

AMERICANS ABROAD MAKE SACRIFICES FOR FOOD

WIDENER GIVES PRIZE HORSES TO THE POOR

Philadelphian's Racers Will Provide Meat for People of Chantilly.

SHEPARD'S OFFER HOSPITAL

Herman B. Durvea His Own Stableman—Six-les-Bains Exiles Unite.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun

Paris, August 12.—The hero of the American race track, Joseph E. Widener of Philadelphia, who has donated four young prize racers to the poor of Chantilly for use as food, meat having become scarce and horses most being considered a delicacy.

Nearly all owners of American racing stables have donated generously to the relief funds for the wives and children of soldiers.

Mr. and Mrs. Elliot F. Shepard are fitting up their garage with twenty cots for wounded and will supply two trained nurses. The Shepards have donated three automobiles and two horses for use by the clinic guard.

Herman B. Durvea is performing the duties of a stableman in his own stables. He has more than seventy horses and most of his employees, being English or French, have been compelled to join the army.

The American itself has been roped into enclosures, where the cattle of the neighboring dairymen now graze on the abundant grass.

Today passed without definite news from the front. It was a day of torrid heat, which made every one feel for the troops in the field, who are probably now engaged in the first pitched battle of the war.

Parisians remained indoors until nightfall. Mrs. Edgar Hanfstang, widow of the late French minister, and her daughter, who fought in the Union army in the American civil war and afterward was attached to the American Ministry here, asked Ambassador Herrick to-day for advice in view of the fact that she might be arrested as a German subject.

She came to Paris a few weeks ago with her young son, who had typhoid. He died at the American Hospital yesterday and will be buried to-morrow.

Although there is reason to believe that the French Government would make an exception in her case, she informed the American Ambassador that she intends to go to the German segregation camp and give aid to her husband's compatriots, as that would have been his desire if he were alive.

The American Embassy staff has distributed 2,500 francs (\$700) among fifty needy Americans, including a troupe of negro minstrels and second rate negro actors. Jack Johnson's entire training staff were included.

The Mercantile Bank of India has sent 1,000,000 francs (\$200,000) to provincial cities. Three hundred Americans at Six-les-Bains have formed a committee to arrange means of getting Americans home from France.

The committee is organized as follows: President, Admiral Aaron Ward; vice-president, Col. William Cary Sanger; treasurer, Mortimer H. Schiff; secretary, Harrison S. Morris; executive committee, Norman E. Mack, Daniel Guggenheim, W. H. Newman and Col. S. P. Cot.

A telegram has been sent to Ambassador Herrick asking him to add the committee in obtaining a special train as soon as the mobilization in France has been completed.

Has to Leave French Army. One of the American army officers officially attached to the embassy here was at Rheims preparatory to serving a term with a French regiment for the study of tactics. He was escorted to Paris to-day with his family and obliged to take a solemn military oath that he would preserve absolute secrecy about all he saw at Rheims. He said he was charmed at the courteous treatment accorded to him and regretted having to leave the French army.

Mr. W. W. Howard of New York is at the Hotel Continental. She is without funds. Mrs. Howard received a telegram to-day from her husband, who is administering the American relief fund in Albania, telling her he is leaving next week for Naples, where he hopes to be able to get a steamer for New York. Mrs. Howard expects her husband will abandon the Albanian relief fund to raise a Belgian relief fund.

Rodman Wanamaker has placed his palatial residence in the Champs Elysees and his chateau at Biarritz at the disposal of the Red Cross.

Great anxiety continues to be felt for the safety of Mr. and Mrs. Archer Huntington in Germany.

The New York city exhibit for the Lyons Exposition is safely stowed away here. One of the commissioners asked the correspondent of THE SUN to bring to the attention of New York a suggestion that the section be transferred into a hospital.

Americans here are dependent at the lack of news about the Government transportation which was promised.

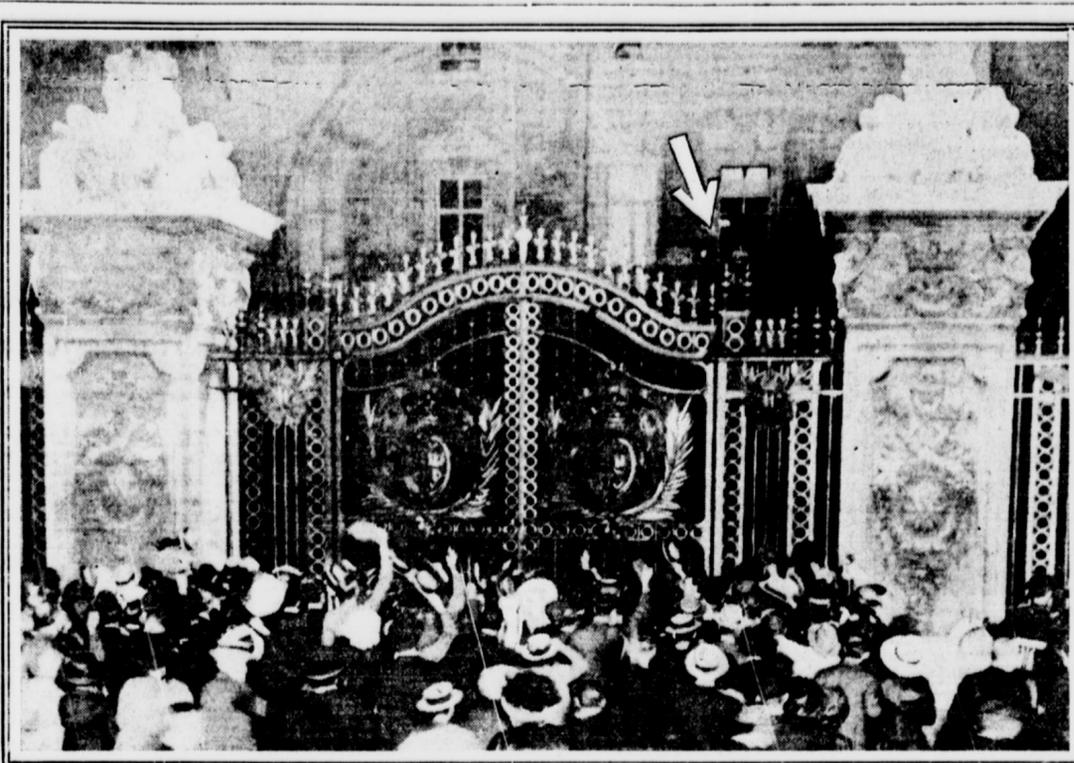
The Brazilian Minister here has made a contract with the Spanish Transatlantic line to ship all Brazilians home.

GERMAN TRIP DROPPED. Relief Committee Believes Plan to Aid Exiles Feasible.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun. LONDON, Aug. 12.—The American relief committee, after a conference with Ambassador Page to-day, abandoned for the present its plan to send a delegation to Germany under the leadership of John H. Finley, New York State Commissioner of Education, for the relief of the distressed Americans there.

The plan was given up temporarily because, in the belief of the members of the committee, the impending battle would make futile the efforts of such a delegation at the present time.

Although Ambassador Page is unable to



This the first picture received from London since that country declared war shows King George addressing a crowd from the window of Buckingham Palace. The arrow shows the window from which the King is speaking.

WANT BANK ACT AMENDED TO PAY DEBT TO BRITAIN

Lake Shore notes which fall due in September must be paid at all costs or our credit would be permanently impaired, it was argued.

It was then proposed that an amendment to the national bank act be drawn up and forwarded to Congress. Briefly stated, the amendment proposed would provide for the national bank act to be so amended as to enable the banks to count national bank notes as a part of their reserves.

Under the terms of the act the banks of the central reserve cities, New York, Chicago and St. Louis, maintain a 25 per cent reserve in specie and legal tender notes in their vaults. The reserve city banks maintain a 25 per cent reserve of specie and legal tender, a percentage which may be kept with the banks of the central reserve cities, while the country banks maintain a 15 per cent reserve in specie and legal tender notes, but a percentage of this may be kept with the banks in the reserve cities and central reserve cities and counted as a part of their reserves.

Placed in the proposition laid before the shipping committee was that the gold reserve be discontinued in part and bank notes substituted in part for that reserve. The gold so released should then be utilized for the payment of foreign debt. It is roughly estimated that our \$200,000,000 debt in Europe, approximately \$50,000,000 represents short exchange in the shape of bills which are covered by the noteators.

Conservative bankers pointed out to the committee that they believed that if only \$25,000,000 gold was sent to the Bank of England, depositors in Canada, the United States and elsewhere would be satisfied. Above all, it was demonstrated that wherever it was possible to secure gold, it was being hoarded and also endeavor to liquidate as much as possible by shipments of wheat, corn and all other such commodities.

The plan to convert bank notes into a part of the reserves of the banks is most revolutionary. It was admitted at the Chamber of Commerce meeting, however, that the country must meet its debt. It was believed that it would not put a premium on gold.

Bankers said last night that in view of the statement of the Treasury Department a short time ago that the country had \$150,000,000 in gold and could afford to export a great deal more gold without being financially embarrassed by such a proceeding, it seemed strange to talk of placing the country on a paper basis if gold exports were continued. It was also pointed out that the Treasury Department's requirements, as shown by last week's bank statement, are \$100,000,000 below the requirements, as shown by last week's bank statement, are \$100,000,000 below the requirements, as shown by last week's bank statement.

The members of the shipping committee of the Chamber of Commerce are: Seth Low, chairman; Eugene H. Overbridge, vice-chairman; Jacob H. Schiff, J. P. Morgan, Frank A. Vanderlip, A. B. Hoag, William G. Willard, P. S. Franklin, J. P. Sparks, Frank Trumbull, Walter B. Pollock, James A. Farrell, Volney Blye, J. P. Kirin, Charles C. Burroughs, Hendon Church, and Thomas G. Foxworth and H. R. Eldridge.

LEGISLATORS CONFER. Discuss Gold Situation With Officials of Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Administration officials were considerably concerned to-day over the steps that the Bank of England has taken looking toward the shipment of gold to Ottawa, under the United States obligation to her to Ottawa, Canada, for deposit with the Treasurer-General. The United States officials have been sounding on the extraordinary risk in shipping gold overseas to check drainage on the country's supply, but Great Britain has now met this situation by this move to have the gold owing to her shipped to Ottawa, where she may draw bills of exchange against it.

Conferees were held here to-day between Treasury officials and Congress leaders and it was acknowledged that some action probably will have to be taken to meet the situation. Treasury officials will consider to-morrow suggestions of New York bankers that the national bank act be amended under a temporary amendment of the Federal reserve act to bank notes as a part of their reserves in order to release some of the gold now held up in Ottawa.

The belief is that all of this gold now headed for Canada will flow back to the United States as soon as Great Britain begins to buy grain.

WON'T SELL SHIPS, SAYS MEYER.

Hamburg-American Vice-Director Returns—Denies Rumors.

Julius P. Meyer, vice-managing director of the Hamburg-American line, arrived in New York from Rotterdam yesterday on the Dutch liner Potsdam. Mr. Meyer said the report that some of the big Hamburg-American liners were for sale was untrue.

"That story is not founded on fact," said Mr. Meyer. "The Hamburg-American line has no reason to sell any of its ships. It needs all the ships it has and will hold them until after the war."

HUNTINGTONS NO LONGER HELD. State Department Hears They Are Safe and Well.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Advisers received at the State Department to-day informed that Archer M. Huntington, president of the American Geographical Society, and Mrs. Huntington are no longer being detained as spies by the German authorities. A dispatch received this afternoon from Nuremberg stated that Mr. and Mrs. Huntington were safe and well at their hotel in that city. No mention was made by the dispatch of their being detained by the authorities and it is assumed that they would have stated so had that been the case.

The rigorous censorship on wireless code messages and messages addressed to persons assumed to be in the service of belligerents has caused the Marconi Wireless Company to send, through its president and general counsel, John W. Griggs, formerly United States Attorney General, a letter of protest to Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

The company bases its protest on the broad ground that it is a corporation serving the public, that its messages are privileged, as are the mails and telegraphs, and that the government has absolutely no right to interfere with the transmission of wireless messages. The letter to the Secretary of the Navy follows:

WILL CHARTER SHIPS TO BRING TOURISTS

Government Authorizes Representatives Abroad to Take This Action.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—Secretary Garrison authorized American consular and diplomatic representatives in Europe to-day to proceed at once to charter suitable steamships flying neutral flags in which Americans may be brought home.

The Secretary also indicated that his reports on the numbers and the situation of Americans in Europe made it seem likely that he would very soon begin chartering American vessels to supplement other neutral ships to be obtained in European waters.

The Department's representatives are to make a thorough canvass of the shipping situation in the ports nearest them and endeavor to engage steamship accommodations in proportion to number of Americans in their districts.

Through the State Department Secretary Garrison has obtained comprehensive information regarding all Americans in Europe with the exception of those in Germany. He now feels that this Government is in a position to go ahead with active measures for getting the Americans back to this country and further arrangements are expected within the next day or two.

SENDS BATTERY TO ENGLAND. Ottawa to Give Four Machine Guns, Valued at \$100,000.

OTTAWA, Aug. 12.—The city of Ottawa will give a battery of four machine guns, mounted on motor trucks and equipped with steel shields, to England. The battery will cost about \$100,000.

850,572,770 New Currency Issued. Applications for emergency currency at the sub-Treasury yesterday amounted to \$1,014,700. This makes the total of applications received thus far \$50,145,230. There was actually delivered to the banks yesterday \$50,572,770 since the Aldrich-Vreeland measure was put into effect.

MARCONI COMPANY REBELS AT CENSORS

John W. Griggs, Its President, Files Protest Against Navy's Interference.

LEGAL RIGHT IS DENIED Messages Barred From Wireless.

He Says, Go Freely by Cable and Telegraph.

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TO HEAR GERMAN PROTEST.

President Wilson to Consider Complaint Against Radio Embargo.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12.—The delay in the decision of the State Department in regard to the German protest against the embargo placed on radio stations in the United States was explained to-day when Secretary Bryan told the German Charge d'Affaires, Hansel von Halmhausen, that he could make no reply to the German representations until he had seen the President.

President Wilson arrived in Washington from home, late this afternoon and it is expected that he will discuss this and other questions with Mr. Bryan to-morrow.

AMERICAN STUDENT NOT A SPY. Dartmouth Undergraduate, Arrested in Nova Scotia, Released.

HALIFAX, Aug. 12.—John L. Ferguson of Dartmouth College was arrested at Mahone Bay, N. S., yesterday on suspicion of being a spy. He was employed by the Canadian Government in making maps of Nova Scotia.

INSTRUCTION. FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN. CONVENT STATION, NEW JERSEY.

The Secretarial Course of the College of St. Elizabeth offers practical training for women who wish to themselves especially for the higher clerical positions in business houses. For particulars, address Dean, COLLEGE OF ST. ELIZABETH, Convent Station, N. J.

MAIL GOES TO EUROPE TO-DAY. Italian Elmer Will Take Letters by Way of Naples.

The only transatlantic mail leaving New York to-day will go by the Italian liner Caserta, which takes mails for Germany, Austria, Hungary and other parts of Europe by way of Naples.

The mail for the Caserta closes at the General Post Office at 8 A. M. In order to go by the Caserta letters for places in Europe outside Italy, Germany, Austria and Hungary must be specially addressed to go by this steamer.

The Morris Castle takes mail to-day for Cuba and Mexico. This mail closes at 9 A. M. Mail for Brazil closes at 12 M. by the steamship Strathairson, and the Stephen, mail closing at 5:30 P. M. will sail for Barbados, Guiana, North Brazil and Iquitos.

Mails for Europe, except Germany, Austria and Hungary, for Africa, West Asia and the East Indies via Liverpool, close to-morrow by the liner New York. This mail closes at the post office at 6:30 A. M. Mail for Bermuda to-morrow closes at 9 A. M. by the steamship Terminus.

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THE FASCINATING SIN By George P. Dillenback Author of "The Mills of the Gods"

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TURKEY MAY BUY GOEBEN AND BRESLAU

German Cruisers, Now Making for the Dardanelles, Offered for Sale Before.

LAST VISIT A CONQUEST

Cruiser Goeben's Officers and Crew Lavishly Entertained Recently by Turks.

Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun

LONDON, Aug. 12.—It was reported to-day that Turkey will purchase the German cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which were said to have been making for the Dardanelles yesterday after escaping from British warships in the Mediterranean. There was no confirmation of the rumor.

It is considered possible that the fate of the Goeben and Breslau may have effects out of all proportion to their importance as two units of the German fleet. Beyond the report that they are overhauling shipping in the Dardanelles nothing is known of their activities. It is regarded as highly improbable that the purchase of the cruisers by Turkey's action is awaited with anxiety.

It is believed in some quarters that Germany and Austria are trying desperately to bring Turkey into the great conflict together with Bulgaria with the purpose of defence.

Hungary has declared her neutrality, but it is said that the Czar thought it necessary to intimate to her pretty strongly that he expects her to be neutral and hinted at war if the Bulgars made any movement of troops to the frontier and that if they joined the enemies of Russia the latter would make them smart for it.

Even if Turkey dismanteles the two cruisers anxiety will not be relieved, as it is believed that German influence at Constantinople is such that the ships will be at the disposal of Germany even if they fly the Crescent.

The Goeben, in going back to Constantinople, returns to the scene of pleasant conquest of a few weeks ago. The big warship dropped anchor in the latter part of May in the Bosphorus, between the Galata quay and the Dolma Bagiche palace, and immediately became the centre of unusual interest. At the time Turkey was looking for battleships to offset the new acquisition being made for the Greek navy and it was said that the Goeben could be bought for the price of the battleships.

The ship was visited by all the German consuls at Constantinople, most of the Ottoman officials and the consuls of Turkey. "Goeben dances" and "Goeben receptions" were given to the officers, and the sailors were entertained in the public gardens of Pera. All these social functions were reported at great length by the Constantinople press.

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