

JUSSERAND TO GO, IS WASHINGTON BELIEF

Predictions That French Ambassador Will Succeed Cambon in London.

DIPLOMATIC CORPS' DEAN

Became Popular in Eleven Years Service Here and Married American Woman.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Despite denials from the French Embassy, reports of the prospective transfer of Ambassador Jusserand from his post at Washington found general acceptance here today.



J. J. JUSSERAND.

which the Ambassador is willing to accept. There is much doubt as to this prediction, however, as such a transfer would necessitate the retirement of Jules Cambon, the present French Ambassador in London, who by his long service there has acquired a considerable reputation as one of the foremost diplomats of France.

NEW PARTY FOR ROOSEVELT?

Davenport Echoes Talk of "Liberals" Instead of "Progressives." In future speculation as to Col. Roosevelt's future there have been hints that he hopes to gather Progressives—and whoever else wishes to join—into a new organization to be called the Liberal party.

SCHIFF FOR RESERVE BOARD?

Wall Street Hears Rumor That He Has Been Named Governor. A Washington dispatch to one of the Wall Street financial dailies gave a report, said to be founded on high authority, that President Wilson had offered the place of governor of the Federal Reserve Board to Jacob H. Schiff and that Mr. Schiff had accepted.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—No confirmation could be obtained here of Wall Street reports that Jacob H. Schiff had been offered the important post of Governor of the Federal Reserve Board.

CLARK TO MAKE ATTACK ON TOLLS REPEAL TO-DAY

Continued from First Page. President to explain what these matters are. The growing impression in Washington, as told in special correspondence to The Sun to-day, is that the Japanese situation is one of the matters.

HOUSE TO DISPOSE OF TOLLS REPEAL BILL THIS AFTERNOON

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The House indulged itself to-day in what both sides of the tolls repeal controversy acknowledged was an armistice in the debate over the Administration bill.

There was apparent reluctance on the part of the leaders of either side to engage in the forensic battle. All were saving themselves for the final clash to-morrow.

Nearly thirty members of the House spoke in the course of the day's debate. Only two of these speeches came from real leaders upon either side of the discussion.

Representative Doremus of Michigan, who is leading the Democrats opposed to the repeal, and Lenroot of Wisconsin, a Republican who favors the President's contention.

At the conclusion of the day it was announced from the chair that the House will adjourn at 11:30 A. M. By this agreement voting on the bill will begin at about 5 P. M.

Definite Action by 6 P. M. There will be two roll calls at least. The first will be on the motion to recommmit the bill to the committee on Commerce and Foreign Commerce with general or specific instructions as to amendment and the second on the passage of the measure itself.

Estimates of the Vote. Political prophets about the Capitol have adhered very closely to their estimate made on Saturday, according to the Administration majority less than fifty on the final passage of the bill.

Defends Clark's Position. Representative Sioane of Nebraska, a Republican, in defense of Speaker Clark's position. He told the House that it could not afford to disregard the expressions of Speaker Clark, in view of the latter's devotion to patriotism.

Represents Smith of Minnesota. Representative Smith of Minnesota, a Republican, assailed the repeal bill on the ground that it would mean an admission that Congress had voted to place the United States in a dishonorable attitude. He said the President asked for

Bill to Reform Court Procedure is Approved. House Committee Reports Clayton Measure—Its Passage Is Assured.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Important reforms in the methods of pleading, practice and procedure in Federal courts are proposed in the Clayton bill just reported to the House by the Committee on the Judiciary.

Color Printing Demonstration. At the Galleries of Goupil & Co. of Paris By Mathilde de Cordoba and Zella de Milhau This Afternoon

At Three o'clock 58 West 45th St., between 46th and 47th Aves.

J. HAM LEWIS SAYS IT'S WAR OR REPEAL

Startles Senate by Declaring President Feared Action by Powers. MIGHT OCCUPY MEXICO

Russia Would Seize Alaska and Japan the Philippines, Senator Predicts.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—Senator James Hamilton Lewis of Illinois startled his colleagues in the Senate to-day when he declared that the reason the President was so anxious to settle the tolls controversy in a way satisfactory to Great Britain was to prevent the occupation of Mexico by England, Germany and France.

Senator Lewis dashed this solemn warning off in a matter of fact way which caused his colleagues to look at him with an expression of incredulity.

An Imaginary Conversation. "We might say to them, 'Stand back! We have a doctrine known as the Monroe Doctrine which means America for Americans.'"

They will say to us that we are too late; that in invading China, in aiding the construction of a railway there, in giving our flag over Hawaii and the Philippines, we have made a world nation of this country and cannot longer hold out the world from entering America.

Members in this body from the Pacific coast States have shown their fear of what might happen by their demand for the fortification of Pacific ports and the strengthening of the army in the West.

Senator Lewis was a staunch defender of the President's policy, but ventured very near the danger line when he said: "I do not find it compatible with public interest to take the public into his confidence in greater detail."

Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire told the Senate that he had been surprised by the speech by a reference to the fact that many Senators had changed their views or their attitude on the tolls question.

It would be interesting to know, said Senator Gallinger, "what the views of the Secretary of State are at the present time on the tolls question. It is hinted that he with other of his party has met with a sudden change, almost as sudden as that which overtook Saul of Tarsus."

It answers my purpose at present to call attention to the changed attitude of many men in public life which they seem to justify on the ground that our relations with foreign Governments require that we shall retreat from the position which was taken after long debate and due deliberation.

It is not surprising that the American people will never be willing to surrender a principle at the cost of any other principle on earth. That lies at the very foundation of our Government—that every principle which is repudiated and probably will be.

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INSURANCE HEAD TRAPS ALLEGED BLACKMAILER

Shots and a Hot Chase Result When President Dunham Won't Give Up \$5,000.

MASS MEETING IN PROTEST

Held in Philadelphia and 2,000 Persons Attend.

PHILADELPHIA, March 30.—A gathering of 2,000 persons in the Academy of Music protested to-night against President Wilson's stand for the repeal of canal tolls exemption.

Representative George S. Graham, who is a Taft Republican, and was one of the chief speakers, caused a Roosevelt demonstration during the meeting when he referred to the revolution which created the Republic of Panama and said that President Roosevelt concluded the treaty under which the Canal Zone became American property.

Alphonsus Koebler, president of the German Society of New York, particularly brought out the point that the tolls exemption provision is a domestic affair, not subject to treaty regulations.

Mr. Koebler then read the treaty of 1815 between this country and England regulating the port charges for American and English vessels in American and English ports. In this treaty it was stipulated that American vessels in English ports should pay no higher charges than English vessels and, vice versa, English vessels in American ports should pay no more than American vessels.

But under this treaty England for ninety-nine years has granted her own coastwise vessels much lower port rates than American vessels and has maintained that the port charges for her coastwise shipping are a domestic affair not subject to treaty regulation.

BRITISH DENIAL OF BARGAIN. Sir Edward Grey Defends Course of President Wilson.

LONDON, March 30.—Sir Edward Grey, the British Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, denied to-day in the House of Commons the published charge that President Wilson's stand for the repeal of the Panama Canal tolls exemption was the result of an understanding between the United States and Great Britain in regard to the Mexican problem.

There is no foundation whatever for these reports, and I am glad to be able to take as early an opportunity as possible for saying so," said Sir Edward.

6,500 TONS OF FOOD DESTROYED IN CITY

Health Department Shows Progress Made in Detecting Bad Supplies.

The Health Department destroyed more than 13,000,000 pounds of bad food in this city in 1913, according to Health Commissioner Goldwater.

In a special bulletin on "Pure Food," sent out yesterday, Dr. Goldwater declared the regulation and enforcement of pure food laws under the jurisdiction of the Health Department has been much improved in recent years.

For instance, in the work of condemnation and destruction last year a constant supervision was maintained over more than 2,700 establishments where food of various sorts is prepared or vended, and there is general inspection even where the soda cream cone is concocted or the soda water is offered for sale.

While they were destroying the food the police arrested and obtained fines amounting to \$3,500. No place can vend anything in the food line without a permit from the Health Department, and these can be obtained only after a most rigorous investigation.

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LAWYER, CONVICTED, IS BRANDED AS SVENGALI

Used Hypnotic Power to Force Weaker Man to Aid in Lemon Fraud.

WON'T AID TOLEDO CAR LINES.

TOLEDO, Ohio, March 30.—Judge Killip refused to grant the Toledo Street Railway Company an injunction to stop the enforcement of 3 cent fares in a decision handed down to-night on the ground that the Federal Court has no jurisdiction until a receiver is appointed.

Philip R. Salita, who has practiced law in New York for twenty years, was described as a Svengali by Judge Swann last night after a jury had found him guilty of grand larceny in the second degree.

"The verdict of the jury," said Judge Swann, "answered in the affirmative the question of the power of a master mind to influence that of another naturally weak moral fibre, forming a favorable mental condition by which the subject is reduced to a machine-like automaton under the mental influence of a superior mind."

Salita was born in Alexandria, Egypt, and is well known by New York lawyers. He appeared as an attorney for Antonio and Philip Mustaro, who are now serving prison sentences for defrauding banks.



The Romance of New Orleans. Lives today in the charming vistas of balconied mansions, picturesque courts and quaint streets, filled with the grace, fervor and animation of Creole life. Here also is the modern city with its splendid hotels, theatres and restaurants. A temperate and bracing winter climate, with every opportunity for golf, tennis and other outdoor sports. Southern Pacific Steamships "Morgan Line" NEW YORK TO NEW ORLEANS ONE WAY \$40 ROUND TRIP \$70 BERTH AND MEALS ON SHIP INCLUDED. Sunset Limited NEW ORLEANS TO CALIFORNIA

Where the Sun Rises in the Pacific Ocean is shown in a splendid detailed map of the Panama Canal Zone in next Sunday's Sun. There is one woman in all Europe who is adored by the men of four armies. She is Queen Eleonore of Bulgaria, the fairy queen to wounded soldiers. She is coming here next May and will be the first ruling sovereign to visit us. Read of her wonderful personality. Did you ever experience a momentary stoppage of your brain? If so you are a sufferer of dwalms and next Sunday F. Cunliffe-Owen tells you of many notable cases which resulted in disasters and the proposed legislation to avert the dangers of this unaccountable freak of the human mind. The Terrazas and Creel families really caused the Mexican revolution. These royal families of Chihuahua owned the banks, courts, buildings, mines, in fact almost everything, and now many of them have been executed and the others exiled. Read of their wonderful rise and fall. With the spring comes the circus and with the circus comes John Ringling, who runs the show purely as a commercial proposition. Cartoonist Macauley spent a day with him recently and tells you many interesting things about this modest genius. Money making opportunities in Cuba have been thoroughly investigated for The Sun by Roger W. Babson and next Sunday he tells you of the chances in that country for the man of small means. In Next Sunday's Sun