

ROOSEVELT EXTOLS BRAVERY OF SCOTT

Colonel Stirred at Seeing Moving Pictures of Explorer's Last Voyage.

LUNCHEON GUEST OF GREYS

He Still Refuses to Talk Politics, but Comments on Polo.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, June 15.—Col. Roosevelt spent what was for him a quiet day in London to-day.

After attending a luncheon given in his honor by Sir Edward Grey, the British Foreign Secretary, he saw the cinematograph pictures of Capt. Robert F. Scott's Antarctic expedition, which prompted the Colonel to repeat Anthony Fiala's expression in Brazil that Capt. Scott's life and death added dignity and self-respect to every one who could appreciate manly, decent citizenship.

Col. Roosevelt recalled the fact that four years ago Capt. Scott was a fellow guest with him at Lieut.-Col. Lee's house at Chequers Court in Buckinghamshire. This was two years before Capt. Scott sailed on his ill-fated expedition. The Colonel said:

"I was immensely struck at that time by his efficiency, modesty, transparent courage and sincerity. I do not know of any book of history, biography, romance, fact or fiction in which is set forth a more silent example of quiet, simple and unobtrusively heroic heroism than is contained in the final chapter of Capt. Scott's book which gives the diary and letters written by him when he was dying of cold and starvation. I cannot imagine any man reading that chapter without being inspired to lead his life on a plane of courage and lofty unselfishness which would entitle him to some kind of kinship with Capt. Scott."

When asked what he thought of the result of the international polo game at Meadow Brook on Saturday Col. Roosevelt said: "I am thankful that I did not see it. I congratulate the English team on its victory. The best team undoubtedly was, but I hope that the next time the best team will be our side."

Later in the afternoon Col. Roosevelt had long conferences with Viscount Bryce, the former British Ambassador at Washington, and James B. Reynolds. The reporters persisted in trying to draw the Colonel out on politics, but even George W. Perkins's statement that the ex-President was too big a man to be a candidate for the Governorship of New York failed to get anything out of the Colonel on this subject. One reporter said to him:

"May we say, Colonel, that when you return home there is a likelihood of your saying something on politics?"

Col. Roosevelt's face was wreathed in smiles as he replied: "You may say that it is extremely likely that I will have something to say on politics."

HAYTIAN PRESIDENT DEFEATED.

Revolutionists Win Decisive Victory, Says Report From Jamaica.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. KINGSTON, Jamaica, June 15.—Mail advices from Haiti are to the effect that the revolutionists recently indicated a crushing defeat on the forces of President Zamor at Quinaminthe. The early fall of the Government is predicted.

ZABERN AFFAIR IS ENDED.

Alsacians to Do Military Service Elsewhere in Empire.

BRUNN, June 15.—A Government order was issued to-day as a result of the clashes between the military and the civilian authorities at Zabern, Alsace, in the latter part of 1913 and early this year, that henceforth all recruits from Alsace-Lorraine will be obliged to do military service in other parts of the empire.

A rule has been in existence permitting one-fourth of the men to serve in their home districts.

The tranquility of Zabern, known as the "City of Roses," was disturbed by a speech made by Lieut. Baron von Forstner to the recruits of his regiment, the Ninety-ninth Infantry, that he would willingly give 10 marks out of his own pocket to the soldier who "would run his bayonet through a Wackes [an Alsatian]. The remark, worked up by the "deadly insult," hoisted him on the streets and there were popular demonstrations against the military. Later Von Forstner struck with his sword a lame shoemaker who had derided him and clashes between the soldiers and civilians were then of daily occurrence.

Col. von Reuter, commander of the Ninety-ninth, and Lieut. Schaed were court-martialed for their part in cowing the people of Zabern into submission and were acquitted. The verdict did not please the people in Alsace-Lorraine and the breach widened.

DANISH SENATE DISSOLVED.

King Makes Move to Break Deadlock Over Constitution.

COPENHAGEN, June 15.—King Christian promulgated an order to-day dissolving the Upper House of the Rigsdag. The decree applies only to the fifty-four elected members, the twelve life members appointed by the King not being included. Pending the elections for the Upper House, the Lower House was prorogued.

The Upper House of the Danish Parliament has been adjourned over the constitutional amendment bill and its dissolution is the result of this situation. The bill provides for the doing away of property qualifications for electors of members. It also takes from the King his right to nominate twelve life members. The Conservatives have consistently refused to vote on the measure. As they are in a majority the House was unable to form a legal quorum.

SLOCUM DISASTER MEMORIAL.

Survivors Hold Services on Tenth Anniversary of Horror.

Memorial services for the victims of the General Slocum disaster, which happened on June 15, 1914, were held yesterday at the Middle Collegiate Reformed Church, Seventh street and Second avenue, by the organization of survivors.

Services also were held in the Lutheran sanctuary, Middle Village, L. I., where thirty-five unidentified victims were buried. Thousands of flags were at halfmast in The Bronx yesterday in memory of the General Slocum disaster.

\$63,000 IS PAID IN PARIS FOR REMBRANDT PORTRAIT

Extraordinary High Prices Realized at Sale of Collection of Charles Fairfax Murray of London.



Rembrandt's Portrait of His Brother.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, June 15.—Extraordinary prices were obtained at the sale of pictures by old masters at the Galerie Georges Petit to-day. The pictures were from the collection of Charles Fairfax Murray of London. The total realized by the sale was 1,668,000 francs (\$337,760).

The gem of the sale was a Rembrandt portrait, which fetched 315,000 francs (\$63,000). Most of the pictures sold above the valuation price, although there were some notable exceptions, as in the case of Botticelli's painting of the Virgin, the Infant Jesus and St. John. The Rembrandt portrait, which was supposed to be that of his brother, was bought by M. Ratier, the dealer. The valuation placed on the picture was 300,000 francs (\$60,000).

Boucher's "Jeune Femme etendue sur un Sofa," from the original collection of the Duke of Marlborough, signed and dated 1751, was bought by M. Bousquet for 190,000 francs (\$38,100). The expert's valuation on this painting was 100,000 francs (\$20,000).

Fauquet, the dealer, paid 130,000 francs (\$26,000) for Van Dyck's portrait of Lucas Vosterman. It was valued at 150,000 francs (\$30,000).

Jules Feral, the expert, paid 50,000 francs (\$10,000) for a bust portrait of Saint Sebastian by Antonello de Messine. This picture was valued at 80,000 francs (\$16,000).

Bellini's "Venus a la Toilette" sold for 92,000 francs (\$18,400) on a valuation of 150,000 francs (\$30,000).

Botticelli's "La Vierge, l'Enfant Jesus et Saint Jean" sold for 50,000 francs (\$10,000).

ITALIAN STRIKERS FIRE THREE OLD CHURCHES

One Edifice in Seaport of Senigallia Destroyed—Fourteen Burned Altogether.

BOLOGNA, June 15.—Senigallia, a seaport and watering place on the Adriatic, which has been a hotbed of strikes since the beginning of the year, was the scene to-day of the vandalism of rioting strikers by the application of the torch to the cathedral, the Church of Peace and the Church of the Holy Cross. The latter edifice was practically destroyed, only the walls remaining.

The rioters broke into a store and stole a large quantity of oil, which they sprinkled on the church doors. The interior of the Church of Peace was burned out, but a detachment of cavalry arrived at the cathedral in time to save it from being destroyed.

A torpedo boat arrived at Senigallia to-day with a large company of sharpshooters. They were placed at all the important points and put down much disorder.

The strikers succeeded in ripping up 200 feet of railroad track between Modena and Mantua, and dumped the rails and ties into a field. Many telegraph poles were pulled down.

The Pope received advices to-day that 14 churches have been burned, 33 damaged and 23 looted by rioters during the strike in Italy. Work has been resumed in many places where the police and military have restored order.

Strike leaders at Naples still continue their efforts to stir up workmen to join the ranks of the strikers. They say that the greater the number of strikers the more difficulty the Government will have in punishing employees who quit their jobs on State lines. Train service is fairly good in Italy. Work has been resumed in many places where the police and military have remained at their posts to operate the trains.

TOUSEY ASKS RECEIVER.

Brother of Late Dime Novel Publisher Charges Conspiracy.

Sinclair Tousey, brother of the late Frank Tousey, who made a fortune publishing dime novels and popular weeklies, and who inherited part of his brother's interest in the publishing business, today applied yesterday in the Supreme Court for the appointment of a receiver for Frank Tousey, Inc., under which name the publishing business was incorporated after the death of Frank Tousey.

Sinclair Tousey owns half the stock of the company. The other half is owned by Norma Hastings, daughter of the late George Gordon Hastings, the lawyer, who married Rosa, the widow of the publisher. Mr. Tousey alleges that Miss Hastings has put her share of the business in charge of Harry E. Wolf, assistant treasurer, who, he alleges, is trying to keep the business from making money so that Tousey will be unable to meet notes of \$44,521 he gave to Hastings in 1909.

PEPITA'S SON KILLS HIMSELF IN PARIS

Alleged Heir of Lord Sackville a Suicide Following Death of Wife.

CLAIM TO ESTATE VOID

Said His Mother, Spanish Dancer, Was Married to Lord in Madrid.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. PARIS, June 15.—It has just been disclosed that Ernest Henri Sackville-West, son of the late Lord Sackville and the Spanish dancer Pepita, whose name was Josephine Duran de Ortega, who claimed the Sackville title and estates in 1910, committed suicide here on June 3 immediately after the death of his wife from cancer.

The couple were greatly devoted to each other, but they apparently were in poor circumstances.

The man who just died was first heard of in 1903, when he asserted that he was Lord Sackville's son by the latter's marriage to the Spanish dancer while he was attached to the British Embassy at Madrid. The case was thrown out of court on the ground that the young man's mother had a husband living when she met the then Sir Lionel Sackville-West.

The claim was revived after the death of Lord Sackville, when lawyers for the claimant asked for the appointment of a manager of the Sackville estates until the claims of the alleged son had been settled. This motion was denied.

In February, 1913, the suit of Ernest Henri Sackville-West for the title and estates of Lord Sackville came up before the Probate Division of the High Court of Justice in England. It was not denied that Sir Lionel Sackville-West had formed an alliance with the mother of the claimant, but it was proved that she was married at the time and the one son and three daughters born of the alliance with Sir Lionel Sackville-West had never been recognized by the courts. It was admitted that Lord Sackville had gone through a marriage ceremony with the dancer, but it was also shown that the woman's husband did not die until years after the children were born.

A few days after the hearing in the case began Sir Edward Clarke, counsel for the British Ambassador at Washington during the Harrison-Cleveland Presidential campaign. He got into trouble by writing a letter to a supposed British subject in California in which he advised him to support the Democratic candidate for President. The letter was printed during the closing days of the campaign, and Sir Lionel lost his job.

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AMERICANS INVITED TO ASCOT.

Many Will Have Places in the Royal Enclosure.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, June 15.—Invitations to the Americans who have received invitations to the royal enclosure at Ascot during the race week are Mr. Page, the American Ambassador, Mrs. Page and their son and daughter; Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Page, and all the members of the embassy; Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Philip Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Mrs. John Astor, Mrs. A. J. Drexel, Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Stuyvesant, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Duke, Mr. and Mrs. E. M. House and E. Gerry Greene.

PALACE INVADER RELEASED.

King Said to Have Asked That Pique Be Not Punished.

LONDON, June 15.—Harry Pike, the engineer's fitter who while under the influence of liquor scaled the spiked walls and invaded Buckingham Palace, where he wandered about for some time on June 7, was brought up for trial in the Bow street police court to-day and was finally bound over under a bond of \$100 to keep the peace. He was then released.

It is intimated that King George sent word that the engineer's fitter should not be severely punished.

GERARD NOT AFTER ROOT'S JOB.

Ambassador to Germany Coming Here Simply for a Vacation.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. BERLIN, June 15.—Ex-Justice James W. Gerard of New York, now the American Ambassador to Germany, is emphatic in the declaration that he has no ambition to succeed Elihu Root as United States Senator from the Empire State. In an interview with the correspondent of THE SUN to-day Mr. Gerard said:

"I am not a candidate for any office unless President Wilson should draft me. For me to act otherwise would be unfair to the President and to Secretary of State Bryan. It would not be right for me to accept the appointment to the Berlin Ambassadorship and then after I had spent a year in endeavoring to get in a position to help the President's Administration and American business to allow personal ambition to send me 'rainbow chasing' after the United States Senatorship from New York."

Mr. Gerard, who spent several days last week with Count Frankenstein-Rostoff and the Countess, who was formerly Mary Knowlton of Brooklyn, at their estate in Silesia, said that he and Mrs. Gerard expect to sail for New York in the latter part of July on a vacation.

IRELAND CAN'T IMPORT ARMS.

King's Bench Court Decries That Government Embargo is Valid.

DUBLIN, June 15.—The Judges of the King's Bench Court reversed today the decision of the Assize Court of Belfast which held as invalid the Government's proclamation prohibiting the importation of arms into Ireland. The court upheld the proclamation by a vote of 2 to 1.

The decision of the Assize Court was based on the assumption that the Act of Union provided that there should be equal privileges in respect to trade on the part of all British subjects.

ALMA GLUCK MARRIES ZIMBALIST IN LONDON

American Singer the Bride of the Well Known Russian Violinist.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, June 15.—Alma Gluck, the opera singer, was married to the Russian violinist Zimbalist at the registrar's office in Marylebone at 10 o'clock this morning, a few hours after the prima donna's arrival in London from New York.

The newly married couple are stopping at Richmond for three weeks pending the fulfillment of Zimbalist's engagements in London. On July 8 they will go to Switzerland for a six weeks honeymoon trip, after which they will sail for the United States.

Zimbalist, who is also an accomplished pianist, has frequently accompanied Mme. Gluck in her concerts. Both will continue their musical careers.

ALBANIA'S KING WINS BATTLE FROM REBELS

Government Troops Repulse Rebels Marching on the Capital.

DURAZZO, June 15.—The Albanian capital was attacked early this morning by Mussulman insurgents who unexpectedly appeared in three columns and sent into the city a rain of rifle and artillery fire. The insurgents were repulsed after three hours of fighting by the Albanian Government troops under the command of Prince Henry.

Col. Thomson, the Dutch commander of the gendarmerie, was killed in the early part of the assault. He was selected by the Powers as commander to succeed the Swedish officer who originally headed the gendarmerie.

It is reported that the Government has 8,000 or 9,000 trained troops which are opposing 25,000 insurgents, who are without discipline as a rule. It is said that after the repulse on the capital what remained of the fighting Mussulmans was surrounded by the Government troops at Shkai, between Durazzo and Tirana.

Col. Thomson, the Dutch commander of the Chamber to-day that the Italian squadron at Ancona is under orders to sail for Durazzo in the event of trouble that would necessitate its presence there. He also told the Chamber that a British warship arrived at Durazzo and that a British Admiral had taken command of the international fleet.

There is much uncertainty in regard to the situation at Durazzo. There has been nothing direct from Durazzo since midday on Monday, when it was announced that an attack by the insurgents had been repulsed. It is reported from Rome that the position at the capital is serious and that a night attack on Monday was feared. According to this report the capture of Durazzo by the insurgents had been expected, but Italian sources of news from Albania are not trustworthy.

Reports from Vienna indicate that the trouble is over. All the Powers are said to be sending warships to protect the Adriatic and his wife, the Prince and Princess of Wied, and British ships have evidently arrived at the port.

GREEK WARSHIP READY TO SAIL.

Cruiser Built for China in Philadelphia May Go to Near East.

PHILADELPHIA, June 15.—The cruiser "Pel Hugi," built by the New York Shipbuilding Company for the Government of China but later in the contract was being at its dock in Camden ready for delivery, but its destination is kept a secret. It is reported that the vessel will leave this week for the near East under orders from Athens because of the tension between Greece and Turkey.

The vessel is a 2,600-ton cruiser. She carries two 6-inch, four 4-inch and two 3-inch guns, 180 6-pounders, two 3-pounders and two torpedo tubes.

EMPRESS INQUIRY OPENS TO-DAY.

Mersey Discusses Collision With Commission on Way to Quebec.

QUEBEC, June 15.—The scope of the investigation into the sinking of the steamship Empress of Ireland by the steamship Storstad on May 29 and the consequent loss of more than 1,000 lives was considered to-day by Lord Mersey, chairman of the commission, and his fellow members as they travelled by boat from Montreal to this city. The inquiry will open to-morrow at the court house here.

The members of the commission include Sir Adolphe Routhier and Lt. Hon. Ezekeiel McLeod, Canadian admiralty judges, and J. D. Hazen, Dominion Minister of Marine.

Robert F. Bell, the British representative in the United States of the National Sailors and Firemen's Union of Great Britain and Ireland, came here today from New York. He has appeared before the commission and will act as counsel for the union at the investigation.

The results of the inquiry, it is believed, will be used as a basis for legislation seeking to make navigation safer on the St. Lawrence River, especially in times of fog.

CROWD, DOGS AND AUTO GET THIEF AFTER CHASE

Woman Knocked Down in Borough Park, Brooklyn, by Man Joins in Pursuit.

Mrs. Belle Farnow, wife of an insurance man, returned home to 1344 Forty-fourth street, Borough Park, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon in time to see a man leave her house by the front door. She asked him what he had been doing in the house and he knocked her down and ran.

Mrs. Farnow jumped up and screamed, and then ran after him. At the corner some men in a drug store joined in the chase, which led up one street and down another. The crowd grew larger each block, men and women, boys and girls, and even dogs joining in.

After about a mile Lewis Hart, press agent of Luna Park, who had just been sworn in as deputy sheriff, came along in his automobile and joined in the pursuit. The pursued ran across lots where Hart could not follow him, but at Fifty-sixth street and Fort Hamilton avenue, after a chase of three miles, the man stopped, winded.

Hart leaped at him, but the man knocked out two of his teeth. Other pursuers jumped upon the man, and he was finally taken to the Parkville police station, where he gave his name as John Marzycki, and he said he was released from Trenton prison a month ago after serving three and a half years for burglary.

Many trinkets were found in his pockets and Mrs. Farnow identified some of them as hers. While the prisoner was being booked, Mrs. Stephen Nenes of 1228 Forty-third street reported that her house had been robbed. She also identified as hers some of the trinkets found on the prisoner. The prisoner said he had buried other articles he had stolen in a lot on Eleventh avenue near Sixty-sixth street. The police recovered these.

CAMERA'S VISION 110 DEGREES.

Italian Inventor of Cinema Has a Novel Machine.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. ROME, June 15.—Signor Albertini, who twenty years ago, when moving pictures were unknown, invented a cinematograph which exhibited royal personages, has now invented a bioscope which is capable of photographing a range of vision two and one-half times greater than heretofore, namely, 110 degrees instead of 45 degrees.

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Suits will be made to your measure, in style you select, with coats quarter, half or full-lined; in sizes up to 44 inch chest measure, at \$22.00. Larger sizes 10 per cent. more. Deliveries made in two weeks from date of purchase

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Mohair Coats and Trousers, in a great variety of models, and at a wide range of prices. \$15 to \$23
White Flannel Coats and Trousers, the coats in single, double breasted and Norfolk models. \$20 & \$22
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White and Striped Flannel Trousers, the striped variety in a diversity of smart designs. \$3.75 & \$5
London-made White Trousers, tailored in the finest West of England flannels, on East American lines. \$9.00
Blazer Coats, those beautifully colored stripe materials, made in regulation or Norfolk styles. \$3.50
Silk Coats and Trousers, made in single breasted or Norfolk models, and made right. \$17.50 & \$20
Norfolk Coats and Trousers, in a selection of smart fabrics and designs. \$17.50 to \$25
Khaki Trousers. \$1.50 & \$2
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