

loyalty to him never has been questioned had more than 50,000 troops.

Breceda was formerly Carranza's private secretary and arrived in Washington yesterday on a secret mission.

As soon as the statement was made public Villa's agents in Washington flamed the substance of it to him by telegraph.

Carranza's representatives in Washington were still waiting to-night for his consent to send delegates to confer formally with Huerta's representatives.

To-night's statement has tended to throw considerable doubt on Carranza's intentions, and developments of the next two or three days will be awaited in Washington with anxiety.

Here is Breceda's statement:

Real Rebel Situation.

"Public opinion in the United States has been greatly misled in the matter of the attitude of Gen. Villa toward Mr. Carranza, and consequently I find it necessary in view of the knowledge and direct acquaintance that I have of the facts to issue a statement in order to make known the real situation of the Constitutional leadership.

"The troubles between Villa and Carranza have not all the importance that has been supposed and can be composed when the real causes of the break become known. Villa, who has been the leader showing more spirit and vindictiveness in the war against Huerta, has appeared always in an entirely subordinate character to Carranza and entirely submissive to Carranza in spite of persistent attempts to make him appear as holding personal ambitions and as disloyal toward Carranza.

"Villa would have continued loyal toward Carranza had it not been for the interference of Secretary Angeles, who is the chief author of the happenings occurring lately. Whenever it is spoken of the insubordination of Villa, we ought to say the Angeles insubordination.

"Gen. Angeles was a commander in the Federal army; he was sent on a commission to Europe by Huerta; he stayed there until the month of October, 1912; he then asked to come into the ranks and the colors of the Constitutionalists. Angeles was accepted. He received money for his family and for his trip; he was welcomed by Mr. Carranza, who, in view of Angeles being a technical military man, appointed him substitute secretary of his War Department.

"His nomination was well accepted by the revolutionary leaders, as they considered him entirely educated in politics under the Federal ideas. As a matter of fact he always tried to keep apart from Mr. Carranza and the revolutionary leaders.

Sent to Help Villa.

"The trip of Carranza from Sonora to Chihuahua coincided with the beginning of the military activities against Torreón, and yielding to the wishes of Villa, Angeles was sent from Sonora to help Villa in the investment of Torreón.

"Since the arrival of Angeles near Villa a change in the attitude of the latter was felt; nearly all the acts of Villa, indicating disagreement with Carranza, such as the imprisonment and attempted shooting of Chao, were due to the advice of Angeles.

"On the 12th of June Carranza asked Villa to send some reinforcements to Natera, who was at the time invading Zacatecas. Villa, acting under the advice of Angeles, refused to send such reinforcements unless he could take charge of the assault, doing all with his own forces. Carranza insisted. Villa refused again, and in a fit of anger he tendered his resignation as military commander of the northern division.

"Carranza found himself obliged to accept the resignation, but wishing to follow democratic proceedings he convoked the officials who were under the orders of Villa so that they might choose their active leader. The officials, influenced by Angeles, refused to appoint a substitute and agreed to support Villa as their leader and in an attitude of disobedience toward Carranza.

"Carranza was acquainted with the real causes of the attitude of Villa and consequently he ordered the immediate discharge of Angeles from the position he held.

"Attempts have been made to patch up the break and to induce Villa to recede from his attitude. Villa finally realized that the most of the revolutionary leaders has assured their loyalty to Carranza, and when Villa was convinced that the real purpose of Angeles was to use him as a tool for his ambition to become provisional President of Mexico Angeles's purpose was defeated.

Villa Postpones Action.

"In view of this revelation Villa has agreed to postpone the discussion of his grievances until the revolution has triumphed. Carranza has also considered that the campaign against Huerta must be the chief purpose and that it would be impolitic to spend time in an attempt to subdue Villa. The attitude of Villa, fostered from the inside by Angeles, has been encouraged on the outside by certain foreign elements who had time to impress upon the American people and Government that Villa is the chief factor in the Constitutional revolution.

"The principal foreign element doing this work in favor of Villa are two intimate friends of Lizaro de la Garza, the financial agent of Villa.

"One of them is a German Jew, a fellow of many doubtful connections in the United States, who claims to have in Washington people to help him in official circles.

"The other is an American who has posed during several months as a confidential agent for the State Department in the revolution, but who, as a matter of fact, has only been a political attaché and adviser of Villa in international matters. The attitude of this man, who is an intimate friend of De la Garza, and of a German fellow, has led Villa and Angeles to believe that they could count upon the sympathy and the support of the Washington Government, which to a great extent contributed to encouraging the insubordination that existed in the interior.

"Carranza is the first Chief of the Constitutional army, according to the plan of Guadalupe, which is the law under which the revolution is carried on. This leadership was given to Carranza by all the military leaders who supported the revolution and by all subsequent followers who ratified this leadership when they joined the revolutionary movement.

"This character of leader cannot be taken from Mr. Carranza unless by agreement of the majority of the military leaders.

The Men Behind Villa.

"The military forces composing the Constitutional army are not Villa's forces, if it is understood, and one wonders how much of the army is outside of Villa's forces. The leaders acting under Villa and who are supposed to back him are the following: Eugenio Aguirre Benavides, Tomas Urbina, Benito Huéscar, Manuel Garcia, Severino Coniceros.



At Brighton, during the field day athletic events by the policemen of New York, for the benefit of one of their worthy funds, the assembling audiences, which numbered thousands, visited the White Rock Marquee, where sparkling White Rock Water was to be had. Much White Rock Water was consumed.

White Rock is the Mineral Water De Luxe.

VILLA LEADS 18,000 MEN TO ATTACK AGUASCALIENTES

Leaves Zacatecas With Twenty Troop Trains, and Assault on Next Federal Stronghold Is Expected by To-morrow.

TORREON, June 27.—Preceded by long trains loaded with cavalry, artillery and infantry, Gen. Pancho Villa left Zacatecas this morning and began what will probably be the last leg of his journey to Mexico city. Twenty troop trains, strung out for miles, are carrying his army of 18,000 men southward.

Aguascalientes, the next big city on his route, lies seventy-five miles south of Zacatecas, and there the Federals are expected to make a stand. The rebel attack is expected to begin within twenty-four hours.

From now on Villa will operate on the great tableland four hundred miles in extent from Zacatecas to the goal of the rebel armies, Mexico city. Two and perhaps three hard battles await him, in the opinion of Mexican military men here. The troops of Huerta are expected to make a stand at Aguascalientes. Driven from there, they may attempt to check the Constitutional army at Guanajuato, three hundred miles from the capital.

At Queretaro, where Emperor Maximilian made his last stand before the soldiers of Benito Juarez and was executed, the final struggle is looked for. This city is four hours ride from the capital, and for months Huerta has been fortifying it.

Zacatecas, June 27.—Deserting their wounded and abandoning their supplies, the survivors of Gen. Barron's once powerful Federal army which evacuated Zacatecas on Tuesday night are nearing Aguascalientes to-day, closely pursued by Villa's cavalry.

The "flying squadron" of the Constitutional army has had several skirmishes with the retreating column. The Federals are expected to make a stand at the attack.

Orestes Pereyra, Martiniano Servin and Mateo Alariza. The number of soldiers composing Villa's troops is about 12,000 men. Outside of Villa's division, Angeles has his own body of troops, composed of 1,500 Federal soldiers and officials who have surrendered or deserted to the Constitutionalists and who are bound to increase as Angeles advances.

"The forces which are outside of the Villa and Angeles division and who have expressly manifested their adherence to Carranza are the following: On the side of the Pacific slope, under the orders of Gen. Alvaro Obregon, are: Salvador Alvarado, Manuel Diguez, Lucio Blanco, Ramon E. Iurbe, Manuel Carranza, Rafael Bualna, Benjamin Hill, Felipe Riveros.

"These leaders, who are all of them of a much higher standard morally and in military talent than any of the Villa generals, have a total force that can be estimated in a very conservative way as about 22,000 men.

"On the east side, under the orders of Gen. Pablo Gonzalez are: Antonio Villaral, E. Mangula, Teodoro Elizondo, Cesario Castro, Francisco Coss, Ernesto Santos Coy, Jesus Duvilla Sanchez, Andres Saucedo, Eulalio Gutierrez, Luis Gutierrez, Garcia Torres, Luis Caballero, Jesus Carranza.

"These leaders' forces are altogether composed of more than 29,000 men. In the center there is Emilio Natera, with the Arista brothers, Triana Carrillo and some others composing an army of nearly 10,000 soldiers.

"There are several other leaders in the central and southern part of Mexico who have no connection whatever with Villa and whose troops are not as yet organized in divisions, but recognize Carranza as their leader, such as Candido Aguilar, Agustin Millan, Gertrudis Sanchez, Antonio Portas.

"The number of soldiers under these leaders is not estimated in order to prevent exaggeration and keep within conservative limits.

"Such is the condition of the Constitutional army and such the comparative estimate of Villa forces within the Constitutional army."

CARRANZA UNYIELDING.

Won't Discuss New Government With Huerta's Envoy.

MONTERREY, June 27.—It is stated semi-officially here that the representatives of the Constitutionalists will not be permitted to discuss with the representatives of Huerta or the mediators a provisional Government for Mexico, even if the Powers that sign the protocol so agree.

The high official who vouches for this information said that Carranza will by no means treat with Huerta or his representatives if they are to establish a provisional Government.

It is stated that the Carranza Cabinet will be named shortly, and it appears that Iglesias Calderon will be Minister of the Interior, Luis Cabrera Minister of Foreign Relations, Gen. Antonio Villareal, at present Governor of the State of Nuevo Leon, Minister of War.

Alberto Padi, who was Minister of Public Instruction under Madero, is slated for a portfolio in the new Cabinet. Senor Boni, who was Director of Public Works, and Senor Yagudo, Minister of Communications in the Madero Cabinet, are also spoken of for Cabinet positions. No candidates for Ministers of Justice and the Treasury are yet mentioned.

It is expected that Carranza will probably return to Tampico Monday, postponing his trip to Tampico and Laredo.

PEACE PROTOCOL CRITICISED.

Claims of Foreigners Said to Be Treated Lightly.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN. NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., June 27.—Although no formal communication has been received from the Constitutionalists definite assurance was given to-day to all those attending the mediation conference that Carranza has not altered his decision to send delegates to confer with Gen. Huerta's representatives. Nothing is known yet as to the actual hour of the signing of the protocol, but it is confidently expected that they will be heard from before Monday morning. The place where the delegates will meet has not yet been selected. The latest places to be mentioned here are Ottawa and Thousand Islands.

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"Pending the arrival of the Constitutionalists discussion here centres around the three articles of the peace plan promulgated by the mediators, which are supposed to cover all the international phases of the Mexican problem. Critics have heard of the light manner in which the claims of foreigners are treated in the clauses relating to this matter.

Section D of Article 2 of the peace plan specifies that the provisional Government will negotiate for the constitution of international commissions for the settlement of the claims of foreigners on account of damages sustained during the period of civil war as a consequence of military acts or the acts of national authorities. This, it is said, does not cover the damages resulting from brigandage. Hundreds of Americans and other foreigners have been doing the past year in Mexico and the protocol prepared by the mediators contains nothing to cover claims resulting from these outrages.

HAY MAY SUCCEED ANGELES.

On His Way to Report to Carranza at Nuevo Laredo.

EL PASO, June 27.—Gen. Eduardo Hay, accompanied by Mrs. Hay, passed through this morning en route to Nuevo Laredo, where he will report to Gen. Carranza. Hay, it is rumored, is slated either to succeed Gen. Jacinto Trevino as chief of staff to Carranza or become sub-Secretary of War in the Carranza Cabinet, succeeding Gen. Felipe Angeles. Gen. Hay said: "I had no knowledge of the report that I am to be chief of staff until I reached Nogales and read the American papers. I really cannot confirm or deny the report. My instructions are to report to the First Chief, and that is what I am going to do. Conditions are normal in Mexico, where I have been for the last four months."

AGUILAR ROUTS FEDERALS.

Drives Huerta Column From Pampulila, in Vera Cruz State.

MONTERREY, June 27.—Gen. Candido Aguilar advises that he routed a column of 800 Federals, who attempted to recapture Pampulila, in the State of Vera Cruz, inflicting a loss of 200 men, 100 wounded and prisoners and capturing 250 Mauser rifles and much ammunition.

APPEAL TO CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Mexican Clergy Ask Prelate to Seek Washington's Aid.

MONTERREY, June 27.—The Mexican clergy has decided to send a commission to Gen. Carranza to seek a conference. It is said that the clergy has conferred with Cardinal Gibbons and the Cardinal Archbishop of New York asking that these men use their influence in order that the White House request the Constitutionalists to protect the Catholic Church in Mexico.

FEARS THEFT OF ANGLE EVIDENCE

Chief Padlocks Doors When Flat Appears to Have Been Entered.

SOLD FLASK TO WOMAN

Saloon Keeper Says Ballou Did Not Buy Bottle in Coat.

"SECOND MAN" SEES POLICE

Denies He Was in Singer's Apartment—Often With Her on Train.

STAMFORD, Conn., June 27.—Chief of Police Brennan placed large padlocks today on the door of Mrs. Helen M. Angle's apartment. She is under \$5,000 bonds pending investigation into the death of W. A. Ballou last Tuesday night. This action was taken because he suspected that some time last night some person slipped by the police guard at the outside door of the Rippowam Building, where Mr. Ballou received his injuries, and visited the apartment on the third floor.

He does not know who could have made the visit or what was sought. Fear that there may be unexplored lines of evidence in the apartment which already has revealed new finds every day induced the action.

The police continued their investigation of the second man clue to-day. They have discovered that this person was a frequent traveler to New York on the same train with Mrs. Angle. He often returned on the same train that she took, but they were seldom seen together.

The man, whose name the police have, visited the chery cordia saloon on July 1, continued his labors to-day. Mr. Cummings, who has not yet announced what his conclusions are as a result of his experiments, is having city Engineer Harold Parsons make a small scale model of the second flight of stairs at the bottom of which Mrs. Angle says Mr. Ballou was found.

To Show All Blood Spots.

The model will show all the blood spots, tracks and splashes. It will be useful to experts who will be asked if it would be possible for a man wearing glasses, with an empty whisky bottle in his inside pocket, to fall and injure himself in the way Mr. Ballou was injured without breaking the glasses or the bottle, or without inflicting bruises on his body.

A significant discovery of the day was that the whisky bottle in Mr. Ballou's coat was not sold to him that night by Kessler, the saloon keeper. Kessler sold the bottle to a woman who had been on the building broken on the back porch of the building. He said that the whisky was sold to a woman whom he has not identified.

Frederick Lane, proprietor of the railroad restaurant, has told the police that he saw Mr. Ballou talking to a man on the station platform on Monday night. When Mr. Lane saw the man he did not recognize him. He did not recognize him.

When the police went upstairs in the Rippowam building to-day the first thing they saw was an open door in the Angle apartment and an open window on the back veranda of the building. That gave rise to the fear that there may have been a visitor during the night. Before leaving yesterday they had carefully looked the place over to-day. A policeman and a police man had been on duty down stairs all night. Thinking that everything was carefully guarded they had omitted to lock the apartment door.

The only other tenants in that section of the building are the lodges and no members entered there during the night.

Chief Brennan said that he could not conceive that more was hidden about the place. It seemed to him that everything had been uncovered, but still there are boxes on window sills, odd corners and closets which may have been overlooked.

It is put forward only as a coincidence, but it is said that the wife of Leonard Blondell, the father of Mrs. Angle, is in a lodge room which connects with Mrs. Angle's apartment by a door. A visitor to the lodge room to-day found some deeds and mortgages belonging to the father lying on top of the safe, although the safe was locked. No one knows whether or not these have been there since last Tuesday. Only two persons have access to the safe, the father and the daughter.

Mrs. Angle, still continuing to improve in health, remained at the home of Mrs. Eagle. She announced that she was through talking to anybody about the case. A visitor to the apartment to-day heard her asking a friend to get some articles and books to the apartment. The son did not go to the apartment it is not thought that she referred to the case.

Father Knows "Charlie."

Her father, speaking for her, flatly refused to say anything about "Charlie," the gunner on the battleship Texas who has been writing to her.

"I know him," said her daughter knows him," said the father. "He is a friend of both of us and he cannot be dragged into this case. I want to say that it will be useless for you or anybody else to come to me and ask me anything about the case. I will say another word about this case."

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FORECLOSURES BREED FRAUD, SAYS JUSTICE GREENBAUM

Purpose of Receivers Seems to Be to Enrich Themselves and Lawyers. He Holds in Calling Two to Account.

Sharp criticism of the conduct of Supreme Court receivers in mortgage foreclosure cases was made yesterday by Justice Greenbaum when he handed down opinions in two cases. In both cases he was asked to approve the acts of the receivers and award compensation for their services. In one case the court held that the acts of the receiver had been so grossly improper that he was directed to pay more than \$700 within five days.

This case came before the court on an application to confirm the report of Henry M. Stevens, receiver, who passed on the accounts of Paul Friedland, receiver in a suit brought by F. Albert Thomas against David Somers and others to foreclose a mortgage. The papers in the case showed that Friedland is a brother-in-law of Albert Thomas, and that he was appointed by Justice Greenbaum on the written request of Stevens.

The account of the receiver showed that although Friedland had been collecting rents from the property under mortgage for a considerable period there was a balance of only \$327 due. When questioned before the referee Friedland testified that he had kept no books and accounted for an entire month's rent, amounting to \$236.

Friedland also admitted that he had drawn two checks for \$300 on the receiver's account and had lent the money to him. A brief submitted by the defendant's attorney, who opposed the receiver's account, stated that an attempt by Lawyer Silverberg to prove that Friedland had returned the money indicated that Silverberg was "improperly engaged in trying to cover up the receiver's wrongful acts."

It was charged that the receiver had engaged his brother-in-law, one Louis Berk, to install certain water mains for \$225, and that \$151 of the charge was exorbitant. The referee reported that Friedland should pay the costs of the proceeding amounting to \$225 and \$201 the defendant's attorneys; \$224 for a month's rent; and a further sum of \$206 for exorbitant charges. The referee also decided that instead of the balance of \$327 reported by Friedland he should be charged with \$761. In confirming the report of the referee the court said:

"The evidence discloses that the referee has found flagrant misconduct on the part of the receiver. The receiver kept no account of moneys received and disbursed, caused extraordinary repairs to be made without an order of the court and charged therefor extravagant prices, which there is reason to suspect he never paid. There is a striking exemplification of the abuse of the court's confidence placed upon persons who utilize positions of trust for their own dishonest gain. The costs of the referee will be placed on the receiver and he will be deprived of all commissions.

The other case before the court was brought by the estate of Frederick N. Goddard against the Marvel Baking Company, in which the receiver, Louis Ross, asked commissions at more than the legal rate and asked for a payment of \$100 to his attorney. In reducing the attorney's fee to \$25 and the receiver's commissions to the legal rate the court said:

"It is a common practice for receivers who are attorneys to engage other attorneys where no necessity exists for such employment. These reflections are made because it would seem that the purpose of the receivership was to provide a fund for the enrichment of persons such as contractors, receivers and attorneys, and the result that scarcely anything is left applicable to the reduction of the mortgaged debt."

MAITLAND ALEXANDER HURT.

Head of Presbyterian Church in Hospital With an Injured Knee.

PITTSBURGH, June 27.—The Rev. Dr. Maitland Alexander, newly elected moderator of the Presbyterian General Assembly and pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of New York city, with a knee ligament torn, following an accident Thursday.

According to word received by friends in this city Dr. Alexander slipped on a flight of stairs in the Biltmore Hotel, where he was staying. While the injury is not serious physicians advised that he should stay quiet for a week.

Mrs. Alexander said to-day that she had received word of the accident and understood that her husband probably would be home Monday. She said that the injury was not serious.

It was said at the Hotel Biltmore last night that Dr. Alexander received his injuries not at the Biltmore but on board a yacht at New Rochelle. He had been stopping at the hotel, it was explained, and was brought back there after the accident. It was said at the New York Hospital last night that Dr. Alexander left yesterday for the home of friends at 4 West Fifty-eighth street.

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Accomplice in Phagan Case Will Make an Appeal.

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