but some of them said privately that they think the trip will be made yet.

Medical men had been ordered to take the 9 o'clock train this morning. Gen. Hugh L. Scott at Fort Bliss had given them orders to that effect and knew nothing of the change of plans until the officers' told him.

After notifying the commissioners of the new order Collector Cobb held a long conference behind barred doors in his office with George L. Carothers, agent of the State Department.

MAJ. KOEHLER FACES LONG PRISON TERM

Conviction on Grave Charges Might Bring Sentence of 99 Years.

PHOTOGRAPH IN EVIDENCE Accusations Will Not Be Printed Even in Report to Washington.

New London, Conn., March 1.—These are the witnesses who have testified so far in the secret trial of Major Benjamin M. Koehler at Fort Terry on Plum Island on charges of grave immorality. The names are given in the order in which they were heard by the court. Capt. Philip H. Worcester of the Coast Artillery, Lieut. Austin G. Frick, Coast Artillery; Second Lieut. Harry L. King, Coast Artillery; Fort Terry; James Ward, civilian, ex-Sergeant at Fort Terry; Harry Wilson, civilian, ex-private at Fort Terry.

Capt. Worcester and Lieut. Frick are stationed at Fort Terry and are the principal accusers of Major Koehler. The specifications against Major Koehler will not be printed even in the official report of the court-martial sent to Washington. Lieut. Frick on the witness stand told a story with names, dates and places extending over a period of several years since Lieut.-Col. Richmond P. Davis was in command of Fort Terry.

The testimony of Capt. Worcester and Second Lieut. King was unimportant. James Ward accused Major Koehler of immorality, pointing his finger at the Major from the witness stand. A photograph that apparently is very strong evidence against the accused man has been introduced in evidence.

Gravity of the Charges. Major Koehler will allege a conspiracy to secure his downfall. The character of the charges against him is such that if convicted he may be sentenced to ninety-nine years in prison. He is 42 years old, anything approaching the maximum sentence would be life imprisonment. A conviction would carry dismissal from the army in complete disgrace.

Major Koehler will allege that certain officers at Fort Terry conceived a personal hatred of him and conspired to compass his ruin by these charges. The blackening evidence against him will be explained in a manner that he and his counsel believe will be absolutely convincing evidence of a frame-up.

Only five of the thirty-five witnesses for the prosecution have so far been heard. Only about twenty of these witnesses will take the stand in person. The specifications of the rest have nearly all been received to be used against Major Koehler.

Harry Wilson, ex-private at Fort Terry, was the other witness at the court-martial last session on Saturday besides James Ward. Wilson told the court he had no personal knowledge of any such acts as Major Koehler stands accused of. After various efforts at questioning him he was excused.

To Coerce Stubborn Witness. The court is said to have telegraphed to New Haven to secure a writ from the Federal Court there compelling Wilson to testify with a view to having him adjudged in contempt of court if he still refuses to answer questions. Wilson was then let go. Another ex-soldier at Fort Terry named Ed. Smith, who was also adjudged in contempt of court if he still refuses to answer questions, was then let go. Another ex-soldier at Fort Terry named Ed. Smith, who was also adjudged in contempt of court if he still refuses to answer questions, was then let go.

One of the witnesses declared to a Star reporter to-day that Major Koehler's conduct had been the subject of damming reports about the fort ever since the newly created Major, he took command in July, 1911. This witness declared that nothing was ever done in regard to the alleged conduct of Major Koehler until he incurred the enmity of certain officers.

The first of the expected transfers from Fort Terry came yesterday and was effective from the 1st. No. 1 do not know whether or not I shall be called as a witness in the court-martial. I have not yet been served with a subpoena."

Lieutenants Kees, Humphreys and Smith, the last two from Fort Monroe, have been sent to testify. Col. Sidney S. Jordan, whose failure to appear to sit as a member of the court-martial excited much complaint and delayed the trial a day, did not come. It has since been learned, but cause he is to be called as a witness, whether by the prosecution or defense is uncertain.

The secret trial goes on to-morrow morning. HONOR CUBA'S DEAD HERO. President Menocal and Others Walk Behind Salvador Cisneros's Coffin. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. HAVANA, March 1.—The body of Salvador Cisneros y Bentapoguet, Marquis de Santa Lucia, who died last night, lay in state all day to-day in the red room of the palace. It was taken to the home of the late Senator in Camaguey this afternoon for burial to-morrow.

President Menocal, the members of the Cabinet and all the members of the Diplomatic Corps followed the gun carriage on which the body was borne to the railroad station. All places of amusement throughout the island will be closed until after the funeral.

The Marquis de Santa Lucia was made President of the Cuban republic when it was organized in 1895 at the beginning of the Ten Years War. He claimed American citizenship, as he had gone to the United States before the war, and said he would rather be a plain American citizen than a Spanish nobleman. He was very wealthy and was popular with all Cubans. He was a Senator at the time of his death.

KILLED BY OWN INVENTION.

Two Polish Aviators Crushed by Metallic Biplane. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. LYONS, March 1.—While two brothers named Vroblevsky, Polish aviators, were testing their metallic biplane here to-day the machine fell thirty feet and crushed both men to death.

GARROS TO TRY OCEAN FLIGHT.

French Aviator to Attempt Transatlantic Trip in 1915. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 1.—Roland Garros, the aviator, in an interview here to-day, said he proposes to attempt a transatlantic flight via Greenland in 1915.

Wilds Orientals

Profit is seldom sacrificed on Oriental rugs offered to the public "at a sacrifice." When all the good rugs have been selected from an indiscriminate importation, the others are turned loose to bring what they will.

Wild's Orientals are the selected individuals from thousands of offerings—priced fairly.

JOSEPH WILD & CO. Fifth Ave. and 35th St. Largest Specialty Rug House in America

IDLE MEN INVADE 5TH AV. CHURCH

Continued from First Page. also wanted food, and that it was their right to have food.

Tannenbaum and Freeman kept making demands until Mr. Best finally drew Tannenbaum aside and suggested to him that it would simplify matters greatly if he would request, and refrain from demanding anything. So the leaders of the mob changed their tone, they asked for money for breakfast, and after a conference of the officers of the church it was agreed that the church should pay 20 cents for each man's lodging, and \$10 cents for food in the morning.

It was decided not to give the money to Tannenbaum for distribution, so the Rev. Theodore C. Martin, another of Dr. Durfield's associates, led the delegation over to the Bowery with the money to fix the men up for the night.

As the group filed out of the church one of the women of the congregation slipped half a dollar into the hand of one of the men. He took it to Mr. Martin immediately, saying that he did not want to be treated any better than those he was associated with.

Mr. Best later that one of the men had told him that Tannenbaum has kept the men out of work three days, saying that this scheme of raiding churches will provide for them.

ACCUSE I. W. W. LEADERS

Kingebury and Others Say Antagonism Try to Stir Strife. The I. W. W. Big Bill Hayward's organization is deliberately and systematically exaggerating the plight of the unemployed. It is organizing local professional beggars and bunco men to conduct demonstrations. It is violently persecuting the honest and real conditions.

The I. W. W., for the sole purpose of discrediting city officials and organized labor and stirring up ill feeling, is magnifying the number of unemployed in this city and starting real conditions.

These charges were made yesterday by Commissioner Kingebury, Herman Robinson of the executive committee of the State Federation of Labor, David Hanna, president of the State Federation of Labor, Owens, assistant superintendent of the Municipal Lodging House, Alexander Rousseau, Golden of the Brotherhood Welfare Association, a list of men who are out of work and want jobs. But the same names are found on many lists. Persons attempting to estimate the actual number of unemployed cannot compare these lists and eliminate duplications. They take the lists as a whole, add up the totals and arrive at a surprisingly large figure.

In the opinion of Herman Robinson and others the number of unemployed is a third or a half less than has been estimated because of the duplications of names. But the I. W. W. has taken advantage of the duplications to back up its charges that the city and organized charity are swamped by appeals for relief and has further magnified the number by carrying on a campaign designed to embitter the unemployed.

Conferees are planned for this week between representatives of organized labor and socialist organizations at which the problem of the unemployed will be discussed. It was said yesterday that there would be a meeting next Wednesday at the Labor Temple to consider ways and means of relief. Measures will be taken also to oppose the I. W. W. policy of violence and denunciation.

EARLE'S TRIAL ON MARCH 6

Artist and Companion Both Admit Their Part in Kidnapping. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. BOSTON (Col. of Chert), March 1.—Paul and Finney Earle, who were brought here from Norway to be tried here for kidnapping his son by his first wife, Mrs. Phipps, from a school near her home, Miss Hermann, his companion, were brought here today.

Both acknowledged their part in the kidnapping and were committed for trial on March 6. The prisoners will be permitted to receive their meals from the outside while in jail.

WIED TO POSTPONE ENTRY

Prince Fears Mohammedan Uprising in Albania, It is Reported. Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. PARIS, March 2.—The Petit Parisien says it understands that because of the reported Mohammedan uprising in Albania, the Prince of Wied, the new ruler of that country, will postpone his entry into Durazzo.