

EXPECT CARRANZA IN MEXICO CITY TO-DAY

Rumor Current in Capital That "First Chief" Has Already Arrived There.

CARBAJAL TO WITHDRAW

Provisional President Will Probably Turn Power Over This Week.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. Mexico City, July 25.—Gen. Carranza will arrive here to-morrow or Monday morning.

It was rumored to-night that the Constitutional chief was already in the capital, but no confirmation of this report could be obtained.

Provisional President Carbaljal will probably turn the government over to Gen. Carranza in the early part of next week.

MAYO AND CARRANZA CONFER.

British Admiral Also Present at Tampico Meeting.

(From THE SUN'S Special Correspondent with Gen. Carranza.)

TAMPICO, July 25.—Rear Admiral Mayo, commander of the American squadron here, visited Gen. Carranza this morning and the Constitutional chief returned the visit this afternoon aboard the battleship Minnesota.

Read Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock, commander of the British squadron in Mexican waters, also visited Gen. Carranza at his headquarters. He was accompanied by his general staff.

A conference was held this afternoon between Gen. Carranza and the American and British Admirals. With Gen. Carranza were Gov. Caballero of the State of Tamaulipas, and Idro Fabela, Secretary of the Foreign Relations in the Carranza Cabinet.

ALCOER AT VERA CRUZ.

Victor Huerta, Son of Ex-Dictator, Also Arrives.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. VERA CRUZ, July 25.—Aboard the Spanish steamer Buenos Aires, which arrived here this morning from Puerto Mexico, were Victor Huerta, son of Gen. Huerta, and his wife, Juan Hernandez, ex-governor of Puebla, and family; Gen. Emilio Campa and Ignacio Alcoer, ex-minister of the Interior.

Gen. Hernandez believes that a split between Carranza and Villa is only a question of time. He believes that President Carbaljal's policy of dismissing army officers is likely to be productive of much mischief, as the officers, being without employment, will join any revolutionary movement that springs up.

HUERTA TO GO TO SANTANDER.

Will Charter Special Steamer at Kingston, Jamaica.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN. KINGSTON, Jamaica, July 25.—Gen. Huerta, ex-provisional President of Mexico; Gen. Blanquet, the former Mexican Minister of War, and other members of the party who arrived here from Puerto Mexico yesterday on the German cruiser directed called on Sir William Henry Manning, the Governor of Jamaica, to-day.

ZAPATISTAS AGAIN REPULSED.

Federal Artillery Drives Them From Mexico City Suburbs.

Mexico City, July 25.—There has been considerable fighting between Federal soldiers and Zapatistas in the southeast of the city. The Zapatistas began early to-day to fire on the Federal outposts at Xochimilco, but they were without any artillery and could not do effective work.

WAS BOALT THREATENED?

House Resolution Asks Daniels for Facts.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Representative Bryan of Washington demanded in a House resolution to-day to know whether or not the late Senator were made to Fred L. Boalt, a newspaper correspondent, during the naval inquiry into his "Jey de fufu" story from Vera Cruz.

PALMER OPENS HIS CAMPAIGN.

Attacks Penrose's Platform as Being Obsolete.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., July 25.—Representative A. Mitchell Palmer opened his campaign to-day for election to the United States Senate with an address at Neelyton, this county. The candidate devoted his remarks chiefly to criticism of Senator Penrose, his Republican opponent. He said:

PEACE NEAR, SAYS SILLIMAN.

U. S. Consul Who Accompanies Carranza Sends Hopeful Report.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The State Department was to-day in communication with Consul Silliman, who accompanied Gen. Carranza to Tampico and is remaining there with the revolutionary leader.

HOW UNCLE SAM SPENDS YOUR INCOME TAX DOLLAR

Sixty-three Cents for War, Five for Rivers and Harbors, Four for Agriculture, Three for Canal, the Rest for Indians and Congress.

The current number of the American Magazine contains an illustrated article by Ray Stannard Baker explaining just how Uncle Sam spends your income tax dollar.

"Under the old indirect method of taxation which we still continue to raise most of our revenues few people have felt any concern in what the Government was spending," he says, "but with the inauguration of a new system of direct taxation, the income tax, several hundred thousands of Americans will be feeling this year for the first time what it really means to help pay for warships and pay for unnecessary post offices. A man who has to sit down and write his check for \$10 or \$50 or \$20,000 payable to his Uncle Samuel is going to want to know what causes his Uncle Samuel in his spending years to lead such a fast life. He is going to be very stern with Uncle Sam; he is going to find out something about his sad addiction to pork and the reckless habit he indulges of expending immense sums on war machinery—and then paying pensions to those who get hurt.

"When I was in Washington not long ago I fell into an extremely interesting conversation at the Cosmos Club with a small group of men who were discussing this very matter. One of them said to the rest of us: "Did you know that Uncle Sam spends more for the first time in our history to tell intelligently what the United States does spend its money for?" "I didn't know," we all said. "Well, this country is an unmitigated pig-sty of the civilized nations which has no general financial plan as a basis for its bookkeeping or any carefully prepared comparison of proposed expenditure with expected revenue. A 'captain of industry' or a chicken farmer who keeps his accounts as unintelligibly as Uncle Sam does to-day would be considered a bad risk for commercial rating and well on the way toward bankruptcy."

"You see, we are a very rich people and our money has been raised by indirect taxation, so that the people have never known when they bought a hat or a yard of silk that they were paying taxes, when they have attributed their troubles, when they have any, to high cost of living, and when they go to that. And Congress has gone on appropriating without a budget, without any clear notion as to how much the nation could really afford to spend, relative to revenue, and without any system for the division of those expenditures. "One of the men in the Cosmos Club was Harvey S. Chase of Boston, who handed me a remarkable document titled 'The Budget of the United States on Its Expenditure Side.' "It represented the first real attempt to reform the ancient accounting methods of the Government. Has this attempt succeeded? Has the work been completed? By no means. This budget is merely a budget on paper. Though it represented the results of the untiring work for several years of a group of scientific economists and accountants, when Uncle Sam saw it he was positively angry. The idea that any one should try to limit and systematize his God given right to spend his cash when and how he liked! And besides some of the figures in his feel a little uncomfortable inside.

the conference and Gen. Carranza has guaranteed them safe conduct and protection. The delegates will be named to-morrow and will leave immediately for Saltillo. Word to that effect has been sent to Carranza.

The War Office here to-day reported that several companies of Mexican troops by Government troops near the Michoacan border. His capture is expected soon.

VILLA IN \$3,000,000 DEAL.

To Receive Half of Proceeds of Terrazas Cattle Sale.

EL PASO, Tex., July 25.—Through a deal closed to-day J. E. Garrett of Corpus Christi, Tex., purchased the 300,000 or more head of cattle owned by Gen. Luis Terrazas, the wealthy land owner of Chihuahua. Negotiations for the herd, which runs the Terrazas range, consisting of 15,000,000 acres, have been pending for several days and involve money consideration of more than \$3,000,000.

The sale of Terrazas's cattle has been approved both by Gen. Pancho Villa, commander of the army of the north, whose forces control the States of Chihuahua, and Luis Terrazas, Jr., son of the General, who for seven months has been held a prisoner in the capital city by Villa's forces. The money derived from the sale of the cattle is to be divided, it is understood, between the Terrazas family and Gen. Villa, as representative of the Constitutional Government.

Another consideration of this, the largest cattle deal in the history of the West, is the release of Luis Terrazas from the penal institution where he is now held a prisoner. Just as soon as final arrangements for taking over the cattle by Mr. Garrett are made, it is understood, he is to be escorted to Juarez and allowed to cross the international bridge in safety to El Paso, where he will join his aged father and the other members of his family, who fled here following the evacuation of the city of Chihuahua.

The entire Terrazas family will continue to live in the United States and from here will make its fight for the recovery of its lands and properties confiscated by Villa.

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WASHINGTON, July 25.—Representative Bryan of Washington demanded in a House resolution to-day to know whether or not the late Senator were made to Fred L. Boalt, a newspaper correspondent, during the naval inquiry into his "Jey de fufu" story from Vera Cruz.

Impatient over the slowness with which information is reaching members of Congress following the Navy Department's investigation of the correspondent's article alleging that Mexicans were shot down like rats during the American occupation of that port, Bryan presented a long resolution calling upon Secretary of the Navy Daniels for information in his possession.

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BOXING RULES FOR THE HOUSE.

Marquis of Queensberry Code Suggested for Belligerent Statesmen.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—The House is casting about for a dignified method of settling such polemical interchanges as fast short of fistcuffs and at the same time leave a feeling in the chamber that something has been left unsettled.

Since Representative Bryan of Washington, the frebrand of the Progressive party in Congress, threatened to "curve the form" of Representative Moore of Pennsylvania across the back of a bench there has been a quest for some better method of settling near fistcuffs between belligerent members.

Representative Roberts of Nevada thinks he has discovered the solution of the difficulty. According to Mr. Roberts, there are altogether too many near fights and not enough real engagements. To-day he introduced a resolution which provides that the "Marquis of Queensberry rules shall govern the House in the settlement of disputes when the question of personal privilege is involved for words spoken during the recent extended session."

CRIPPLED LINEMAN TAKES A BRIDE

Arms and Use of Legs Gone, Weds Fiancee, Who Nursed Him.

YONKERS, July 25.—Oscar Fried, a lineman on the New Haven railroad who lost both arms and the use of his legs when burned by a live wire a year ago, was married here at 9 o'clock to-night to Hilma Dahlgren, to whom he was engaged at the time of the accident. The Rev. Gottfried J. Hammarokold, pastor of St. Johannes's Swedish Episcopal Church, performed the ceremony.

The same grit which enabled Fried a few days ago to sign the marriage license with the pen in his teeth enabled him to stand while being married. John Paulson, a friend, stood at his side to support him. Mrs. Paulson attended the bride.

The bridegroom was unable to place the ring on the bride's finger, so the clergyman did it for him. Some of the dozen intimate friends were in tears. The bride controlled herself with difficulty.

A wedding supper was served after the ceremony. When Fried recovers sufficiently he and his bride plan to take a honeymoon trip to Europe.

Fried is 31 years old and his bride is 34. The accident which crippled him occurred a few days before the date set for the wedding. For a long time Fried's life was despaired of, for he had been shocked by 12,000 volts from a high tension feed wire. Both arms had to be amputated just below the shoulders, and the hospital and went to board at the home of a friend.

When he suggested a few weeks ago that they marry in spite of his condition she agreed. Fried sued the New Haven for \$150,000 and received a record breaking verdict of \$75,000.

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BRYAN BELIEVES HE HAS ABOLISHED WAR

Says His Treaties Will Make International Conflicts Almost Impossible.

SENATE URGED TO ACT

Wilson to Recommend Ratification of Agreements at Present Session.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—In a statement given out to-day Secretary of State Bryan declares that the plan of the peace treaties negotiated by him, two of which have been sent to the Senate for ratification, was endorsed by the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations and that it is desired by the President that they be ratified by the Senate before adjournment of the present session of Congress.

"These treaties ought to make war almost impossible," Mr. Bryan declares. The essential feature of the treaties is that they provide for impartial investigation of all disputes not settled diplomatically, hostilities not to be begun by either side until the investigating committee has made its report. The investigation may be undertaken by the commission on its own responsibility and it must report to the two countries within a period of not less than one year after the investigation. Each government is free to act as it deems best, the commission's report having no binding force.

"In all our arbitration treaties," says Mr. Bryan, "there are certain exceptions, and in most of these treaties the exceptions are the vital interests, the independence and the honor of the contracting States and the interests of the third parties."

"It is evident that these arbitration treaties do not prevent recourse to hostilities with regard to the causes included in the exception clause. It is the intention of the treaties to close this gap and leave no cause for a declaration of war until there has been an investigation of the differences. By leaving the parties free of action when the investigation is over it is possible to make the investigation cover all the causes."

"It is believed that an investigation will not only give time for the subsidence of passion and the restoration of calm and deliberate judgment, but that it will also be useful in separating questions of fact from questions of honor. These treaties ought to make war almost impossible."

Five of the treaties sent to the Senate contain a provision that the contracting parties will not increase their armament or military preparedness during the period of investigation except when one of the parties is menaced by a third, upon reporting which it may be released from the agreement.

The treaties sent to the Senate were negotiated with Salvador, Guatemala, Panama, Honduras, Nicaragua, Netherlands, Bolivia, Portugal, Persia, Denmark, Switzerland, Costa Rica, Dominican Republic, Venezuela, Italy, Norway, Uruguay, Brazil, Argentina and Chile. A treaty has been signed with Peru, but has not yet reached here from Lima.

Texts of similar treaties with France and Great Britain have been agreed upon, while China has announced her readiness to sign one of the treaties.

SENATE TO HEAR KEITH.

Candidate for Collector to Defend Himself Against Charges.

WASHINGTON, July 25.—Senator Simmons, chairman of the Finance Committee, will permit Henry P. Keith of New York, who has been nominated for Collector of Internal Revenue, to appear before a subcommittee and answer the charges filed against him by the Nassau County Association.

Senator Simmons said to-day he would appoint a sub-committee to hear Mr. Keith from whom the Senator received a letter to-day asking an opportunity to appear and defend himself. Mr. Keith wrote to Senator Simmons that the charges against him were "outrageously untrue."

He charged that Charles F. Murphy was the instigator of the attacks which were filed against Keith by James Long, ex-State Senator. Keith declared also that a disappointed applicant for the job was also behind the charges.

The charges made by the Nassau County Association against Keith are that he sold the office of Supervisor at Hempstead of Paul W. P. Linder for \$1,350, and that he is generally unfit for the job. Senator Simmons decided not to give out the full text of Keith's letter.

KEITH WILL SUE LONG AND SPINNEY FOR LIBEL

Holds Them Responsible for Charges Filed With Senate Committee.

Henry P. Keith said yesterday that he had instructed his attorney, Rowland Niles of Northport, L. I., to bring suit for conspiracy and libel against former Tammany Senator James L. Long and former Tammany Deputy Clerk of General Sessions George F. Spinney.

He holds these two men responsible for the charges filed with the Senate Committee on Finance in which Mr. Keith as State committee man and Democratic leader of Nassau county is alleged to have sold to Paul W. F. Linder a nomination for Supervisor of the town of Hempstead.

Senator Long took the accusations to Washington on behalf of the Nassau County Association and others who are trying to get President Wilson to withdraw his nomination of Keith for Collector of Internal Revenue in this district.

"I believe others besides Long and Spinney are engaged in this conspiracy against me," said Keith. "I propose to carry the war into the enemy's camp, and I predict interesting and significant developments. Affidavits of all parties concerned, making clear my innocence of the charges made against me and their groundless and injurious character, have been forwarded to the Senate committee."

Keith said that the actual cutting out of a section of water pipe was accomplished in forty-five minutes, although the entire work lasted from 8 A. M. until 6:20 P. M. During that time 5,000,000 gallons of water passed through the main. Had the device failed to do its duty it would have been necessary to deprive 40,000 people of running water for that length of time.

The machine will be sent to Dubuque, Ia., where gates are to be installed in old twenty inch mains.

NEW YORK DEER RANGE JERSEY

Seen Close to the Palisade Boulevard at Tenafly.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 25.—While driving along the Palisade Boulevard in Tenafly this morning James Van Orden of Hackensack saw, he says, six large deer feeding near the roadside. They ran into the woods near by as his auto approached.

George Yandenburg, a taxi driver of Englewood reports seeing a large buck and doe near the roadside between Tenafly and Creskill a few days ago. It is said these deer are from a reservation in New York State formerly owned by E. H. Harriman.

CUT BIG MAIN, BUT DON'T STOP WATER

Engineers Accomplish Marvel in Slicing Sixteen Inch Service Pipe.

NO STOP FOR NEW GATES

Three Million Gallons Flow While Novel Task Is Under Way.

By the use of a machine made especially for the purpose a section of a sixteen inch cast iron water main in Woodhaven avenue, near Jamaica avenue, Woodhaven, was cut out yesterday and gates were installed without shutting off the flow of water. This is the first time that a feat of this kind has ever been accomplished by engineers with a pipe of such large dimensions.

The success of the experiment was slightly gratifying to Francis H. Luce, superintendent of the Woodhaven Water Supply Company, who directed the work, and the A. P. Smith Manufacturing Company of East Orange, N. J., makers of the pipe cutting machine.

The main was laid twenty-seven years ago by engineers who had no dreams about the future growth of Woodhaven. They simply put down the pipes in sections and let it go at that, being content to let future generations shut off the water supply in case it was found necessary to cut in gates at any time.

Fifteen years ago a patent for a gate cutting machine was taken out by French & Scheraga. A model was made, but it failed to work. The patent rights were secured eventually by the East Orange company. Mr. Luce, who had long been looking for a device that would do its work without interfering with the flow of water, induced the concern to make the machine and try it out on his company's big main.

The machine is made of steel. It weighs several tons and has four cutters inside. After an excavation was made the machine was placed over the pipe. A section of the main was cut out and raised into a hood or bonnet. A slide valve was closed to keep the water from running up into the hood. The cut out section of the main was then removed, the machine was closed, a slide valve opened and the gate valve was lowered into position. Rubber gaskets and packing were used to hold the water pressure while the machine was taken out.

The actual cutting out of a section of water pipe was accomplished in forty-five minutes, although the entire work lasted from 8 A. M. until 6:20 P. M. During that time 5,000,000 gallons of water passed through the main. Had the device failed to do its duty it would have been necessary to deprive 40,000 people of running water for that length of time.

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Advertisement for Consolidated Gas Company of New York. Features include: 'We Make a New Record Every Day', 'GOOD SERVICE Gas has been in use in this city ninety-one years...', 'IN THE HOME We are constantly installing ranges of various sizes...', 'HOTELS, RESTAURANTS The efficiency of hundreds of kitchens in Hotels, Restaurants, Clubs, Bakeries, etc.', 'IN THE INDUSTRIES Manufacturers now know that Gas is unequalled as a fuel in every line of industrial endeavor...'. Includes an illustration of a gas range and various gas appliances.